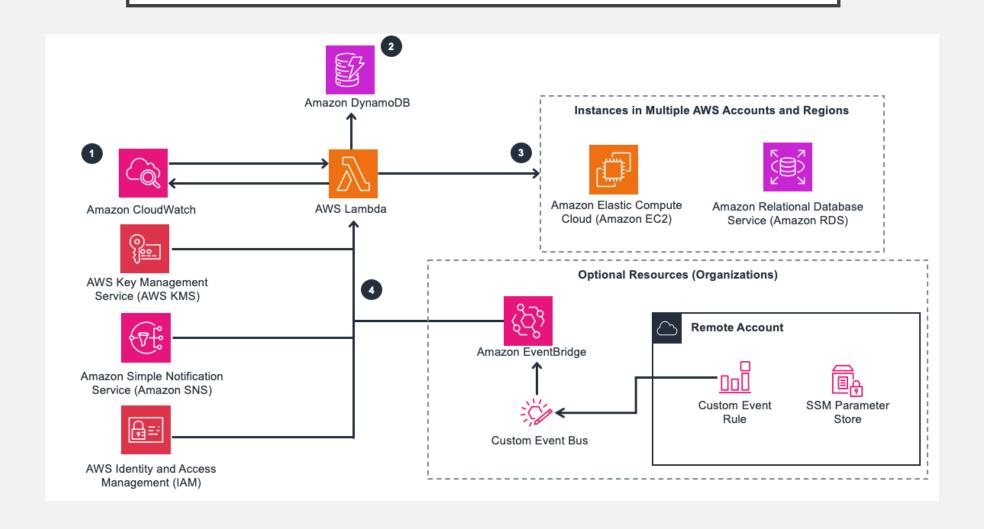
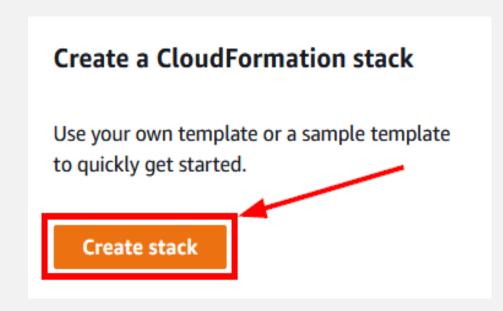
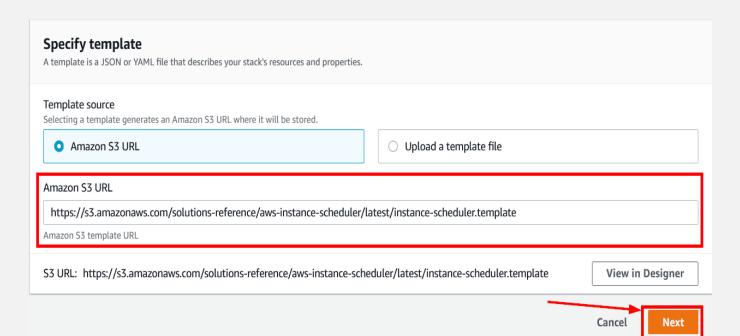
INSTANCE SCHEDULER ON AWS:





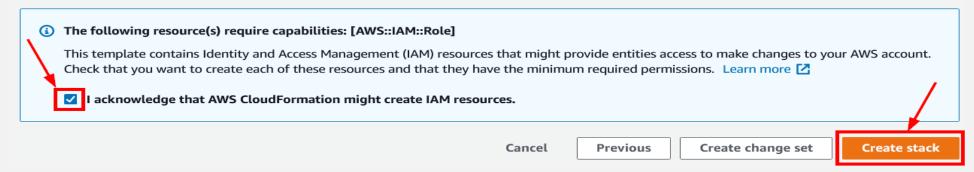


- I. Log in to the AWS Management Console. The link below will get you into the CloudFormation console https://console.aws.amazon.com/cloudformation/home.
- 2. Choose a region for the deployment of this stack in the upper panel (Frankfurt: eu-central-I).
- 3. From the main panel, click on the "Create stack" button.
- 4. In the "Specify template" section, select "Amazon S3 URL" and specify the URL below: https://s3.amazonaws.com/solutions-reference/aws-instance-scheduler/latest/instance-scheduler.template

This S3 URL leads to the latest official instance scheduler template from AWS.

And click "Next".

5. Set Stack name, for example: "My-scheduler".



- 6. Fill-in or select following details in the "Parameters" section.
- a. Instance Scheduler tag name: Leave the default value as "Schedule".
- b. Service(s) to schedule: Select "EC2".
- c. Scheduling enabled: Leave the default value "Yes".
- d. Enable CloudWatch Metrics: Select "Yes".
- e. Send anonymous usage data: Select "No".

There are more settings, but in this case, you can leave them as default:

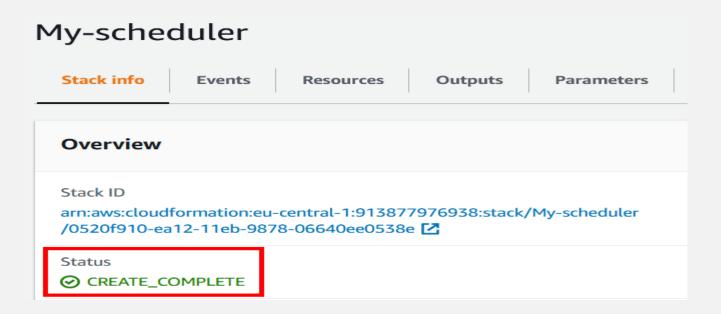
Region(s): You can specify more regions where Instance Scheduler will work (such as EU-west-1).

Default time zone: Select the most relevant time zone.

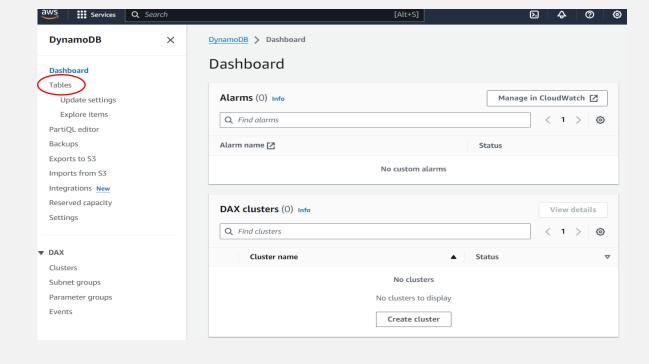
Frequency: Define frequency (I to 60 minutes) to run the AWS Instance Scheduler.

Memory size: Define memory for the AWS Lambda function. This is applicable for those with a large number of EC2 and RDS instances.

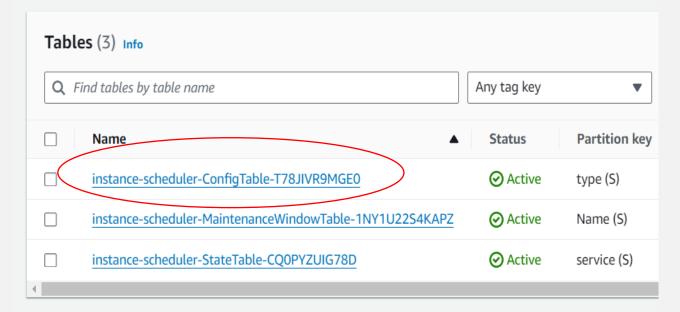
- 7. Click "Next".
- 8. On the Options page leave the default settings and click "Next".
- 9. Review your settings on the last page and select "I acknowledge that AWS CloudFormation might create IAM resources" and click on "Create stack".



10. Wait for the CloudFormation stack creation to indicate "CREATE_COMPLETE" – it can take a couple of minutes.



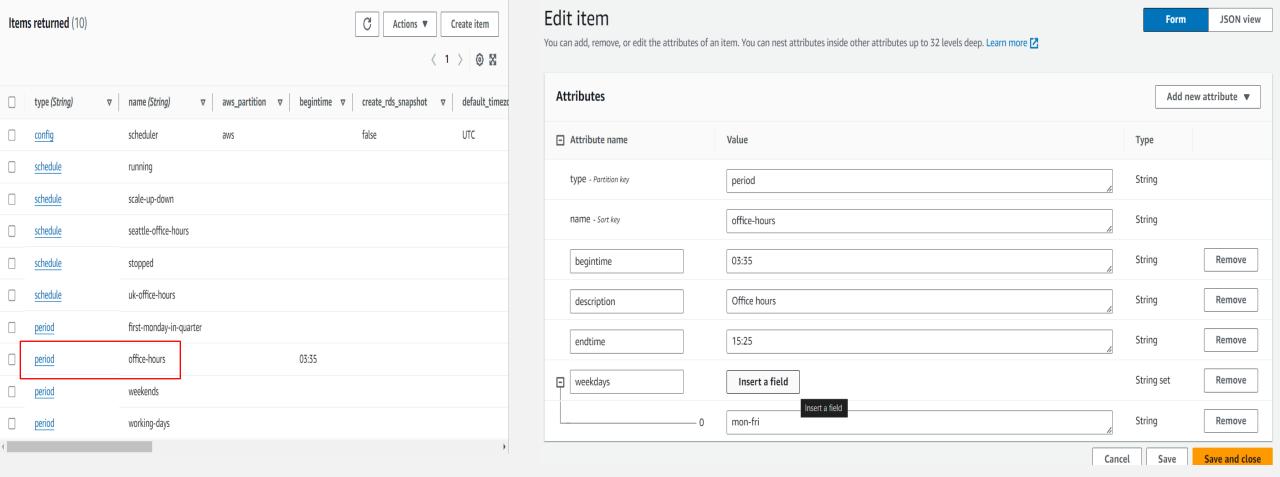
DynamoDB > Tables



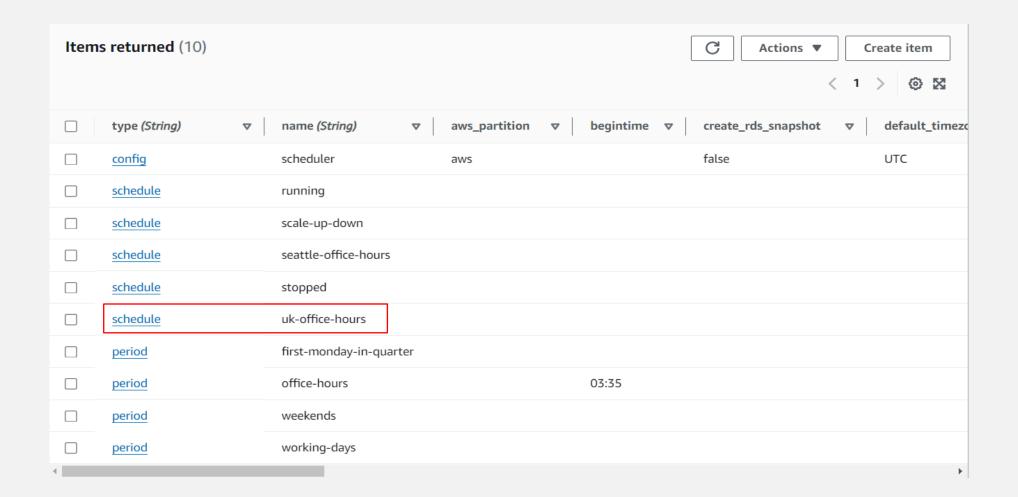
- I. Open DynamoDB Console
- 2. Click on Tables
- 3. Click on instance-scheduler-ConfigTable

I. Click on Explore Table Items

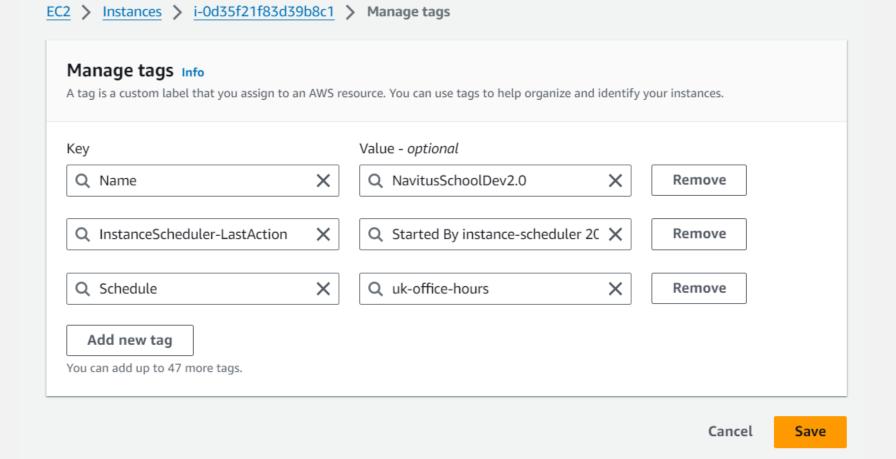
▶ Additional info



- 2. Click on period
- 3. Select the begin time and end time for start and stop of server.
- 4. Select Weekdays i.e Monday-Friday Click on Save and Close.



- I. Copy the name of schedule i.e uk-office-hours
- 2. Go to EC2 Instances and select on instance
- 3. Select to Tags



- 3. Choose the "Tags" view, and then click on "Add/Edit Tags".
- 4. Choose "Create Tag".
- 5. For Key, enter Schedule, for Value, enter uk-office-hours and click on "Save".