

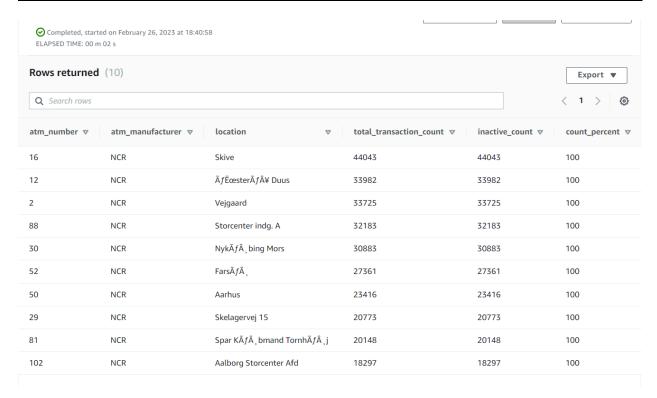


# Solving analytical queries on Redshift Cluster

Here, you have to write the query used for solving the question and the screenshots of the table which is outputted after the query is run on the AWS Redshift Query editor UI.

#### 1. Top 10 ATMs where most transactions are in the 'inactive' state

select	a.atm_number,		
	a.atm_manufacturer,		
	I.location,		
	count(trans_id) as total_transaction_count,		
	sum(case when atm_status = 'Inactive' then 1 else 0 end) as inactive_count,		
	(inactive_count/total_transaction_count)*100 as count_percent		
from	atm_data.fact_atm_trans f,		
	atm_data.dim_atm a,		
	atm_data.dim_location I		
where	f.atm_id = a.atm_id and		
	a.atm_location_id = I.location_id		
group by	a.atm_number,		
	a.atm_manufacturer,		
	I.location		
having	count_percent > 50		
order by	inactive_count desc		
limit	10;		

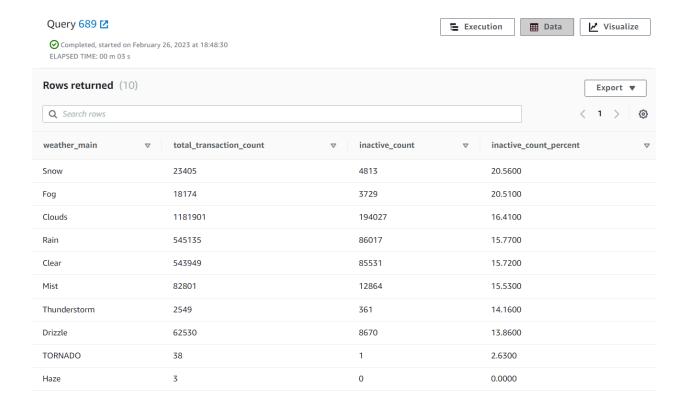






# 2. Number of ATM failures corresponding to the different weather conditions recorded at the time of the transactions

group by f.weather\_main order by inactive\_count\_percent desc







## 3. Top 10 ATMs with the most number of transactions throughout the year

select a.atm\_number,

a.atm\_manufacturer,

I.location,

count(trans\_id) as total\_transaction\_count

from atm\_data.fact\_atm\_trans f,

atm\_data.dim\_atm a,

atm\_data.dim\_location I

where f.atm\_id = a.atm\_id and

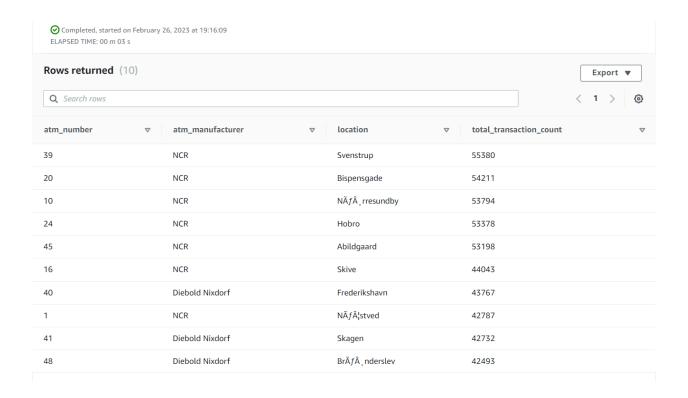
a.atm\_location\_id = I.location\_id

group by a.atm\_number,

a.atm\_manufacturer,

**I.location** 

order by total\_transaction\_count desc

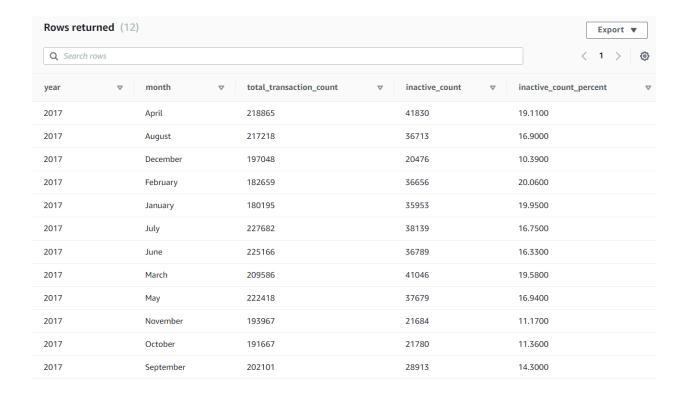






#### 4. Number of overall ATM transactions going inactive per month for each month

select d.year, d.month, count(trans id) as total transaction count, sum(case when atm\_status = 'Inactive' then 1 else 0 end) as inactive\_count, case when coalesce(inactive\_count, 0) = 0 then 0.0000 else trunc((cast(inactive\_count as numeric(10,4))/total\_transaction\_count)\*100, 2) end as inactive\_count\_percent from atm data.fact atm trans f inner join atm\_data.dim\_date d on f.date\_id = d.date\_id group by d.year, d.month order by d.year, d.month;







## 5. Top 10 ATMs with the highest total withdrawn amount throughout the year

select a.atm\_number,

a.atm\_manufacturer,

I.location,

sum(transaction\_amount) as total\_transaction\_amount

from atm\_data.fact\_atm\_trans f,

atm\_data.dim\_atm a,

atm\_data.dim\_location I

where f.atm\_id = a.atm\_id and

a.atm\_location\_id = I.location\_id

group by a.atm\_number,

a.atm\_manufacturer,

**I.location** 

order by total\_transaction\_amount desc

Rows returned (10)  Q Search rows				
atm_number	▼ atm_manufacturer	▽ location	▼ total_transaction_amount	
39	NCR	Svenstrup	277097637	
20	NCR	Bispensgade	271008803	
24	NCR	Hobro	268289882	
10	NCR	$N\tilde{A}f\hat{A}$ , rresundby	267379103	
45	NCR	Abildgaard	265639616	
16	NCR	Skive	220677013	
40	Diebold Nixdorf	Frederikshavn	219812287	
41	Diebold Nixdorf	Skagen	214127315	
1	NCR	N $ ilde{A} f \hat{A}_{I}^{I}$ stved	213721117	
48	Diebold Nixdorf	$Br \tilde{A} f \hat{A}$ , nderslev	212883099	





#### 6. Number of failed ATM transactions across various card types

select ct.card\_type,

count(trans\_id) as total\_transaction\_count,

sum(case when atm\_status = 'Inactive' then 1 else 0 end) as inactive\_count,

case

when coalesce(inactive\_count, 0) = 0 then 0.0000

else trunc((cast(inactive\_count as numeric(10,4))/total\_transaction\_count)\*100, 2)

end as inactive\_count\_percent

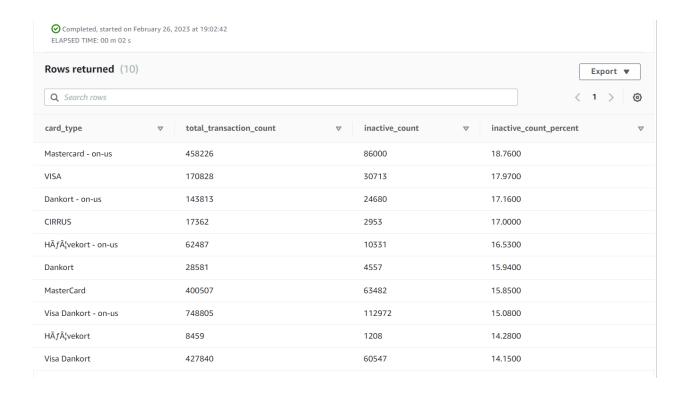
from atm\_data.fact\_atm\_trans f,

atm\_data.dim\_card\_type ct

where f.card\_type\_id = ct.card\_type\_id

group by ct.card\_type

order by inactive\_count\_percent desc

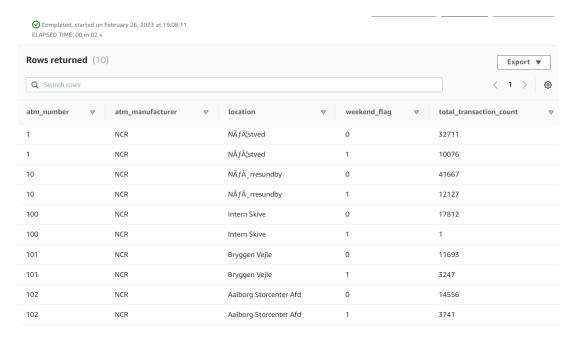






7. Number of transactions happening on an ATM on weekdays and on weekends throughout the year. Order this by the ATM\_number, ATM\_manufacturer, location, weekend\_flag and then total\_transaction\_count

select a.atm\_number, a.atm\_manufacturer, I.location. case when d.weekday in ('Saturday', 'Sunday') then 1 end as weekend\_flag, count(trans\_id) as total\_transaction\_count from atm\_data.fact\_atm\_trans f, atm data.dim atm a, atm\_data.dim\_location I, atm\_data.dim\_date d f.atm\_id = a.atm\_id and where a.atm\_location\_id = I.location\_id and f.date\_id = d.date\_id group by a.atm number, a.atm manufacturer, I.location, weekend\_flag order by a.atm\_number, a.atm\_manufacturer, I.location, weekend flag. total transaction count limit 10;







#### 8. Most active day in each ATMs from location "Vejgaard"

```
select
            a.atm_number,
            a.atm_manufacturer,
             I.location.
             d.weekday,
             count(trans_id) as total_transaction_count
from
            atm_data.fact_atm_trans f
             inner join atm_data.dim_atm a
                 on f.atm_id = a.atm_id
             inner join atm_data.dim_location I
                 on a.atm_location_id = I.location_id
             inner join atm_data.dim_date d
                 on f.date_id = d.date_id
where
             I.location = 'Vejgaard' and
             d.weekday in
             (
                 select
                              d.weekday
                              atm_data.fact_atm_trans f
                 from
                 inner join
                              atm data.dim date d
                              on f.date id = d.date id
                 inner join
                              atm_data.dim_location I
                              on f.weather_loc_id = I.location_id
                 where
                              I.location = 'Vejgaard'
                             d.weekday
                 group by
                 order by
                             count(f.trans_id) desc
                  limit
group by
             a.atm number,
             a.atm_manufacturer,
             I.location,
             d.weekday
             total_transaction_count;
order by
```

