Day 7

12 April 2024 01:03 PM

function of structure –

```
#include<iostream>
#include<string>
using namespace std;
struct student
{
    int roll;
    char name[20];
    float per;
};
student input()
{
    student temp;
    cin>>temp.roll;
    cin.ignore();
    cin.getline(temp.name,20);
    cin>>temp.per;
    return temp;
}
void output(student s)
{
    cout<<s.roll<<"\t"<<s.name<<'\t'<<s.per<<endl;
}
int main()
{
    student s1,s2;
    cout<<"Enter roll name and per of a student:";
    s1=input();
    cout<<"Enter roll name and per of a student:";
    s2=input();
    output(s1);
    output(s2);
    return 0;
}
```

pointer of a structure :→

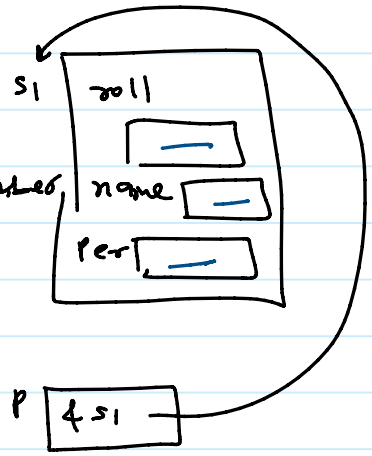
student s1; →

s1.roll = 101; → object to member

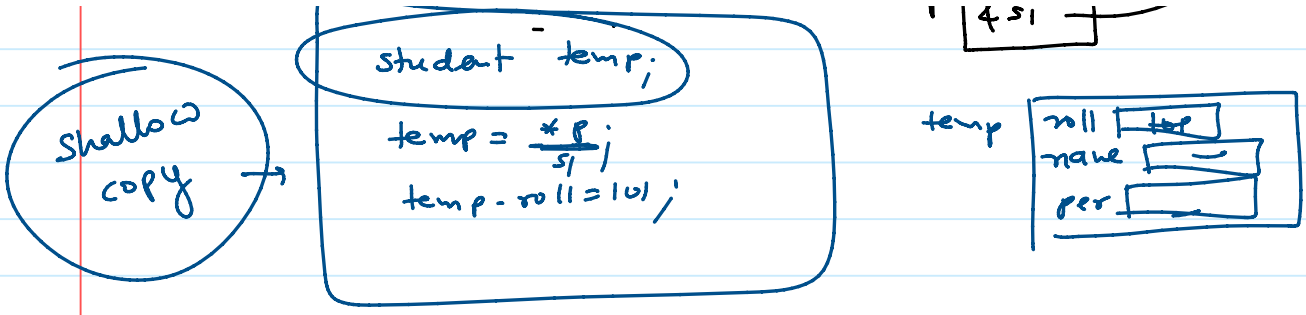
. high

* low

student *p = &s1;



student temp;



(*p).roll = 101;

OR

p -> roll = 101;

pointer to member

```
#include<iostream>
#include<string>
using namespace std;
struct student
{
    int roll;
    char name[20];
    float per;
};
void input(student *p)
{
    cin>>p->roll;
    cin.ignore();
    cin.getline(p->name,20);
    cin>>p->per;
}
void output(student s)
{
    cout<<s.roll<<"\t"<<s.name<<'\t'<<s.per<<endl;
}
int main()
{
    student s1,s2;
    cout<<"Enter roll name and per of a student:";
    input(&s1);         //call by address
    cout<<"Enter roll name and per of a student:";
    input(&s2);
    output(s1);
```

```
        output(s2);
        return 0;
    }
```

.

```
#include<iostream>
#include<string>
using namespace std;
struct student
{
    int roll;
    char name[20];
    float per;
};
void input(student &p)
{
    cin>>p.roll;
    cin.ignore();
    cin.getline(p.name,20);
    cin>>p.per;
}
void output(student s)
{
    cout<<s.roll<<"\t"<<s.name<<'\t'<<s.per<<endl;
}
int main()
{
    student s1,s2;
    cout<<"Enter roll name and per of a student:";
    input(s1);          //call by reference
    cout<<"Enter roll name and per of a student:";
    input(s2);
    output(s1);
    output(s2);
    return 0;
}
```

static (storage class)

```
void inc ( )
{
    int a=5;
    a++;
    cout<<a;
}
int main()
{
    inc ();
    inc ();
```

a 6

output

6 6 6

```
{
    inc ();
    inc ();
    inc ();
}
```

a [~~5~~ ~~6~~ ~~7~~ 8] ← Life → global
scope – local

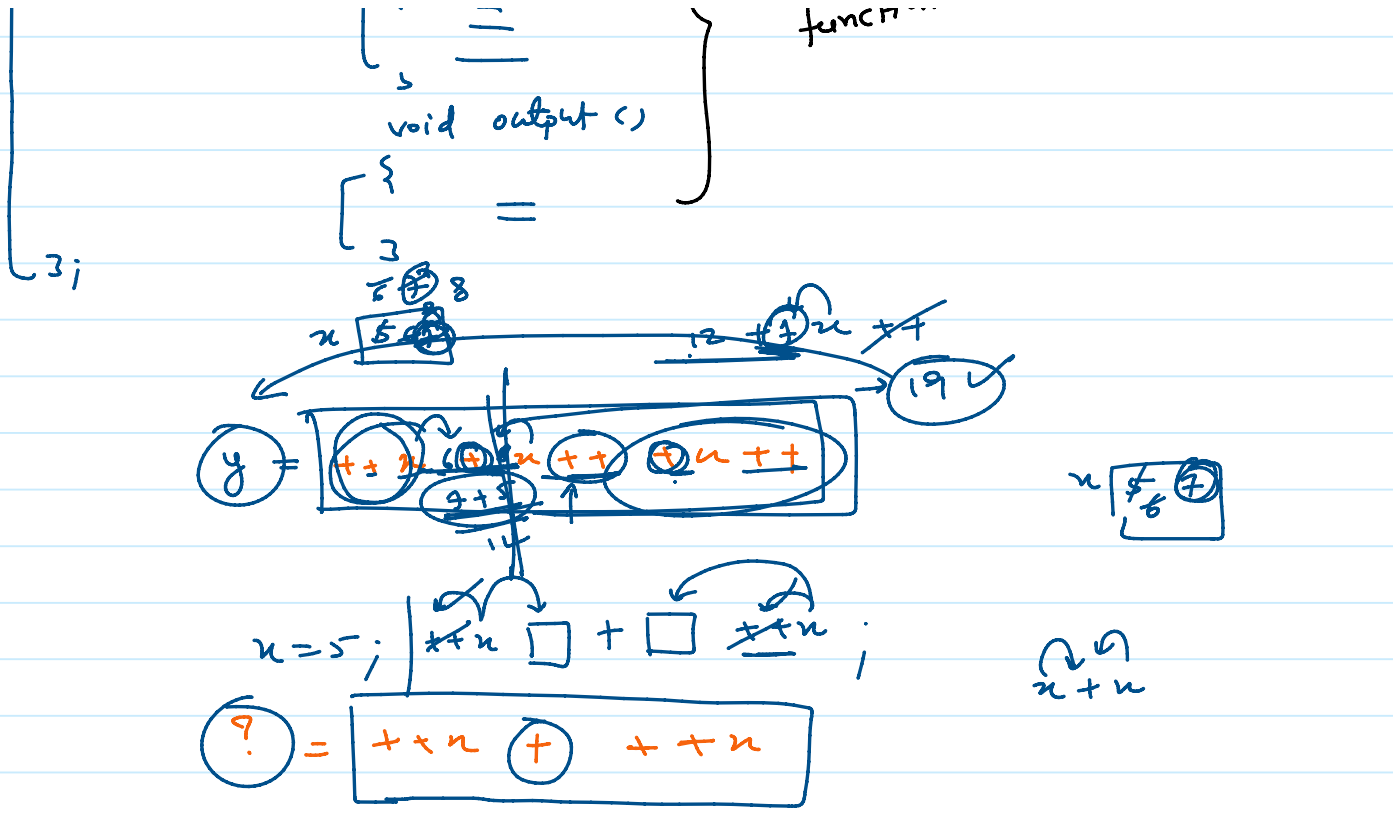
```
void inc ()
{
    static int a=5;
    a++;
    cout<< a;
}
int main()
{
    inc ();
    inc ();
    inc ();
}
```

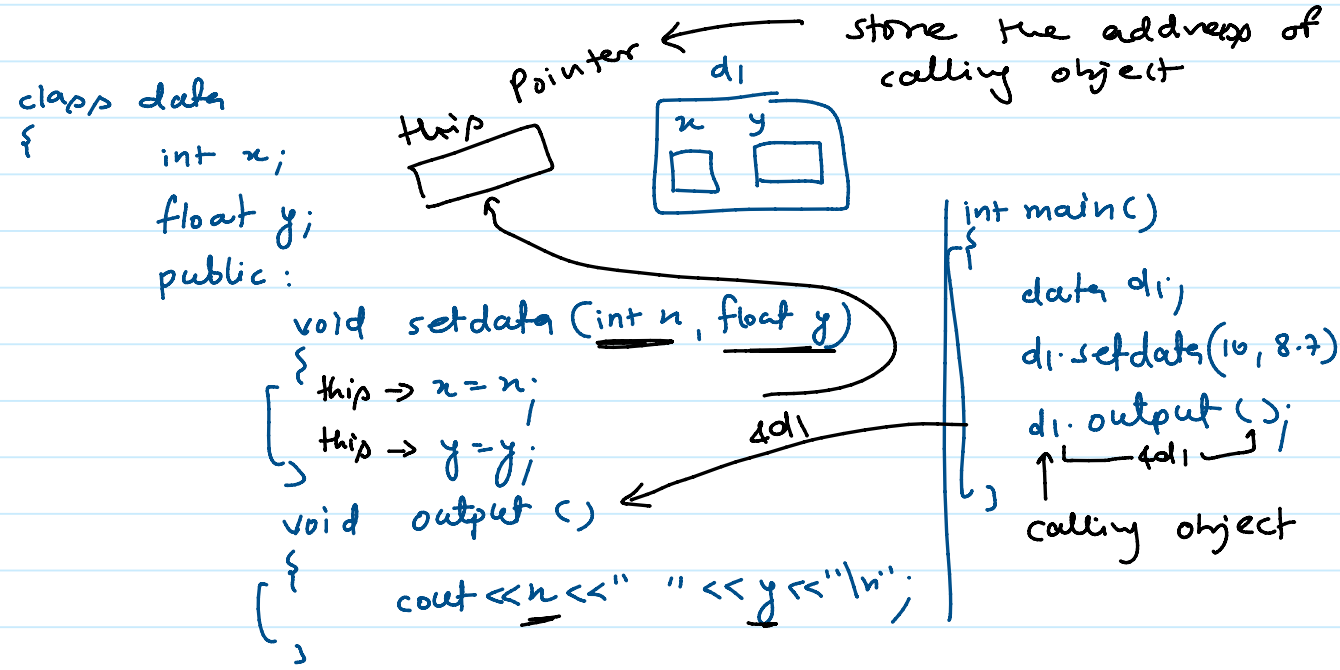
6	7	8

```
typedef int chinta;
```

class & object :→ user defined data type

```
class student
{
private:                    ← default
    int roll;
    char name[10];          } member variables
    float per;
public:
    void input ()           } member function
    {
        =
        =
    }
```





Member function outside the class :-

```
class data
{
    int x;
```

```
class data
{
    int x;
    float y;
public:
    void setdata(int x, float y)
    {
        =
        =
        -
    };
inline void data::setdata(int x, float y)
{
    this->x=x;
}
```

```
#define sum(a,b)  a+b
```

sum(10,20) → call → 10+20 → Return → Compile time

sum(100,200) → 100+200

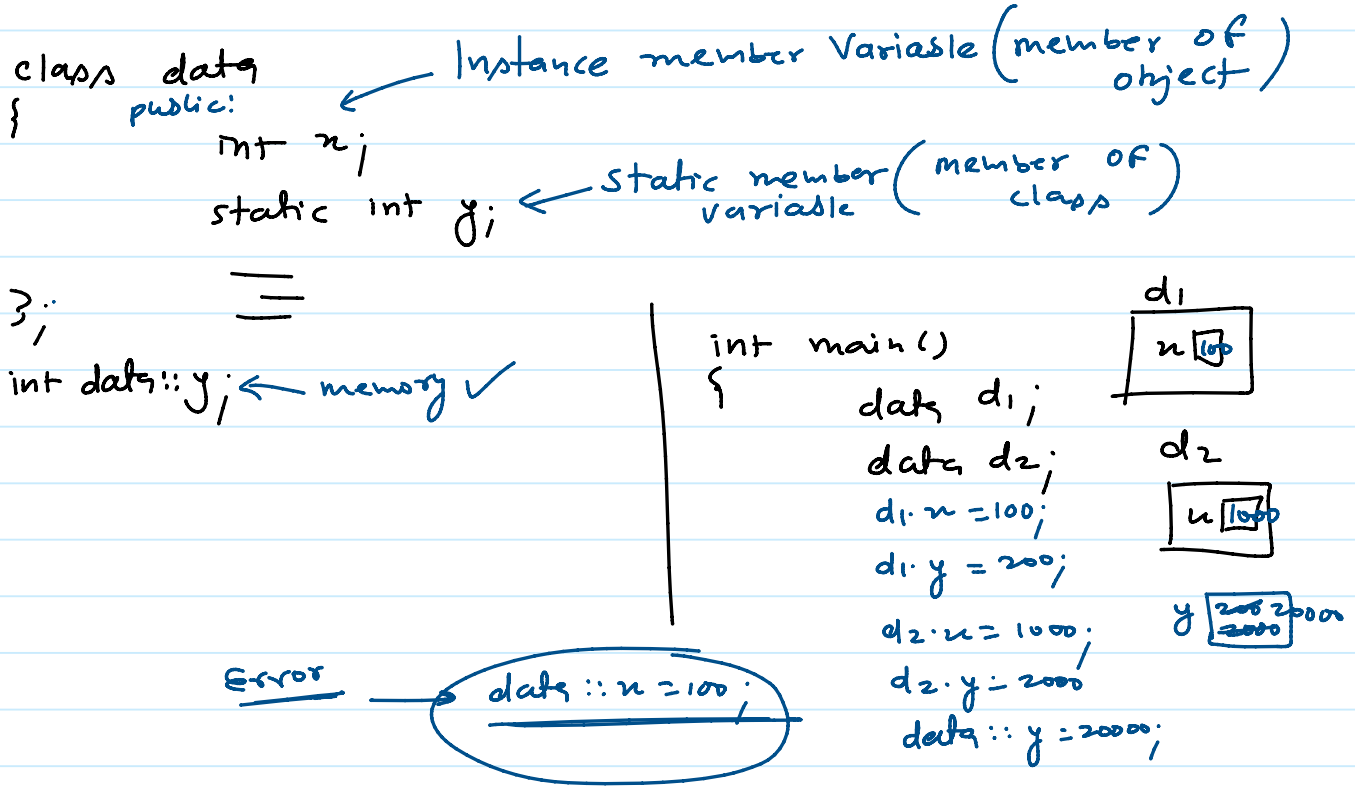
inline → Request to the compiler

```
inline int sum(int a, int b)
{
    return a+b;
}

sum(10,20);
```

Static & Constant :→

Static & Constant :→




```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
class data
{
    int x;
    int y;
    public:
        data(int x=0, int y=0)
        {
            this->x=x;
            this->y=y;
        }
        void fun1()     //instance member function
        {
            x=10;
            y=20;
        }
        static void fun2()      //static function
        {
            //x=100;
            //y=200;
            data temp;
            temp.x=100;
        }
        void output() const  //constant function
        {
            //a=100;     error
            cout<<x<<' '<<y<<endl;
        }
```

```
};
//int data::y;
int main()
{
    data d1;
    d1.fun1();
    d1.output();
    const data d2(100,200);
    //d2.fun1();
    d2.output();
}
```