Find the gross and net calorific values of a fuel which an ultimate analysis gave the following results: C = 80 %, H = 6 %, O = 8 %, S = 1.5 %, N = 1.0 %, Ash = rest.

(M.U. May 2008)

Solution: Using Dulong formula,

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$$GCV = \frac{1}{100} \left[ 8080 C + 34500 \left( H - \frac{O}{8} \right) + 2240 S \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{100} \left[ 8080 \times 80 + 34500 \left( 6 - \frac{8}{8} \right) + 2240 \times 1.5 \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{100} \left[ 646400 + 34500 \left( 6 - 1 \right) + 2240 \times 1.5 \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{100} \left[ 646400 + 172500 + 3360 \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{100} \left[ 822260 \right]$$

$$GCV = 8222.60 \text{ kcal / kg.}$$

GCV = 8222.60 kcal / kg.

A sample of coal contains C = 70%, O = 20%, H = 6%, S = 2.5%, N = 1.5%.

Calculate the gross and net calculate value of the coal.

(M.U. Doc. 2009)

Solution: Using Dulong formula,

$$GCV = \frac{1}{100} \left[ 8080C + 34500 \left( H - \frac{O}{8} \right) + 2240S \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{100} \left[ 8080 \times 70 + 34500 \left( 6 - \frac{20}{8} \right) + 2240 \times 2.5 \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{100} \left[ 565600 + 34500 \left( 6 - 2.5 \right) + 2240 \times 2.5 \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{100} \left[ 565600 + 120750 + 5600 \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{100} \left[ 691950 \right]$$

$$GCV = 6919.50 \text{ keal / kg.}$$
And
$$NCV = \left[ OCV - \frac{9}{100} H \times 587 \right]$$

$$= \left[ 6919.50 - 0.09 \times 6 \times 587 \right]$$

$$= \left[ 6919.50 - 316.98 \right]$$

$$\therefore NCV = 6602.52 \text{ keal / kg.}$$

problem S

A sample of coal has the following composition by mass, C = 85 %, H = 7 %, 0=36, S=3.5 %, N=2.1 % and Ash =4.4 %. Calculate HCV and LCV using Duling formula. (M.U. May 2010)

Solution: Using Dulong formula,

$$HCV = \frac{1}{100} \left[ 8080C + 34500 \left( H - \frac{O}{8} \right) + 2240S \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{100} \left[ 8080 \times 85 + 34500 \left( 7 - \frac{3}{8} \right) + 2240 \times 35 \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{100} \left[ 686800 + 34500 \left( 7 - 0.375 \right) + 2240 \times 3.5 \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{100} \left[ 686800 + 34500 \left( 6.625 \right) + 7840 \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{100} \left[ 686800 + 228562.5 + 7840 \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{100} \left[ 923202.5 \right]$$

$$HCV = 9232.025 \text{ kcal / kg.}$$

And 
$$LCV = \left[HCV - \frac{9}{100}H \times 587\right]$$
  
= [9232.025 - 0.09 × 7 × 587]  
= [9232.025 - 369.81]

## Problem 4

A sample of coal has the following composition by mass: C = 80 %, H = 7 %, D=3%, S=3.5%, N=2.1% and Ash 4.4%. Calculate HCV and LCV using Dulong (M.U. Dec. 2010) formula.

Solution : Using Dulong formula,

$$HCV = \frac{1}{100} \left[ 8080C + 34500 \left( H - \frac{O}{8} \right) + 2240S \right]$$

$$HCV = \frac{1}{100} \left[ 8080 \times 80 + 34500 \left( 7 - \frac{3}{8} \right) + 2240 \times 35 \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{100} \left[ 646400 + 34500 \left( 7 - 0.375 \right) + 2240 \times 3.5 \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{100} \left[ 646400 + 34500 \left( 6.625 \right) + 2240 \times 3.5 \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{100} \left[ 646400 + 228562.5 + 7840 \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{100} \left[ 882802.5 \right]$$

$$\therefore HCV = 8828.025 \log l / \log$$

$$= \left[ 8828.025 - 0.09 \times 7 \times 587 \right]$$

$$= \left[ 8828.025 - 369.81 \right]$$

$$\therefore LCV = 8458.215 \log l / \log$$

$$LCV = 8458.215 \log l / \log$$

$$LCV = 8458.215 \log l / \log$$

A sample of coal has the following composition by mass: C = 85 %, H = 6 %, C = 8 %

Solution: Using Dulong formula,

$$HCV = \frac{1}{100} \left[ 8080C + 34500 \left( H - \frac{O}{8} \right) + 2240S \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{100} \left[ 8080 \times 85 + 34500 \left( 6 - \frac{8}{8} \right) + 2240 \times 0.5 \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{100} \left[ 686800 + 34500 \left( 6 - 1 \right) + 2240 \times 0.5 \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{100} \left[ 686800 + 172500 + 1120 \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{100} [860420]$$

$$= HCV = 8604.20 \text{ kcat / kg.}$$

$$= [HCV - \frac{9}{100} \text{ H} \times 587]$$

$$= [8604.20 - 0.09 \times 6 \times 587]$$

$$= [8604.20 - 316.98]$$

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$$= LCV = 8287.22 \text{ kcal / kg.}$$

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$$= LCV = 8287.22 \text{ kcal / kg.}$$

A sample of coal contains C = 70%, O = 23%, H = 5%, S = 1.5%, N = 0.4%, Ash = 0.1%. Calculate the gross and net calorific value of the coal.

(M.U. Dec. 2011; May 2018)

Solution: Using Dulong formula.

$$GCV = \frac{1}{100} \left[ 8080 C + 34500 \left( H - \frac{O}{8} \right) + 2240 S \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{100} \left[ 8080 \times 70 + 34500 \left( 5 - \frac{23}{8} \right) + 2240 \times 1.5 \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{100} \left[ 565600 + 34500 \left( 5 - 2.875 \right) + 2240 \times 1.5 \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{100} \left[ 565600 + 34500 \left( 2.125 \right) + 3360 \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{100} \left[ 565600 + 73312.5 + 3360 \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{100} \left[ 642272.5 \right]$$

$$\therefore GCV = 6422.725 \text{ kcal / kg.}$$
And  $NCV = \left[ GCV - \frac{9}{100} H \times 587 \right]$ 

$$= \left[ 6422.725 - 0.09 \times 5 \times 587 \right]$$

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And

A sample of coal contains 90 % C. 8 % H. 1.5 % S. 2 % N. 5 % O and remaining ash. Calculate the high and low calorific values of the solid fuel.

(Latent heat of condensation of steam = 587 cal / gm)

(M.U. May 2012)

Solution: Using Dulong formula,

$$HCV = \frac{1}{100} \left[ 8080C + 34500 \left( H - \frac{O}{8} \right) + 2240S \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{100} \left[ 8080 \times 90 + 34500 \left( 8 - \frac{5}{8} \right) + 2240 \times 1.5 \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{100} \left[ 727200 + 34500 \left( 8 - 0.625 \right) + 2240 \times 1.5 \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{100} \left[ 727200 + 34500 \left( 7.375 \right) + 3360 \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{100} \left[ 727200 + 254437.5 + 3360 \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{100} \left[ 984997.5 \right]$$

$$HCV = 9849.975 \text{ kcal / kg.}$$

$$LCV = \left[ HCV - \frac{9}{100} \text{ H} \times 587 \right]$$

$$= 19849.975 - 0.09 \times 8 \times 587 \right]$$

× [ 9849.975 - 422.64 ] LCV = 9427.335 kcal / kg. ..

HCV = 9849.975 kcal / kg Ans. : LCV = 9427.335 kcal / kg.