

Q1) Mancher's Algorithm

```
import java.util.*;

class Solution
{
    static void findLongestPalindromicString(String text)
    {
        int N = text.length();
        if (N == 0)
            return;
        N = 2 * N + 1; // Position count
        int[] L = new int[N + 1]; // LPS Length Array
        L[0] = 0;
        L[1] = 1;
        int C = 1; // centerPosition
        int R = 2; // centerRightPosition
        int i = 0; // currentRightPosition
        int iMirror; // currentLeftPosition
        int maxLPSELength = 0;
        int maxLPSCenterPosition = 0;
        int start = -1;
        int end = -1;
        int diff = -1;
        for (i = 2; i < N; i++)
        {
            iMirror = 2 * C - i;
            L[i] = 0;
```

```
diff = R - i;
```

```
if (diff > 0)
```

```
L[i] = Math.min(L[iMirror], diff);
```

```
while (((i + L[i]) + 1 < N && (i - L[i]) > 0) &&
```

```
((i + L[i] + 1) % 2 == 0) ||
```

```
(text.charAt((i + L[i] + 1) / 2) ==
```

```
text.charAt((i - L[i] - 1) / 2))))
```

```
{
```

```
L[i]++;
```

```
}
```

```
if (L[i] > maxLPSLength)
```

```
{
```

```
maxLPSLength = L[i];
```

```
maxLPSCenterPosition = i;
```

```
}
```

```
if (i + L[i] > R)
```

```
{
```

```
C = i;
```

```
R = i + L[i];
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

```
start = (maxLPSCenterPosition - maxLPSLength) / 2;
```

```
end = start + maxLPSLength - 1;
```

```
System.out.printf("LPS of string is %s : ", text);
```

```
for (i = start; i <= end; i++)
```

```

System.out.print(text.charAt(i));
System.out.println();
}
public static void main(String[] args)
{
String text = "babcbabcbaccba";
findLongestPalindromicString(text);
}
}

```

Q2) Count of all sub strings with weight of character atmost k

```

import java.util.*;

class Solution{

// Function to find the count of
// all the subStrings with weight
// of characters atmost K
static int distinctSubString(String P, String Q,int K, int N)
{

// Hashmap to store all subStrings
HashSet<String> S = new HashSet<String>();

// Iterate over all subStrings

```

```

for (int i = 0; i < N; ++i) {

    // Maintain the sum of all characters
    // encountered so far
    int sum = 0;

    // Maintain the subString till the
    // current position
    String s = "";

    for (int j = i; j < N; ++j) {

        // Get the position of the
        // character in String Q
        int pos = P.charAt(j) - 'a';

        // Add weight to current sum
        sum += Q.charAt(pos) - '0';

        // Add current character to subString
        s += P.charAt(j);

        // If sum of characters is <=K
        // then insert into the set
        if (sum <= K) {
            S.add(s);
        }

        else {

```

```
break;
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

```
return S.size();
```

```
}
```

```
public static void main(String[] args)
```

```
{
```

```
String P = "abcde";
```

```
String Q = "12345678912345678912345678";
```

```
int K = 5;
```

```
int N = P.length();
```

```
System.out.print(distinctSubString(P, Q, K, N));
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

Q3) Move Hyphen to the Begining

```
class Solution
```

```
{

static void moveHyphenInFront(char str[])
{
// Traverse from end and swap Hyphens
int i = str.length-1;
for (int j = i; j >= 0; j--)
if (str[j] != '-')
{
char c = str[i];
str[i] = str[j];
str[j] = c;
i--;
}
}

// Driver code
public static void main(String[] args)
{
char str[] = "Hello-World--".toCharArray();
moveHyphenInFront(str);
System.out.println(String.valueOf(str));
}
}
```