dS-CSS

A MODERN CSS FRAMEWORK

WHAT IS DS-CSS?

- 1. A modern CSS Framework
- 2. Easy to use | Easy to learn
- 3. Build Fully Responsive websites
- 4. Just a small CSS Library
- 5. Build Website in minutes

dS-CSS is Normalized No javascript needed Create your website in minutes

INTRODUCTION TO DS-CSS

dS-CSS Animations -

```
.animate-top (animates 70px margin-top to 0px
margin-top)
.animate-bottom( animates margin-top 0px to
70px)
.animate-left( animates from margin-left 70px to
margin-left 0px)
.animate-right( animates from margin-left 0px
to margin-left 70px)
.animate-fade( fades in element )
.animate-fade-infinite( fades in-out)
.animate-zoom( zoom in element )
.animate-spin-clockwise( rotates from 0deg to
360deg)
.animate-spin-anticlockwise( rotates from
360deg to 0deg)
.animate-up-down (continuously animates from
up to down)
.animate-flickr( flickrs like switching light ON
and OFF)
```

.animate-heart-beat(adds shadow so that it apperars like a heart beat)

How to apply these?

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
<title>dS-css</title>
<link rel="stylesheet" href="ds.css">
<link rel="stylesheet"</pre>
href="http://cdnjs.cloudflare.com/ajax/libs/fon
t-awesome/4.4.0/css/font-awesome.min.css">
</head>
<body>
<div class="ds-container">
< i class="fa fa-car animate-top" style="font-
size:48px;"></i>
</div>
</body>
</html>
Just add name of animation you want to apply in
    class of which element to be applied on.
Example: For applying animation of heart beat
apply this way
<i class="fa fa-heart animate-heart-beat">
```

dS-css borders -

Add solid border (.ds-border(size))

- .ds-border (add simple solid border)
- .ds-border1 (add 1px solid border)
- .ds-border2 (add 2px solid border)
- .ds-border3 (add 3px solid border)

Add dotted border (.ds-border(size))

- .ds-border-dot1 (add dotted border)
- .ds-border-dot2
- .ds-border-dot3
- .ds-border-dot4

Add dashed border

• .ds-border-dash(size1-4)

Add double border

• .ds-border-double(size 1-4)

Add groove border

• .ds-border-groove(1-4)

Add ridge border

• .ds-border-ridge(1-4)

Add inset border

• .ds-border-inset(1-4)

Add hidden border

• .ds-border-hidden

No border

• .ds-border-none

Adding BARS

- .ds-leftbar
- .ds-rightbar
- .ds-topbar
- .ds-bottombar

Rounded Corners

- .ds-rounded-corner
- .ds-half-rounded-corner
- .ds-full-rounded-corner

Leaf Corner

• ds-leaf-corner

Elliptical Corner

• .ds-elliptical-corner

Creating circle

• ds-circle

Hoverable borders

- .ds-border-hover-red
- .ds-border-hover-blue
- .ds-border-hover-purple
- .ds-border-hover-green
- .ds-border-hover-cyan

One sided border

- .ds-border-top
- .ds-border-left
- .ds-border-right
- .ds-border-bottom

Leaf shaped border

Rounded border and inset

Blue bottom border.

Simple border

This is example of Leftbar

Code:

```
<br/><body class="ds-container">
```

```
<div class="ds-container ds-border ds-leaf-corner">
```

```
Leaf shaped border
```

</div>

Adding Backgrounds -

Background repeat:

- .bgrepeat-x
- .bgrepeat
- .bgrepeat-y
- .bgrepeat-none
- .bgrepeat-initial

Background-attachment:

- .bg-fixed
- .bg-scroll
- .bg-local
- .bg-initial
- .bg-inherit

Background-position:

- .bgleft-top
- .bgleft-center
- .bgleft-bottom
- .bgright-top
- .bgright-center
- .bgright-bottom
- .bgcenter-top
- .bgcenter-center
- .bgcenter-bottom
- .bginitial

Background-size:

- .bgauto
- .bgcover

- .bgcontain
- bginitial
- .bgfullpage (size 100% 100%)

Letter Spacing:

- .ds-letter-spacing
- <u>ds-letter-spacing-small</u>
- .ds-letter-spacing-large

Hide on devices

- .ds-hide-mobile
- .ds-hide-tablet
- .ds-hide-desktop

Display Position:

- .ds-display-top-right
- <u>.ds-display-top-left</u>
- .ds-display-bottom-left
- .ds-display-bottom-right
- .ds-display-middle
- .ds-display-top-middle
- .ds-display-bottom-middle

Overlay:

• .ds-overlay

Container -

.dscontainer(Can be used in articles , sections ,
notes ,paragraphs)

Just put them in <div class="container"> Your content </div>. These will automatically resize on smaller screens. If you want full width you can use .ds-full-container. It leaves no padding and appears in 100% width. For using this write <div class="ds-full-container>Put your content here</div>



Colors -

dS-CSS has almost every famous color added in its library.

To apply color just write

.ds-(color)

To apply color to text write .ds-text-(color)
To apply color to border .ds-border-(color)

Our color palette is provided in our website, you can pick up names of colors from there.

Set hover colors -

- .ds-hover-black
- .ds-hover-yellow
- .ds-hover-blue
- .ds-hover-red
- .ds-hover-white
- .ds-hover-orange

Text hover colors -

- .ds-hover-text-purple
- .ds-hover-text-red
- .ds-hover-text-blue
- .ds-hover-text-black
- .ds-hover-text-brown
- .ds-hover-text-white
- .ds-hover-text-cyan

Buttons -

To add button just write

ds-button

To add circular button

.ds-button-circular

.ds-button-block (100% width button)

Headings in dS-CSS -

H1(font-size=36px)

H2(font-size=30px)

H3(font-size=24px)

H4(font-size=18px)

H5(font-size=14px)

H6(font-size=12px)

To mark important words in lines you can use <mark> tag. By default it has been given background color = yellow

Set font sizes -

- .ds-small (font-size=16px)
- .ds-medium (font-size=24px)
- .ds-large (font-size=32px)
- .ds-extralarge (font-size=41px)

Padding in dS-CSS -

.ds-padding-(value)

By default values given are 5px, 8px, 10px, 15px, 18px, 20px, 24px, 28px, 32px, 38px, 42px, 48px, 55px, 64px, 128px

You can also use our default

- .ds-padding-small
- .ds-padding-medium
- .ds-padding-large
- .ds-padding-xlarge
- .ds-padding-xxlarge
- .ds-padding-xxxlarge

Margin in dS-CSS -

- .ds-margin(default margin 15px)
- .ds-margin-bottom
- .ds-margin-top
- .ds-margin-left
- .ds-margin-right
- .ds-margin-xsmall (margin 10px)
- .ds-margin-small (margin 20px)
- .ds-margin-medium (margin 30px)
- .ds-margin-large (margin 45px)
- .ds-margin-bottom-small (margin 10px)
- .ds-margin-bottom-medium (margin 20px)
- .ds-margin-bottom-large (margin 30px)

- .ds-margin-left-small
- .ds-margin-left-medium
- .ds-margin-left-large
- .ds-margin-right-small
- .ds-margin-right-medium
- .ds-margin-right-large
- .ds-margin-top-small
- .ds-margin-top-medium
- .ds-margin-top-large

Aligning elements -

- .ds-center
- ds-left
- .ds-right
- .ds-justify

Float -

- .ds-float-left
- .ds-float-right

Adding shadow to elements

• .ds-box-shadow

Adding text shadow

- ds-text-shadow
- .ds-text-shadow-red
- .ds-text-shadow-blue
- .ds-text-shadow-orange
- .ds-text-shadow-aqua
- .ds-text-shadow-cyan
- .ds-text-shadow-green
- .ds-text-shadow-grey
- .ds-text-shadow-mix1
- .ds-text-shadow-mix2

Word Spacing

- .ds-word-spacing (default 10px)
- .ds-word-spacing-small (default 15px)
- .ds-word-spacing-medium (default 18px)
- .ds-word-spacing-large (default 20px)

Line Spacing

- .ds-line-spacing (default 10px)
- .ds-line-spacing-small (default 12px)
- .ds-line-spacing-medium (default 15px)
- .ds-line-spacing-large (default 20px)

Tables

Add a class table while creating a table

.table-striped class adds stripes to the table

.table-bordered adds border on all sides of table

.table-hover adds background color on hover

.table-responsive

.table-condensed (makes table more compact
by cutting cell padding in half)

#	Firstname	Lastname	Age	City	Country
1	Akshay	akki	21	Chandigarh	India
2	Akshay	akki	21	Chandigarh	India

code:

```
<div class="ds-container">
<div class="table-responsive">

<thead>

#

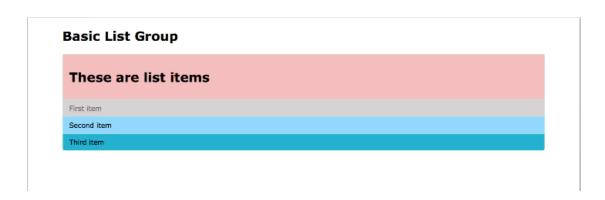
#

Lastname
```

```
Age
City
Country
</thead>
1
Akshay
akki
21
Chandigarh
India
2
Akshay
akki
21
Chandigarh
India
</div>
</div>
```

Lists in dS-CSS

- .ds-list (defining a list) ()
- .ds-list-item (use it with li)
- You can also use First Item



Code:

```
<div class="ds-container">
<h2>Basic List Group</h2>

<h2>These are
list items</h2>
<a href="#" class="ds-list-item ds-snow">First
item</a>
Second
item
Third
item

</div>
```

Cards:

- .ds-card (no shadow just a border)
- .ds-card-2 (adds 2px shadow)
- .ds-card-4 (adds 4px shadow)
- .ds-card-8 (adds 8px shadow)
- .ds-card-16 (adds 16px shadow)
- .ds-card-24 (adds 24px shadow)
- .ds-card-container (adds padding)

You can create a box by giving height and width and then add cards to it. It would display like a card. You can add anything inside card photo, header, footer, buttons etc. Just put them each inside a container. Here are some examples for you

No Border shadow

2px Border shadow

4px Border shadow

16px Border shadow

24px Border shadow

A Photo letter example





A Photo letter example

Code:

```
Code 2:
 <style>
div {
width: 300px;
height: 300px;
margin: 24px 0;
padding: 0px;
</style>
</head>
<body class="ds-container">
<div class="ds-card ds-border1">No Border
shadow</div>
<div class="ds-card-2">2px Border
shadow</div>
<div class="ds-card-4">4px Border
shadow</div>
<div class="ds-card-16">16px Border
shadow</div>
<div class="ds-card-24">24px Border
shadow</div>
</div>
</div>
```

dS-CSS Images:

- .ds-round (gives border-radius 25px)
- .ds-circle (makes a circular image)

- .ds-bordered(gives border to image)
- .ds-hover-opacity(sets opacity to 0.5 on hover)

Example:



Code:

<ing src="test.jpg" class="ds-round"
style="width: 150px; height:150px;"><img src="test.jpg" class="ds-circle"
style="width: 150px; height:150px;">
Badges

These are used to display count like how many updates are left etc.

Use **.ds-badge** to define a badge Example –

Badges

Updates 9

News 666

Comments 88

Code:

<body class="ds-container">

<h2>Badges</h2>

Updates 9News 666Comments 88

</body>

Tags

.ds-tag Example

Tags

```
Updates Pending
News Read
```

```
Code:
<body class="ds-container">
<h2>Tags</h2>
Updates <span class="ds-tag ds-black">Pending</span>
News <span class="ds-tag ds-green">Read</span>
</body>
```

Header:

.ds-header(Used for header image)

Hoverable Dropdown

• .ds-dropdown-hoverable

.ds-dropdown-hoverable-content

Example code (Dropdown with animation)

Clickable Dropdown

- .ds-dropdown-clickable
- .ds-dropdown-clickable-content

Example code:

```
<div class="ds-dropdown-clickable">
  <button onclick="toggle()" class="ds-
button">Dropdown</button>
  <div id="Cdropdown" class="ds-dropdown-
clickable-content">
  <a href="#home">Home</a>
  <a href="#about">About</a>
```

```
<a href="#contact">Contact</a>
 </div>
</div>
Use this javascript with it
<script>
function toggle() {
document.getElementById("Cdropdown").class
List.toggle("show");
window.onclick = function(click) {
 if (!click.target.matches('.ds-button')) {
  var Cdropdown =
document.getElementsByClassName("ds-
dropdown-clickable-content");
  var i;
  for (i = 0; i < Cdropdown.length; i++) {
   var openDropdown = Cdropdown[i];
   if
(openDropdown.classList.contains('show')) {
    openDropdown.classList.remove('show');
</script>
```

Accordion

- .ds-accordion-button
- .ds-accordion-content

Example

```
<button class="ds-accordion-button">Section
1</button>
<div class="ds-accordion-content">
 Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur
adipisicing elit.
</div>
<button class="ds-accordion-button">Section
2</button>
<div class="ds-accordion-content">
 Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur
adipisicing elit
</div>
<button class="ds-accordion-button">Section
3</button>
<div class="ds-accordion-content">
Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur
adipisicing elit
</div>
```

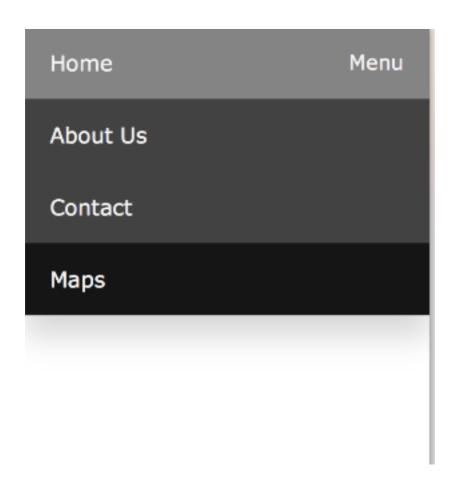
Add this javascript code

```
<script>
var a =
document.getElementsByClassName("ds-
accordion-button");
var i;
for (i = 0; i < a.length; i++) {
  a[i].onclick = function(){
    this.classList.toggle("active");
this.nextElementSibling.classList.toggle("show")
}
</script>
Top Navigation
.ds-topnav
Example code
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<meta name="viewport"
content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1">
<script
src="//ajax.googleapis.com/ajax/libs/jquery/1.
8.3/jquery.min.js"></script>
```

```
<link rel="stylesheet" href="ds.css">
<body>
<a class="active" href="#">Home</a>
 <a href="#">About Us</a>
 <a href="#">Contact</a>
 <a href="#">Maps</a>
 class="icon">
 <a href="javascript:void(0);" style="font-</pre>
size:16px;" onclick="topnav()">Menu</a>
<script>
function topnav() {
 document.getElementsByClassName("ds-
topnav")[0].classList.toggle("responsive");
</script>
</body>
</html>
Add this javascript
<script>
function topnav() {
 document.getElementsByClassName("ds-
topnav")[0].classList.toggle("responsive");
</script>
```

Some pics –

Home	About Us	Contact	Maps



Full screen navigation

```
.ds-fullnav .ds-fullnav-content
```

Example code:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<meta name="viewport"
content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1">
<script
src="//ajax.googleapis.com/ajax/libs/jquery/1.
8.3/jquery.min.js"></script>
<link rel="stylesheet" href="ds.css">
<body>
<div id="fullNav" class="ds-fullnav">
 <a href="javascript:void(0)" class="ds-
closenav" onclick="closeNav()">Close</a>
 <div class="ds-fullnav-content">
  <a href="#">Home</a>
  <a href="#">About Us</a>
  <a href="#">Contact</a>
  <a href="#">Maps</a>
 </div>
</div>
<button style="font-
size:20px;cursor:pointer;float:right;"
onclick="openNav()">Open Menu</button>
<script>
```

```
function openNav() {
document.getElementById("fullNav").style.widt
h = "100\%";
function closeNav() {
document.getElementById("fullNav").style.widt
h = "0\%";
</script>
</body>
</html>
Side navigation -
.ds-sidenav
.ds-close-side-nav
Example code:
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<meta name="viewport"
content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1">
<script
src="//ajax.googleapis.com/ajax/libs/jquery/1.
8.3/jquery.min.js"></script>
```

```
<link rel="stylesheet" href="ds.css">
<body>
<div id="sideNav" class="ds-sidenav">
 <a href="javascript:void(0)" class="ds-close-</pre>
side-nav" onclick="closeNav()">Close</a>
 <a href="#">Home</a>
 <a href="#">About Us</a>
 <a href="#">Contact</a>
 <a href="#">Maps</a>
</div>
<span style="font-size:30px;cursor:pointer"</pre>
onclick="openNav()">Open</span>
<script>
function openNav() {
document.getElementById("sideNav").style.widt
h = "250px";
function closeNav() {
document.getElementById("sideNav").style.widt
h = "0";
</script>
</body>
</html>
```

```
Javascript code
<script>
function openNav() {
document.getElementById("sideNav").style.widt
h = "250px";
function closeNav() {
document.getElementById("sideNav").style.widt
h = "0";
</script>
Sidenav Push example
<div id="push">
<span style="font-size:30px;cursor:pointer"</pre>
onclick="openNav()">Open</span>
This is sidenav push example 
</div>
<script>
function openNav() {
```

```
document.getElementById("sideNav").style.widt
h = "250px";
document.getElementById("push").style.margin
Left = "250px";
function closeNav() {
document.getElementById("sideNav").style.widt
h = "0";
document.getElementById("push").style.margin
Left= "0";
</script>
Just change these things in above example
Sidenav Push with opacity
Example code:
Just change this javascript in above example
<script>
function openNav() {
```

```
document.getElementById("sideNav").style.widt
h = "250px";
document.getElementById("push").style.margin
Left = "250px";
  document.body.style.backgroundColor =
"rgba(0,0,0,0.4)";
function closeNav() {
document.getElementById("sideNav").style.widt
h = "0";
document.getElementById("push").style.margin
Left= "0";
  document.body.style.backgroundColor =
"white";
</script>
Tabs
.ds-tab
.ds-tabcontent
Example:
```

```
<a href="#" class="tablinks"
onclick="openCity(event,
'Home')">Home</a>
<a href="#" class="tablinks"
onclick="openCity(event,
'About')">About</a>
<a href="#" class="tablinks"
onclick="openCity(event,
'Contact')">Contact</a>
<div id="Home" class="ds-tabcontent">
<h3>Home</h3>
Welcome to Home
</div>
<div id="About" class="ds-tabcontent">
<h3>About</h3>
About Us
</div>
<div id="Contact" class="ds-tabcontent">
<h3>Contact</h3>
Contact Us.
</div>
Add this javascript
```

```
<script>
function openTab(evt, TabName) {
  var i, tabcontent, tablinks;
  tabcontent =
document.getElementsByClassName("ds-
tabcontent");
  for (i = 0; i < tabcontent.length; i++) {
    tabcontent[i].style.display = "none";
  tablinks =
document.getElementsByClassName("tablinks")
  for (i = 0; i < tabcontent.length; i++) {
    tablinks[i].className =
tablinks[i].className.replace("active", "");
document.getElementById(TabName).style.disp
lay = "block";
  evt.currentTarget.className += " active";
</script>
Pagination
.ds-pagination
Example:
```

```
<a href="#">Prev</a>
<a href="#">1</a>
<a class="active" href="#">2</a>
<a href="#">3</a>
<a href="#">4</a>
<a href="#">5</a>
<a href="#">6</a>
<a href="#">Next</a>
Carousel
.slideshow-container
.prev
.next
.text
.dot
Code for carousel
<div class="slideshow-container">
<div class="mySlides animate-fade">
<img src="imgtest1.jpg" style="width:100%">
<div class="text">Caption Text</div>
</div>
<div class="mySlides animate-fade">
```

```
<img src="imgtest2.jpg" style="width:100%">
 <div class="text">Caption Two</div>
</div>
<div class="mySlides animate-fade">
 <img src="imgtest3.jpg" style="width:100%">
 <div class="text">Caption Three</div>
</div>
<a class="prev" onclick="plusSlides(-1)"><</a>
<a class="next" onclick="plusSlides(1)">></a>
</div>
<br>
<div style="text-align:center">
 <span class="dot"</pre>
onclick="currentSlide(1)"></span>
 <span class="dot"
onclick="currentSlide(2)"></span>
 <span class="dot"
onclick="currentSlide(3)"></span>
</div>
Javascript code
<script>
var slideIndex = 1;
showSlides(slideIndex);
```

```
function plusSlides(n) {
 showSlides(slideIndex += n);
function currentSlide(n) {
 showSlides(slideIndex = n);
}
function showSlides(n) {
 var i;
 var slides =
document.getElementsByClassName("mySlides"
);
 var dots =
document.getElementsByClassName("dot");
 if (n > slides.length) {slideIndex = 1}
 if (n < 1) {slideIndex = slides.length};
 for (i = 0; i < slides.length; i++) {
   slides[i].style.display = "none";
 for (i = 0; i < dots.length; i++) {
   dots[i].className =
dots[i].className.replace(" active", "");
}
 slides[slideIndex-1].style.display = "block";
 dots[slideIndex-1].className += " active";
</script>
```

Opacity

```
.ds-opacity-0.2
.ds-opacity-0.4
.ds-opacity-0.6
.ds-opacity-0.8
```

Modal Boxes

```
.ds-modal
.ds-modal-header
.ds-modal-body
.ds-modal-footer
.ds-modal-content
.ds-modal-close
```

Code for Modal Boxes

```
</div>
  <div class="ds-modal-footer ds-blue">
   <h3>Modal Footer</h3>
  </div>
 </div>
</div>
Javascript code
<script>
var modal =
document.getElementById('myModal');
var button = document.getElementById("ds-
button");
var span =
document.getElementsByClassName("modal-
close")[0];
button.onclick = function() {
  modal.style.display = "block";
span.onclick = function() {
  modal.style.display = "none";
window.onclick = function(event) {
  if (event.target == modal) {
    modal.style.display = "none";
</script>
```

Modal Images

.modal.modal-content.modal-img-close

Code:

```
<h1 class="ds-text-sea-green" style="padding-
bottom: 30px;">Our Photos</h1>
<img id="my-img" class="im"
src="images/bg1.jpg" alt="Nature" width="320"
height="300" style="padding-top: 40px;
padding-right: 10px;padding-bottom: 50px;
cursor: pointer;" onClick="onClick(this)">
<img id="my-img" class="im"
src="images/bg2.jpg" alt="Nature" width="320"
height="300" style="padding-top: 40px;
padding-right: 10px; padding-left: 10px;
padding-bottom: 50px; cursor: pointer"
onClick="onClick(this)">
<img id="my-img" class="im"
src="images/bg3.jpg" alt="Nature" width="320"
height="300" style="padding-top: 40px;
padding-left: 10px; padding-bottom: 50px;
cursor: pointer;" onClick="onClick(this)">
<div id="my-modal" class="modal"
onClick="this.style.display='none'"
```

```
style="padding-top: 40px;padding-bottom:
50px;">
<div class="modal-content animate-zoom ds-
center ds-padding-64">
<img id="ds-img" style="max-width:100%">
<span class="ds-white ds-medium"><i
class="glyphicon glyphicon-remove ds-text-
black ds-padding-8px" style="cursor:
pointer;"></i></span>
</div>
</div>
Javascript code:
<script>
<!-- Photo Gallery javascript -->
function onClick(element) {
 document.getElementById("ds-img").src =
element.src;
 document.getElementById("my-
modal").style.display = "block";
</script>
Tooltips
Sample code
Move the mouse over the text below:
```

```
<div class="ds-tooltip">This is a tooltip
  <span class="ds-tooltiptext ds-red">Hello this
is tooltip text</span>
  </div>
```

Image Effects

.ds-grayscale .ds-blur

Loader

Sample code:

```
<body>
<div class="ds-loader animate-spin-
clockwise"></div>
<div class="ds-loader animate-spin-
anticlockwise"></div>
</body>
```

Menu Icon

Sample code:

```
<div class="ds-container"
onclick="menuIcon(this)">
  <div class="ds-line1 ds-red"></div>
  <div class="ds-line2 ds-red"></div>
```

```
<div class="ds-line3 ds-red"></div>
</div>
<script>
function menulcon(x) {
 x.classList.toggle("change");
</script>
Pricing Columns
Code:
<body>
<div class="ds-pricing-cols">
ul class="ds-price">
 class="ds-header ds-black ds-text-
white">Basic
 $ 9.99 / year
 10GB Storage
 10 Emails
 10 Domains
 1GB Bandwidth
 <a href="#" class="ds-</pre>
pricing-button ds-sky-blue">Sign Up</a>
</div>
```

```
<div class="ds-pricing-cols">
class="ds-header ds-sky-blue">Pro
 $ 24.99 / year
 25GB Storage
 25 Emails
 25 Domains
 2GB Bandwidth
 <a href="#" class="ds-</pre>
pricing-button ds-sky-blue">Sign Up</a>
</div>
<div class="ds-pricing-cols">
class="ds-header ds-black ds-text-
white">Premium
 $ 49.99 / year
 50GB Storage
 50 Emails
 50 Domains
 5GB Bandwidth
 class="gray"><a href="#" class="ds-
pricing-button ds-sky-blue">Sign Up</a>
</div>
</body>
```

Grid system

In dS-CSS we use a 12 column responsive grid. The columns rearrange themselves according to screen size.

Columns for small screens(typically smartphones) - (m1-m12)

Columns for medium screens(typically tablets) – (t1-t12)

Columns for large screens(typically desktops) – (d1 – d12)

We also use rows inside a container in which these columns are defined

Example:

```
<div class="ds-container">
<div class="ds-row">
    <div class="ds-col-m6 ds-blue ds-center">
        m6
    </div>
    <div class="ds-col-m6 ds-red ds-center">
        m6
```

```
</div></div></div>
```

To create 2 unequal columns we can use s3 and s9 or to create 3 equal columns we can use s4,s4,s4.

Example:

```
<div class="ds-container">
<div class="ds-row">
    <div class="ds-col-m4 ds-blue ds-center">
        m6
    </div>
    <div class="ds-col-m4 ds-red ds-center">
        m6
    </div>
    <div class="ds-col-m4 ds-orange ds-center">
        m6
    </div>
    </div>
</div>
</div>
</div></div>
```

Similarly if we want minimum display to be tablets we can use t6 instead of m6.

You can also use ds-full-container for 0 padding . By default container gives padding of 18px .

For better understanding and usage you can refer to examples on our website.

To use ds-css just add <link rel="stylesheet" type="text/css" href="ds.css"> inside <head>

Developed by AKSHAY

Source code on Github . Licenced under GNU (https://github.com/akshaysaini49/dS-CSS/blob/master/LICENSE)