## **Lab 6: Introduction to Data Structures**

**Topics covered: Linear sorting algorithms and AVL trees** 

Q1) Implementing Linear sorting algorithms: Write a C++ program to implement: (15)

Max points: 30

- 1) Radix Sort
- 2) Counting Sort
- 3) Bucket Sort

Record the time it takes to perform the sort in each case. For a given input list from the end-user, output the sorted list with the time of execution.

Initial print message

Please select an algorithm to perform the sorting:

- 1) Radix sort
- 2) Counting sort
- 3) Bucket sort

Input: 1

Print message:

Please enter the number of elements and the elements to be sorted.

Input:

10

23 14 25 89 75 78 84 455 233 122

Output:

14 23 25 75 78 84 89 122 233 455

0.567 s

Hint: You may use the clock() function to compute the time of execution. An example is provided below from *Geeks for Geeks*:

https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/measure-execution-time-with-high-precision-in-c-c/

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;

// A sample function whose time taken to
// be measured
void fun()
{
```

```
for (int i=0; i<10; i++)
  {
  }
}
int main()
  /* clock_t clock(void) returns the number of clock ticks
    elapsed since the program was launched. To get the number
    of seconds used by the CPU, you will need to divide by
    CLOCKS_PER_SEC.where CLOCKS_PER_SEC is 1000000 on typical
    32-bit system. */
  clock_t start, end;
  /* Recording the starting clock tick.*/
  start = clock();
  fun();
  // Recording the end clock tick.
  end = clock();
  // Calculating total time taken by the program.
  double time_taken = double(end - start) / double(CLOCKS_PER_SEC);
  cout << "Time taken by program is: " << fixed
     << time_taken << setprecision(5);
  cout << " sec " << endl;
  return 0;
}
```

- Q2) Write a C++ program to implement the median of medians algorithm to find the jth max and compare the effect on the time-of-execution with the increase in the number of inputs: (7 marks)
- 1) Computing j^th max by naive algorithm i.e. computing 1st min, then 2nd min, .., and so on
- 2) Computing j^th max by random pivot algorithm (using partition algorithm by quick sort)
- 3) Computing j^th max by the median of medians algorithm

You need to construct two plots for each of the cases above:

- 1) fix j to some value (say n/10) and vary n from 100, 200, 300, 400, 500
- 2) fix the value of n (say 500) and vary j from 1, 10, 50, 100, 150, 200, 250
- Q3) Write a C++ program to perform AVL tree insertion and deletion. For a given end-user input, perform the insertion and deletions and show the tree structure before and after the deletion as a level order traversal. (8 marks)

Print message: "Select the operation and enter the number to inserted or deleted.

- 1) Insertion
- 2) Deletion"

Input:

15

Output:

List before the operation: Null List after the operation: 5

Input:

26

List before the operation: 5 List after the operation: 5 6 is not present in the tree