

# **INTERNET APPLICATIONS**

# Internet Applications

---



 **Domain Name Service**

 **Proxy Service**

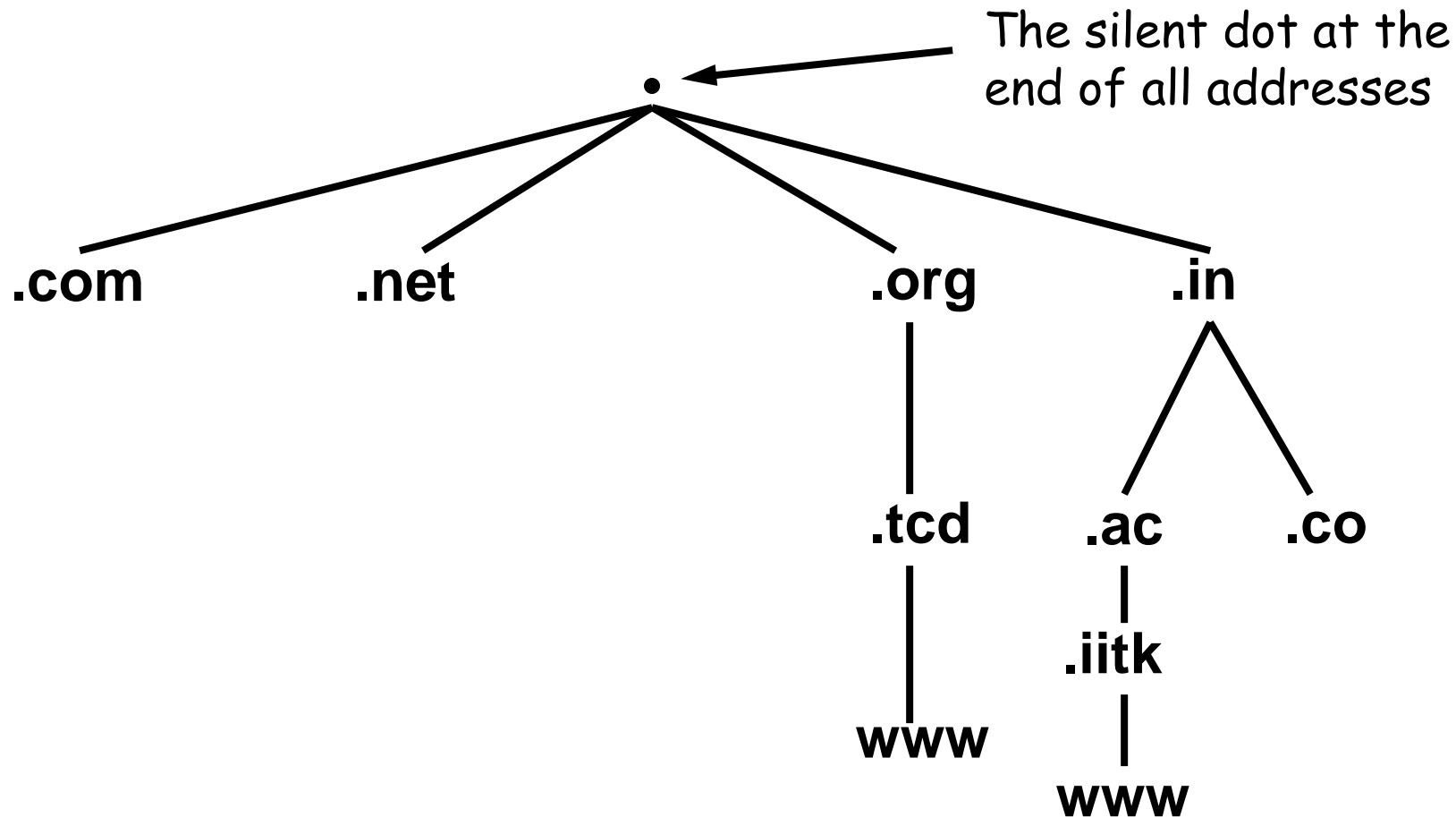
 **Mail Service**

 **Web Service**




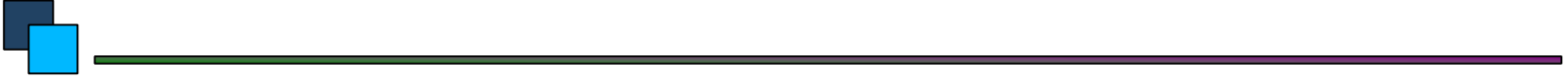
DNS

# Internet Naming Hierarchy



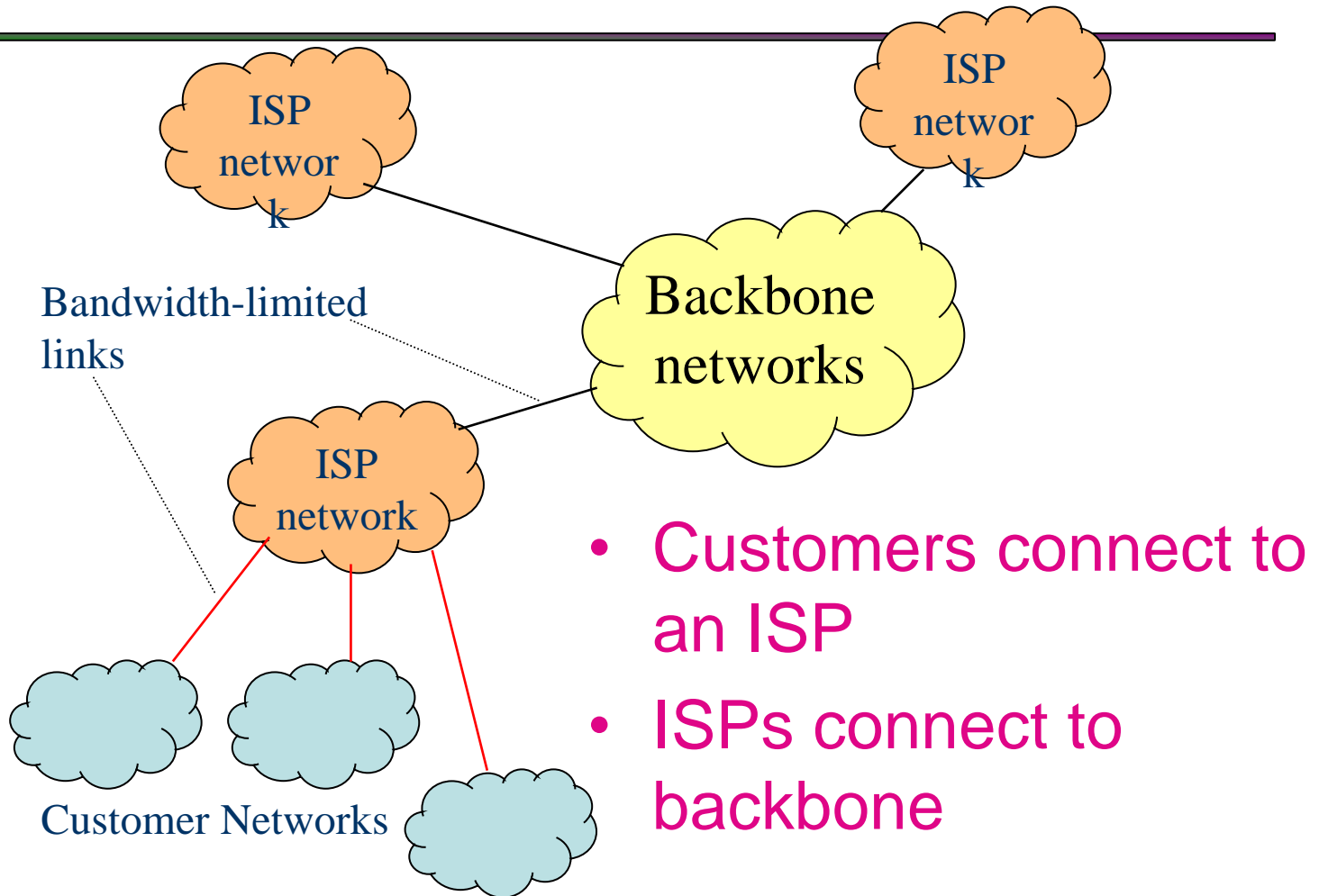
# DNS Operation

- 
- ❑ A DNS server maintains the name to IP address mapping of the domain for which it is the name server.
  - ❑ The DNS server for a domain is registered with the domain registrar and the entry is maintained by the Internet Root-Servers (13) or Country Level Root-Servers.
  - ❑ Whenever a server is queried, if doesn't have the answer, the root servers are contacted.
  - ❑ The root servers refer to the DNS server for that domain (in case the domain is a top level domain) or the Country Root Server (in case the domain is country level domain).



# PROXY SERVER

# Internet Connections



# Internet Connections

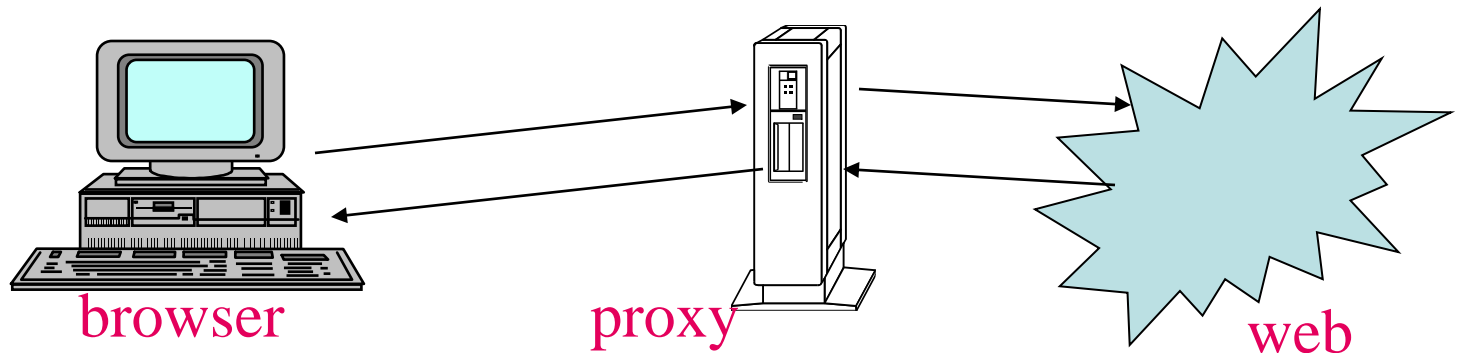


- ❑ **Cost of connections is based on bandwidth**
- ❑ **Cost of connection is a major part of network cost**
- ❑ **Organisations only obtain as much bandwidth as they can afford**
- ❑ **Many organisations in Asia-Pacific only have 64kb/s – 2Mb/s connections (as compared to their counterpart in US and Europe who have bandwidths of 2.4 Gbps – 10 Gbps)**



# What is a Web Proxy?

- ❏ A proxy is a host which relays web access requests from clients
- ❏ Used when clients do not access the web directly
- ❏ Used for security, logging, accounting and performance







# What is Web Caching?

---

- ❏ Storing copies of recently accessed web pages
- ❏ Pages are delivered from the cache when requested again
- ❏ Browser caches
- ❏ Proxy caches

# Why Cache?

---

-  **Shorter response time**
-  **Reduced bandwidth requirement**
-  **Reduced load on servers**
-  **Access control and logging**

# Popular Proxy Caches

---



- ❏ Apache proxy

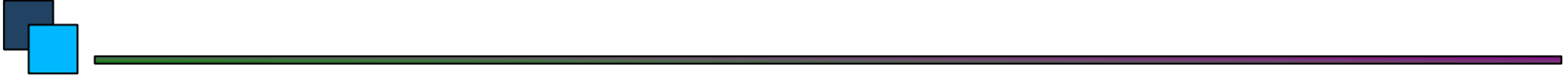
- ❏ MS proxy server

- ❏ WinProxy

- ❏ Squid

  - ❏ Squid is popular because it is powerful, configurable and free

- ❏ Many others

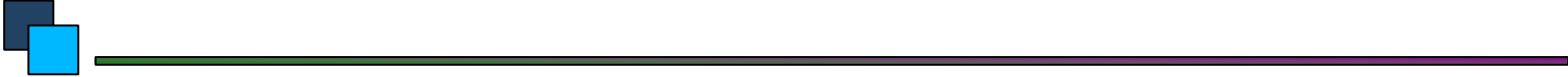


# WEB SERVER

# Web Server

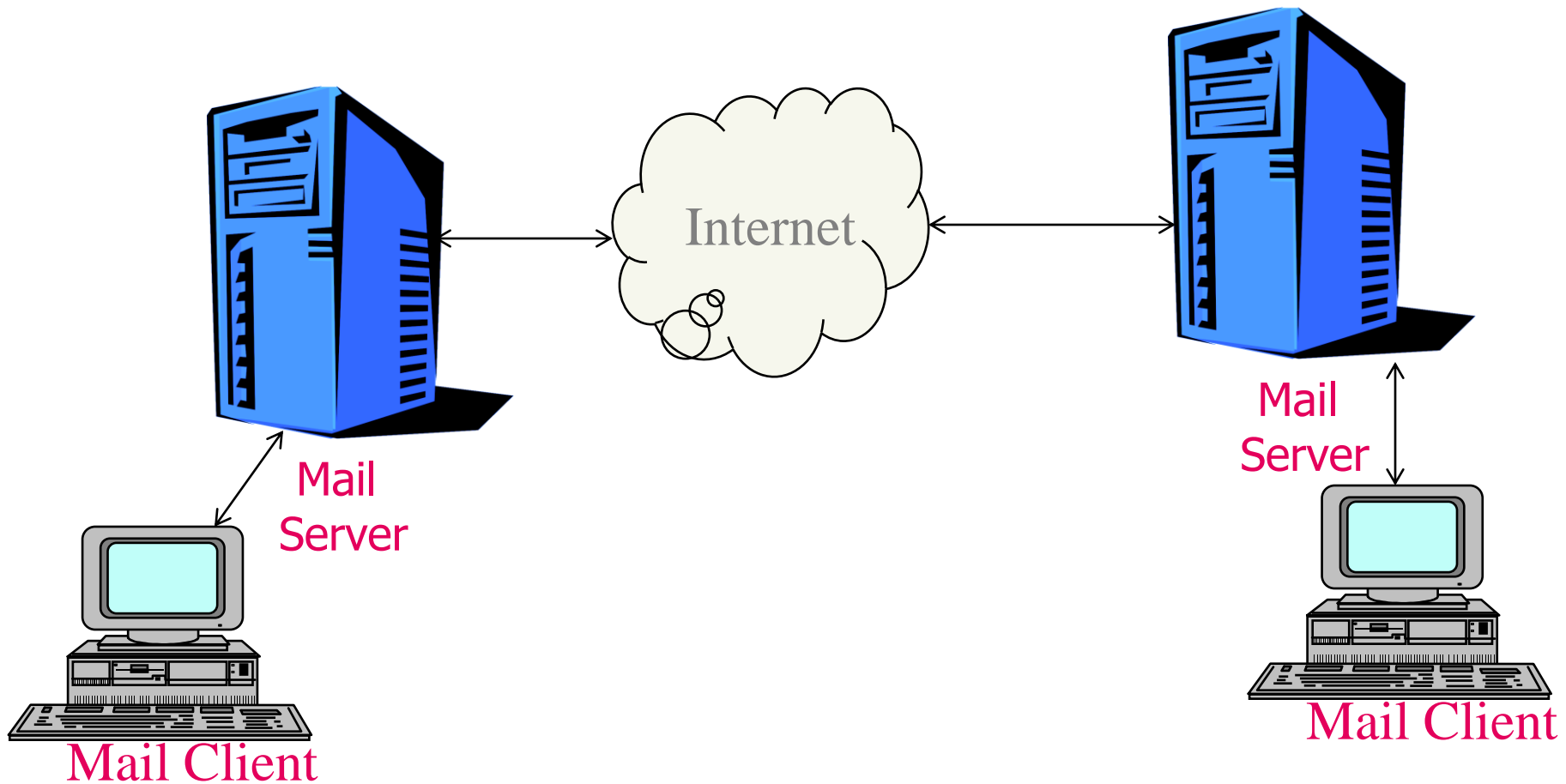
---

- HTTP (Hyper Text Transfer Protocol) is used to transfer web pages from a Web Server to Web Client (Browser)
- Web Pages are arranged in a directory structure in the Web Server
- HTTP supports CGI (Common Gateway interface)
- HTTP supports Virtual Hosting (Hosting multiple sites on the same server)
- Popular Web Servers
  - Apache
  - Windows IIS
  - IBM Websphere



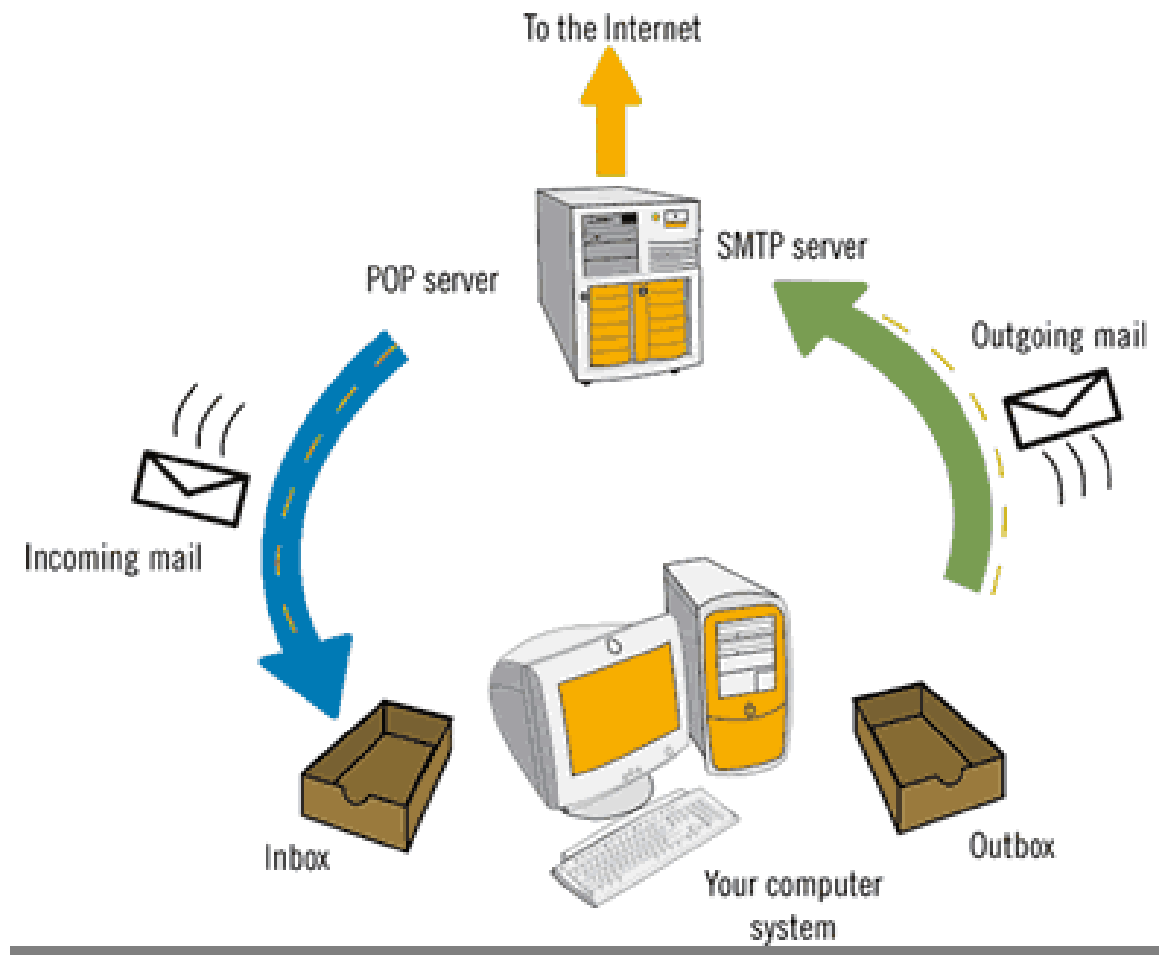
**EMAIL**

# Mail Architecture





# Mail Architecture



# Mail Architecture

---

- Simple Mail Transfer Protocol (SMTP) is used to transfer mail between Mail Servers over Internet
- Post Office Protocol (PoP) and Interactive Mail Access Protocol (IMAP) is used between Client and Mail Server to retrieve mails
- The mail server of a domain is identified by the MX record of that domain
- Popular Mail Servers
  - Sendmail/Postfix
  - Microsoft Exchange Server
  - IBM Lotus