

CHAPTER1 Introduction to Java Software Development

Shin-Jie Lee (李信杰)
Assistant Professor
Computer and Network Center
Department of Computer Science and Information Engineering
National Cheng Kung University





Origins of the Java Language

- ☐ Created by Sun Microsystems team led by James Gosling (1991)
 - > Originally designed for programming home appliances
 - Difficult task because appliances are controlled by a wide variety of computer processors
 - Team developed a two-step translation process to simplify the task of compiler writing for each class of appliances





Major release versions of Java

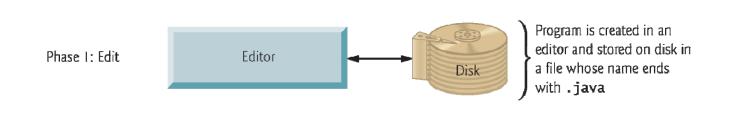
- □ JDK 1.0 (January 21, 1996)
- □ JDK 1.1 (February 19, 1997)
- □ J2SE 1.2 (December 8, 1998)
- □ J2SE 1.3 (May 8, 2000)
- □ J2SE 1.4 (February 6, 2002)
- □ J2SE 5.0 (September 30, 2004)
- ☐ Java SE 6 (December 11, 2006)
- □ Java SE 7 (July 28, 2011)
- □ Java SE 8 (March 18, 2014)



- □ Java programs normally go through five phases
 - > edit
 - **≻**compile
 - **≻**load
 - > verify
 - > execute



- ☐ Phase 1 consists of editing a file
 - > Type a Java program (source code) using the editor.
 - ➤ Make any necessary corrections.
 - Save the program.
 - A file name ending with the .java extension indicates that the file contains Java source code.

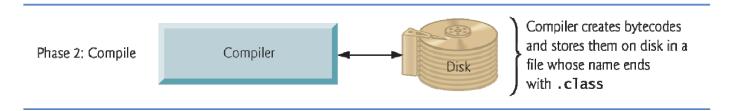




- ☐ Linux editors: vi and emacs.
- ☐ Windows editors:
 - > Notepad
 - ➤ EditPlus (www. editplus.com)
 - TextPad (www. textpad. com)
 - ➤ jEdit (www. j edi t. org).
- ☐ Integrated development environments (IDEs)
 - ➤ Provide tools that support the software development process, including editors for writing and editing programs and debuggers for locating logic errors
 - E.g. Eclipse (www. eclipse. org)



- ☐ Phase 2: Compiling a Java Program into Bytecodes
 - ➤ Use the command javac (the Java compiler) to compile a program. For example, to compile a program called Wel come. j ava, you'd type
 - javac Welcome.java
 - ➤ If the program compiles, the compiler produces a .class file called Wel come. class that contains the compiled version of the program.

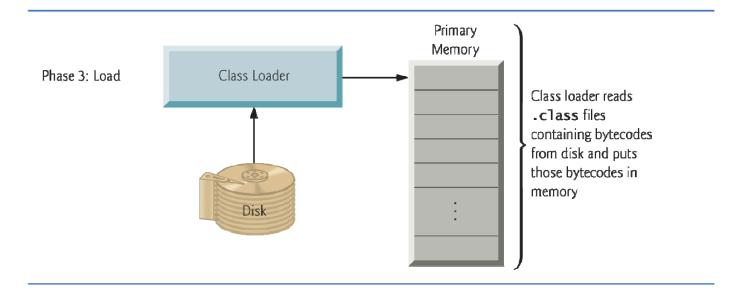




- ☐ Java compiler translates Java source code into bytecodes that represent the tasks to execute.
 - > Bytecodes are platform independent
 - ➤ Bytecodes are executed by the Java Virtual Machine (JVM)—a part of the JDK and the foundation of the Java platform.
 - java Welcome



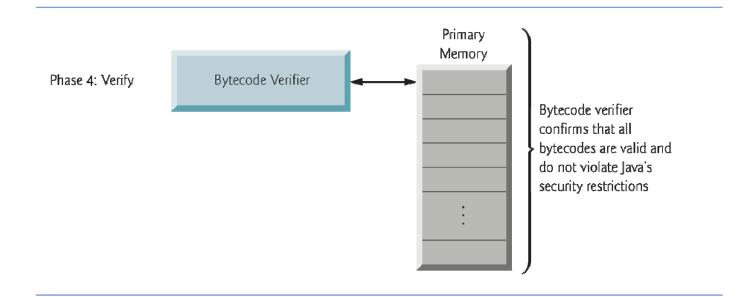
- ☐ Phase 3: Loading a Program into Memory
 - ➤ The JVM places the program in memory to execute it—this is known as loading.
 - ➤ Class loader takes the . Cl ass files containing the program's bytecodes and transfers them to primary memory.
 - Also loads any of the . Cl ass files provided by Java that your program uses.





☐ Phase 4: Bytecode Verification

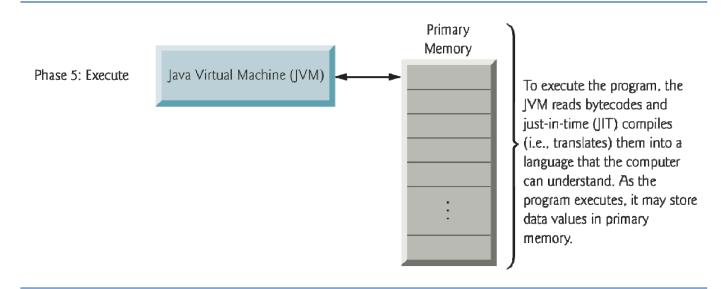
- As the classes are loaded, the bytecode verifier examines their bytecodes
- Ensures that they're valid and do not violate Java's security restrictions.





☐ Phase 5: Execution

- ➤ The JVM executes the program's bytecodes.
- ➤ JVMs typically execute bytecodes using a combination of interpretation and so-called just-in-time (JIT) compilation.
- ➤ Analyzes the bytecodes as they're interpreted
- A just-in-time (JIT) compiler—known as the Java HotSpot compiler—translates the bytecodes into the underlying computer's machine language.





Installing the JDK

- The **javac.exe** program is the compiler, which means it's the program that turns code you can read (the code you write in Java) into code your computer can read (the collection of 0s and 1s that a computer needs when it runs a program).
- ☐ The **java.exe** program runs the programs that you write.



- ☐ Get the latest version of the JDK, follow these steps:
 - Open
 http://www.oracle.com/technetwork/java/javase/downloads/index.html in a web browser.
 - 2. Click the Download JDK button.
 - 3. Follow the instructions provided by the web site.
 - 4. Run the installer and accept any defaults.



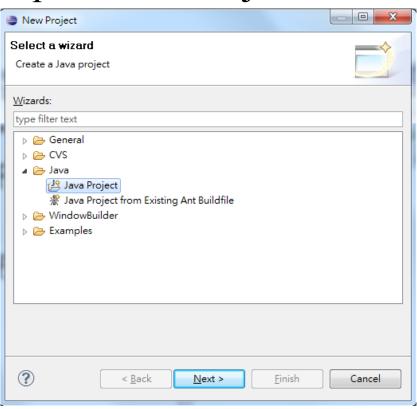
- ☐ Before you can install Eclipse, you have to download it. To do so, follow these steps:
 - ➤ 1. Open http://www.eclipse.org/downloads/ in a web browser.
 - ≥ 2. Find the Eclipse IDE for Java Developers choice.
 - ➤ 3. Follow the instructions provided by the web site.
 - ➤ 4. Run the installer and accept any defaults.



Creating Your First Project

☐ 1. From the File menu, select New, and then select Project.

Eclipse's New Project window.

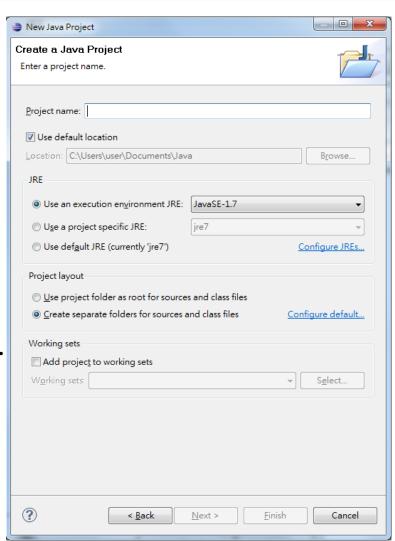




Creating Your First Project

☐ 2. In the New Project window, double-click Java Project.

Eclipse's New Java Project window.





Creating Your First Project

- □ 3. Type **Hello** in the Project name field.
- □ 4. Click OK.

The main area of the Eclipse IDE.

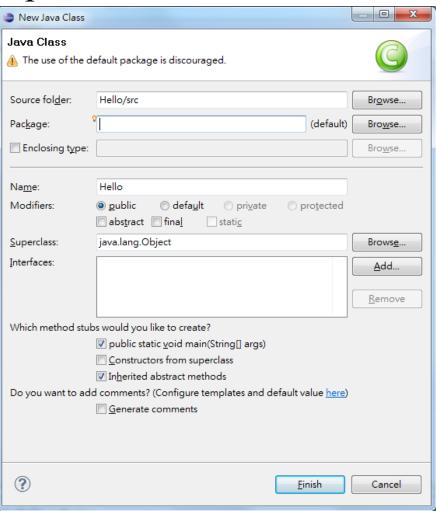




- ☐ To create a class with a main method for your first program, follow these steps:
 - ➤ 1. Right-click the **Hello** project in the Eclipse Package Explorer, choose New, and then choose Class.



Eclipse's New Java Class window.





- ➤ 2. In the Package field, type whatever you like for the package.
- ➤ 3. Check the checkbox that gives you a main method (public static void main (String args[])).



Example: Preliminary Hello class



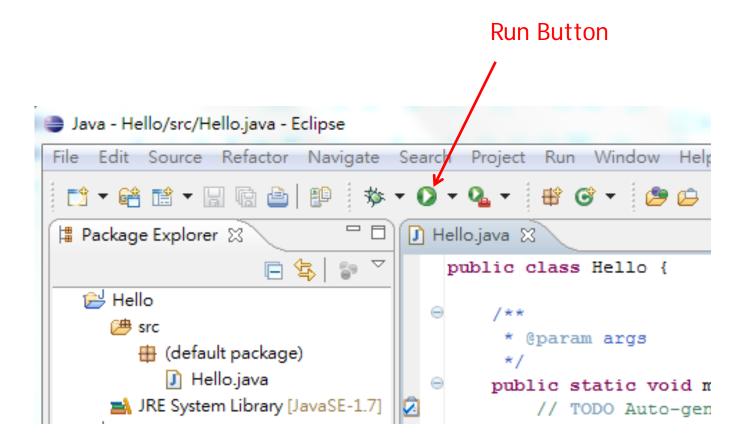
➤ 4. Within the main method, type: System.out.println("Hello, World!");

Example: Basic Hello program

```
public class Hello {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
         System.out.println("Hello, World!");
    }
}
```



Run the Program





Adding More Functionality

☐ The **args** array holds all the values that were provided to the Java runtime engine when someone started your program.

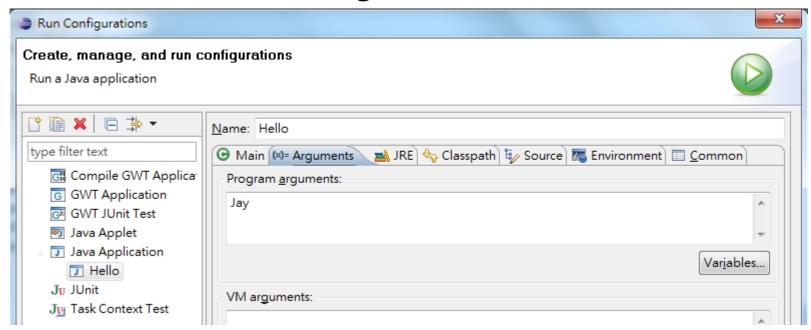
Example: Reading arguments



Adding More Functionality

☐ 1. From the Run menu, choose Run Configurations.

The Run Configurations window.



- \square 2. In the **Arguments** tab, type your name.
- □ 3. Click the **Run** button.



Java APP = Android APP?

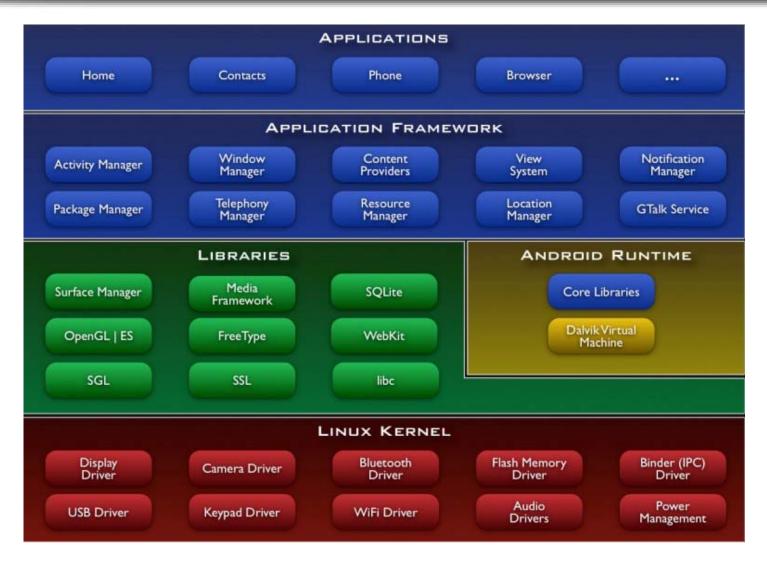


Java Framework

Г	Java	Language	Java Language											
			java	java javac		javadoc		jar		avap	JPDA			
		Tools & Tool APIs	JConsole	Java Vis	ualVM	IVM Java DB		Security		Int'l		RMI		
			IDL	Depl	oy I	Monitoring	Troubleshoot		hoot So	ripting	JVM	VM TI Web Services		
	De	eployment	Java Web Start Applet / Java Plug-in							g-in				
			JavaFX											
	User	r Interface Toolkits	Swi	ng		Java 2D			AWT		Accessibility			
JDK			Drag and Drop			Input Methods		Image I/O		Print Service		Sound		
<u>JUK</u>	<u>lı</u>	ntegration Libraries	IDL	JDBC		JNDI		RMI R		-IIOP	Scripting		cripting	
	JRE	Other Base Libraries	Beans	Int'l Support		Ing		nput/Output			JMX		x	
	0		JNI	Math		Ne		Networking			Override Mechanism		echanism	Java S
			Security	Serialization		Extens		sion Mechanism		-	XML JAX		AXP	API
			lang and util		Collections		С	Concurrency Utilities			s JAR			
		ng and util Libraries	Logging	1	Management			Preferences API			Ref Objects			
			Reflection Reg		gular Expressions			Versioning			Zip	Instr	rumentation	
	Java Virtua	al Machine	Java HotSpot Client and Server VM											



Android Framework





- ☐ "Absolute Java". Walter Savitch and Kenrick Mock. Addison-Wesley; 5 edition. 2012
- ☐ "Java How to Program". Paul Deitel and Harvey Deitel. Prentice Hall; 9 edition. 2011.
- ☐ "Java 7 for Absolute Beginners". Jay Bryant. Apress; 1 edition. 2011.