

COCOMO II MODEL

We use the COCOMO II model to estimate the efforts required to build for library management system software that produces 12 screens, 10 reports, and will require approximately 80% (assume) as new software components. We assume average (medium) complexity and average developer/environment maturity.

Object points:

Complexity Weight

| Object type | Simple | Medium | Difficult |
|-------------------|--------|--------|-----------|
| Screens | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| Report | 2 | 5 | 8 |
| 3GL components | | | 10 |

The object points of medium for screen is 2 and for report is 5 we use in weight factor.

| Object | Count | Complexity | Weight Factor | Total Objects |
|----------------|-------|------------|---------------|---------------|
| Screen | 12 | Medium | 2 | 24 |
| Report | 10 | Medium | 5 | 50 |
| 3GL Components | 0 | NA | NA | 0 |

Total Object Points: 74

It is given that 80% of components have to be newly developed. So remaining 20% can be reused.

New object point (NOP):

$$\text{NOP} = (\text{object points}) * [(100 - \% \text{reuse}) / 100]$$

$$\text{NOP} = 74 * (100 - 20) / 100$$

$$= 74 * 80 / 100$$

$$\text{NOP} = 59.2 \text{ object points}$$

Since productivity is given average, we can assume **PROD=13**

$$\text{effort} = \text{NOP}/\text{PROD}$$

$$\text{effort} = 59.2/13$$

$$\text{effort} = 4.55 \text{ person months}$$

Hence, 4.55 (effort) person months is taken for development.