## 28 Box 1.7 A basic lexicon for scientific writing

Verbs	interest	Nouns
accumulate	invent	absence
adapt	investigate	activation
affect	judge	analysis
ask	maintain	answer
assay	observe	appearance
attempt	oppose	application
cause	pinpoint	attempt
cite	point to	background
compare	propose	blank
conclude	prove	cause
confirm	purport	chance
confuse	quantify	change
consider	quote	citation
correlate	record	clue
decline	remain	component
decrease	repeat	condition
deduce	reproduce	conflict
demonstrate	require	consequence
describe	screen	constant
destroy	search	control
detect	shed light on	curve
deteriorate	show	data
disprove	solve	decrease
disturb	strengthen	difference
document	suggest	discovery
evidence	support	discrepancy
explain	survive	distribution
falsify	test	dose-response
find	treat	effect
follow	try	enigma
illustrate	underline	equilibrium
increase	vary	event
indicate	verify	evidence
induce	work	exclusion
infer		experiment

figure
flaw
function
graph
hint
hypothesis
idea
illustration
image
inclusion
increase
incubation
ingredient
input

mock model

level

interaction

mechanism

mystery
observation
output
panel
paradox
parameter
participant
pathway
performance
period
possibility
prerequisite

process product question ratio reason relevance report

presence

research
result
role
signal
situation
solution
specificity
structure
synthesis

synthesis table target theory variable variation variety version volunteer work

Adjectives and adverbs able active

actually
affected
artificial
associated
aware
capable
certain
closely
consistent
contradictory
correct
dependent

detrimental essential

exclusively

exactly

external feasible frequent incorrect internal inversely likely limited linear multiple necessary noteworthy particular pertinent plausible poorly previous

proportional putative random relevant resistant robust severe significant similarly simultaneous unable

variable

prior