

## The Art of Computer Programming



# Chapter 1

## 1.1 Algorithms

### 1.1 Exercise 1.1.1

The following sequence is the minimum:

$$t \leftarrow a$$

$$a \leftarrow b$$

$$b \leftarrow c$$

$$c \leftarrow d$$

$$d \leftarrow t$$

### 1.2 Exercise 1.1.2

*Proof.* After the start, step E1 can only be reached by step E3. However, after E3 has finished,  $m$  will have the previous value of  $n$ , and  $n$  will have the remainder of the division of  $m$  by  $n$ . The remainder will always be smaller than the divisor, by definition, so  $n$  will be always smaller than  $m$ .  $\square$



## Chapter 2

# 1.2 Mathematical Induction

### 2.1 Exercise 1.2.1

Start by proving the truth of  $P(0)$ , and then proceed as usual.

### 2.2 Exercise 1.2.2

This is a recurrence with two variables:  $a(n+1) = F(a(n), a(n-1))$ . The induction basis should have two elements, however it was proved only for  $a(1)$ . You should have proved either  $a(0)$  or  $a(2)$  to have a valid proof.