LOW LEVEL DESIGN DOCUMENT

(Crop Production Analysis in India)

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Crop Production Analysis in India – Business Intelligence Project

Version	Date	Author	Change
1.0	13/06/2022	Akshay Salve	First Version of
			Complete LLD

Abstract

The agriculture business domain, as a vital part of the overall supply chain, is expected to highly evolve in the upcoming years via the developments, which are taking place on the side of the Future Internet. This paper presents a novel business-to-business collaboration platform from the agri-food sector perspective, which aims to facilitate the collaboration of numerous stakeholders belonging to associated business domains, in an effective and flexible manner.

This dataset provides a huge amount of information on crop production in India ranging from several years. Based on the Information the ultimate goal would be to predict crop production and find important insights highlighting key indicators and metrics that influence the crop production.

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1.Introduction:

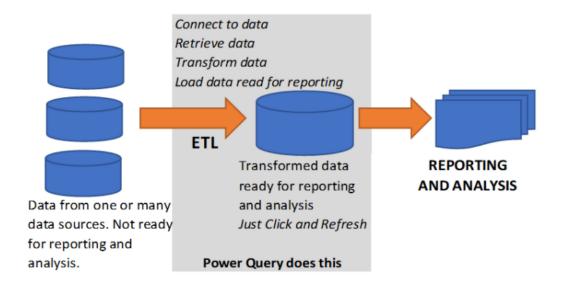
1.1. Why this Low-Level Design Document?

The goal of the LDD or Low-level design document (LLDD) is to give the internal logic design of the actual program code for the Bank Marketing Campaign Analysis. LDD describes the class diagrams with the methods and relations between classes and programs specs. It describes the modules so that the programmer can directly code the program from the document.

1.2. Scope

Low-level design (LLD) is a component-level design process that follows a step-by-step refinement process. The process can be used for designing data structures, required software architecture, source code and ultimately, performance algorithms. Overall, the data organization may be defined during requirement analysis and then refined during data design work.

2. Architecture:



ETL (extract, transform and load) in Power BI uses preparation of data sets for analysis by removing irregularities in the data. It also involves data visualization to draw meaningful patterns and insights.

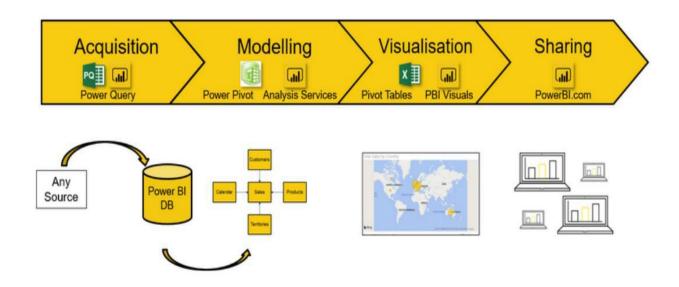
Low Level Design (LLD)

Based on the results of ETL, companies also make business decisions, which can have repercussions later.

- If ETL is not done properly then it can damage the business a lot in many ways such as loss of client which we are working for, the decision making will go completely wrong and many more issues.
- If done well, it may improve the efficacy of everything we do next.

Below are following steps to follow for ETL:

- 1. Data Sourcing
- 2. Data Cleaning
- 3. Data Modelling
- 4. Data Visualization



3. Architecture Description:

3.1 Data Sourcing:

The dataset is in csv (comma separated values) format. MS Excel is used to load the data.

Low Level Design (LLD)

Citation Request:

This Dataset is publicly available for research, Available at https://data.world/thatzprem/agriculture-india named as crop production.csv.

- 1. Title India Crop Production State wise
- 2. Source https://data.world/thatzprem/agriculture-india

3.2. Data Overview –

- ❖ The Data includes single .csv file with all examples, ordered by date (Year 1997 to Year 2015).
- ❖ The Number of Instance 246091 for crop_production.csv
- ❖ Number of attributes 7 attributes

3.2 Date Description –

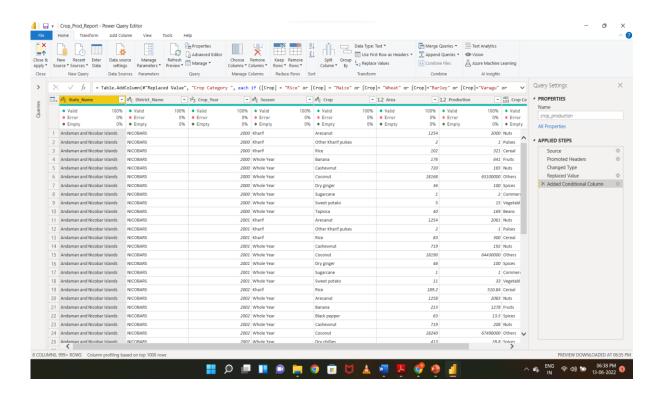
- State_name = Name of States in India (categorical: 'Andaman and Nicobar Islands', 'Andhra Pradesh', 'Arunachal Pradesh', 'Assam', 'Bihar', 'Chandigarh', 'Chhattisgarh', 'Dadra and Nagar Haveli', 'Goa', 'Gujarat', 'Haryana', 'Himachal Pradesh', 'Jammu and Kashmir', 'Jharkhand', 'Karnataka', 'Kerala', 'Madhya Pradesh', 'Maharashtra', 'Manipur', 'Meghalaya', 'Mizoram', 'Nagaland', 'Odisha', 'Puducherry', 'Punjab', 'Rajasthan', 'Sikkim', 'Tamil Nadu', 'Telangana', 'Tripura', 'Uttar Pradesh', 'Uttarakhand', 'West Bengal')
- ❖ Dsitrict_Name Name of Districts in India (categorical: 'NICOBARS', 'NORTH AND MIDDLE ANDAMAN', 'SOUTH ANDAMANS', 'ANANTAPUR', 'CHITTOOR', 'EAST GODAVARI', 'GUNTUR', 'KADAPA', 'KRISHNA', 'KURNOOL', 'PRAKASAM', 'SPSR NELLORE', 'SRIKAKULAM', 'VISAKHAPATANAM', 'VIZIANAGARAM', 'WEST GODAVARI', 'ANJAW', 'CHANGLANG', 'DIBANG VALLEY', 'EAST KAMENG', 'EAST SIANG', 'KURUCropNG KUMEY', 'LOHIT', 'LONGDING', 'LOWER DIBANG VALLEY', Etc)
- Crop_Year Year of Crop Production (Numerical: 2000, 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, 2005, 2006, 2010, 1997, 1998, 1999, 2007, 2008, 2009, 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015)

- Season Season of the Crops (Categorical: 'Kharif', 'Whole Year ', 'Autumn', 'Rabi', 'Summer', 'Winter')
- Crop Name of the Crop Sown (Categorical: 'Arecanut', 'Other Kharif pulses', 'Rice', 'Banana', 'Cashew', 'Coconut', 'Dry ginger', 'Sugarcane', 'Sweet potato', 'Tapioca', 'Black pepper', 'Dry chillies', 'other oilseeds', Etc.)
- ❖ Area Area Under cultivation (Numerical)
- ❖ Production Production of the crops (Numerical)

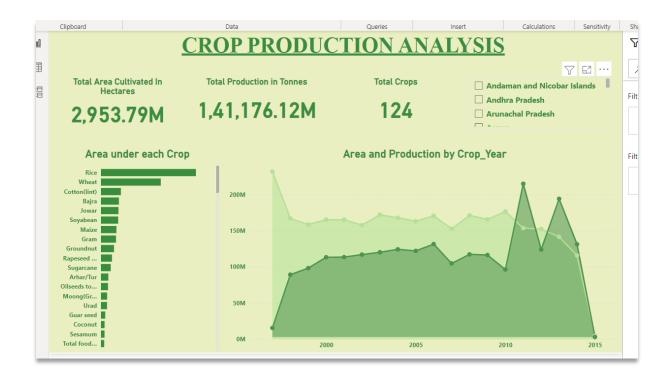
3.4 Data loading in Power BI Query Editor

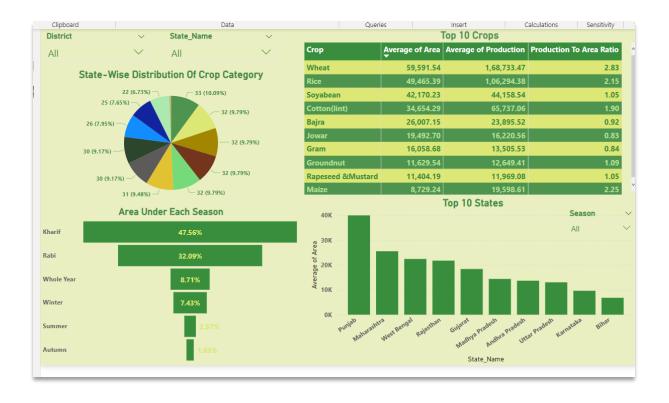
Power Query is the data connectivity and data preparation technology that enables end users to seamlessly import and reshape data from within a wide range of Microsoft products, including Excel, Power BI, Analysis Services, data verse, and more with the following characteristics:

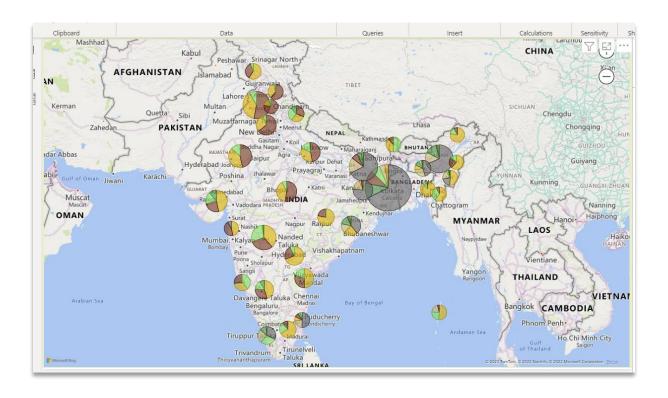
- ❖ There can be multiple rows and columns in the data.
- ❖ Each row represents a sample of data,
- **Each** column contains a different variable that describes the samples (rows).
- ❖ The data in every column can be a different type of data − e.g. numbers, strings, dates, Boolean etc.



3.5 Data to Insights through Visualizations and Excel Data Analysis







3. Deployment to Power BI Service

