1.-Implement the class clock type described in the slides, use the same const modifier for all the methods FOR THE METHODS THAT HAVE THE CONST MODIFIER, the ones that don't DO NOT ADD it.

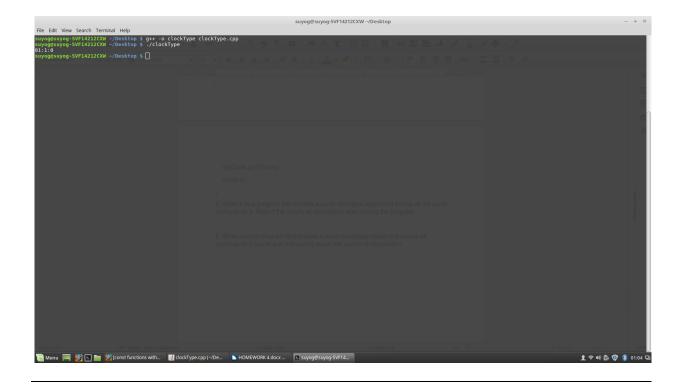
```
class clockType
public:
  clockType(){
    hr = 00;
    mini = 00;
    sec = 00;
  void setTime(int hours, int minutes, int seconds){
    if(hours <=23 && hours >=0) hr = hours;
    else hr = 00;
    if(minutes <=59 && minutes >=0) mini = minutes;
    else mini =00;
    if(seconds <=59 && seconds >=0) sec = seconds;
    else sec =00;
  }
  void getTime(int& hours, int& minutes, int& seconds) const{
    hours = hr;
    minutes = mini;
    seconds = sec;
  void printTime() const{
    cout << hr << ":" << mini << ":" << sec << endl;
  void incrementSeconds(){
    if(sec<59) sec++;
    else{
      sec=00;
      incrementMinutes();
    }
  void incrementMinutes(){
    if(mini<59) mini++;
      else{
         mini=00;
        incrementHours();
      }
  void incrementHours(){
    if(hr<23) hr++;
      else{
        hr=00;
      }
  bool equalTime(const clockType& otherClock) const{
    if(hr == otherClock.hr && mini == otherClock.mini && sec == otherClock.sec)
```

```
return 1;
else
return 0;
}
private:
int hr;
int mini;
int sec;
};
```

2.-Write a program that creates a clocktype object and calls all the methods. Report the results of compiling and running the program.

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
class clockType
public:
  clockType(){
    hr = 00;
    mini = 00;
    sec = 00;
  void setTime(int hours, int minutes, int seconds){
    if(hours <=23 && hours >=0) hr = hours;
    else hr = 00;
    if(minutes <=59 && minutes >=0) mini = minutes;
    else mini =00;
    if(seconds <=59 && seconds >=0) sec = seconds;
    else sec =00;
  }
  void getTime(int& hours, int& minutes, int& seconds) const{
    hours = hr;
    minutes = mini;
    seconds = sec;
  }
  void printTime() const{
    cout << hr << ":" << mini << ":" << sec << endl;
  void incrementSeconds(){
    if(sec<59) sec++;
    else{
      sec=00;
      incrementMinutes();
    }
  void incrementMinutes(){
    if(mini<59) mini++;
      else{
         mini=00;
        incrementHours();
```

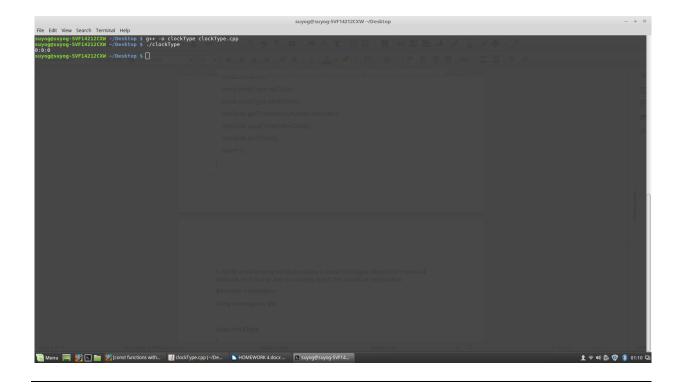
```
}
  }
  void incrementHours(){
    if(hr<23) hr++;
      else{
        hr=00;
      }
  bool equalTime(const clockType& otherClock) const{
    if(hr == otherClock.hr && mini == otherClock.mini && sec == otherClock.sec)
      return 1;
    else
      return 0;
  }
private:
  int hr;
  int mini;
  int sec;
};
int main()
  int hours=00;
  int minutes=00;
  int seconds=00;
  clockType myClock;
  const clockType otherClock;
  myClock.setTime(23,59,59);
  myClock.getTime(hours,minutes,seconds);
  myClock.incrementHours();
  myClock.incrementMinutes();
  myClock.incrementSeconds();
  myClock.equalTime(otherClock);
  myClock.printTime();
  return 0;
}
```



3.-Write a new program that creates a const clocktype object and invoke all the const methods on it. Report the results of compilation and running the program.

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
class clockType
{
public:
  clockType(){
    hr = 00;
    mini = 00;
    sec = 00;
  void setTime(int hours, int minutes, int seconds){
    if(hours <=23 && hours >=0) hr = hours;
    else hr = 00;
    if(minutes <=59 && minutes >=0) mini = minutes;
    else mini =00;
    if(seconds <=59 && seconds >=0) sec = seconds;
    else sec =00;
  }
  void getTime(int& hours, int& minutes, int& seconds) const{
    hours = hr;
    minutes = mini;
    seconds = sec;
  }
  void printTime() const{
    cout << hr << ":" << mini << ":" << sec << endl;
  void incrementSeconds(){
    if(sec<59) sec++;
```

```
else{
      sec=00;
      incrementMinutes();
    }
  void incrementMinutes(){
    if(mini<59) mini++;
      else{
        mini=00;
        incrementHours();
      }
  }
  void incrementHours(){
    if(hr<23) hr++;
      else{
        hr=00;
      }
  bool equalTime(const clockType& otherClock) const{
    if(hr == otherClock.hr && mini == otherClock.mini && sec == otherClock.sec)
      return 1;
    else
      return 0;
  }
private:
  int hr;
  int mini;
  int sec;
};
int main()
{
  int hours=00;
  int minutes=00;
  int seconds=00;
  const clockType myClock;
  const clockType otherClock;
  myClock.getTime(hours,minutes,seconds);
  myClock.equalTime(otherClock);
  myClock.printTime();
  return 0;
}
```



4.-Write another program that creates a const cllocktype object and invoke all methods on it (const and non const) report the results of compilation.

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
class clockType
public:
  clockType(){
    hr = 00;
    mini = 00;
    sec = 00;
  }
  void setTime(int hours, int minutes, int seconds){
    if(hours <=23 && hours >=0) hr = hours;
    else hr = 00;
    if(minutes <=59 && minutes >=0) mini = minutes;
    else mini =00;
    if(seconds <=59 && seconds >=0) sec = seconds;
    else sec =00;
  void getTime(int& hours, int& minutes, int& seconds) const{
    hours = hr;
    minutes = mini;
    seconds = sec;
  void printTime() const{
    cout << hr << ":" << mini << ":" << sec << endl;
  void incrementSeconds(){
    if(sec<59) sec++;
    else{
```

```
sec=00;
      incrementMinutes();
    }
  void incrementMinutes(){
    if(mini<59) mini++;
      else{
        mini=00;
        incrementHours();
      }
  void incrementHours(){
    if(hr<23) hr++;
      else{
        hr=00;
      }
  bool equalTime(const clockType& otherClock) const{
    if(hr == otherClock.hr && mini == otherClock.mini && sec == otherClock.sec)
      return 1;
    else
      return 0;
  }
private:
  int hr;
  int mini;
  int sec;
};
int main()
  int hours=00;
  int minutes=00;
  int seconds=00;
  const clockType myClock;
  const clockType otherClock;
  myClock.setTime(23,59,59);
  myClock.getTime(hours,minutes,seconds);
  myClock.incrementHours();
  myClock.incrementMinutes();
  myClock.incrementSeconds();
  myClock.equalTime(otherClock);
  myClock.printTime();
  return 0;
}
```

