Committee Names, Agenda and Descriptions

1. DISEC (Disarmament and International Security Committee)

Agenda: The prevention of biological/chemical warfare, with special reference to Covid 19 and allegations against China.

Description: The first committee of the General Assembly, DISEC, presides over topics relating to international security and disarmament.

This year's agenda is one of great interest and urgency.

The goal of the committee is to dive deeper into the militarization of viruses and the like, as well as address the situation around the 2019-21 pandemic caused by the Covid 19 virus originating in China.

2.UNSC (Security Council)

Agenda:_Tackling encroachment of Foreign States upon a Nation's Sovereignty with respect to Israel - Palestine Conflict.

Reserve Agenda: Reforms to the UNSC

Description: "Peace is not absence of conflict, it is the ability to handle conflict by peaceful means."

- Ronald Reagan

United Nation Security Council's biggest challenge has been dealing with conflicts – between or within states – without offending the national sovereignty of its member states.

A daunting task that lies ahead of you - to intervene or not to intervene in a nation's internal affairs.

Countries like Bolivia, Yemen, Syria and other states with exigent humanitarian crises that arise out of internal conflicts require the intervention of the UNSC and its members. The Israel-Palestine ongoing conflict resulted in Palestine ultimately sending a plea to the UN for its intervention. The UN allows the Council to "determine the existence of any threat to the peace, breach of the peace, or act of aggression" and to take military and nonmilitary action to "restore international peace and security". (According to the Chapter VII of UN Charters).

Sovereignty is a power and a responsibility; member States of the UN have exploited the Universal Declaration of Human Rights (UDHR) and their sovereignty and regional arrangement power.

The aim of this committee is to highlight the responsibility of sovereignty, the obligation of developed countries and to discuss reforms in the UNSC.

3.Lok Sabha (LS)

Agenda: Politicization of secularism

Description: "If India is not secular, then India is not India at all" – Atal Bihari Vajpayee

What is secularism? Why was it added to the constitution? What has it come to mean? Even after nearly 75 years of independence, we are yet to find answers to these questions.

Secularism still persists as a burning issue, and continues to affect the life of the common man. RMUN 2021 brings to you the Lok Sabha, to decode the true meaning of secularism. Delegates! Make your voice heard! Stay strong to your ideals and opinions as you decide the fate of secularism in India.

4. EXCOMM (National Security Council)

Agenda: To deliberate over the discovery of soviet missiles in Cuba and discuss potential threat of an all-out nuclear war

Description: A continuous crisis committee based off of EXCOMM, which consisted a group of experts who advised POTUS Kennedy during the Cuban Missile Crisis in 1963.

5.. IPC (International Press Corps)

Agenda: discussion of the censorship of the press during times of war and conflict.

Description: In the International Press Corps, delegates are representing various news agencies and are allotted to different committees where their role is to observe everything that's happening in their respective committees and write informative reports about it.