Seat	
No.	·Py

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## S.E. (IT) (II Semester) EXAMINATION, 2019 DATA STRUCTURE AND FILES (2015 PATTERN)

Time: 2 Hours

Maximum Marks: 50

- N.B. := (i) Answer four questions.
  - (ii) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.
  - (iii) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
  - (iv) Assume suitable data, if necessary
- 1. (a) If the values of A, B, C and D are 2, 3, 4 and 5 respectively, calculate the value of the following postfix expressions:
  - (i) AB \* C D +
  - (ii) ABC + \* D -

[6]

(b) Construct binary tree from the preorder and inorder traversal.[6]
Preorder: J C B A D E F I G H
Inorder: A B C E D F J G I H

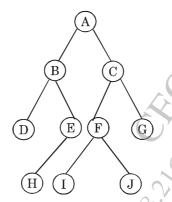
Or

- 2. (a) Convert the following expression from Infix to Postfix and Prefix.

  Make use of appropriate data structure:

  [6]

  2 \* 3/ (2 1) + 5 \* 3
  - (b) Traverse a given binary Tree in Inorder, Preorder and Postorder: [6]

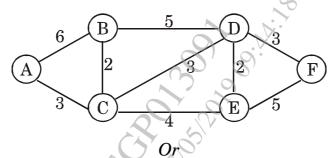


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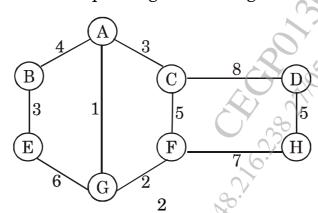
**3.** (a) Draw the directed graph for the adjacency matrix representation given below: [6]

	A	В	C	D	$\mathbf{E}$	F
A	0	3	4	0	2	1
В	0	0	2	0	0	3
C	0	0	0	2	6	1
D	2	6	1	0	1	2
$\mathbf{E}$	0	0	0	0	0	3
$\mathbf{F}$	0	0	0	0	0	0

(b) Find the shortest path using Dijkstra algorithm between node A and node F: [6]



- 4. (a) Define the following terms with respect to graph: [6]
  - (i) Path
  - (ii) Adjacent Vertices
  - (iii) Cycle
  - (iv) Loop
  - (v) Degree of vertex
  - (vi) Connected graph.
  - (b) Find minimum spanning tree using Kruskal's algorithm: [6]



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- Create an AVL tree using the following data, show the balance **5.** (a)factor: [8] 14, 23, 7, 10, 33, 56, 80, 66, 70
  - Write an algorithm to traverse inorder threaded binary tree (*b*) in Inorder. [6]

Or

Construct heap out of the following data read from the **6.** (a)Keyboard: [8]

23, 7, 92, 6, 12, 14, 40, 44, 20, 21

- Compare AVL tree and Red-Black, tree with different (*b*) parameters. [6]
- What is file? Explain different types of file organisations.[6] **7**.
  - Write C++ Pseudo code for delete operation on sequential file.[6]
- Explain prototype of the following function in C++ with 8. (*a*) example: [8]
  - seekg (i)
  - (ii)seekp
  - (iii)tellg
  - (iv)tellp
  - 1 file. (*b*) Differentiate sequential and index sequential file.