

# DSML Intermediate : Time Complexity and Sorting III

## Recap

$$\underline{f(N)} = N^3 + \textcircled{1} N^2 + \textcircled{8}$$

$$= \boxed{N^3} + N^2$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{\mathcal{O}(N^3)}$$

Big-O:

- ✓ 0. Calculate no of iterations / operations in the program
- ✓ 1. Drop off constants
- ✓ 2. Take only the highest power in terms of the input (N)

In [ ]:

In [ ]:

In [ ]:



1. Drop on constants

2. Take only the highest power in terms of the input (N)

## Quiz - 2

```
for (i = 0; i < N; i++) {  
    for (j = 0; j < N; j++) {  
        if (numbers[i] < numbers[j]) {  
            ++eqPerms  
        }  
        else {  
            ++neqPerms  
        }  
    }  
}
```

psuedo  
code

independent of  
programming  
lang.  
Pseuedo Code

for i in range(N)

start = 0  
end = N-1  
inc = 1

for (i=0; i<N; i++)

↑      ↑      ↑  
start cond^n inc

In [ ]:

$$\text{Quiz-3} \quad \cancel{O(N^2 + N)}$$

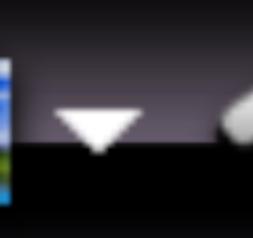
In [ ]:

$$\cancel{N^2 + N}$$

In [ ]:

$$\cancel{N^2}$$

In [ ]:



1. Drop off constants
2. Take only the highest power in terms of the input (N)

## Quiz - 2

```
for (i = 0; i < N; i++) {  
    for (j = 0; j < N; j++) {  
        if (numbers[i][j] < numbers[j][i]) {  
            ++eqPerms  
        }  
        else {  
            ++neqPerms  
        }  
    }  
}
```

Annotations in blue:

- $i++$  and  $j++$  circled with blue circles.
- $i$  and  $j$  circled with blue circles.
- $int$  written next to the closing brace of the inner loop.
- $eqPerms$  and  $neqPerms$  circled with blue ovals.
- $int$  written next to the closing brace of the outer loop.
- $i$  and  $j$  circled with blue circles.
- $list$  written next to the closing brace of the inner loop.
- $i$  and  $j$  circled with blue circles.
- $int$  written next to the closing brace of the outer loop.

```
for i in range(N):  
    for j in range(N):  
        if numbers[i][j] < numbers[j][i]:  
            eqPerms += 1  
        else:  
            neqPerms += 1
```

Python



1. Drop off constants
2. Take only the highest power in terms of the input (N)

$$[a, b] \Rightarrow b - a + 1$$

## Quiz - 2

```

for (i = 0; i < N; i++) {
    for (j = 0; j < N; j++) {
        if (numbers[i] < numbers[j]) {
            ++eqPerms
        }
        else {
            ++neqPerms
        }
    }
}

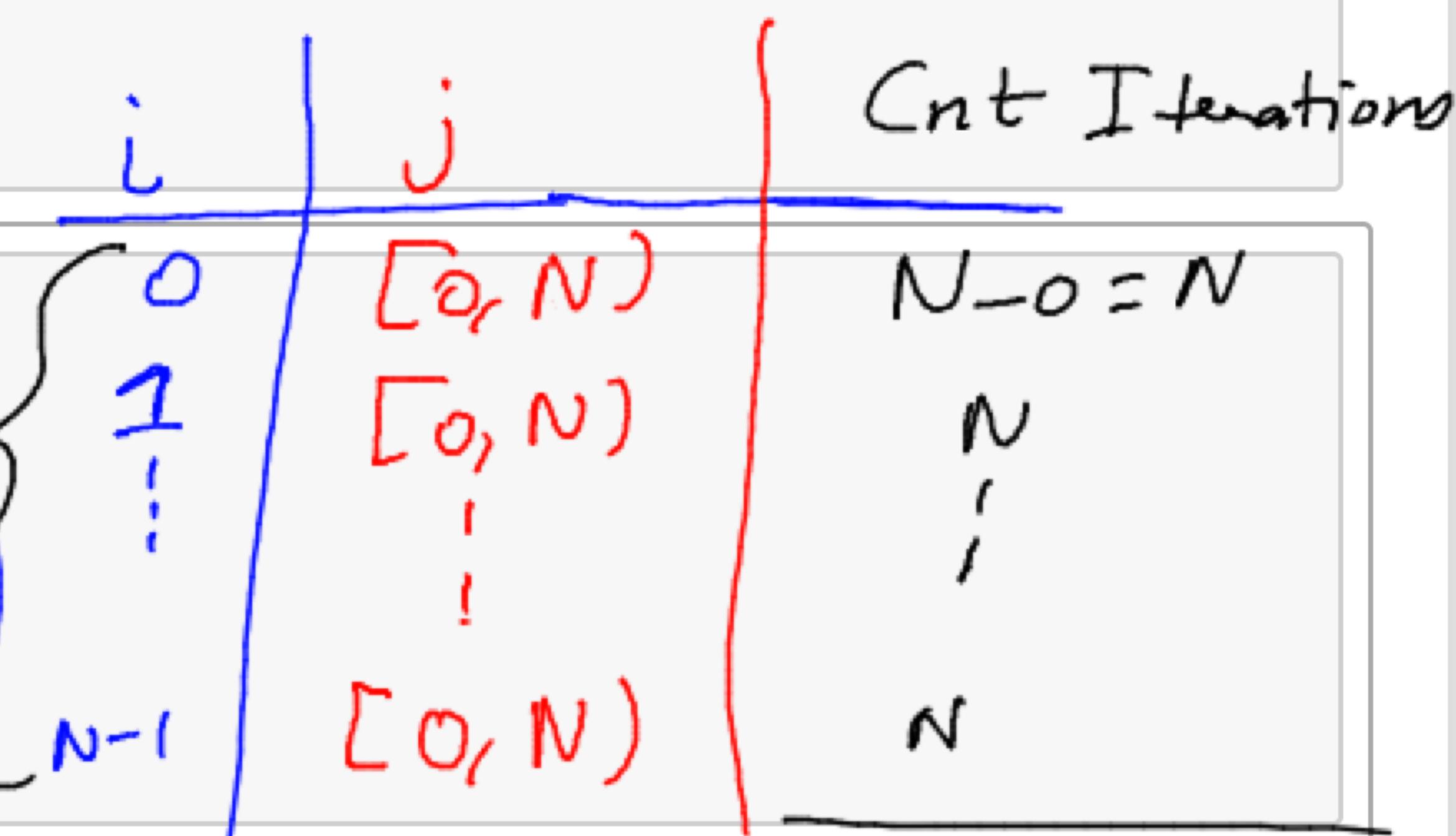
```

$$\begin{aligned}
 & [0, N-1] \\
 & \overline{\quad} \\
 & \Rightarrow N - 0 + 1 \\
 & \Rightarrow N
 \end{aligned}$$

```

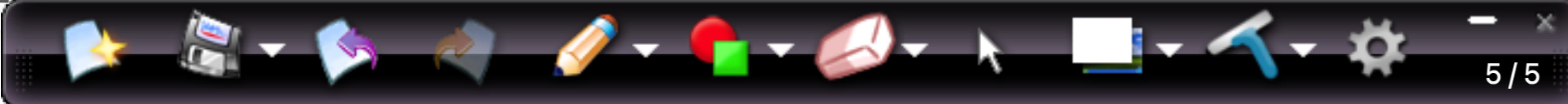
for i in range(N):
    for j in range(N):
        if numbers[i] < numbers[j]:
            eqPerms += 1
        else:
            neqPerms += 1

```



In [ ]:

$$N(N) = N^2$$



1. Drop off constants
2. Take only the highest power in terms of the input (N)

## Quiz - 2

```
for (i = 0; i < N; i++) {  
    for (j = 0; j < N; j++) {  
        if (numbers[i] < numbers[j]) {  
            ++eqPerms  
        }  
        else {  
            ++neqPerms  
        }  
    }  
}
```

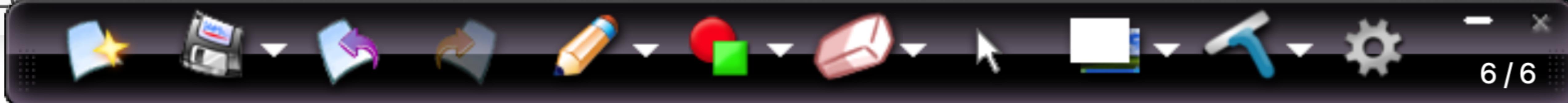
0  $O(N^2)$  ✓  
1 Constants removed -  
2

$$\cancel{2N^2}$$

```
for i in range(N):  
    for j in range(N):  
        if numbers[i] < numbers[j]:  
            eqPerms += 1  
        else:  
            neqPerms += 1
```

$1(N^2)$   
 $3N^2$   
 $\Rightarrow O(N^2)$

In [ ]:



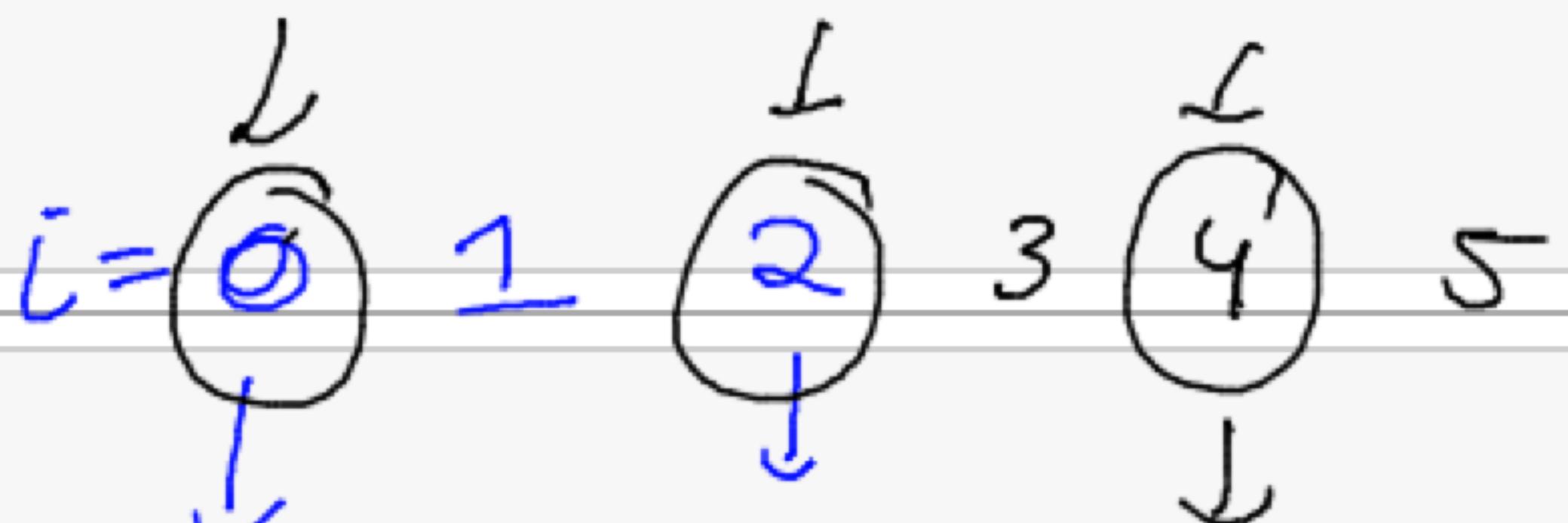
```
eqPerms += 1  
else:  
    neqPerms += 1
```

## Quiz - 4

$$i=0 \rightarrow N$$

```
for (i = 0; i < N; ++i) {  
    if ((i % 2) == 0) {  
        outVal[i] = inVals[i] * i  
    }  
}
```

$$\underline{N=6}$$



i has  
to be even.

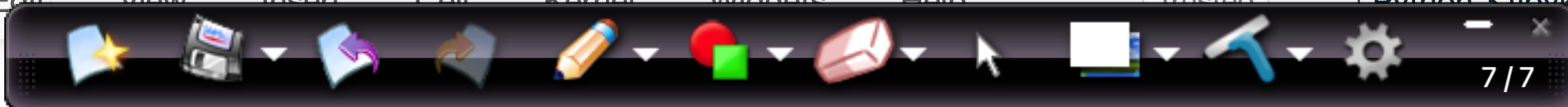
```
for i in range(N):  
    if i % 2 == 0:  
        outVal[i] = inVal[i] * i
```

In [ ]:

$$f(N) = \frac{N}{2} + c$$

In [ ]:

In [ ]:



```
for (i = 0; i < N; ++i) {  
    if ((i % 2) == 0) {  
        outVal[i] = inVals[i] * i  
    }  
}
```

Iterations  
 $\textcircled{N}$

```
for i in range(N):  
    if i % 2 == 0:  
        outVal[i] = inVal[i] * i
```

↑

$O(N)$

In [ ]:  $i = 0$       1  
 $\text{while } i < N:$        $\rightarrow N + 1$   
 $\rightarrow \text{if } i \% 2 == 0:$   
 $\quad \quad \quad \text{outVal}[i] = inVal[i] * i$        $\textcircled{N/2}$   
 $\quad \quad \quad i += 1$        $\longrightarrow N$

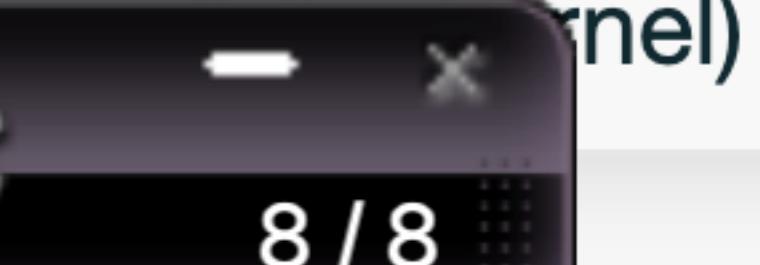
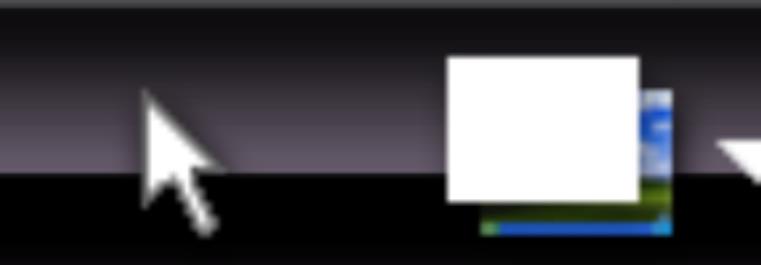
$i =$

In [ ]:  
 $| + N + 1 + N + \frac{N}{2} + N$

In [ ]:  
 $= 8N + \frac{N}{2} + 2$

In [ ]:

In [ ]:



In [ ]:

# Sorting

## Bubble Sort

```
In [1]: def bubble_sort(a):
    j = 0
    N = len(a) # get the length
    while j < N - 1:
        if a[j] > a[j + 1]:
            # swap larger with smaller
            a[j], a[j + 1] = a[j + 1], a[j]
        j += 1
    return a
```

```
In [2]: bubble_sort([10, 6, 14, 20, 2, 19])
```

```
Out[2]: [6, 10, 14, 2, 19, 20]
```

In [ ]:

In [ ]:

Largest element was settled/bubbled.



```
j += 1
print(a)
print('-'*30)

j = 0
while j < N - 1:
    if a[j] > a[j + 1]:
        # swap larger with smaller
        a[j], a[j + 1] = a[j + 1], a[j]
    j += 1

print(a)
print('*30)
return a
```

In [6]: bubble\_sort([10, 6, 14, 20, 2, 19])

[6, 10, 14, 2, 19, 20]

[6, 10, 2, 14, 19, 20]

Out[6]: [6, 10, 2, 14, 19, 20]

6, 10, 14, 2, 19, 20  
↑ ↑

6, 10, 2, 14, 19, 20  
✓

In [ ]:

In [ ]:



```
print(a)
print('-'*30)

j = 0
while j < N - 1:
    if a[j] > a[j + 1]:
        # swap larger with smaller
        a[j], a[j + 1] = a[j + 1], a[j]
    j += 1

print(a)
print('-'*30)
return a
```

In [8]: bubble\_sort([10, 6, 14, 20, 2, 19])

[6, 10, 14, 2, 19, 20]

[6, 10, 2, 14, 19, 20]

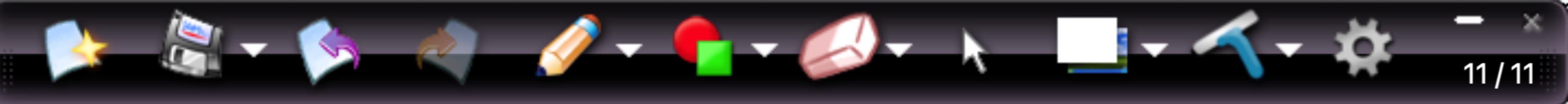
[6, 2, 10, 14, 19, 20]

Out[8]: [6, 2, 10, 14, 19, 20]

6, 10, 2, 14, 19, 20  
— ↑ ↑ ↑

6, 2, 10, 14, 19, 20  
↙

In [ ]:



```
print(a)
print('-'*30)

j = 0
while j < N - 1:
    if a[j] > a[j + 1]:
        # swap larger with smaller
        a[j], a[j + 1] = a[j + 1], a[j]
    j += 1

print(a)
print('*'*30)
return a
```

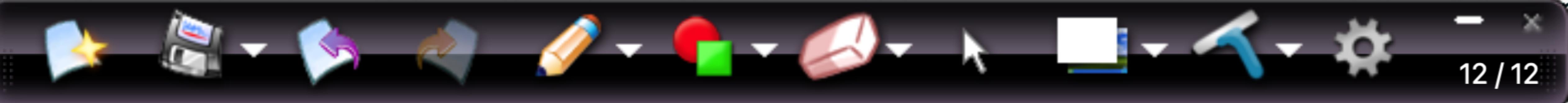
In [10]: `bubble_sort([10, 6, 14, 20, 2, 19])`

```
[6, 10, 14, 2, 19, 20]
-----
[6, 10, 2, 14, 19, 20]
-----
[6, 2, 10, 14, 19, 20]
-----
[2, 6, 10, 14, 19, 20]
```

Diagram illustrating the bubble sort process:

- Initial state: 6, 2, 10, 14, 19, 20
- After first pass: 2, 6, 10, 14, 19, 20 (the 10 is circled in red)
- After second pass: 2, 6, 10, 14, 19, 20 (the 14 is circled in red)
- After third pass: 2, 6, 10, 14, 19, 20 (the 19 is circled in red)
- Final state: 2, 6, 10, 14, 19, 20

Out[10]: [2, 6, 10, 14, 19, 20]



```
print(a)
print('-'*30)

j = 0
while j < N - 1:
    if a[j] > a[j + 1]:
        # swap larger with smaller
        a[j], a[j + 1] = a[j + 1], a[j]
    j += 1

print(a)
print('-'*30)
return a
```

In [11]: `bubble_sort([9, 8, 7, 6, 5])`

1 [8, 7, 6, 5, 9]  
-----  
2 [7, 6, 5, 8, 9]  
-----  
3 [6, 5, 7, 8, 9]  
-----  
4 [5, 6, 7, 8, 9]

$n = 5$

$n-1$  iterations

Out[11]: [5, 6, 7, 8, 9]

In [ ]:



In [15]: `bubble_sort([9, 8, 7, 6, 5])`

[8, 7, 6, 5, 9]

-----  
[7, 6, 5, 8, 9]

-----  
[6, 5, 7, 8, 9]

-----  
[5, 6, 7, 8, 9]

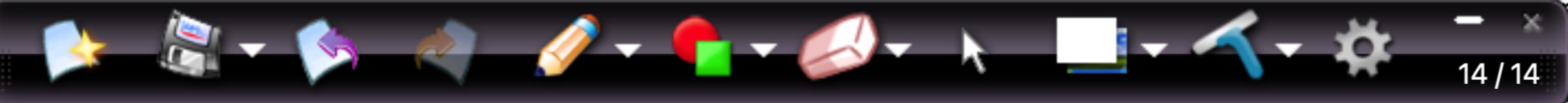
Out[15]: [5, 6, 7, 8, 9]

```
In [ ]: def bubble_sort(a):
    N = len(a) # get the length
    for i in range(N - 1):
        j = 0
        while j < N - 1:
            if a[j] > a[j + 1]:
                # swap larger with smaller
                a[j], a[j + 1] = a[j + 1], a[j]
            j += 1
        print(a)
        print('-'*30)
    return a
```

start      end      inc= ↴  
 ↓      ↓      ↓  
 for (j=0; j<N-1; j++)

for j in range(N-1)

In [ ]:



```
In [16]: def bubble_sort(a):
    N = len(a) # get the length
    for i in range(N - 1): → N
        for j in range(N - 1):
            if a[j] > a[j + 1]:
                # swap larger with smaller
                a[j], a[j + 1] = a[j + 1], a[j]
                j += 1
            print(a)
            print('-'*30)
    return a
```



```
In [17]: bubble_sort([11, 10, 9, 8, 7, 6, 5])
```

```
[10, 9, 8, 7, 6, 5, 11]
-----
[9, 8, 7, 6, 5, 10, 11]
-----
[8, 7, 6, 5, 9, 10, 11]
-----
[7, 6, 5, 8, 9, 10, 11]
-----
[6, 5, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11]
-----
[5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11]
```

```
Out[17]: [5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11]
```

```
N = len(a) # get the length
for i in range(N - 1):
    for j in range(N - 1):
        if a[j] > a[j + 1]:
            # swap larger with smaller
            a[j], a[j + 1] = a[j + 1], a[j]
            j += 1
    print(a)
    print('-'*30)
return a
```

$$(a-b)^2 = a^2 + b^2 - 2ab$$

Worst  
Case

$$(N-1)^2$$

$$\equiv N^2 + \cancel{X} - 2\cancel{X}N$$

$$= O(N^2)$$

$$n = 7$$

```
In [17]: bubble_sort([11, 10, 9, 8, 7, 6, 5])
```

$i \geq 0$

17

122

1

15

16

[ 10, 9, 8, 7, 6, 5, 11 ]

[9, 8, 7, 6, 5, 10, 11]

8 7 6 5 9 10 11

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11

— — — — —

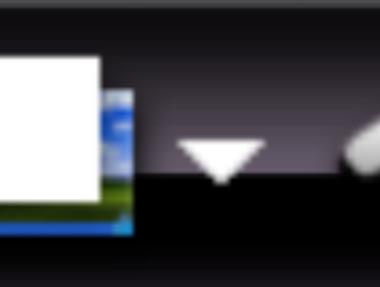
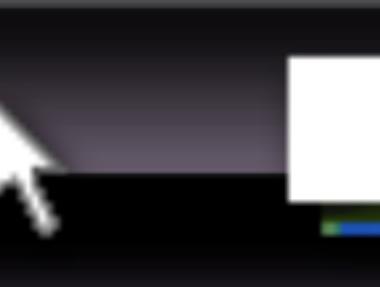
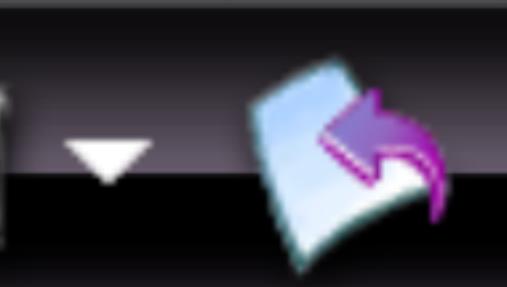
0, 5, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11

```
[ 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11 ]
```

```
Out[17]: [5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11]
```

# N-1

$i$	$j$	# iterations
0	$[0, N-1]$	$N-1$
1	$[0, N-1]$	$N-1$
2	$\vdots$	$\vdots$
$\vdots$	$\vdots$	$\vdots$
$N-2$	$[0, N-1]$	<u><math>N-1</math></u>
$\vdash$		$(N-1)(N-1)$



```
In [42]: def bubble_sort(a):
    N = len(a) # get the length
    for i in range(N - 1):
        for j in range(N - i - 1):
            if a[j] > a[j + 1]:
                # swap larger with smaller
                a[j], a[j + 1] = a[j + 1], a[j]
    print(a)
    print('-'*30)
return a
```

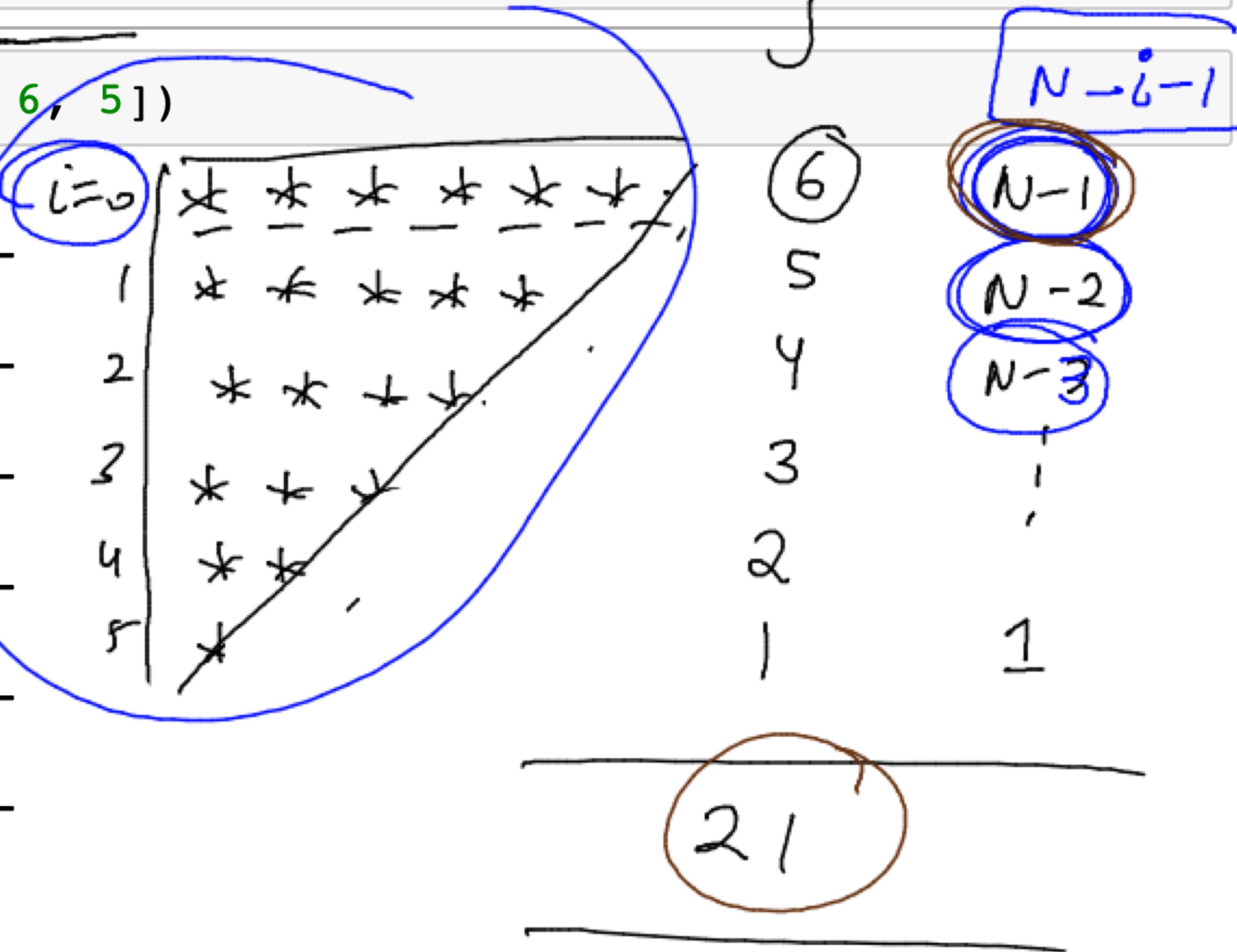
$$\frac{1+2+\dots+N}{2} = \frac{N(N+1)}{2}$$

$N = 7$

$$\frac{6*7}{2} = \frac{42}{2} = 21$$

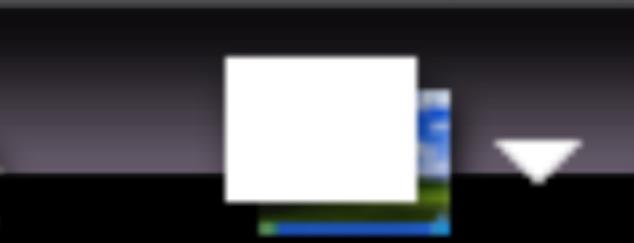
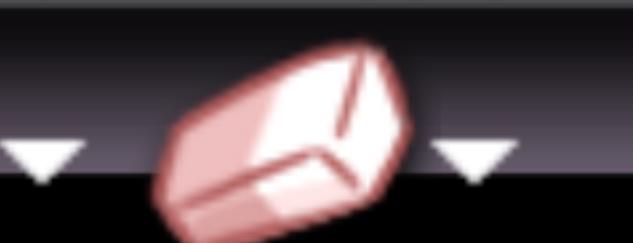
```
In [43]: bubble_sort([11, 10, 9, 8, 7, 6, 5])
```

0	[10, 9, 8, 7, 6, 5, 11]
1	[9, 8, 7, 6, 5, 10, 11]
2	[8, 7, 6, 5, 9, 10, 11]
3	[7, 6, 5, 8, 9, 10, 11]
4	[6, 5, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11]
5	[5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11]



Out[43]: [5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11]

In [44]: bubble\_sort([5, 4, 1, 2, 7, 8, 0, 10])



In [

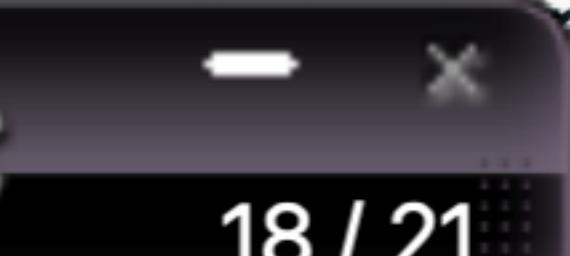
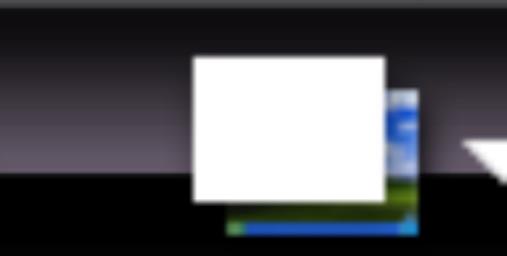
```
N = len(a) # get the length
for i in range(N - 1):
    for j in range(N - i - 1):
        if a[j] > a[j + 1]:
            # swap larger with smaller
            a[j], a[j + 1] = a[j + 1], a[j]
        j += 1
    print(a)
    print('-'*30)
return a
```

In [18]: `bubble_sort([11, 10, 9, 8, 7, 6, 5])`

```
[10, 9, 8, 7, 6, 5, 11]
-----
[9, 8, 7, 6, 5, 10, 11]
-----
[8, 7, 6, 5, 9, 10, 11]
-----
[7, 6, 5, 8, 9, 10, 11]
-----
[6, 5, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11]
-----
[5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11]
```

Out[18]: [5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11]

In [ ]:



Out[2]

18 / 21

In [22]: `bubble_sort([5, 4, 1, 2, 7, 8, 0, 10])`

[4, 1, 2, 5, 7, 0, 8, 10]  
-----

[1, 2, 4, 5, 0, 7, 8, 10]  
-----

[1, 2, 4, 0, 5, 7, 8, 10]  
-----

[1, 2, 0, 4, 5, 7, 8, 10]  
-----

[1, 0, 2, 4, 5, 7, 8, 10]  
-----

[0, 1, 2, 4, 5, 7, 8, 10]  
-----

[0, 1, 2, 4, 5, 7, 8, 10]  
-----

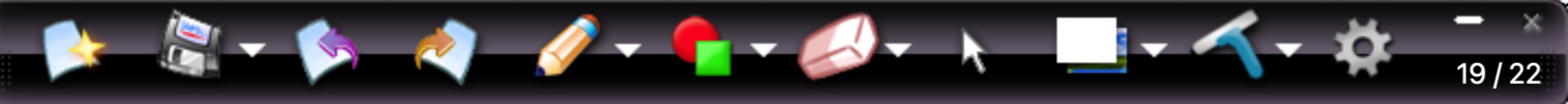
(a)t?  
pass

Out[22]: [0, 1, 2, 4, 5, 7, 8, 10]

In [ ]:

In [ ]:

In [ ]:



```
[1, 2, 0, 4, 5, 7, 8, 10]
-----
[1, 0, 2, 4, 5, 7, 8, 10]
-----
[0, 1, 2, 4, 5, 7, 8, 10]
-----
[0, 1, 2, 4, 5, 7, 8, 10]
-----
```

Out[22]: [0, 1, 2, 4, 5, 7, 8, 10]

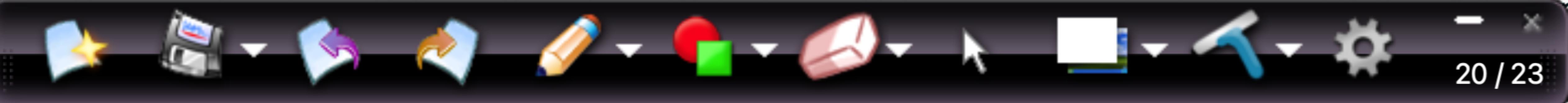
In [26]: bubble\_sort([1, 2, 3, 5, 4, 7, 6])

```
[1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7]
-----
[1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7]
-----
[1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7]
-----
[1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7]
-----
[1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7]
-----
[1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7]
```



Out[26]: [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7]

In [ ]:



```
[0, 1, 2, 4, 5, 7, 8, 10]
```

```
-----  
[0, 1, 2, 4, 5, 7, 8, 10]
```

Out[22]: [0, 1, 2, 4, 5, 7, 8, 10]

In [27]: `bubble_sort([1, 2, 3, 5, 4, 7, 6])`

```
[1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7]
```

```
-----  
[1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7]
```

```
-----  
[1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7]
```

```
-----  
[1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7]
```

```
-----  
[1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7]
```

```
-----  
[1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7]
```

Out[27]: [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7]

In [ ]:

In [ ]:



```
In [33]: def optimized_bubble_sort(a):
    N = len(a) # get the length
    for i in range(N - 1):
        for j in range(N - i - 1):
            if a[j] > a[j + 1]:
                # swap larger with smaller
                a[j], a[j + 1] = a[j + 1], a[j]
            j += 1
    print(a)
    print('-'*30)
    return a
```

unhappy student?

```
In [34]: optimized_bubble_sort([1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6])
```

[1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6]

-----  
[1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6]

-----  
[1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6]

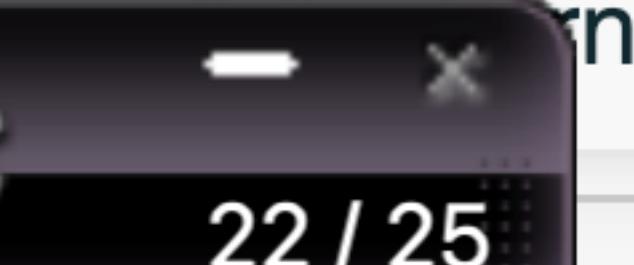
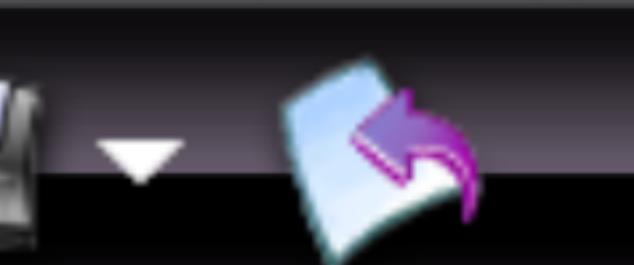
-----  
[1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6]

-----  
[1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6]

all happy  
=> no swaps!

```
Out[34]: [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6]
```

Worst case time complexity:



In [3]

```
N = len(a) # get the length
for i in range(N - 1):
    num_swaps = 0
    for j in range(N - i - 1):
        if a[j] > a[j + 1]:
            # swap larger with smaller
            a[j], a[j + 1] = a[j + 1], a[j]
            num_swaps += 1
        j += 1
    if num_swaps == 0:
        break
print(a)
print('-'*30)
return a
```

HW:

Try making

code simpler



In [39]:

optimized\_bubble\_sort([4, 5, 4, 2, 5, 6])

[4, 4, 2, 5, 6]



Can you use

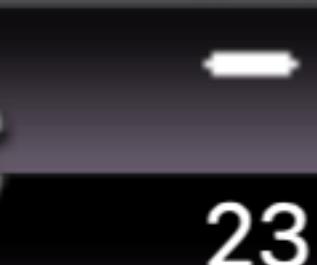
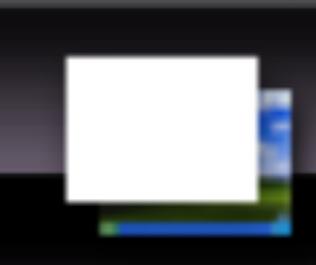
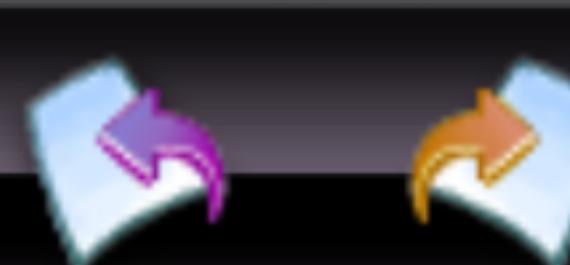
a boolean

variable?

-----  
[4, 2, 4, 5, 5, 6]-----  
[2, 4, 4, 5, 5, 6]

Out[39]: [2, 4, 4, 5, 5, 6]

Worst case time complexity:



In [ ]:

## Optimized Bubble Sort

```
In [46]: def optimized_bubble_sort(a):
    N = len(a) # get the length
    for i in range(N - 1):
        num_swaps = 0
        for j in range(N - i - 1):
            if a[j] > a[j + 1]:
                # swap larger with smaller
                a[j], a[j + 1] = a[j + 1], a[j]
                num_swaps += 1
            if num_swaps == 0:
                break
        print(a)
        print('-'*30)
    return a
```

$i=0, \frac{j}{[0, N-1]} = N-1$   
times.

Best  
Case:  $O(N)$

```
In [47]: optimized_bubble_sort([4, 5, 4, 2, 5, 6])
```

[4, 4, 2, 5, 5, 6]

-----  
[4, 2, 4, 5, 5, 6]

-----  
[2, 4, 4, 5, 5, 6]

-----



```
-----  
[7, 6, 5, 8, 9, 10, 11]  
-----
```

```
[6, 5, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11]  
-----
```

```
[5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11]  
-----
```

Out[41]: [5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11]

Best case for  
this code?

In [42]:

```
def bubble_sort(a):
    N = len(a) # get the length
    for i in range(N - 1):
        for j in range(N - i - 1):
            if a[j] > a[j + 1]:
                # swap larger with smaller
                a[j], a[j + 1] = a[j + 1], a[j]
            print(a)
            print('-'*30)
    return a
```

=>  $O(N^2)$

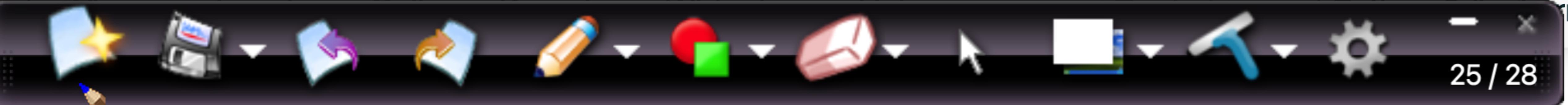
worst &  
best case.

In [43]: bubble\_sort([11, 10, 9, 8, 7, 6, 5])

```
[10, 9, 8, 7, 6, 5, 11]  
-----
```

```
[9, 8, 7, 6, 5, 10, 11]  
-----
```

```
[8, 7, 6, 5, 9, 10, 11]  
-----
```



```
[7, 6, 5, 8, 9, 10, 11]
```

```
[6, 5, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11]
```

```
[5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11]
```

Out[41]: [5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11]

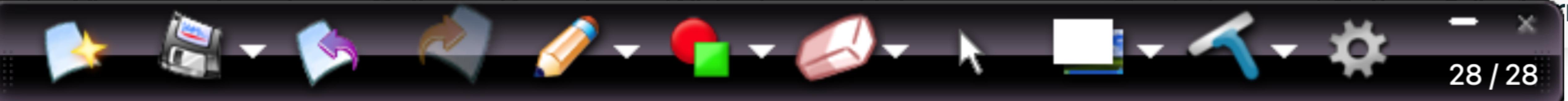
```
In [42]: def bubble_sort(a):
    N = len(a) # get the length
    for i in range(N - 1):
        for j in range(N - i - 1):
            if a[j] > a[j + 1]:
                # swap larger with smaller
                a[j], a[j + 1] = a[j + 1], a[j]
            print(a)
            print('-'*30)
    return a
```

```
In [43]: bubble_sort([11, 10, 9, 8, 7, 6, 5])
```

```
[10, 9, 8, 7, 6, 5, 11]
```

```
[9, 8, 7, 6, 5, 10, 11]
```

```
[8, 7, 6, 5, 9, 10, 11]
```



[5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11]

-----

Out[41]: [5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11]

In [42]:

```
def bubble_sort(a):
    N = len(a) # get the length
    for i in range(N - 1):
        for j in range(N - i - 1):
            if a[j] > a[j + 1]:
                # swap larger with smaller
                a[j], a[j + 1] = a[j + 1], a[j]
            print(a)
            print('-'*30)
    return a
```

In [43]:

```
bubble_sort([11, 10, 9, 8, 7, 6, 5])
```

[10, 9, 8, 7, 6, 5, 11]

-----

[9, 8, 7, 6, 5, 10, 11]

-----

[8, 7, 6, 5, 9, 10, 11]

-----

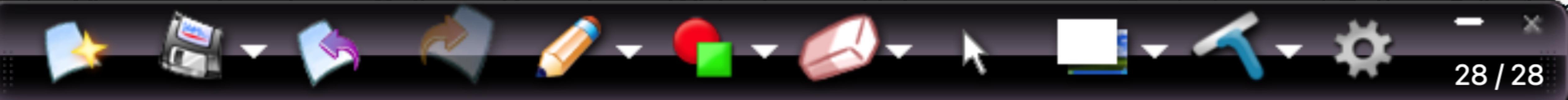
[7, 6, 5, 8, 9, 10, 11]

-----

[6, 5, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11]

-----

[5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11]



[5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11]

-----

Out[41]: [5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11]

```
In [42]: def bubble_sort(a):
    N = len(a) # get the length
    for i in range(N - 1):
        for j in range(N - i - 1):
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            print(a)
            print('-'*30)
    return a
```

In [43]: bubble\_sort([11, 10, 9, 8, 7, 6, 5])

[10, 9, 8, 7, 6, 5, 11]

-----

[9, 8, 7, 6, 5, 10, 11]

-----

[8, 7, 6, 5, 9, 10, 11]

-----

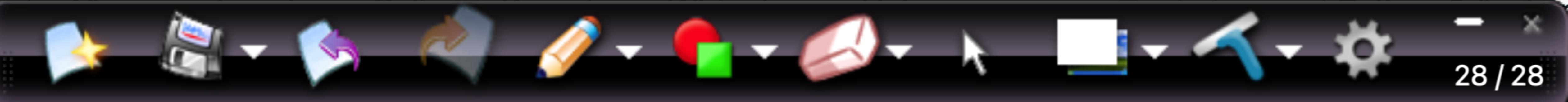
[7, 6, 5, 8, 9, 10, 11]

-----

[6, 5, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11]

-----

[5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11]



[5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11]

Out[41]: [5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11]

```
In [42]: def bubble_sort(a):
    N = len(a) # get the length
    for i in range(N - 1):
        for j in range(N - i - 1):
            if a[j] > a[j + 1]:
                # swap larger with smaller
                a[j], a[j + 1] = a[j + 1], a[j]
    print(a)
    print('-'*30)
    return a
```

After  
1 complete  
pass

In [43]: bubble\_sort([11, 10, 9, 8, 7, 6, 5])

[10, 9, 8, 7, 6, 5, 11]

[9, 8, 7, 6, 5, 10, 11]

[8, 7, 6, 5, 9, 10, 11]

[7, 6, 5, 8, 9, 10, 11]

[6, 5, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11]

[5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11]

10, 9, 8, 7, 6, 5

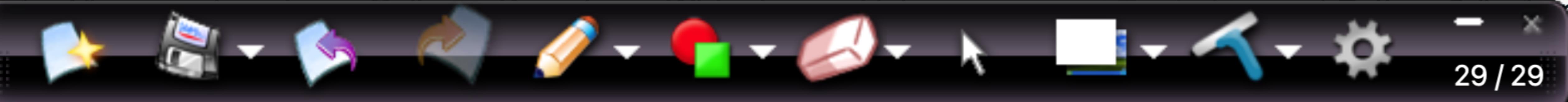
10, 9, 8, 7, 6, 5

10, 9, 8, 7, 6, 5

10, 9, 8, 7, 6, 5

10, 9, 8, 7, 6, 5

10, 9, 8, 7, 6, 5, 11



## Optimized Bubble Sort

```
In [46]: def optimized_bubble_sort(a):
    N = len(a) # get the length
    for i in range(N - 1):
        num_swaps = 0
        for j in range(N - i - 1):
            if a[j] > a[j + 1]:
                # swap larger with smaller
                a[j], a[j + 1] = a[j + 1], a[j]
                num_swaps += 1
            if num_swaps == 0:
                break
        print(a)
        print('-'*30)
    return a
```

```
In [47]: optimized_bubble_sort([4, 5, 4, 2, 5, 6])
```

```
[4, 4, 2, 5, 5, 6]
-----
[4, 2, 4, 5, 5, 6]
-----
[2, 4, 4, 5, 5, 6]
```

```
Out[47]: [2, 4, 4, 5, 5, 6]
```

# You have left the meeting

## We get frequent requests for your notes!

Notes written by you helps in understanding the topic better. You can upload the notes in two simple steps mentioned below

1

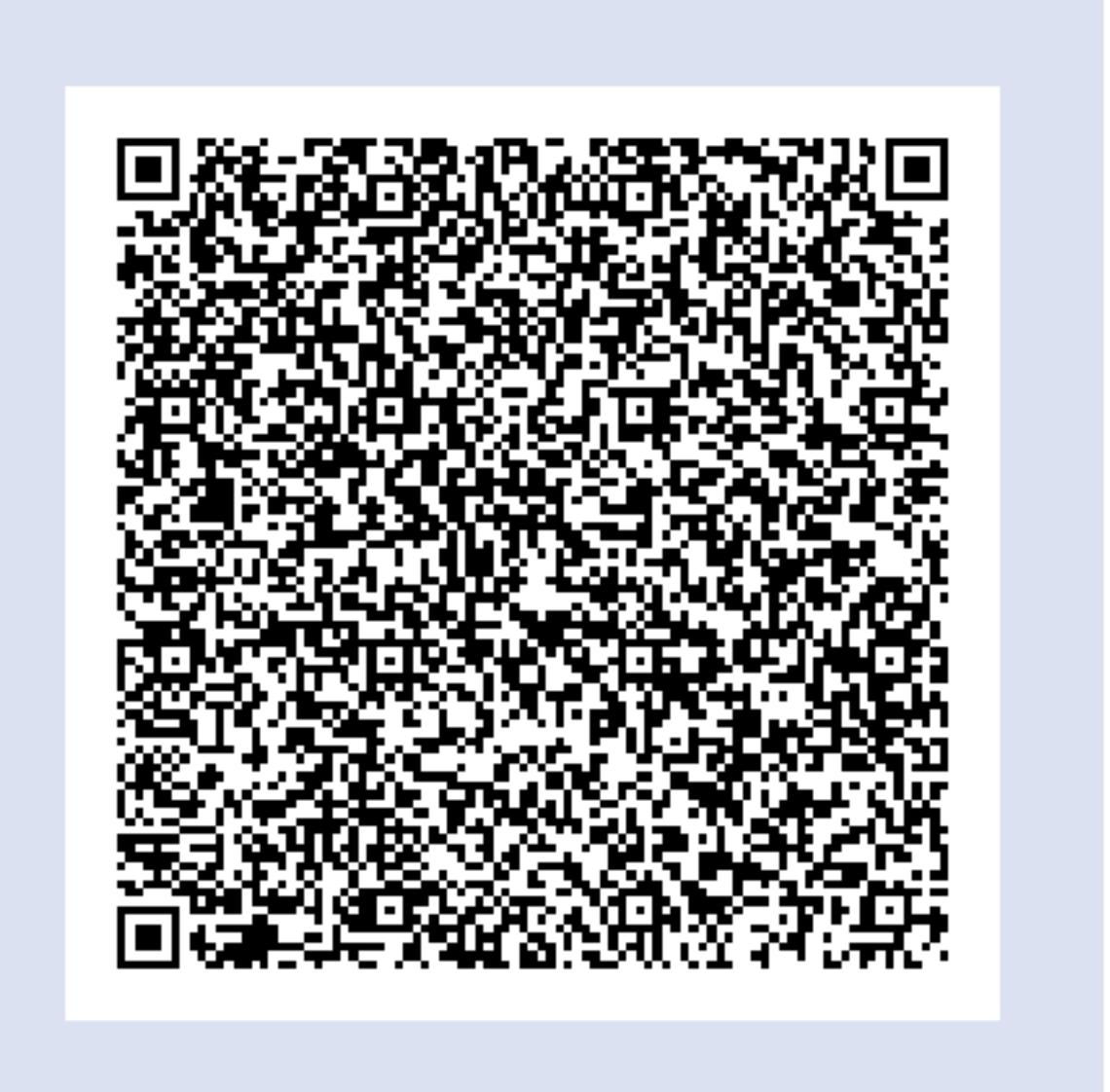
### Scan the QR code with your iPad

Scanner should be present in the top menu on your iPad

2

### Upload Notes on the generated link

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