Name - Akriti Choudhary Roll number - 2005776 Lab7 Subject - OOP lab Class - B14 Branch - CSE Date- 9/09/2021 Question 1:Create a class complex which stores real and imaginary part of a complex number. Include all types of constructors and destructor. The destructor should display a message about the destructor being invoked. Create objects using different constructors and display them.

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
class complex
private:
  int real;
  int img;
  float *realPtr;
  float *imgPtr;
public:
  complex() //default constructor
    real = 0;
    img = 0;
    cout << "default constructor is called" << endl;</pre>
  complex(int r, int i) //parameterized constructor
    : real(r), img(i)
    cout << "parameterized constructor is called" << endl;</pre>
  complex(int a) //dynamic constructor
  {
    realPtr = new float;
    *realPtr = 5.1;
    imgPtr = new float;
    *imgPtr = 10.2;
    cout << "dynamic constructor is called" << endl;</pre>
  complex(float re, float im) //dynamic parameterized constructor
    realPtr = new float;
    *realPtr = re;
    imgPtr = new float;
    *imgPtr = im;
    cout << "dynamic parameterized constructor is called" << endl;
  complex(complex &ob) //copy constructor
    real = ob.real;
    img = ob.img;
    cout << "copy constructor is called obj5(obj2) " << endl;</pre>
  void display()
    cout << "Result : " << endl;</pre>
    if (img >= 0)
      cout << real << " + i" << img << endl;
    else
```

```
cout << real << " - i" << -(img) << endl;
    cout<<endl;
  void display(int a)
    cout << "Result : " << endl;</pre>
    if (*imgPtr >= 0)
       cout << *realPtr << " + i" << *imgPtr << endl;
       cout << *realPtr << " - i" << -(*imgPtr) << endl;
    cout<<endl;
  }
  ~complex()
    delete (realPtr);
    delete (imgPtr):
    cout << "Destructor is invoked" << endl;</pre>
};
int main()
  int r, i;
  cout << "\nEnter the real part : ";</pre>
  cin >> r;
  cout << endl;
  cout << "\nEnter the imaginary part : ";</pre>
  cin >> i;
  cout << endl;
  float ree, imm;
  cout << "\nEnter float real part : ";</pre>
  cin >> ree;
  cout << endl;
  cout << "\nEnter float imaginary part : ";</pre>
  cin >> imm;
  cout << endl;
  complex obj1; //default constructor
  obj1.display();
  complex obj2(r, i); //parameterized constructor
  obj2.display();
  complex obj3(0); //dynamic constructor
  obj3.display(o);
  complex obj4(ree, imm); //dynamic parameterized constructor
  obj4.display(o);
  complex obj5(obj2); //copy constructor
  obj5.display();
  return o;
```

```
PS D:\KIIT_NOTES\2nd year sem_3\00P_lab\9_9_2021> ./complex
Enter the real part : -2
Enter the imaginary part : 3
Enter float real part: 2.31
Enter float imaginary part : -9.88
default constructor is called
Result:
0 + i0
parameterized constructor is called
Result:
-2 + i3
dynamic constructor is called
Result:
5.1 + i10.2
dynamic parameterized constructor is called
Result:
2.31 - i9.88
copy constructor is called obj5(obj2)
Result:
-2 + i3
Destructor is invoked
PS D:\KIIT_NOTES\2nd year sem_3\00P_lab\9_9_2021>
```

Question2: Create a class which stores time in hh:mm format. Include all the constructors. The parameterized constructor should initialize the minute value to zero, if it is not provided.

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
class timeFormat
private:
  int hour;
  int minute;
  int *hPtr;
  int *mPtr;
public:
  timeFormat() //default constructor
    hour = 0;
    minute = 0;
    cout << "default constructor is called" << endl;</pre>
  timeFormat(int h, int m = 0) //parameterized constructor
    : hour(h), minute(m)
  {
    cout << "parameterized constructor is called" << endl;</pre>
  timeFormat(int a, int b, int c) //dynamic constructor
    hPtr = new int;
    *hPtr = 5;
    mPtr = new int;
    *mPtr = 10;
    cout << "dynamic constructor is called" << endl;</pre>
  timeFormat(unsigned int h, unsigned int m) //dynamic parameterized constructor
    hPtr = new int;
    *hPtr = h;
    mPtr = new int;
    *mPtr = m:
    cout << "dynamic parameterized constructor is called" << endl;
  timeFormat(timeFormat &ob) //copy constructor
    hour = ob.hour;
    minute = ob.minute;
    cout << "copy constructor is called obj5(obj2)" << endl;
  void display()
    cout << "Result : " << endl;</pre>
    if (minute <= 60)
      cout << hour << ":" << minute << endl;
    else
      cout << hour + 1 << ": " << minute - 60 << endl;
    cout << endl;
  }
```

```
void display(int a)
    cout << "Result : " << endl;</pre>
    if (*mPtr \leq 60)
      cout << *hPtr << ": " << *mPtr << endl;
    else
      cout << *hPtr + 1 << " : " << *mPtr - 60 << endl;
    cout << endl;
  }
  ~timeFormat()
    delete (hPtr);
    delete (mPtr);
    cout << "Destructor is invoked" << endl;</pre>
};
int main()
  int h, m;
  cout << "\nEnter hour : ";</pre>
  cin >> h;
  cout << endl;
  cout << "\nEnter minute : ";</pre>
  cin >> m;
  cout << endl;
  unsigned int hh, mm;
  cout << "\nEnter hour : ";</pre>
  cin >> hh;
  cout << endl;</pre>
  cout << "\nEnter minute : ";</pre>
  cin >> mm;
  cout << endl;
  timeFormat obj1; //default constructor
  obj1.display();
  timeFormat obj2(h, m); //parameterized constructor
  obj2.display();
  cout << "default argument of minute" << endl;
  timeFormat obj6(h); //parameterized constructor with one default argument
  obj6.display();
  timeFormat obj3(0, 0, 0); //dynamic constructor
  obj3.display(o);
  timeFormat obj4(hh, mm); //dynamic parameterized constructor
  obj4.display(o);
  timeFormat obj5(obj2); //copy constructor
  obj5.display();
  return o;
```

```
PS D:\KIIT NOTES\2nd year sem 3\00P lab\9 9 2021> ./time
 Enter hour : 2
 Enter minute: 65
 Enter hour : 5
 Enter minute: 2
 default constructor is called
 Result:
 0:0
 parameterized constructor is called
 Result:
3:5
default argument of minute
parameterized constructor is called
Result:
2:0
dynamic constructor is called
Result:
5:10
dynamic parameterized constructor is called
Result:
5:2
copy constructor is called obj5(obj2)
Result:
3:5
copy constructor is called obj5(obj2)
Result:
3:5
Destructor is invoked
PS D:\KIIT NOTES\2nd year sem 3\00P lab\9 9 2021>
```

Question3: Create a class which stores a sting and its length as data members. Include all the constructors. Include a member function to join two strings and display the concatenated string.

```
#include <iostream>
#include <string>
using namespace std;
class stringLength
private:
  string s;
  string s1;
  int len;
  string *sPtr;
  int *lenPtr;
public:
  stringLength() //default constructor
    s = "";
    len = 0;
    cout << "default constructor is called" << endl;</pre>
  stringLength(string S, int l) //parameterized constructor
    : s(S), len(l)
    cout << "parameterized constructor is called" << endl;
  stringLength(string S, string ss) //parameterized constructor
    s = S;
    s1 = ss;
    cout << "parameterized constructor is called" << endl;</pre>
  stringLength(int a) //dynamic constructor
    sPtr = new string;
    *sPtr = "Hello";
    lenPtr = new int;
    *lenPtr = (*sPtr).length();
    cout << "dynamic constructor is called" << endl;</pre>
  stringLength(string S, float L) //dynamic parameterized constructor
    sPtr = new string;
    *sPtr = S;
    lenPtr = new int;
    *lenPtr = L;
    cout << "dynamic parameterized constructor is called" << endl;
  }
  stringLength(stringLength &ob) //copy constructor
  {
```

```
s = ob.s;
    len = ob.len;
    cout << "copy constructor is called obj5(obj2) " << endl;
  ~stringLength();
  void display()
    cout << "string = " << s << endl;
    cout << "string length= " << len << endl;</pre>
    cout << endl;
  }
  void display(int a)
    cout << "string = " << *sPtr << endl;
    cout << "string length= " << *lenPtr << endl;</pre>
    cout << endl;</pre>
  }
  void add()
    string s3 = s.append(s1);
    int ll = s3.length();
    cout << "resulted string = " << s3 << endl;</pre>
    cout << "resulted string length= " << ll << endl;</pre>
    cout << endl;
};
stringLength::~stringLength()
  cout << "Destructor is invoked" << endl;</pre>
  delete (sPtr);
  delete (lenPtr);
int main()
  string r;
  int i;
  cout << "\nEnter the string : ";</pre>
  cin >> r;
  i = r.length();
  string ree;
  float imm;
  cout << "\nEnter another string : ";</pre>
  cin >> ree;
  imm = ree.length();
  stringLength obj1; //default constructor
  obj1.display();
  stringLength obj2(r, i); //parameterized constructor
  obj2.display();
  stringLength obj3(0); //dynamic constructor
```

```
obj3.display(o);
 stringLength obj4(ree, imm); //dynamic parameterized constructor
 obj4.display(o);
 stringLength obj5(obj2); //copy constructor
 obj5.display();
 stringLength obj6(r, ree); //parameterized constructor
 obj6.add();
 return o;
}
 PS D:\KIIT_NOTES\2nd year sem_3\00P_lab\9_9_2021> ./stringLength
 Enter the string : Hii
 Enter another string : Akriti
 default constructor is called
 string =
 string length= 0
 parameterized constructor is called
 string = Hii
 string length= 3
 dynamic constructor is called
 string = Hello
 string length= 5
 dynamic parameterized constructor is called
 string = Akriti
 string length= 6
copy constructor is called obj5(obj2)
string = Hii
string length= 3
parameterized constructor is called
resulted string = HiiAkriti
resulted string length= 9
```

Destructor is invoked

Question4: WAP to demonstrate the order of call of constructors and destructors for a class.

```
#include <iostream>
#include <string>
using namespace std;
class createAndDestroy
public:
  createAndDestroy(int, string); //constructor
  ~createAndDestroy();
                              //destructor
private:
  int objectID;
  string message;
};
createAndDestroy::createAndDestroy(int ID, string messageString)
  : objectID(ID), message(messageString)
  cout << "Object " << objectID << " constructor runs " << message << endl;</pre>
createAndDestroy::~createAndDestroy()
  cout << "Object" << objectID << " destructor runs " << message << endl;</pre>
void create();
createAndDestroy first(1, "(global before main)");
int main()
  cout << "\nMain function execution begins" << endl;</pre>
  createAndDestroy second(2, "(local automatic in main)");
  static createAndDestroy third(3, "(local static in main)");
  cout << "\nMain function execution resumes" << endl;</pre>
  createAndDestroy fourth(4, "(local automatic in main)");
  cout << "\nMain function execution ends" << endl;</pre>
  return o;
}
void create()
  cout << "\ncreate function execution begins" << endl;</pre>
  createAndDestroy fifth(5, "(local automatic in create)");
  static createAndDestroy sixth(6, "(local static in create)");
  createAndDestroy seventh(7, "(local automatic in create)");
  cout << "\ncreate function execution ends" << endl;</pre>
}
```

```
PS D:\KIIT NOTES\2nd year sem 3\00P lab\9 9 2021> ./orderOfCall
Object 1 constructor runs (global before main)
Main function execution begins
Object 2 constructor runs (local automatic in main)
Object 3 constructor runs (local static in main)
create function execution begins
Object 5 constructor runs (local automatic in create)
Object 6 constructor runs (local static in create)
Object 7 constructor runs (local automatic in create)
create function execution ends
Object 7 destructor runs (local automatic in create)
Object 5 destructor runs (local automatic in create)
Main function execution resumes
Object 4 constructor runs (local automatic in main)
Main function execution ends
Object 4 destructor runs (local automatic in main)
Object 2 destructor runs (local automatic in main)
Object 6 destructor runs (local static in create)
Object 3 destructor runs (local static in main)
Object 1 destructor runs (global before main)
PS D:\KIIT_NOTES\2nd year sem_3\00P_lab\9_9_2021>
```

Question 5: WAP to count number of objects created from a class using concept of static data members and static member function.

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
class book
  static int a;
public:
  book()
  {
    a++;
  static void display()
    cout << "the number of times object is created = " << book::a << endl;</pre>
int book ::a;
int main()
  book obj1, obj2, obj3, obj4, obj5;
  obj1.display();
  return o;
PS D:\KIIT_NOTES\2nd year sem_3\00P_lab\9_9_2021> ./count
the number of times object is created = 5
PS D:\KIIT_NOTES\2nd year sem_3\00P_lab\9_9_2021>
```