# MATH-501: Homework # 1

Due on Wednesday, February 11, 2015

Saket Choudhary 2170058637

# Contents

Problem # 1	
$1a  \dots $	
1b	
$1c  \dots $	
2	
2a	
$2b  \dots $	
3	
3a	
$3b  \dots $	
4	
5	
6	
7	(

### Problem # 1

#### 1a

```
f(x) = atan(x) \text{ on interval } [a,b] = [-4.9,5.1] f(a) = atan(-4.9) = 0.7854 \text{ and } f(b) = atan(5.1) = -1.3695 Since atan(x) \in C[-4.9,5.1] and f(-4.9)f(5.1) < 0 the conditions required for bisection method to converge are satisfied. The Number of iterations is given by M = \left\lceil log_2(\frac{b-a}{2\delta}) \right\rceil where \delta = \text{Absolute error} = 10^-2 Hence M = \left\lceil log_2(\frac{10}{2*10^-2}) \right\rceil = 9
```

#### 1b

$$\begin{array}{l} \mathrm{f}(\text{-}4.9) = \text{-}1.369 \\ \mathrm{f}(5,1) = 1.377 \\ c_0 = \frac{a+b}{2} = 0.1 \text{ and } f(c_0) = 0.0997 \implies f(c_0)f(a) < 0 \text{ Hence } c_1 = \frac{c_0+a}{2} = -2.4 \text{ and } f(c_1) = -1.176 \\ \Longrightarrow f(c_1)f(c_0) < 0 \\ \mathrm{Hence} \ c_2 = \frac{c_1+c_0}{2} = -1.15 \text{ and } f(c_2) = -0.855 \implies f(c_2)f(c_0) < 0 \text{ so} \\ c_3 = \frac{c_2+c_0}{2} = -0.525 \text{ and } f(c_3) = -0.05254 \text{ and } f(c_3)f(c_0) < 0 \end{array}$$

#### 1c

$\epsilon$	Number of iteration	Solution	$k = \lceil log_2(\frac{b-a}{2\delta}) \rceil$
$10^{-2}$	9	0.00234375	9
$10^{-4}$	12	-9.76562500003553e-05	12
$10^{-8}$	22	9.53674312853536e-08	22
$10^{-16}$	52	-4.44089209850063e-16	52
$10^{-32}$	104	-9.86076131526265e-32	104
$10^{-64}$	212	-3.03858167864314e-64	212
$10^{-128}$	424	-4.61648930889287e-128	424

#### $\mathbf{2}$

#### 2a

```
x0 = \overline{5}
Iteration : 3 - x^2 = 2.32486 - x^1 = 1.16027
Iteration: 4 - x^2 = 0.300819 - x^1 = 2.32486
Iteration: 7 - x^2 = 0.300819 - x^1 = 0.00861099
Iteration: 8 - x^2 = 2.12823e-07 - x^1 = 0.300819
x_s = 2.12823149138563e - 07
g(x_s) = x_s - atan(x_s) = 3.20284333180532e - 21
x0 = -5
Iteration: 1 - x^2 = -3.6266 - x^1 = -2.32486
Iteration: 2 - x^2 = -1.16027 - x^1 = -3.6266
Iteration: 3 - x^2 = -2.32486 - x^1 = -1.16027
Iteration : 4 - x^2 = -0.300819 - x^1 = -2.32486
Iteration : 5 - x^2 = -1.16027 - x^1 = -0.300819
Iteration: 6 - x^2 = -0.00861099 - x^1 = -1.16027
Iteration: 7 - x2 = -0.300819 - x1 = -0.00861099
Iteration : 8 —— x2 = -2.12823e-07 —— x1 = -0.300819
x_s = -2.12823149138563e - 07 \ g(x_s) = x_s - atan(x_s) = -3.20284333180532e - 21
x0 = 1
Iteration: 1 - x^2 = 0.214602 - x^1 = 0.00320628
Iteration : 2 - x^2 = 1.0987e-08 - x^1 = 0.214602
x_s = 1.09870240240853e - 08
g(x_s) = x_s - atan(x_s) = 0
x0 = -1
Iteration : 1 - x^2 = -0.214602 - x^1 = -0.00320628
Iteration: 2 - x^2 = -1.0987e-08 - x^1 = -0.214602
x0 = 0.1
x_s = 1.21263429527819e - 11 \ g(x_s) = x_s - atan(x_s) = 0
```

#### 2b

The number of iterations reduce as the starting value  $x_0$  approaches the exact solution. This is intuitive since we are starting close to y = x and y = g(x) intersection when we start  $x_0$  close to the analytical solution. Hence the number of iterations it would take for the slop to reach y = x is less.

## 3a

$$|x_{k+1} - \sqrt{a}| \le \frac{1}{2}|x_k - \sqrt{a}|$$
  
Extending we get.

$$|x_{k+1} - \sqrt{a}| \le \frac{1}{2}|x_k - \sqrt{a}| \le \frac{1}{4}|x_{k-1} - \sqrt{a}| \le \frac{1}{2^{k+1}}|x_0 - \sqrt{a}|$$

#### 3b

```
x0 = 1.1
Iteration: 1 - x^2 = 1.00455 - x^1 = 1.00001
x_s = 1.00454545454545
x_0 = 2
Iteration: 1 - x^2 = 1.25 - x^1 = 1.025
Iteration : 2 - x2 = 1.0003 - x1 = 1.25
Iteration: 3 - x^2 = 1.025 - x^1 = 1.0003
Iteration: 4 - x^2 = 1 - x^1 = 1.025
x_s = 1.00000004646115
x0 = 5
Iteration: 1 - x^2 = 2.6 - x^1 = 1.49231
Iteration: 2 - x^2 = 1.08121 - x^1 = 2.6
Iteration: 3 - x^2 = 1.49231 - x^1 = 1.08121
Iteration: 4 - x^2 = 1.00305 - x^1 = 1.49231
Iteration: 5 - x^2 = 1.08121 - x^1 = 1.00305
Iteration: 6 ---- x2 = 1 ---- x1 = 1.08121
x_s = 1.00000463565079
x0 = 10
Iteration: 1 - x^2 = 5.05 - x^1 = 2.62401
Iteration: 2 - x^2 = 1.50255 - x^1 = 5.05
Iteration: 3 - x^2 = 2.62401 - x^1 = 1.50255
              -x2 = 1.08404 - x1 = 2.62401
Iteration: 4 —
Iteration: 5 - x^2 = 1.50255 - x^1 = 1.08404
Iteration: 6 - x^2 = 1.00326 - x^1 = 1.50255
Iteration: 7 - x2 = 1.08404 - x1 = 1.00326
Iteration: 8 - x^2 = 1.00001 - x^1 = 1.08404
x_s = 1.00000528956427
x0 = 50
Iteration: 1 - x^2 = 25.01 - x^1 = 12.525
Iteration: 2 - x^2 = 6.30242 - x^1 = 25.01
Iteration: 3 - x^2 = 12.525 - x^1 = 6.30242
Iteration : 4 - x^2 = 3.23054 - x^1 = 12.525
Iteration: 5 - x^2 = 6.30242 - x^1 = 3.23054
Iteration: 6 - x^2 = 1.77004 - x^1 = 6.30242
Iteration : 7 - x2 = 3.23054 - x1 = 1.77004
Iteration : 8 - x2 = 1.1675 - x1 = 3.23054
Iteration: 9 - x2 = 1.77004 - x1 = 1.1675
Iteration: 10 - x2 = 1.01202 - x1 = 1.77004
x_s = 1.01201564410353
The best convergence is obtained in just one iteration when x_0 = 1.1 which is self-explanatory since the
exact solution is 1. As the value of x_0 moves away from 1, the number of iterations increase too.
```

```
\begin{split} g(x) &= x + cf(x) \\ g'(x) &= 1 + cf'(x) \\ g''(x) &= cf''(x) \end{split} Sufficent condition for convergence of x_{n+1} = g(x_n): |g'(x)| < 1 for x so |1 + cf'(x)| < 1 When 1 + cf'(x) > 0, c < \frac{1}{f'(x)} or c < min(\frac{1}{f'(x)}) for x in domain(f)
```

#### **5**

```
g(x) = \frac{1}{3}(\frac{x^3}{3} - x^2 - \frac{5}{4}x + 4)
g'(x) = \frac{1}{3}(x^2 - 2x + 1 - \frac{3^2}{2^2})
g'(x) = \frac{1}{3}(x - 1 + 1.5)(x - 1 - 1.5)
g'(x) = \frac{1}{3}(x - 0.5)(x - 2.5) \ g''(x) = \frac{1}{3}(2x - 1) \ g''(x) < 0 \text{ for } x \in [0, 0.5] \text{ and } g''(x) > 0 \text{ for } x \in [0.5, 2]
Thus, g'(x) is bounded between max = g'(0) and min = g'(2)
max = g'(0) = 1.25/3 \text{ and } min = -0.5 \text{ and hence } |g'(x)| < 1 \text{ for } x \in [0, 2]
Thus, by contraction mapping theorem g(x) is convergent (it maps to itself and is continuous)
```

```
x0 = 0.5
Iteration: 1 - x^2 = -0.079560 - x^1 = 0.000335
Iteration : 2 - x2 = -0.000000 - x1 = -0.079560
x_s = -2.51314736165673e - 11
x0 = 1
Iteration: 1 - x^2 = -0.570796 - x^1 = 0.116860
Iteration: 2 - x^2 = -0.001061 - x^1 = -0.570796
Iteration : 3 - x^2 = 0.116860 - x^1 = -0.001061
Iteration: 4 - x^2 = 0.000000 - x^1 = 0.116860
x_s = 7.96309604410642e - 10
x0 = 1.3
Iteration: 1 - x^2 = -1.161621 - x^1 = 0.858896
Iteration : 2 - x2 = -0.374241 -
                                  -x1 = -1.161621
Iteration : 3 - x^2 = 0.858896 - x^1 = -0.374241
Iteration : 4 - x2 = 0.034019 - x1 = 0.858896
Iteration : 5 - x2 = -0.374241 - x1 = 0.034019
                                  -x1 = 0.034019
Iteration : 6 - x2 = -0.000026 - x1 = -0.374241
Iteration : 7 - x2 = 0.034019 - x1 = -0.000026
Iteration : 8 - x^2 = 0.000000 - x^1 = 0.034019
x_s = 1.20451710400576e - 14
x0 = 1.4
Iteration: 1 - x^2 = -1.413619 - x^1 = 1.450129
Iteration: 2 - x^2 = -1.550626 - x^1 = -1.413619
Iteration: 3 - x^2 = 1.450129 - x^1 = -1.550626
Iteration : 4 - x2 = 1.847054 - x1 = 1.450129
Iteration : 5 - x2 = -1.550626 - x1 = 1.847054
Iteration: 6 - x^2 = -2.893562 - x^1 = -1.550626
Iteration: 7 - x^2 = 1.847054 - x^1 = -2.893562
Iteration: 8 - x^2 = 8.710326 - x^1 = 1.847054
Iteration: 9 - x2 = -2.893562 - x1 = 8.710326
Iteration : 10 - x^2 = -103.249774 - x^1 = -2.893562
Iteration: 11 - x^2 = 8.710326 - x^1 = -103.249774
Iteration: 12 - x^2 = 16540.563827 - x^1 = 8.710326
Iteration: 13 - x^2 = -103.249774 - x^1 = 16540.563827
Iteration: 14 - x^2 = -429721482.896409 - x^1 = -103.249774
```

```
x0 = 0.5; x1 = 1
Iteration: 1 - x^2 = -0.220508 - x^1 = -0.220508
Iteration : 2 - x^2 = 0.00922514 - x^1 = -0.220508
Iteration : 3 - x^2 = 0.00922514 - x^1 = 0.00922514
x_s = 0.00922514366495114
x0 = 1; x1 = 1.3
Iteration: 1 - x^2 = -0.816614 - x^1 = -0.816614
Iteration: 2 - x^2 = 0.0295353 - x^1 = -0.816614
Iteration: 3 - x^2 = 0.0295353 - x^1 = 0.0295353
x_s = 0.0295353475407389
x0 = 1.4; x1 = 1.5
Iteration: 1 - x^2 = -1.54772 - x^1 = -1.54772
             -x2 = -0.0385867 - x1 = -1.54772
Iteration: 2 —
Iteration : 3 - x^2 = -0.0385867 - x^1 = -0.0385867
- x2 = -0.00843043 - - x1 = 0.0175067
Iteration: 6 —
Iteration : 7 - x2 = -0.00843043 - x1 = -0.00843043
x_s = -0.00843043056177595
x0 = 10; x1 = 11
Iteration : 1 - x2 = -153.3 - x1 = -153.3
Iteration: 2 - x^2 = -69.1442 - x^1 = -153.3
Iteration: 3 - x^2 = -69.1443 - x^1 = -69.1442
Iteration: 4 - x^2 = -28.4584 - x^1 = -69.1443
Iteration: 7 - x^2 = -8.81642 - x^1 = -8.81641
Iteration: 8 - x^2 = 0.549157 - x^1 = -8.81642
Iteration: 9 - x^2 = 0.549156 - x^1 = 0.549157
Iteration: 10 - x^2 = -4.3492 - x^1 = 0.549156
Iteration: 11 - x^2 = -4.34919 - x^1 = -4.3492
Iteration: 12 - x^2 = 2.50353 - x^1 = -4.34919
Iteration: 13 - x2 = 2.50353 - x1 = 2.50353
Iteration: 14 - x^2 = -29.3372 - x^1 = 2.50353
Iteration: 15 - x2 = -29.3373 - x1 = -29.3372
Iteration: 16 - x^2 = -9.23968 - x^1 = -29.3373
Iteration: 19 - x^2 = 0.353461 - x^1 = 0.353472
Iteration: 20 - x^2 = -2.54352 - x^1 = 0.353461
x_s = -2.54352219321986
```