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29. E	EXPERIMENT 1287 2287 287 287 287 287 287 287 287 287	291
Ti	The state of the s	312ACVAL
7B/	Description 22812 CVA291 22812AC AND TO AND	-9-122B1
1	Prime factors of a positive integer are the prime numbers that divide that integer exactly.	
1820×	Given an array arr of n integers and a positive integer num.	,2ACVA20
	Let's suppose prime factorization of num is: $p^a x q^b x r^c x x z^f$, where p,q,rz are prime numbers.	2 AC
2281240	Sum of numbers in array arr at indices of prime factors of number num is: a x arr[p] + b x arr[q] + c x arr[r] + + f x arr[z].	^`
222	You are given an array arr of size n and a positive integer num. You are required to calculate the sum of numbers in arr as mentioned above, and print the same.	29.7 228
00/	Note:	
«YA29.1	 If arr is empty, print -1. If prime factor of num not found as indices, print 0. 	BIZACVA
.21	Input Format:	/
< 2281.	The input consists of three lines:	ر ^ر ۲
1229	 The first line contains an integer, i.e. n. The second line contains an array arr of length of n. The third line contains an integer num 	, A2O
ZACT	The input will be read from the STDIN by the candidates.	212AC
	Output Format:	12
228	Print the sum that was mentioned in the problem statement.	
	Example:	1A29:1
	Input:	5
	6	
	11 21 32 45 1 23	22811
	6	
	Output:	000
	77	W JK
	Explanation:	r

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Source Code:
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```
def prime_factors(n):
   factors = set()
    # Check for number of 2s that divide n
   while n % 2 == 0:
        factors.add(2)
       n //= 2
   # n must be odd at this point so a skip of 2 (i.e., i = i + 2) can be used
   for i in range(3, int(n**0.5) + 1, 2):
        while n % i == 0:
            factors.add(i)
            n //= i
    # This condition is to check if n is a prime number greater than 2
    if n > 2:
        factors.add(n)
   return list(factors)
def calculate_sum(arr, num):
   if not arr: # Check if the array is empty
        return -1
    factors = prime_factors(num) # Get prime factors of num
    total_sum = 0
    found_valid_index = False
    for factor in factors:
        if factor < len(arr): # Check if factor can be used as an index
            total_sum += arr[factor]
            found_valid_index = True
    return total_sum if found_valid_index else 0 # Return sum or 0 if no valid index found
# Reading input
n = int(input()) # Length of the array
arr = list(map(int, input().split())) # The array elements
num = int(input()) # The number to factor
# Calculate and print the result
result = calculate_sum(arr, num)
print(result)
```

RESULT

2 / 5 Test Cases Passed | 40 %