

## Quiz (VII)

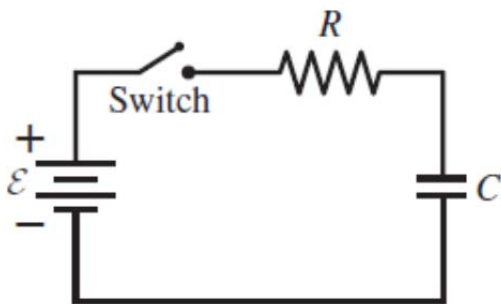
Finished by 18:30 on 6/8

Create a matlab script and change the filename to F7xxxxxxx\_quiz7.m. Link all the programs to solve following problems to this script. Make sure once type the filename 'F7xxxxxxx\_quiz7', the results of the following problems will pop-up automatically in order. Remember not to type any 'clear all', 'close all' command in any of the codes.

1. [F7xxxxxxx\_quiz7\_prob1.m] The circuit shown in the figure consists of a DC power source (5V), a capacitor ( $20\mu F$ ) and a resistor ( $50k\Omega$ ). The loop equation of this circuit can be described as

$$\mathcal{E} - CR \frac{dV_c(t)}{dt} - V_c(t) = 0. \text{ Suppose the voltage of the capacitor before } t = 0 \text{ is } 0.5V.$$

- (1) Plot the temporal change of the voltage of the capacitor. Which method do you use to solve  $V_c(t)$ ?
- (2) What is the capacitor's voltage at  $t = 0.5$  sec? What is the precision of the answer and what step size do you use? (The precision should be at least 3 significant digits)
- (3) How long does it take for the capacitor's voltage to charge up to 3.5V? (The precision should be at least 3 significant digits)



2. [F7xxxxxxx\_quiz7\_prob2.m] The vertical motion of any object near the Earth's surface can be expressed by the equation of motion :  $\frac{d^2}{dt^2} y(t) = -g = -9.8 \text{ m/s}^2$ . If an object was thrown up from  $y(0) = 1.5\text{m}$  with the velocity  $y'(t) = 20\text{m/s}$ , plot its trajectory from  $t = 0$  to  $t = 3\text{s}$  by solving the differential equation numerically. Record  $y(3)$ ,  $y'(3)$  and the step size.

3. { Bonus } [F7xxxxxxx\_quiz7\_prob3.m ]

Suppose in a closed eco-system, where no migration is allowed to get in or out, there are two species of animals: the wolf and the rabbit. They form a simple food chain where the wolf hunts the rabbit, while the rabbit is grass-fed. The size of the two populations can be described by a simple system of two non-linear 1<sup>st</sup> order differential equation:

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{d}{dt} r(t) &= (a r(t) - b r(t)^2) - \alpha r(t)w(t); \\ \frac{d}{dt} w(t) &= -c w(t) + \gamma r(t)w(t);\end{aligned}$$

, where  $w(t)$  and  $r(t)$  denotes the population of the wolf and the rabbit respectively. The other parameters reflect the birth rate, death rate and the food-chain dependency of the two species.

In the following simulation, set  $a = 0.5$ ,  $b = 0.001$ ,  $c = 0.4$ ,  $\alpha = 0.02$ , and  $\gamma = 0.004$ , then run the simulation with the specific initial conditions

- (a) At the beginning, there are only 100 rabbits. Plot growing curve of the population and explain the phenomena.
- (b) At the beginning, there are only 100 wolves. Plot growing curve of the population and explain the phenomena.
- (c) At the beginning, there are 100 rabbits and 6 wolves. Plot growing curve of the population and explain the phenomena. Will the system become stable?
- (d) At the beginning, there are 100 rabbits and 600 wolves. Plot growing curve of the population and explain the phenomena.