Reg.	No.:
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Name :







Progran	Programme : B.Tech. Semester - Fall 2021 22				
Course 1		:	Programming for Computing Engineers	Semester	: Fall 2021-22
Faculty		-	Trogramming for Computing Engineers		: PLA1001
Time	vanic	:	1½ hours	Slot / Class No	: A11+A12+A13-0471
		•		Max. Marks	: 50
Q.No.	33.71 . 1		Question Description		Marks
	A) By B) The C) Use	tec e ap	f the following option leads to the portability ode is executed by JVM oplet makes the Java code secure and portab f exception handling mic binding between objects		1
2	Which	of	the following is a valid declaration of a cha	in Java?	1
	B) chai	ca	n = '\utea'; n = 'tea'; r = \u0223; c = '\itea';		
	Ans:				
	A) .out B) .jav C) .cla D) Not	a ss	ne extension of compiled java classes? of the above		1
4	Ans:	s tl	he range of 'byte' datatype in Java?		1
·	A) -32 B) -12 C) -21	76 8 to 474	8 to 32767		1

5	In Java, Which data type value is returned by all transcendental math functions?	1 /9
	A) float B) double C) Int	
	D) Can be any of the above Ans:	
6	Which of these is used to perform all input & output operations in Java? A) classes B) Variables C) streams D) Methods	1
	Ans:	
7	What will be the output of the program given below? class A { public static void main(String args[]) { int g = 3; System out print(++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++	1
	System.out.print(++g * 8); A) 25 B) 24	
	C) 32 D) 33 Ans:	

Page 2 of

```
Predict the output of following Java Program
8
                                                                                              1
      class B
              public static void main(String args[]) {
              int x = -4;
              System.out.print(x >> 1);
              System.out.print(" ");
               int y = 4;
               System.out.print(y>>1);
                                                               0100
        A) Compiler Error
        B) -2 2
                                                                         0010
                                                            1421
        C) 22
        D) 0 2
                                                               1100
                                                                          1010
         Ans:
   9
         Choose the output of the following program from the given options.
         class C{
                public static void main(String args[]) {
                System.out.print(10 + 20 + "Finalexams");
                 System.out.println("FinalExams" + 10 + 20);
          A) 30FinalExams FinalExams30
          B) 1020FinalExams FinalExams1020
           C) 30FinalExams FinalExams1020
           D) 1020FinalExams FinalExams30
            Ans:
            For switch case statement in Java, which of the following is a valid datatype
      10
             1. Short
             2. Byte
             3. Int
             4. Char
             A) 1 Only
              B) 1 and 2 Only
              C) 1, 2 and 3
              D) All of the above
              Ans:
```

	Which of these is necessary to specify at time of array initialization?	The same of the sa
1	A) Row	/.
1	3) Column	12
	C) Both Row and Column	
L	D) None of the mentioned	
	A max	
1	Ans:	
12	What will be the output of the following Java code?	1
	Class A	1
	{	
	public static void main(String args[])	
	{	
	<pre>int array_variable [] = new int[10];</pre>	
	for (int $i = 0$; $i < 10$; $++i$)	
	{	
	array_variable[i] = i;	
	System.out.print(array_variable[i] + "");	
	i++;	
	}	
)	
	A) 0 2 4 6 8	
	B) 1 3 5 7 9	
	C) 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	
	D) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	
1.2	Ans:	
13	Which of the following statement is correct with respect to Java	1
	Collections?	1
	A) HashMan intermally in all and the state of the state o	
	A) HashMap internally implements HashSet B) HashMap is the interface; HashSet is the concrete class	
	C) HashSet internally implements HashMap	
	D) HashSet is the interface; HashMap is the concrete class	
	Table to the concrete class	
	Ans:	
14	Which of the below is invalid identifier with the main method?	
	A) public	1
	B) static	
	C) private	
	D) final	
	Ans:	

15	How can we identify whether a compilation unit is class or interface from a .class file?	1
	A) lava course 61- hardan	
	A) Java source file header B) Extension of compilation unit	
	B) Extension of compilation unit C) We cannot differentiate between class and interface	
	D) The class or interface name should be postfixed with unit type	
	The class of interface name should be postfixed with unit type	
	Ans:	
	Alls.	
16	What is the time complexity of following code:	1
	int a = 0	
	int $i = 0$;	
	int N = <some integer="" value=""></some>	
	while $(i < N)$	
	 {	
	a += i;	
	System.out.println(i) i*=2	
	11 -2	
	A. $O(N)$ B. $O(Sqrt(N))$ C. $O(N/2)$ D. $O(log N)$	
	B. O(Sqrt(N)) $\int_{\mathbb{R}^n} \left((-0)^n (2^n)^n \right)^{-n} dn$	
	C.O(N/2)	
	D. O(log N)	
	, o	
	Ans:	
17	int $i, j, k = 0$;	1
	for $(i = n / 2; i \le n; i++)$ {	•
	for $(j = 2; j \le n; j = j * 2)$ {	
	k = k + n / 2;	
	294,8	
	}	
	For the code given above, what is the time complexity?	
	for the code given above, what is the time complexity?	
	A) O(n)	
	B) O(nlogn)	
	C) O(n^2)	
	D) O(n^2logn)	
	A	
	Ans:	

18	Which among the following is a Short Circuit AND operator?	1
	A) &	2
	B) &&	ŕ
- 1		
	C)	
	D)	
	Ans:	
19	What is the output of the following snippet?	
		1
	void func(int x,int y)	
	Print x y;	
	x=x+y;	
	y=x-y;	
	x=x-y;	
	Print y x	
	return;	
	}	
	What would be the output of the program if the function call func(10,20) is made?	
	A) 10 20 and 20 10	
	A) 10 20 and 20 10 B) 10 20 and 15 20	
	C) 10 20 and 20 18 $\frac{25 - 20 - 20}{10 \cdot 9} = 10$	
	D) 10.20 and 20.18	
	D) 10 20 and 10 20	
	Ans:	
20		
	What is the output for simple sieve of size n=8?	1
	A) 2 3 5 7 8	1
	B) 2 3 5 7	
	C) 1 2 3 4 5	
	D) 1 2 3 5 7	
	Ans:	
21	How is the segmented sieve better than a simple sieve	
		1
	1. Has better time complexity	
	2. Has better locality of reference	
	A) Only 1	
	B) Both1 and 2	
	C) Only 2	
	D) Neither of 1 and 2	

*
*

The function func converts a given integer 'n' to its binary format. What are 25 the values that the strings X, Y and Z can take so that the function func can print the binary equivalent of 'n'? static void func(int n) long i; System.out.print(X); for $(i = 1 \ll 30; i > 0; i = i / 2)$ if((n & i) != 0)System.out.print(Y); else System.out.print(X); A) 110 B) 001 C) 100 D) 101 In a step of segmented sieve, it finds primes smaller than or equal to 26 a) Sqrt(n) b) Sqrt(logn) c) N d) N/2 Ans:

We have been given an array A of 'N' numbers which are We also have been given with another array B of size N which denote the when divided by a number 'p'. According to the remainder theorem, how do we find the minimum possible value of the number 'p' which produces the given array B? Fill in the blanks with the options given below A) Pairwise coprime, remainders of the numbers in array A B) Divisible by 'x', remainders of the numbers in array A D) remainders of the numbers in array A, pairwise coprime with array A Ans: The space complexity of Sieve of Eratosthenes is (Consider the input as N and the size of input as K) A. Log(k) * B. N°(0.5) * C. K'(N'2) * D. KLogK * Ans: 29 Which of the following sets is does NOT contain all Strobogrammatic numbers? Set 1: 8008 1001 9006 6009 8888 1881 Set 2: 8888 1881 9886 6889 1961 A)Set 1 B)Set 1 and 2 C)Set 2 and 3 D)All sets contain only Strobogrammatic numbers Ans:	1		
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D)All sets contain only Strobogrammatic numbers		B)Set 1 and 2	-
Ans:	e distribution de la constantina della constanti	D)All sets contain only Strobogrammatic numbers	
		Ans:	

30	In regular multiplication, there are subproblems and Karatsuba Algorithm reduces the number of subproblems in multiplication to What are the values for the above blanks? A) 2 and 1 B) 4 and 2 C) 4 and 3 D) 3 and 2	/0.
31	Ans: In Karatsuba multiplication of 47 * 78, which of the following is NOT a subproblem?	
	A) 4*7 B) (11*15) - 28 - 56 C) 7*8 D) All of the above are the subproblems of the multiplication of the numbers Ans:	
32	Given num = 01100100, fill in the below equation to swap the two nibbles $(x _0xF0) _ 4 \parallel (x _0x0F) _ 4$. (Fill in the blanks to complete the equation) A) &, <<,>>, & B) &&, <<,>>, && C) &, >>, <<, & D) None of the above Olio Ans:	
33	The best solution for the maximum product subarray has the limitations of that 1. The array cannot contain negative numbers 2. The array cannot contain 0 3. The array cannot contain repeated elements Which of the following is true A) 1 Only B) 1 and 2 Only C) All of 1,2 and 3 D) 2 Only	
	Ans:	

34	According to algorithm, We keep on subtracting the smaller number from the larger number repeatedly to obtain the	et samt en
	A)Euclid, LCM	
	B)Euler, Greatest Common Divisor C)Euclid, Highest Common Factor	
	D)Manacher, Greatest Common Divisor	
	-)====================================	
	Ans:	
35	Given an string "apple", which of the following represents a subarray, a subset string and a subsequence.	1
	Note:	
	Set cannot contain duplicates	
	A set string is the members of the set represented as a string (in any order)	
	1. apel	
	2. ape	
	3. apple	
	4. pp	
	Which of the following option best matches with the above list?	
	A) 1 - subsequence, 2 - subset, 3 - subset	
	B) 1 - subset, 2 - subsequence, 3 - subset	
	C) 1 - subsequence, 2- subsequence, 3 - substring	
	D) 1 - subset, 2 - sequence, 3 - substring	
	Ans:	
36	The iterative and recursive solutions of block swap algorithms have a	1
	time complexity	
	A) Comptant	
	A) Constant B) Logarithmic	
	C) Quadratic	
	D) Linear	
	Ans:	
37	Consider the following array arr[] = $\{65, 32, 53, 132, 34, 31, 42, 53\}$;	1
37	Which of the following are the elements of the leader array	
	12 (100 50)	
	A){132, 53} P)(65, 132, 42, 53)	
	B){65, 132, 42, 53} C){65, 132, 53}	
	D)None of the following	
-	Ans	
	Ans:	

38	Given the following 2D matrix, what is the maximum sum of hourglass.	1
38	Orven the following 2D matrix, what is the married	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	int arr[i][j] =	
	[1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0],	
	[0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0],	
	[1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0].	
	[0 0 2 1 1 0]	
	[1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0], [0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0], [1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0], [0, 0, 2, 1, 1, 0], [0, 0, 0, 2, 0, 0], [0, 0, 1, 2, 4, 0]	
	[0,0,1,2,4,0]	
	J	
	A) C	
	A) 6	
	B) 8	
	C) 9	
	D) 11	
	Ans:	
39	Give an integer n. We can flip exactly one bit. Write the output to find the	1
	length of the longest sequence of 1 s you could create if $n = 59$	1
	3 you could create if it = 39	
	A) 6	
	B) 3	
	C) 2	
	D) 1	
	0101 1001	
	Ans:	
	8421	
40	· ·	
40	What is the solution for the Josephus problem if the value of n and k are 7 and 3 respectively?	1
	and 3 respectively?	
	A) 2	
	A) 3	
	B) 2	
	C) 6 E) 4	
	E) 4	
	Ange	
	Ans:	

1		
41	Suppose we have a O(n) time algorithm that finds median of an unsorted array. Now consider a QuickSort implementation where we first find median using the above algorithm, then use median as pivot. What will be the worst case time complexity of this modified QuickSort.	I
	A) O(n^2 Logn) B) O(n^2) C) O(n*n Logn) D) O(nLogn)	
	Ans:	1
42	Why is the Kadane's Algorithm used?	-
	A)To find the LCM of the given two numbers B)To find the subsequence of an array with the largest sum C)To find the maximum product subarray out of an array D)To find the maximum product subsequence out of an array	
	Ans:	1
43	What is the meaning of an in-place sorting algorithm?	
	A) It needs O(1) or O(logn) memory to create auxiliary locations B) The input is already sorted and in-place C) It requires additional storage D) It requires additional space	
	Ans:	1
44	What is the condition for the worst case scenario of Quicksort? A) When the sum of differences between consecutive array elements is the largest B) When the choosen pivot is in the middle C) When the pivot is largest or the smallest D) None of the above	
	Ans:	

45	Which of the following are the true statements with respect to the two lists where each number 'n' is such that $1 \le n \le 21$	1
	List-1: 1 10 11 12 2 20 21 3 4 5 6 7	
	List-2: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 10 11 12 20 21	
	2.12.34307101112.2021	
	A) List-1 is naturally sorted and List-2 is sorted sorted alphanumerically B) List-1 is sorted according to ASCII values and List-2 is alphanumerically sorted	
	C) List-1 is naturally sorted and List-2 is sorted alphanumerically D) List-1 is sorted alphanumerically and List-2 is sorted naturally	
	Ans:	
46	Given a character string, Which algorithm is used to find the longest palindromic substring?	1
	A) Hamacher's algorithm	
	B) Josephus Algorithm	
	C) Manacher's Algorithm	
	D) Kruskal's Algorithm	
	Ans:	
47	Given a list of charget	
••	Given a list of characters and you want to list out all the combinations of the characters. A solution for this problem can be derived fromidentity.	1
	A) Manacher's	
	B) Newton's	
	C) Singular	
	D) Pascal's	
	Ans:	
48	In Dynamic Programming, if a problem can be broken into subproblems which are reused several times, the problem possesses property.	1
	A) Overlanning culture 11	
	A) Overlapping subproblems B) Optimal substructure	
	/ - F DUUDH HUHH!	
	C) Memoization	

49	The following represents the structure of the Josephus problem. $josephus(n, k) = (josephus(n-1, k) + k-1) \% n + 1$	1
	What is the significance of n an k here? Select the options of statements accordingly?	the true
	1.N people in a circle and k-1th person is killed 2.N people in a circle and kth person is killed	
	3.N people in a circle and k-1 people spared	
	A)Only 1 is True B)2 and 3 are true C)1 and 2 are True	
	D)1 and 3 are true	
	Ans: $((6,3) +2) + 1$ $(6,3) + 2) + 1$ $(6,3) + 2) + 1$	1
50	Which of the following sorting algorithms in its typical implem gives best performance when applied on an array which is sorted o	entation 1 r almost
	sorted. $6/3 = 4+3-1 + 6/3 + 1 = 7$	
	A) Quicksort $53 = 3^{1/3} = 3 = 3 = 4$	
	B) Heap Sort 4.3 = →1.3 \$+1 = 1	
	C) Merge Sort 3,3 = 2334 47.7 +1 = 5	
	D) Insertion Sort $2,3 = 8.7 + 1 = 2$	
	Ans: $\frac{1,3}{0,3} = \frac{3+2}{5} \frac{51.7}{1} = 6$	