

# LITERATURE REVIEW

## Smart Waste Management System for Metropolitan Cities

### TEAM MEMBERS:

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### PAPER 1:

**TITLE:** IoT Based Waste Management for Smart City

**AUTHOR NAME:** Parkash Tambare, Prabu Venkatachalam

**PUBLICATION YEAR:** 2016

### DESCRIPTION:

In the current situation, we frequently observe that the trash cans or dust cans that are located in public spaces in cities are overflowing due to an increase in the amount of waste produced each day. We are planning to construct "IoT Based Waste Management for Smart Cities" to prevent this from happening because it makes living conditions for people unsanitary and causes unpleasant odours in the surrounding area. There are numerous trash cans scattered throughout the city or on the campus that are part of the proposed system. Each trash can is equipped with a low-cost embedded device that tracks the level of the trash cans and an individual ID that will enable it to be tracked and identified.

## **PAPER 2:**

**AUTHOR NAME:** Mohammad Aazam, Marc St-Hilaire, Chung-Horng Lung, Ioannis Lambadaris

**PUBLICATION YEAR:** 2016

### **DESCRIPTION:**

Each bin in the Cloud SWAM system that Mohammad Aazam et al suggested has sensors that can detect the amount of waste inside. There are separate bins for organic, plastic/paper/bottle/glass, and metal waste. This way, each form of waste is already divided, and it is known how much and what kind of waste is collected thanks to the status. Different entities and stakeholders may benefit from the accessibility of cloud-stored data in different ways. Analysis and planning can begin as soon as garbage is collected and continue through recycling and import/export-related activities. Timely garbage collection is provided via the Cloud SWAM system. A timely and effective method of waste collection improves health, hygiene, and disposal.

## **PAPER 3:**

**TITLE:** Arduino Microcontroller Based Smart Dustbins for Smart Cities

**AUTHOR NAME:** K. Suresh, S. Bhuvanesh and B. Krishna Devan

**PUBLICATION YEAR:** 2019

### **DESCRIPTION:**

In this paper, a technique for cleaning up our surroundings and environment is described. The Indian government just began work on a smart city initiative, and in order for these towns to be smarter than they already are, the garbage collection and disposal system must be improved upon. Self-Monitoring Automated Route Trash (SMART) dustbins are intended for use in smart buildings such as colleges, hospitals, and bus stops, among other places. In this study, we have employed the PIR and Ultrasonic sensors to detect human presence, the Servomotor to open the dustbin lid, and the Ultrasonic sensor to detect the level

of rubbish. Signals between two trash cans are transmitted using a communication module, and the GSM module sends the message to the operator.

#### **PAPER 4:**

**AUTHOR NAME:** Mohd Helmy Abd Wahab, Aeslina Abdul Kadir, Mohd Razali Tomari and Mohamad Hairol Jabbar

**PUBLICATION YEAR:** 2014

#### **DESCRIPTION:**

Proposed a smart recycle bin that can handle the recycling of plastic, glass, paper, and aluminium cans. It generates a 3R card after automatically determining the value of the trash thrown away. The recycle system makes it possible to accumulate points for placing waste into designated recycle bins. By allowing the points to be redeemed for goods or services, such a system promotes recycling activities. The system keeps track of information on disposal procedures, materials disposed of, user identification, and points accrued by the user. To use the recycle bin, the user must tap his card to the designated RFID reader. Doors to recycling bins are opened, and rubbish is placed one by one.

#### **PAPER 5:**

**TITLE:** Waste Management Initiatives in India For Human Wellbeing

**AUTHOR NAME:** Dr. Raveesh Agarwal, Mona Chaudhary and Jayveer Singh

**PUBLICATION YEAR:** 2015

#### **DESCRIPTION:**

The objective of this paper is to examine the present methods used in India for the welfare of its people in different waste management efforts. The other goal is to offer advice on how to make Indian municipalities' trash disposal procedures better. On secondary research, this essay is founded. The system is improved by looking at the reports that have already been written about waste management

and the suggestions made for improvement by planners, NGOs, consultants, government accountability organisations, and important business leaders. It provides in-depth understanding of the various waste management programmes in India and identifies areas where waste management might be improved for societal benefit. The essay makes an effort to comprehend the crucial part that our nation's official waste management sector plays in the waste management process.

## **PAPER 6:**

**AUTHOR NAME:** Fachmin F olianto, Yong Sheng Low and Wai Leong Yeow

**PUBLICATION YEAR:** 2015

### **DESCRIPTION:**

A three-tier design is proposed for the smart bin system. Each Smartbin is equipped with an ultrasonic sensor that detects bin fullness and records readings and sensor statuses. The gateway nod, which is a part of every sensor cluster, receives the sensor reading and transmits it. To the backend server, it transmits the data. The back end server's analytics module examines the information that the bin subsystem has gathered. The analytics module examines fullness readings, compares against preset criteria, and creates events when a threshold is exceeded. The workstation receives data from the bin sub-system, and a graphical user interface displays useful data to users.

## **PAPER 7:**

**TITLE:** Design and Development of Smart Waste Management System: A Mobile App for Connecting and Monitoring Dustbin Using IoT

**AUTHOR NAME:** Na Jong Shen, Azham Hussain and Yuhanis Yusof

**PUBLICATION YEAR:** 2020

**DESCRIPTION:**

The Smart Waste Management Method is an extremely creative system that will advance the development of the Smart City. We frequently notice that the garbage cans placed in open areas of our city are always overstuffed. The result is filthy conditions in the city, and Malaysia's present waste management system is not optimised to address the issue. Additionally, the old method of physically checking the garbage in dustbins is a difficult operation that requires a lot more human labour and costs money. A scheme dubbed the Smart Waste Management System is put into place to prevent any such instances. This solution was created to enable mobile applications to communicate with Internet of Things (IoT)-based trash cans. Adaptive Software Development is the approach used to create this project.

**PAPER 8:**

**AUTHOR NAME:** Keerthana b et al.

**PUBLICATION YEAR:** 2017

**DESCRIPTION:**

Designed an internet of bins for trash management in India. When the garbage level reaches its peak, the smart TRASH management system, which uses sensor, microcontroller, and other modules, guarantees that the trash cans are properly emptied. If the waste quantity exceeds one of the two thresholds established for the bins, an alarm message is delivered to the vehicle that picks up the garbage. People may continue to put garbage bags in the bins until they exceed the threshold limit thanks to the technology. To empty the bin, it waits for the van to acknowledge it, and if it doesn't, it sends the message again until it approaches the threshold limit, at which point the bin is locked. When the bin gets locked it displays the message "Overloaded". Then the dustbin will be monitored for a specific time and when not cleared within a certain time limit, then a message will be sent to the higher authority who can take appropriate action.

## **PAPER 9:**

**TITLE:** IoT based smart garbage collection system

**AUTHOR NAME:** Rahul Kumar Borah, Sahana Shetty, Rahul Patidar, Anisha Raniwala and Kratee Jain

**PUBLICATION YEAR:** 2018

### **DESCRIPTION:**

To create an effective and dynamic waste management system, the smart trash container is crucial. One of the most significant challenges for municipal organisations across the world is managing waste from its inception to transfer. Due to the daily growth in garbage, dustbins placed across finished urban areas and placed in open areas are overflowing, creating unsanitary circumstances for the residents. To maintain a crucial barrier from such a situation, we have proposed a remote strong waste management prototype for smart urban groups. This prototype enables common associations to remotely monitor the status of trash cans, complete web server, and profitably maintain urban areas clean by increasing the cost and time required for it.

## **PAPER 10:**

**TITLE:** Smart City Waste Management System using IoT and Cloud Computing.

**AUTHOR NAME:** Aderemi A. Atayero, Segun I. Popoola, Rotimi Williams, Joke A. Badejo and Sanjay Misra

**PUBLICATION YEAR:** 2021

### **DESCRIPTION:**

Solid waste disposal without consideration is a significant problem in the metropolitan areas of the majority of developing nations, and it seriously jeopardizes the residents' ability to live a healthy lifestyle. Both the local government and the populace will benefit from having access to trustworthy data on the situation with solid waste at various points across the city. In this study,

the Internet of Things (IoT) and cloud computing technologies are used to create an intelligent solid waste monitoring system. Ultrasonic sensors are used to measure the solid waste fill levels in each of the containers, which are placed in strategic locations around the community. The sensor data is sent through a Wireless Fidelity (Wi-Fi) communication link to the Thing Speak IoT cloud platform.