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COMPETITIVE PROGRAMMING

PROGRAM 1: Finding Duplicates-O(n^2) Time Complexity,O(1) Space Complexity

Find Duplicate in Array.

Given a read only array of n integers between 1 and n, find one number that repeats.

Input Format:

First Line - Number of elements

n Lines - n Elements

Output Format:

Element x - That is repeated

For example:

Input	Result
5 1 1 2 3 4	1

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```c
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
    int n;
    scanf("%d", &n);
    int arr[n];
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
    {
        scanf("%d", &arr[i]);
    }
    int duplicate = -1;
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
    {
        for (int j = i + 1; j < n; j++)
        {
            if (arr[i] == arr[j]) {
                duplicate = arr[i];
                break;
            }
        }
        if (duplicate != -1)
            break;
    }
    if (duplicate != -1)
        printf("%d\n", duplicate);
    else
        printf("No duplicate found\n");
    return 0;
}
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✔	11 10 9 7 6 5 1 2 3 8 4 7	7	7	✔
✔	5 1 2 3 4 4	4	4	✔
✔	5 1 1 2 3 4	1	1	✔

Passed all tests! ✔

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

PROGRAM 2: Finding Duplicates-O(n) Time Complexity,O(1) Space Complexity

Find Duplicate in Array.

Given a read only array of n integers between 1 and n, find one number that repeats.

Input Format:

First Line - Number of elements

n Lines - n Elements

Output Format:

Element x - That is repeated

For example:

Input	Result
5 1 1 2 3 4	1

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```c
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
    int n;
    scanf("%d", &n);
    int arr[n];
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
        scanf("%d", &arr[i]);
    int slow = arr[0];
    int fast = arr[0];
    do
    {
        slow = arr[slow];
        fast = arr[arr[fast]];
    } while (slow != fast);
    slow = arr[0];
    while (slow != fast)
    {
        slow = arr[slow];
        fast = arr[fast];
    }
    printf("%d\n", slow);
    return 0;
}
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✔	11 10 9 7 6 5 1 2 3 8 4 7	7	7	✔
✔	5 1 2 3 4 4	4	4	✔
✔	5 1 1 2 3 4	1	1	✔

Passed all tests! ✔

PROGRAM 3: Print Intersection of 2 sorted arrays-O(m*n)Time Complexity,O(1) Space Complexity

Find the intersection of two sorted arrays.

OR in other words,

Given 2 sorted arrays, find all the elements which occur in both the arrays.

Input Format

·   The first line contains T, the number of test cases. Following T lines contain:

1.   Line 1 contains N1, followed by N1 integers of the first array

2.   Line 2 contains N2, followed by N2 integers of the second array

Output Format

The intersection of the arrays in a single line

Example

Input:

1

3 10 17 57

6 2 7 10 15 57 246

Output:

10 57

Input:

1

6 1 2 3 4 5 6

2 1 6

Output:

1 6

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```c
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
    int t;
    scanf("%d", &t);
    while (t--)
    {
        int n1, n2;
        scanf("%d", &n1);
        int arr1[n1];
        for (int i = 0; i < n1; i++)
            scanf("%d", &arr1[i]);
        scanf("%d", &n2);
        int arr2[n2];
        for (int i = 0; i < n2; i++)
            scanf("%d", &arr2[i]);
        for (int i = 0; i < n1; i++)
        {
            for (int j = 0; j < n2; j++)
            {
                if (arr1[i] == arr2[j])
                {
                    printf("%d ", arr1[i]);
                    break;
                }
            }
        }
        printf("\n");
    }
    return 0;
}
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✔	1 3 10 17 57 6 2 7 10 15 57 246	10 57	10 57	✔
✔	1 6 1 2 3 4 5 6 2 1 6	1 6	1 6	✔

Passed all tests! ✔

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

PROGRAM 4: Print Intersection of 2 sorted arrays-O(m+n)Time Complexity,O(1) Space Complexity

Question 1 | Correct   Mark 1.00 out of 1.00   ⚑ Flag question

Find the intersection of two sorted arrays.

OR in other words,

Given 2 sorted arrays, find all the elements which occur in both the arrays.

Input Format

·   The first line contains T, the number of test cases. Following T lines contain:

1.   Line 1 contains N1, followed by N1 integers of the first array

2.   Line 2 contains N2, followed by N2 integers of the second array

Output Format

The intersection of the arrays in a single line

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```c
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
    int t;
    scanf("%d", &t);
    while (t--)
    {
        int n1, n2;
        scanf("%d", &n1);
        int arr1[n1];
        for (int i = 0; i < n1; i++)
            scanf("%d", &arr1[i]);
        scanf("%d", &n2);
        int arr2[n2];
        for (int i = 0; i < n2; i++)
            scanf("%d", &arr2[i]);
        int i = 0, j = 0;
        while (i < n1 && j < n2)
        {
            if (arr1[i] < arr2[j])
                i++;
            else if (arr2[j] < arr1[i])
                j++;
            else {
                printf("%d ", arr1[i]);
                i++;
                j++;
            }
        }
        printf("\n");
    }
    return 0;
}
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✔	1 3 10 17 57 6 2 7 10 15 57 246	10 57	10 57	✔
✔	1 6 1 2 3 4 5 6 2 1 6	1 6	1 6	✔

Passed all tests! ✔

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

PROGRAM 5: Pair with Difference-O(n^2)Time Complexity,O(1) Space Complexity

Given an array A of sorted integers and another non negative integer k, find if there exists 2 indices i and j such that A[j] - A[i] = k, i != j.

Input Format:

First Line n - Number of elements in an array

Next n Lines - N elements in the array

k - Non - Negative Integer

Output Format:

1 - If pair exists

0 - If no pair exists

Explanation for the given Sample Testcase:

YES as 5 - 1 = 4

So Return 1.

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```c
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
    int n;
    scanf("%d",&n);
    int arr[n];
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
    {
        scanf("%d",&arr[i]);
    }
    int k;
    scanf("%d",&k);
    int found=0;
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
    {
        for(int j=i+1;j<n;j++)
        {
            if(arr[j]-arr[i]==k)
            {
                found=1;
                break;
            }
        }
        if(found) break;
    }
    printf("%d\n", found);
    return 0;
}
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✔	3 1 3 5 4	1	1	✔
✔	10 1 4 6 8 12 14 15 20 21 25 1	1	1	✔
✔	10 1 2 3 5 11 14 16 24 28 29 0	0	0	✔
✔	10 0 2 3 7 13 14 15 20 24 25 10	1	1	✔

Passed all tests! ✔

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

PROGRAM 6: Pair with Difference -O(n) Time Complexity,O(1) Space Complexity

Given an array A of sorted integers and another non negative integer k, find if there exists 2 indices i and j such that A[j] - A[i] = k, i != j.

Input Format:

First Line n - Number of elements in an array

Next n Lines - N elements in the array

k - Non - Negative Integer

Output Format:

1 - If pair exists

0 - If no pair exists

Explanation for the given Sample Testcase:

YES as 5 - 1 = 4

So Return 1.

For example:

Input	Result
3 1 3 5 4	1

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```c
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
    int n;
    scanf("%d", &n);
    int arr[n];
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
        scanf("%d", &arr[i]);
    int k;
    scanf("%d", &k);
    int i = 0, j = 1;
    int found = 0;
    while (i < n && j < n)
    {
        int diff = arr[j] - arr[i];
        if (i != j && diff == k)
        {
            found = 1;
            break;
        }
        else if (diff < k)
            j++;
        else
            i++;
    }
    printf("%d\n", found);
    return 0;
}
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✔	3 1 3 5 4	1	1	✔
✔	10 1 4 6 8 12 14 15 20 21 25 1	1	1	✔
✔	10 1 2 3 5 11 14 16 24 28 29 0	0	0	✔
✔	10 0 2 3 7 13 14 15 20 24 25 10	1	1	✔

Passed all tests! ✔

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.