Chapter 4. Laplace Transform

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• Review: $f(t) = e^{at} \xrightarrow{\mathcal{L}} \frac{1}{s-a}$ $f(t) = \cos at \xrightarrow{\mathcal{L}} \frac{s}{s^2 + a}$ $f(t) = \sin at \xrightarrow{\mathcal{L}} \frac{a}{s^2 + a^2}$ $f(t) = \delta(t) \xrightarrow{\mathcal{L}} 1$ $f(t) = t^n \xrightarrow{\mathscr{L}} \frac{n!}{s^{n+1}}$

• Laplace Transform之基本性質:

設
$$\mathcal{L}{f(t)} = F(s), \mathcal{L}{g(t)} = G(s)$$
已知

1.
$$\mathscr{L}\{k_1f(t)+k_2g(t)\}=k_1\mathscr{L}\{f(t)\}+k_2\mathscr{L}\{g(t)\}=k_1F(s)+k_2G(s)$$

線性轉換 $k_1,k_2 \in const$
 $pf:\mathscr{L}\{k_1f(t)+k_2g(t)\}=\int_0^\infty (k_1f(t)+k_2g(t))e^{-st}dt$
 $=\int_0^\infty k_1f(t)e^{-st}dt+\int_0^\infty k_2g(t)e^{-st}dt$
 $=k_1F(s)+k_2G(s)$

2. First shifting Thm.(第一移位定理)

$$f(t) \xrightarrow{\mathcal{L}} F(s) = \mathcal{L}\{f(t)\}$$

$$e^{at} f(t) \xrightarrow{\mathcal{L}} F(s-a)$$

$$pf : \mathcal{L}\{e^{at} f(t)\} = \int_0^\infty e^{at} f(t)e^{-st} dt$$

$$= \int_0^\infty f(t)e^{-(s-a)t} dt$$

$$= \int_0^\infty f(t)e^{-s't} dt = F(s') = F(s-a)$$

• f : $H(t) \xrightarrow{\mathcal{L}} \frac{1}{s}, e^{at} \xrightarrow{\mathcal{L}} \frac{1}{s-a}$

$$\Rightarrow e^{at}H(t) \xrightarrow{\mathscr{L}} H(s-a) = \frac{1}{s}\Big|_{s\to s-a} = \frac{1}{(s-a)}$$

• 例:
$$\mathscr{L}\lbrace e^{-2t}t\rbrace$$

$$\Rightarrow \Xi \mathfrak{L}f(t) \to F(s) = \frac{1}{s^2}$$

$$\Rightarrow F(s-(-2)) = F(s+2) = \frac{1}{s^2} \Big|_{s \to s+2} = \frac{1}{(s+2)^2}$$
• 例: $\mathscr{L}\lbrace e^t \cos 2t\rbrace$

$$= F(s-1) \qquad \qquad \sharp + F(s) = \frac{s}{s^2+4}$$

$$= \frac{s}{s^2+4} \Big|_{s \to s-1}$$

$$= \frac{s-1}{(s-1)^2+4} = \frac{s-1}{s-2s+5}$$

3. Second shifting Thm.(第二移位定理)

$$f(t) \xrightarrow{\mathcal{L}} F(s)$$

$$f(t-a)H(t-a) \xrightarrow{\mathcal{L}} F(s)e^{-as}$$

$$pf : \mathcal{L}\{f(t-a)H(t-a)\}$$

$$= \int_0^\infty f(t-a)H(t-a)e^{-st}dt \qquad \because H(t-a) = \begin{cases} 1, t > a \\ 0, t < a \end{cases}$$

$$= \int_a^\infty f(t-a)e^{-st}dt \qquad \Leftrightarrow x = t-a, dx = dt$$

$$= \int_0^\infty f(x)e^{-sx}e^{-as}dx$$

$$= e^{-as} \int_0^\infty f(x)e^{-sx}dx$$

$$= e^{-as} F(s)$$

- $f(t) = e^{2t} \xrightarrow{\mathcal{L}} \frac{1}{s}$ $\mathscr{L}\lbrace e^{2(t-3)}\rbrace = F(s)e^{-as} = \frac{1}{s-2}e^{-3s}$
- $\therefore \mathcal{L}\{\cos t\} = \frac{s}{s^2 + 1}$ $= \frac{s}{s^2 + 1}e^{-2s}$ $\bullet \quad \text{II} : G(s) = e^{-3s} \frac{s + 1}{(s + 1)^2 + 1}$

$$=\frac{s}{s^2+1}e^{-2s}$$

•
$$f[s] : G(s) = e^{-3s} \frac{s+1}{(s+1)^2 + 1}$$
$$\Rightarrow g(t) = e^{-(t-3)} \cos(t-3)H(t-3)$$

$$4.f(t) \xrightarrow{h} F(s)$$
$$tf(t) \xrightarrow{h} \frac{-dF(s)}{ds}$$

•
$$\begin{array}{c}
\boxed{5} : 1 \xrightarrow{\mathcal{L}} \frac{1}{s} \\
t \xrightarrow{\mathcal{L}} \frac{1}{s^2} \\
t \xrightarrow{\mathcal{L}} \frac{-d}{ds} (\frac{1}{s}) = \frac{-1}{-s^2} = \frac{1}{s^2}
\end{array}$$

•
$$\oint \int : t^n \xrightarrow{\mathscr{L}} \frac{n!}{s^{n+1}}$$

$$t \xrightarrow{\mathscr{L}} \frac{1}{s^2}$$

$$t^2 \xrightarrow{\mathscr{L}} -(\frac{d}{ds}(\frac{1}{s^2})) = \frac{-(-2s)}{(s^2)^2} = \frac{2}{s^3}$$

$$\vdots$$

$$t^n \xrightarrow{\mathscr{L}} \frac{n!}{s^{(n+1)}}$$

證明:
$$\mathscr{L}\{tf(t)\} = \int_0^\infty tf(t)e^{-st}dt$$

$$\therefore \frac{d}{ds}e^{-st} = -te^{-st}$$

$$F(s) = \int_0^\infty f(t)e^{-st}dt$$

$$\frac{dF(s)}{ds} = \frac{d}{ds} \int_0^\infty f(t)e^{-st}dt$$

$$= \int_0^\infty \frac{\partial}{\partial s} (f(t)e^{-st})dt$$

$$= \int_0^\infty f(t)(-t)e^{-st}dt$$

$$= -\int_0^\infty f(t)te^{-st}dt$$

$$= -\mathcal{L}\{tf(t)\}$$

$$\mathscr{L}\{t^n\} = \frac{n!}{s^{n+1}}$$

利用數學歸納法

利用數學歸納法
$$h=1 \quad \mathcal{L}\{t-1\} = \frac{-d}{ds} \cdot \frac{1}{s} = \frac{1}{s^2}$$
設 $n=k-1$ 為真
$$\Rightarrow \mathcal{L}\{t^{k-1}\} = \frac{(k-1)!}{s^k}$$
欲證

$$\Rightarrow \mathcal{L}\lbrace t^{k-1}\rbrace = \frac{(k-1)!}{s^k}$$

n=k時亦為真

$$\mathcal{L}\{t^{k}\} = \mathcal{L}\{t \cdot t^{k-1}\} = \frac{-d}{ds} \left(\frac{(k-1)!}{s^{k}}\right) = -(k-1)!(-k)s^{-k-1} = \frac{k!}{s^{k+1}}$$
 故得證

推廣:
$$t^n f(t) \xrightarrow{\mathscr{L}} \frac{-d}{ds} \cdots (\frac{-d}{ds} F(s))$$

4. $tf(t) \xrightarrow{\mathscr{L}} \frac{-d}{ds} F(s)$

$$\frac{1}{t} f(t) \xrightarrow{\mathscr{L}} \int_s^{\infty} \int_0^{\infty} f(t) e^{-st} dt ds$$

$$\Rightarrow \int_0^{\infty} (1) ds = \int_s^{\infty} \int_0^{\infty} f(t) e^{-st} dt ds$$

$$= \int_0^{\infty} \int_s^{\infty} f(t) e^{-st} ds dt \qquad (積分次序對調,要S.T在積分範圍獨立)$$

$$= \int_0^{\infty} f(t) \int_s^{\infty} e^{-st} ds dt$$

$$= \int_0^{\infty} f(t) \frac{1}{t} e^{-st} dt$$

$$= \mathscr{L} \{ \frac{1}{t} f(t) \}$$