Using ElasticBean Stalk, Installed Glassfish Docker on Amazon AWS Linux GF instance wasn't able to access it via admin console page on port 4848 to upload war file.

Editing/configuring glassfish was difficult as it needed to be configured via the Docker commands. Tried configuring Docker glassfish for a week but remote admin console for glassfish was not remotely accessible.

So switched directly to manual setup of Operating system on EC2 on which everything can be configured as our local system.

Only the respective ports needed for application are required to be opened up for providing worldwide access. The respective ports can be opened via security groups inbound rule.

Installing Amazon Linux on EC2

- 1. Launch instance using EC2 on AWS select all default. For OS choose AMI Linux
- 2. Key pair and security group needed later will be created in this step.

Configuring Putty

- 1. After instance is launched connect to instance using SSH.
 - 1.1 Steps for connecting via SSH
 - 1.2 Create a key pair in AWS
 - 1.3 Link that key pair with instance in AWS
 - 1.4 On Linking download the file private_key.pem from AWS
 - 1.5 Use private key.pem in putty to authenticate yourself to AWS instance
 - 1.6 Set User: ec2-user
 - 1.7 Set hostname: : ec2-13-235-115-132.ap-south-1.compute.amazonaws.com

Configuring WinSCP

- 1. For file transfer use WinSCP as root for read/write/execute access to all directories
 - 1.1 Set hostname: ec2-13-235-115-132.ap-south-1.compute.amazonaws.com
 - 1.2 Set protocol:SFTP
 - 1.3 Find SFTP server location in putty console via
 - 1.3.1 root cmd> cat /etc/ssh/sshd_config | grep -i sftp-server output: Subsystem sftp /usr/libexec/openssh/sftp-server
 - 1.4 Set SFTP server: sudo su -c /usr/libexec/openssh/sftp-server
 - 1.5 Set private key file: private_key.pem
 - 1.6 Set shell:sudo -su

Setting up Amazon RDS

Create default setting Amazon RDS and enter credentials below in JDBC Connection pool

Installing and Configuring JAVA

Download jdk-8u241-linux-x64.rpm on Windows

Move it to location home/ec2-user using WinScp

Install downloaded JDK

ec2 user cmd> sudo rpm -i jdk-8u241-linux-x64.rpm

Add the manual installed java to the alternatives list

ec2 user cmd> sudo /usr/sbin/alternatives --install /usr/bin/java java /usr/java/jdk1.8.0_241-amd64/bin/java 3000

SET JAVA Default version

ec2 user cmd>sudo /usr/sbin/alternatives --config java

Installing Glassfish

Download glassfish full platform glassfish-5.0.1.zip on Windows

Move to /usr/share/ via WinSCP

GOTO /usr/share location and unzip the glassfish zip file

ec2 user cmd>sudo unzip -q glassfish-5.0.1.zip

Setting up JDBC Driver

For JDBC Connections MYSQL driver is required

Copy mysql-connector-java-8.0.19.jar at location ../../usr/share/glassfish5/glassfish/lib/ via WinSCP

Adding users for Glassfish Server

Move to directory usr/share/ and in putty command execute below commands

Cmd>sudo su

Add Group

Cmd>groupadd gfgroup

Assign bash login shell to user gfuser and group gfgroup

Cmd>useradd -s /bin/bash -g gfgroup gfuser

Change user ownership of glassfish5 and group ownership to root

Cmd>chown -Rf gfuser.gfgroup glassfish5/

Change the password for the 'glassfish' user:

Cmd>passwd gfuser

Adding glassfish as a service(OPTIONAL SKIP IF NOT REQUIRED)

```
Create a start/stop/restart script:
          nano /etc/init.d/glassfish
Add the below lines in glassfish file
          #!/usr/bin/env bash
          # description: Glassfish start/stop/restart
          # processname: glassfish
          # chkconfig: 2445 20 80
          JAVA_HOME=../../usr/java/jdk1.8.0_241-amd64/
          export JAVA_HOME
          PATH=$JAVA_HOME/bin:$PATH
          export PATH
          GLASSFISH_HOME=../../usr/share/glassfish5/glassfish/
          GLASSFISH_USER=gfuser
          case $1 in
          start)
            su $GLASSFISH_USER -c "$GLASSFISH_HOME/bin/asadmin start-domain domain1"
          ;;
          stop)
            su $GLASSFISH_USER -c "$GLASSFISH_HOME/bin/asadmin stop-domain domain1"
          ;;
          restart)
            su $GLASSFISH_USER -c "$GLASSFISH_HOME/bin/asadmin stop-domain domain1"
            su $GLASSFISH_USER -c "$GLASSFISH_HOME/bin/asadmin start-domain domain1"
          ;;
          esac
          exit 0
Save the script and make it executable:
          Cmd> chmod 755 glassfish
If you want to start up your GlassFish application on boot execute the following commands:
          Cmd>chkconfig --add glassfish
Adding runLevels
Cmd>chckconfig --level 244 glassfish
Cmd>service glassfish start
Cmd>service glassfish stop
To start/stop/restart Glassfish use the command:
#service glassfish start|stop|status
```

Configuring Glassfish for Remote access

```
cmd>sudo su

cmd>cd usr/share/glassfish5/glassfish/

cmd>bin/asadmin

asadmin>change-master-password --savemasterpassword //default pswd is changeit

asadmin>change-admin-password //default pswd is blank

asadmin>start-domain

asadmin>restart-domain
```

Note: Add port 8080 and 4848 in security group inbound rules and set access from anywhere(done while creating instance in first step)

Configuring JDBC Connection Pool and JDBC Resources

Note: Add JDBC connection pool in JDBC resources also.

Deploying JAVA WAR file:

Keep war file at location glassfish5/glassfish using WinSCP

CMD> cd ../../usr/share/glassfish5/glassfish/

CMD> bin/asadmin deploy zipfilename.war

For undeploying

CMD> bin/asadmin undeploy zipfilename

OPTIONAL(With Context Root)

 $\label{lem:cmd} CMD>bin/asadmin --port=4848\ deploy --contextroot\ "/WebApplication2"\ ../../../home/ec2-user/WebApplication2.war$

Installing ReactJS

CMD>cd usr/share

CMD> sudo su

CMD> yum install -y gcc-c++ make

CMD> curl -sL https://rpm.nodesource.com/setup_13.x | sudo -E bash -

CMD> yum install nodejs

CMD> node -v

CMD> npm -v

CMD> npm install -g yarn

CMD> npm install npm@latest -g

Creating React Application

CMD>npm install -g create-react-app

CMD>create-react-app todoapp

CMD>cd todoapp

copy todoapp local project code to this folder including package.json

CMD>npm install

CMD>npm build

CMD>npm install -g serve

CMD>serve -s build

Note: Open port 5000 and 3000 in AWS security group(done while creating instance in first step)

For stopping application CTRL+C

For terminating used port by application

CMD> sudo fuser -k <portno>/tcp

For this tutorial all ports are configured to access from anywhere:

Consider adding your specific IP addresses for security reason.

Inbound Security Rule for RDS:

RDS should be accessible only via Amazon EC2 instance and to do so add only Private IP of Amazon EC2 instance on port 3306 in RDS security group.

Inbound Security Role for EC2:

Keep Ports 22, 8080 and 3000 open to anywhere.