



# **Model Development Phase Template**

Date	July 2024
Team ID	740103
Project Title	The Language Of Youtube: A Text Classification Approach To Video Descriptions
M · M ·	10.14
Maximum Marks	10 Marks

### Initial Model Training Code, Model Validation and Evaluation Report

The initial model training code will be showcased in the future through a screenshot. The model validation and evaluation report will include a summary and training and validation performance metrics for multiple models, presented through respective screenshots.

### **Initial Model Training Code (5 marks):**

Paste the screenshot of the model training code

	Training and Validation Performance Metrics
	TVICTICS





## Model Validation and Evaluation Report (5 marks):

# Model 1 Logistic regression model typically include accuracy, precision, recall, r2\_score to evaluate its predictive performance and generalization capability.







Model 2 Random forest classifier model often encompass accuracy, precision, recall, r2\_score to measure its prediction quality and robustness.





Model 3

Decision tree classifier model commonly include accuracy, precision, recall, r2\_score which help assess the model's prediction

```
print("Training Accuracy= ", DTR.score(x_train,y_train) print("Test Accuracy", DTR.score(x_test,y_test))

Python

Python

Python

Python

Python

Python

Python

R-squared: 0.9350486179488142
```





Model 4

accuracy and generalizability.

Linear Support Vector Machines (SVM): A supervised learning model that finds the hyperplane that best divides a dataset into classes.

• Use Case: Effective in high-dimensional spaces and commonly used for text classification.

```
Unigram(BOW)

clf = SOCclassifier(loss = 'hinge', alpha = 0.01, class_weight='balanced', learning_rate='optimal',eta0=0.001, n_jobs = -1)
clf.fit(x_tr_uni,y_train)
y_pred = clf.predict(x_test_uni)
print("Accuracy on test_set: %0.3f%"(accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred)*100))
print("Precision on test_set: %0.3f%"(precision_score(y_test, y_pred,average='macro')))
print("Recall on test_set: %0.3f%(precision_score(y_test, y_pred,average='macro')))
print("F1-Score on test_set: %0.3f%(f1_score(y_test, y_pred,average='macro')))

print("-"20, "confusion_matrix", "-"20)
plt.figure(figsize=(12,8))
matrixeconfusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred)
df_cn = pd_004afarane(eatrix)
sns.set(font_scale=1.4)=for_label_size
labels = ['Art8wist', 'Food', 'History', 'SciAirech', 'Nanu', 'TravelBlog']
sns.heatmap(df_cn, amot=True, amot_los=["size": 16], fnt='g', xticklabels=labels, yticklabels=labels)
plt.xlabel('Predicted class')
plt.ylabel('Original class')
plt.sbw(')
plotPrecisionRecall(y_test,y_pred)
```