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JOINS

INNER:

- The INNER JOIN keyword selects all rows from both the tables as long as the condition satisfies.
- SYNTAX SELECT table1.column1,table1.column2,table2.column1,... FROM table1 INNER JOIN table2 ON table1.matching_column = table2.matching_column;

```
SQL> select Ename,SAL,Job,Dname,Loc
  2  from akshat_EMP inner join akshat_Dept
  3  on akshat_EMP.Dept_no=akshat_Dept.Dept_no;

ENAME          SAL  JOB        DNAME        LOC
-----  -----  -----  -----
KING            5000 PRESIDENT ACCOUNTING   NEW YORK
BLAKE           2850 MANAGER    SALES       CHICAGO
CLARK           2450 MANAGER    ACCOUNTING   NEW YORK
JONES           2975 MANAGER    RESEARCH    DALLAS
SCOTT           3000 ANALYST   RESEARCH    DALLAS
FORD            3000 ANALYST   RESEARCH    DALLAS
SMITH           800  CLERK      RESEARCH    DALLAS
ALLEN           1600 SALESMAN   SALES      CHICAGO
WARD            1250 SALESMAN   SALES      CHICAGO
MARTIN          1250 SALESMAN   SALES      CHICAGO
TURNER          1500 SALESMAN   SALES      CHICAGO
ADAMS           1100 CLERK     RESEARCH    DALLAS
JAMES            950  CLERK     SALES      CHICAGO
MILLER          1300 CLERK     ACCOUNTING NEW YORK

14 rows selected.
```

NATURAL:

- A natural join is a type of equi join which occurs implicitly by comparing all the same named columns in both tables. The join result has only one column for each pair of equally named columns.
- SYNTAX Select * From table1 natural join table2;

```
SQL> select * from akshat_EMP natural join akshat_Dept;
DEPT_NO    EMP_NO ENAME      JOB          MGR HIREDATE      SAL     COMM  DNAME        LOC
-----  -----  -----  -----  -----  -----  -----  -----  -----
10        7839 KING       PRESIDENT   7839 17-NOV-81  5000    ACCOUNTING NEW YORK
30        7698 BLAKE      MANAGER    7839 01-MAY-81  2850    SALES      CHICAGO
10        7782 CLARK      MANAGER    7839 09-JUN-81  2450    ACCOUNTING NEW YORK
20        7566 JONES      MANAGER    7839 02-APR-81  2975    RESEARCH   DALLAS
20        7788 SCOTT      ANALYST    7566 19-APR-87  3000    RESEARCH   DALLAS
20        7982 FORD       ANALYST    7566 03-DEC-81  3000    RESEARCH   DALLAS
20        7369 SMITH      CLERK      7902 17-DEC-80  800     RESEARCH   DALLAS
30        7499 ALLEN      SALESMAN   7698 20-FEB-81  1600    300 SALES   CHICAGO
30        7521 WARD       SALESMAN   7698 22-FEB-81  1250    500 SALES   CHICAGO
30        7654 MARTIN    SALESMAN   7698 28-SEP-81  1250    1400 SALES  CHICAGO
30        7844 TURNER    SALESMAN   7698 08-SEP-81  1500    0  SALES  CHICAGO
20        7876 ADAMS      CLERK      7788 23-MAY-87  1100    RESEARCH   DALLAS
30        7900 JAMES      CLERK      7698 03-DEC-81  950     SALES      CHICAGO
10        7934 MILLER    CLERK      7782 23-JAN-82  1300    ACCOUNTING NEW YORK
14 rows selected.
```

OUTER:

- In an outer join, unmatched rows in one or both tables can be returned. Right: returns only unmatched rows from the right table
- SYNTAX SELECT table1.column1,table1.column2,table2.column1,... FROM table1 RIGHT [OUTER] JOIN table2 ON table1.matching_column = table2.matching_column;

```
SQL> select EMP_no,Ename,SAL,akshat_EMP.Dept_no,akshat_Dept.Dept_no,Dname
  2  from akshat_EMP right outer join akshat_Dept
  3  on akshat_EMP.Dept_no=akshat_Dept.Dept_no;
EMP_NO  ENAME      SAL    DEPT_NO  DEPT_NO  DNAME
-----  -----  -----  -----  -----  -----
7782    CLARK      2450   10      10      ACCOUNTING
7934    MILLER    1300   10      10      ACCOUNTING
7839    KING       5000   10      10      ACCOUNTING
7902    FORD       3000   20      20      RESEARCH
7788    SCOTT      3000   20      20      RESEARCH
7566    JONES      2975   20      20      RESEARCH
7369    SMITH      800    20      20      RESEARCH
7876    ADAMS      1100   20      20      RESEARCH
7521    WARD       1250   30      30      SALES
7654    MARTIN    1250   30      30      SALES
7844    TURNER    1500   30      30      SALES
7900    JAMES      950    30      30      SALES
7499    ALLEN      1600   30      30      SALES
7698    BLAKE      2850   30      40      OPERATIONS
15 rows selected.
```

Left: returns only unmatched rows from the left table.

- SYNTAX SELECT table1.column1,table1.column2,table2.column1,... FROM table1 LEFT [OUTER] JOIN table2 ON table1.matching_column = table2.matching_column;

```
SQL> select EMP_no,Ename,SAL,akshat_EMP.Dept_no,akshat_Dept.Dept_no,Dname
  2  from akshat_EMP left outer join akshat_Dept
  3  on akshat_EMP.Dept_no=akshat_Dept.Dept_no;

EMP_NO ENAME      SAL  DEPT_NO  DEPT_NO DNAME
-----  -----
 7839 KING        5000    10       10 ACCOUNTING
 7698 BLAKE       2850    30       30 SALES
 7782 CLARK       2450    10       10 ACCOUNTING
 7566 JONES       2975    20       20 RESEARCH
 7788 SCOTT       3000    20       20 RESEARCH
 7902 FORD        3000    20       20 RESEARCH
 7369 SMITH       800     20       20 RESEARCH
 7499 ALLEN       1600    30       30 SALES
 7521 WARD        1250    30       30 SALES
 7654 MARTIN      1250    30       30 SALES
 7844 TURNER      1500    30       30 SALES
 7876 ADAMS        1100    20       20 RESEARCH
 7900 JAMES        950     30       30 SALES
 7934 MILLER      1300    10       10 ACCOUNTING

14 rows selected.
```

Full: returns unmatched rows from both tables

- SYNTAX SELECT table1.column1,table1.column2,table2.column1,... FROM table1 FULL [OUTER] JOIN table2 ON table1.matching_column = table2.matching_column;

EMP_NO	ENAME	SAL	DEPT_NO	DEPT_NO	DNAME
7839	KING	5000	10	10	ACCOUNTING
7698	BLAKE	2850	30	30	SALES
7782	CLARK	2450	10	10	ACCOUNTING
7566	JONES	2975	20	20	RESEARCH
7788	SCOTT	3000	20	20	RESEARCH
7902	FORD	3000	20	20	RESEARCH
7369	SMITH	800	20	20	RESEARCH
7499	ALLEN	1600	30	30	SALES
7521	WARD	1250	30	30	SALES
7654	MARTIN	1250	30	30	SALES
7844	TURNER	1500	30	30	SALES
7876	ADAMS	1100	20	20	RESEARCH
7900	JAMES	950	30	30	SALES
7934	MILLER	1300	10	10	ACCOUNTING
				40	OPERATIONS

15 rows selected.

CROSS:

- The CARTESIAN JOIN is also known as CROSS JOIN.
- In a CARTESIAN JOIN there is a join for each row of one table to every row of another table. This usually happens when the matching column or WHERE condition is not specified.
- SYNTAX SELECT * FROM TABLE1, TABLE2;

SQL> select * from akshat_EMP,akshat_Dept;								
EMP_NO	ENAME	JOB	MGR	HIREDATE	SAL	COMM	DEPT_NO	DEPT_NO
							DNAME	LOC
7839	KING	PRESIDENT		17-NOV-81	5000		10	20 RESEARCH
7839	KING	PRESIDENT		17-NOV-81	5000		10	30 SALES
7839	KING	PRESIDENT		17-NOV-81	5000		10	10 ACCOUNTING
7839	KING	PRESIDENT		17-NOV-81	5000		10	40 OPERATIONS
7698	BLAKE	MANAGER	7839	01-MAY-81	2850		30	20 RESEARCH
7698	BLAKE	MANAGER	7839	01-MAY-81	2850		30	30 SALES
7698	BLAKE	MANAGER	7839	01-MAY-81	2850		30	10 ACCOUNTING
7698	BLAKE	MANAGER	7839	01-MAY-81	2850		30	40 OPERATIONS
7782	CLARK	MANAGER	7839	09-JUN-81	2450		10	20 RESEARCH
7782	CLARK	MANAGER	7839	09-JUN-81	2450		10	30 SALES
7782	CLARK	MANAGER	7839	09-JUN-81	2450		10	10 ACCOUNTING
7782	CLARK	MANAGER	7839	09-JUN-81	2450		10	40 OPERATIONS
7566	JONES	MANAGER	7839	02-APR-81	2975		20	20 RESEARCH
7566	JONES	MANAGER	7839	02-APR-81	2975		20	30 SALES
7566	JONES	MANAGER	7839	02-APR-81	2975		20	10 ACCOUNTING
7566	JONES	MANAGER	7839	02-APR-81	2975		20	40 OPERATIONS
7788	SCOTT	ANALYST	7566	19-APR-87	3000		20	20 RESEARCH
7788	SCOTT	ANALYST	7566	19-APR-87	3000		20	30 SALES
7788	SCOTT	ANALYST	7566	19-APR-87	3000		20	10 ACCOUNTING
7788	SCOTT	ANALYST	7566	19-APR-87	3000		20	40 OPERATIONS
7902	FORD	ANALYST	7566	03-DEC-81	3000		20	20 RESEARCH
7902	FORD	ANALYST	7566	03-DEC-81	3000		20	30 SALES
7902	FORD	ANALYST	7566	03-DEC-81	3000		20	10 ACCOUNTING
7902	FORD	ANALYST	7566	03-DEC-81	3000		20	40 OPERATIONS
7369	SMITH	CLERK	7902	17-DEC-80	800		20	20 RESEARCH
7369	SMITH	CLERK	7902	17-DEC-80	800		20	30 SALES
7369	SMITH	CLERK	7902	17-DEC-80	800		20	10 ACCOUNTING
7369	SMITH	CLERK	7902	17-DEC-80	800		20	40 OPERATIONS
7499	ALLEN	SALESMAN	7698	20-FEB-81	1600	300	30	20 RESEARCH
7499	ALLEN	SALESMAN	7698	20-FEB-81	1600	300	30	30 SALES
7499	ALLEN	SALESMAN	7698	20-FEB-81	1600	300	30	10 ACCOUNTING
7499	ALLEN	SALESMAN	7698	20-FEB-81	1600	300	30	40 OPERATIONS
7521	WARD	SALESMAN	7698	22-FEB-81	1250	500	30	20 RESEARCH
7521	WARD	SALESMAN	7698	22-FEB-81	1250	500	30	30 SALES
7521	WARD	SALESMAN	7698	22-FEB-81	1250	500	30	10 ACCOUNTING
7521	WARD	SALESMAN	7698	22-FEB-81	1250	500	30	40 OPERATIONS
7654	MARTIN	SALESMAN	7698	28-SEP-81	1250	1400	30	20 RESEARCH
7654	MARTIN	SALESMAN	7698	28-SEP-81	1250	1400	30	30 SALES
7654	MARTIN	SALESMAN	7698	28-SEP-81	1250	1400	30	10 ACCOUNTING
7654	MARTIN	SALESMAN	7698	28-SEP-81	1250	1400	30	40 OPERATIONS
7844	TURNER	SALESMAN	7698	08-SEP-81	1500	0	30	20 RESEARCH
7844	TURNER	SALESMAN	7698	08-SEP-81	1500	0	30	30 SALES
7844	TURNER	SALESMAN	7698	08-SEP-81	1500	0	30	10 ACCOUNTING
7844	TURNER	SALESMAN	7698	08-SEP-81	1500	0	30	40 OPERATIONS
7876	ADAMS	CLERK	7788	23-MAY-87	1100		20	20 RESEARCH
7876	ADAMS	CLERK	7788	23-MAY-87	1100		20	30 SALES
7876	ADAMS	CLERK	7788	23-MAY-87	1100		20	10 ACCOUNTING
7876	ADAMS	CLERK	7788	23-MAY-87	1100		20	40 OPERATIONS
7900	JAMES	CLERK	7698	03-DEC-81	950		30	20 RESEARCH
7900	JAMES	CLERK	7698	03-DEC-81	950		30	30 SALES
7900	JAMES	CLERK	7698	03-DEC-81	950		30	10 ACCOUNTING
7900	JAMES	CLERK	7698	03-DEC-81	950		30	40 OPERATIONS
7934	MILLER	CLERK	7782	23-JAN-82	1300		10	20 RESEARCH
7934	MILLER	CLERK	7782	23-JAN-82	1300		10	30 SALES
7934	MILLER	CLERK	7782	23-JAN-82	1300		10	10 ACCOUNTING
7934	MILLER	CLERK	7782	23-JAN-82	1300		10	40 OPERATIONS

56 rows selected.

SELF:

- As the name signifies, in SELF JOIN a table is joined to itself. That is, each row of the table is joined with itself and all other rows depending on some conditions

- SYNTAX SELECT a.column 1 , b.column2 FROM table_name a, table_name b WHERE some_condition;

```
SQL> select e2.ename employee,e1.ename manager
  2  from akshat_EMP e1,akshat_EMP e2
  3  where e1.EMP_no=e2.mgr;

EMPLOYEE      MANAGER
-----
BLAKE          KING
CLARK          KING
JONES          KING
SCOTT          JONES
FORD           JONES
SMITH          FORD
ALLEN          BLAKE
WARD           BLAKE
MARTIN         BLAKE
TURNER         BLAKE
ADAMS          SCOTT
JAMES          BLAKE
MILLER         CLARK

13 rows selected.
```