

INNOVATION. AUTOMATION. ANALYTICS

PROJECT ON

Analyzing Tablet Prices Of Flipkart

ABOUT US

Name : Akshara

Qualification : BSC(Data Science)



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Problem Statement

- ➤ Analysing Prices Of Tablets.
- The current tablets representation of pricing data presents with its complexities and limitations for businesses.
- The tabs provides insights into customer preferences and brand satisfaction, helping to discern which brands are more commonly associated.

Introduction:

- ➤ Brief overview of the pricing of Tabs using Flipkart.
- ➤ Analysis of variation of price with respect to different features of Tabs.
- Finding the best Tabs that has most benefits.
- From this project, I am interested to provide good insights to choose better Tabs to smoothen life.







Libraries Used:

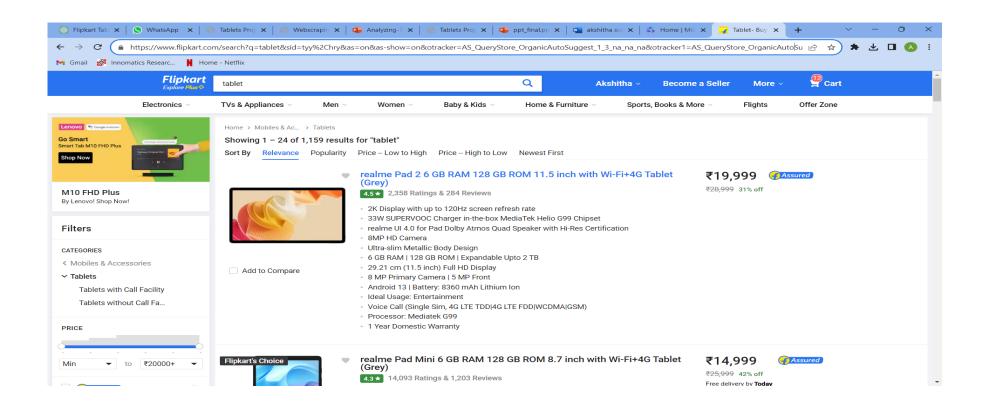
- Regular Expressions
- Beautiful soup
- Numpy
- Pandas
- Matplotlib
- Seaborn





Website URL's for Web-Scrapping:

 $\underline{https://www.flipkart.com/search?q=Tablets\&otracker=search\&otracker1=search\&marketplace=FLIPKART\&as-show=on\&as=off}$





Raw data from website:

| | Brand | Color | Ram | Rom | Screen_size | Battery | Megapixel | Rating | price |
|-----|----------|----------------|------|-----|-------------|---------|-----------|--------|-----------|
| 0 | MOTOROLA | Modernist Teal | 6.0 | 128 | 11.00 | 7700.0 | 13 | 4.3 | ₹22,990 |
| 1 | SAMSUNG | Silver | 3.0 | 32 | 8.70 | 5100.0 | 8 | 4.3 | ₹11,999 |
| 2 | SAMSUNG | Blue | 4.0 | 128 | 10.40 | 7040.0 | 8 | 4.5 | ₹31,999 |
| 3 | Lenovo | Abyss Blue | 4.0 | 128 | 10.61 | 7700.0 | 13 | 4.2 | ₹24,490 |
| 4 | SAMSUNG | Beige | 12.0 | 256 | 14.60 | 10090.0 | 13 | NaN | ₹1,08,999 |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| 175 | APPLE | Silver | NaN | 128 | 11.00 | NaN | 12 | 4.6 | ₹79,900 |
| 176 | Lenovo | NaN | 4.0 | 128 | 10.30 | 5000.0 | 8 | 4.3 | ₹15,999 |
| 177 | SAMSUNG | Silver | 6.0 | 128 | 12.40 | 10090.0 | 8 | 4.5 | ₹49,999 |
| 178 | APPLE | Space Grey | NaN | 256 | 10.90 | NaN | 12 | 4.6 | ₹81,400 |
| 179 | MOTOROLA | Frost Blue | 4.0 | 64 | 10.61 | 7700.0 | 8 | 4.1 | ₹16,490 |

Total: 480 rows × 9 columns of Raw Data



DATA CLEANING

- 1) Handling Missing Values
- 2) Removing Duplicate Values
- 3)Outlier Treatment
- 4)Data Analysis



Cleaned Data Frame:

| | Brand | Color | кат | кот | Screen_size | ваттегу | ıvıegapıxeı | Katıng | price |
|----|----------|----------------|-----|-----|-------------|---------|-------------|--------|--------|
| 0 | MOTOROLA | Modernist Teal | 6 | 128 | 11 | 7700 | 13 | 4 | 22990 |
| 1 | SAMSUNG | Silver | 3 | 32 | 8 | 5100 | 8 | 4 | 11999 |
| 2 | SAMSUNG | Blue | 4 | 128 | 10 | 7040 | 8 | 4 | 31999 |
| 3 | Lenovo | Abyss Blue | 4 | 128 | 10 | 7700 | 13 | 4 | 24490 |
| 4 | SAMSUNG | Beige | 12 | 256 | 14 | 10090 | 13 | 4 | 108999 |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| 75 | APPLE | Silver | 4 | 128 | 11 | 10090 | 12 | 4 | 79900 |
| 76 | Lenovo | Silver | 4 | 128 | 10 | 5000 | 8 | 4 | 15999 |
| 77 | SAMSUNG | Silver | 6 | 128 | 12 | 10090 | 8 | 4 | 49999 |
| 78 | APPLE | Space Grey | 4 | 256 | 10 | 10090 | 12 | 4 | 81400 |
| 79 | MOTOROLA | Frost Blue | 4 | 64 | 10 | 7700 | 8 | 4 | 16490 |



Features that Impact Tab Prices:



1 Ram

Higher the Ram, higher the price

2 Battery

Longer battery, higher the price.

3 Color

Higher the price, according to different colors.



EXPLORATORY DATA ANALYSIS(EDA)

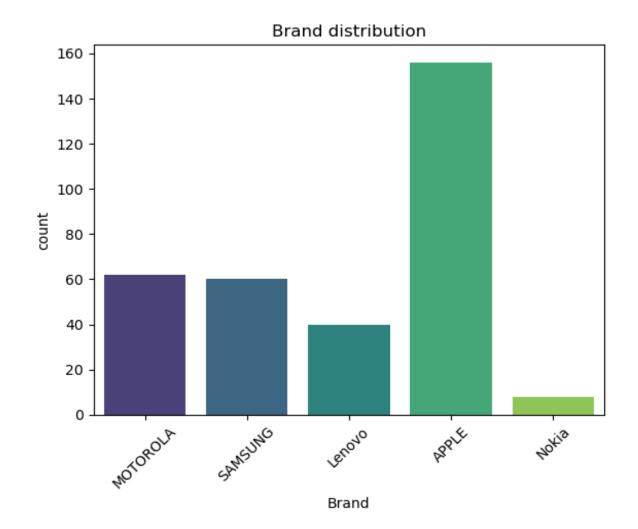
Exploratory Data Analysis is majorly performed using the following methods:

- Univariate analysis:- It provides summary for each field in the raw data set (or) summary only on one variable.
- **Bivariate analysis:** It is performed to find the relationship between each variable in the dataset and the target variable of interest (or) using 2 variables and finding the relationship between them
- Multivariate analysis:- It is performed to understand interactions between different fields in the dataset (or) finding interactions between variables more than 2..



Univariate: Brand count plot

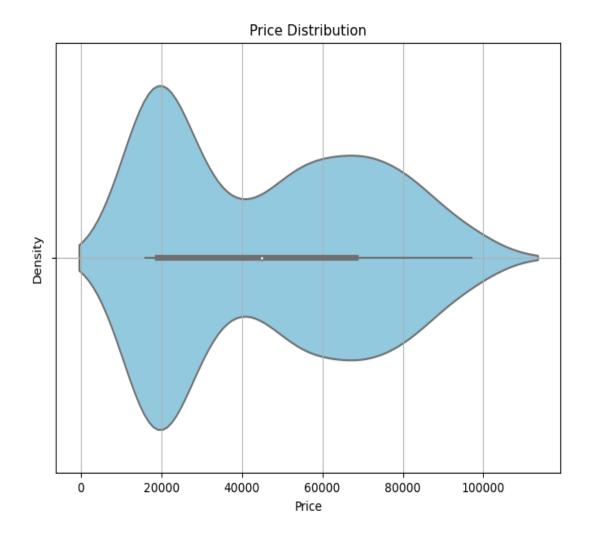
- The count plot is useful for understanding the frequency or count of each category in the dataset, providing a quick overview of the distribution.
- Brand Count Plot represent the no of brands in the tablets.
- No .of count of the tabs available in each brand.
- Apple and Motorola is the leading company having huge variety of products.





Univariate: Price Distribution

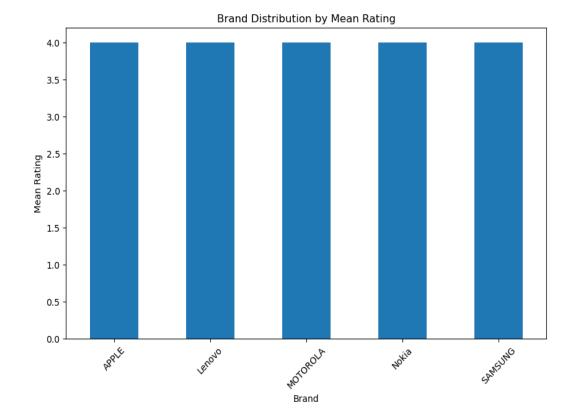
- Violin plots are useful for showing the distribution of data, including information about central tendency and density.
- The plot is to provide a visual representation of the distribution of tablet prices using a violin plot.
- This plot helps to understand the spread of prices and identify potential patterns or clusters in the dataset.
- From this, I have analysed that, the distribution of prices are more around 20000.





Bivariate: Brands with 5-star rating

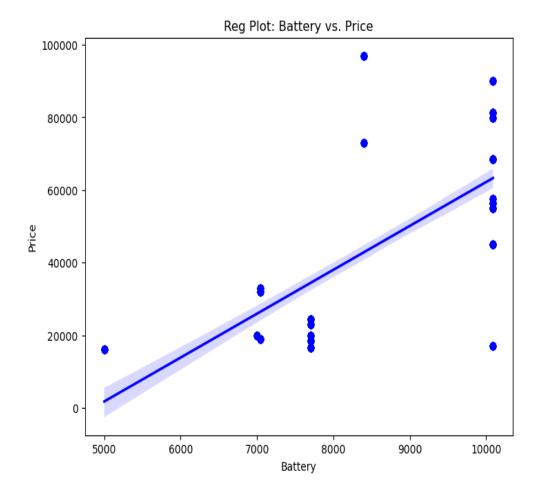
- The plot provides insights into which brands have a higher frequency of top ratings in the dataset.
- The code aims to visualize the distribution of 5-star ratings among different brands using a count plot.
- Getting brands of 5 star rating.
- 5 Star Tabs is more suggestible because it consumes more count compared to other ones.
- Apple and Motorola products are having more rating.





Bivariate: Battery vs Price

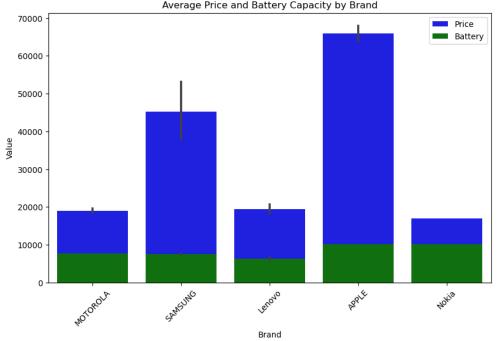
- It is a continuous and continuous bivariate plot
- It visually represent the linear relationship between the 'Battery' and 'Price' columns using a regression plot.
- The plot provides insights into how changes in the battery capacity may be associated with changes in the price of tablets.
- The distribution of batteries are more around 20000.





Multivariate: Price and Battery capacity

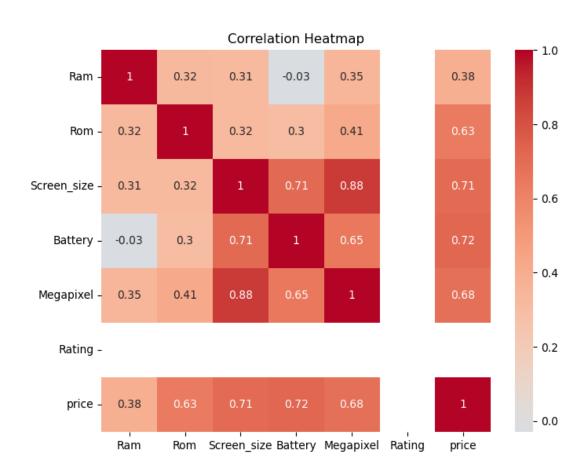
- It visualizing to compare the average price and battery capacity of different brands using a grouped bar plot. This type of plot allows for easy comparison of two numerical values across different categories.
- Average Price and Battery by Brand.
- Most of the products are in range between 10K to 65K.
- Apple is the most suitable one to buy.





Relationship

- The plot provides a visual representation of the correlation structure among numerical columns in the dataset.
- The correlation heatmap helps identify patterns and strengths of relationships between variables.
- The Battery and Ram shows there is no strong relationship between them.
- The Rating has no correlation.
- There is strong relationship between itself features.





Conclusion:

- •Most selling products are in 10K to 65K.
- •Most preferable battery brands are Apple and Motorola.
- •5-Star products are more recommended for new users.
- •Most trusted company is Apple and Motorola Product.
- We can infer the most suitable brand is Apple and the second brand is Motorola, according to price distribution of the most common features Ram ,Battery and Ratings.







THANK YOU!



