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Status	Finished
Started	Monday, 7 October 2024, 7:20 PM
Completed	Monday, 7 October 2024, 8:20 PM
Duration	1 hour

Question 1

Correct

Marked out of 5.00

1. Final Variable:

- Once a variable is declared **final**, its value cannot be changed after it is initialized.
- It must be initialized when it is declared or in the constructor if it's not initialized at declaration.
- It can be used to define constants

```
final int MAX_SPEED = 120; // Constant value, cannot be changed
```

2. Final Method:

- A method declared **final** cannot be overridden by subclasses.
- It is used to prevent modification of the method's behavior in derived classes.

```
public final void display() {
    System.out.println("This is a final method.");
}
```

3. Final Class:

- A class declared as **final** cannot be subclassed (i.e., no other class can inherit from it).
- It is used to prevent a class from being extended and modified.
- `public final class Vehicle {`
 // class code
}

Given a Java Program that contains the bug in it, your task is to clear the bug to the output.

you should delete any piece of code.

For example:

Test	Result
1	The maximum speed is: 120 km/h This is a subclass of FinalExample.

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

Reset answer

```
1 public class FinalExample {
2     final int MAX_SPEED = 120; // final variable
3
4     public final void display() { // final method
5         System.out.println("The maximum speed is: " + MAX_SPEED + " km/h");
6     }
7
8     public static void main(String[] args) {
9         Subclass obj = new Subclass();
10        obj.display(); // Calls final method from FinalExample
11        obj.showMessage(); // Calls method from Subclass
12    }
13 }
14
15 class Subclass extends FinalExample {
16     public void showMessage() {
17         System.out.println("This is a subclass of FinalExample.");
18     }
19 }
20
```

	Test	Expected	Got	
✓	1	The maximum speed is: 120 km/h This is a subclass of FinalExample.	The maximum speed is: 120 km/h This is a subclass of FinalExample.	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

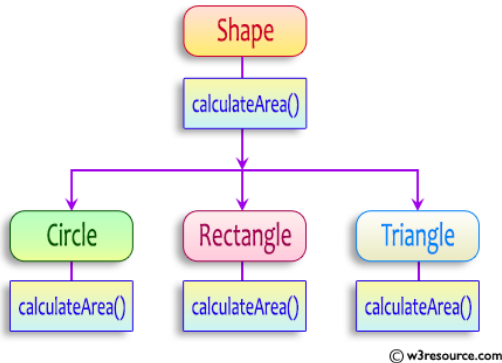
Question 2

Correct

Marked out of 5.00

Create a base class Shape with a method called calculateArea(). Create three subclasses: Circle, Rectangle, and Triangle. Override the calculateArea() method in each subclass to calculate and return the shape's area.

In the given exercise, here is a simple diagram illustrating polymorphism implementation:



```

abstract class Shape {
    public abstract double calculateArea() ;
}
  
```

```
System.out.printf("Area of a Triangle :%.2f\n",((0.5)*base*height)); // use this statement
```

sample Input :

```

4 // radius of the circle to calculate area PI*r*r
5 // length of the rectangle
6 // breadth of the rectangle to calculate the area of a rectangle
4 // base of the triangle
3 // height of the triangle
  
```

OUTPUT:

Area of a circle :50.27

Area of a Rectangle :30.00

Area of a Triangle :6.00

For example:

Test	Input	Result
1	4 5 6 4 3	Area of a circle: 50.27 Area of a Rectangle: 30.00 Area of a Triangle: 6.00
2	7 4.5 6.5 2.4 3.6	Area of a circle: 153.94 Area of a Rectangle: 29.25 Area of a Triangle: 4.32

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```

1 import java.util.Scanner;
2
3 // Abstract Shape class
4 abstract class Shape {
5     public abstract double calculateArea();
6 }
7
8 // Circle class extending Shape
9 class Circle extends Shape {
10     private double radius;
11
12     public Circle(double radius) {
13         this.radius = radius;
14     }
15
16     public double calculateArea() {
17         return Math.PI * radius * radius;
18     }
19 }
  
```

```

13         this.radius = radius;
14     }
15
16     @Override
17     public double calculateArea() {
18         return Math.PI * radius * radius; // PI * r^2
19     }
20 }
21
22 // Rectangle class extending Shape
23 class Rectangle extends Shape {
24     private double length;
25     private double breadth;
26
27     public Rectangle(double length, double breadth) {
28         this.length = length;
29         this.breadth = breadth;
30     }
31
32     @Override
33     public double calculateArea() {
34         return length * breadth; // length * breadth
35     }
36 }
37
38 // Triangle class extending Shape
39 class Triangle extends Shape {
40     private double base;
41     private double height;
42
43     public Triangle(double base, double height) {
44         this.base = base;
45         this.height = height;
46     }
47
48     @Override
49     public double calculateArea() {
50         return 0.5 * base * height; // 0.5 * base * height
51     }
52 }

```

	Test	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	1	4 5 6 4 3	Area of a circle: 50.27 Area of a Rectangle: 30.00 Area of a Triangle: 6.00	Area of a circle: 50.27 Area of a Rectangle: 30.00 Area of a Triangle: 6.00	✓
✓	2	7 4.5 6.5 2.4 3.6	Area of a circle: 153.94 Area of a Rectangle: 29.25 Area of a Triangle: 4.32	Area of a circle: 153.94 Area of a Rectangle: 29.25 Area of a Triangle: 4.32	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

Question 3

Correct

Marked out of 5.00

As a logic building learner you are given the task to extract the string which has vowel as the first and last characters from the given array of Strings.

Step1: Scan through the array of Strings, extract the Strings with first and last characters as vowels; these strings should be concatenated.

Step2: Convert the concatenated string to lowercase and return it.

If none of the strings in the array has first and last character as vowel, then return no matches found

input1: an integer representing the number of elements in the array.

input2: String array.

Example 1:

input1: 3

input2: {"oreo", "sirish", "apple"}

output: oreoapple

Example 2:

input1: 2

input2: {"Mango", "banana"}

output: no matches found

Explanation:

None of the strings has first and last character as vowel.

Hence the output is no matches found.

Example 3:

input1: 3

input2: {"Ate", "Ace", "Girl"}

output: ateace

For example:

Input	Result
3 oreo sirish apple	oreoapple
2 Mango banana	no matches found
3 Ate Ace Girl	ateace

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```

1 import java.util.Scanner;
2
3 public class VowelStringConcatenation {
4
5     // Method to check if a character is a vowel
6     public static boolean isVowel(char c) {
7         c = Character.toLowerCase(c);
8         return c == 'a' || c == 'e' || c == 'i' || c == 'o' || c == 'u';
9     }
10
11     // Method to extract strings with vowels as first and last characters and concatenate them
12     public static String extractAndConcatenate(int numOfStrings, String[] arr) {
13         StringBuilder result = new StringBuilder(); // To store the concatenated result
14
15         for (String str : arr) {
16             // Check if the string is non-empty and if both the first and last characters are vowels
17             if (str.length() > 0 && isVowel(str.charAt(0)) && isVowel(str.charAt(str.length() - 1))) {
18                 result.append(str); // Concatenate the matching strings
19             }
20         }
21     }
22 }

```

```

20     }
21
22     // If no matching string was found, return "no matches found"
23     if (result.length() == 0) {
24         return "no matches found";
25     }
26
27     // Convert the concatenated result to lowercase and return
28     return result.toString().toLowerCase();
29 }
30
31 public static void main(String[] args) {
32     Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
33
34     // Input the number of strings in the array
35     int numOfStrings = scanner.nextInt();
36     scanner.nextLine(); // Consume the newline after the integer input
37
38     // Input the strings in a single line
39     String[] arr = new String[numOfStrings];
40     String inputLine = scanner.nextLine(); // Read the entire line of strings
41     String[] inputStrings = inputLine.split(" "); // Split the input line into an array of strings
42
43     // Store in the array
44     for (int i = 0; i < numOfStrings; i++) {
45         arr[i] = inputStrings[i];
46     }
47
48     // Get the result by calling the method
49     String result = extractAndConcatenate(numOfStrings, arr);
50
51     // Print the result
52     System.out.println(result);

```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	3 oreo sirish apple	oreoapple	oreoapple	✓
✓	2 Mango banana	no matches found	no matches found	✓
✓	3 Ate Ace Girl	ateace	ateace	✓

Passed all tests! ✓



◀ Lab-08-MCQ

Jump to...

FindStringCode ▶