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[5152]-538

S.E. (Electronics/E&TC) (Second Semester)

EXAMINATION, 2017

ANALOG COMMUNICATION

(2015 PATTERN)

Time : Two Hours

Maximum Marks : 50

N.B. :— (i) Attempt Q. No. 1 or Q. No. 2, Q. No. 3 or Q. No. 4, Q. No. 5 or Q. No. 6 and Q. No. 7 or Q. No. 8.

(ii) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.

(iii) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

(iv) Your answers will be valued as a whole.

(v) Use of logarithmic tables, slide rule, mollier charts, electronic pocket calculator and steam table is allowed.

(vi) Assume suitable data, if necessary.

1. (a) Distinguish clearly between Baseband communication and carrier communication. [6]

(b) Sketch AM signal for the given periodic triangle signal $m(t)$ corresponding to : [6]

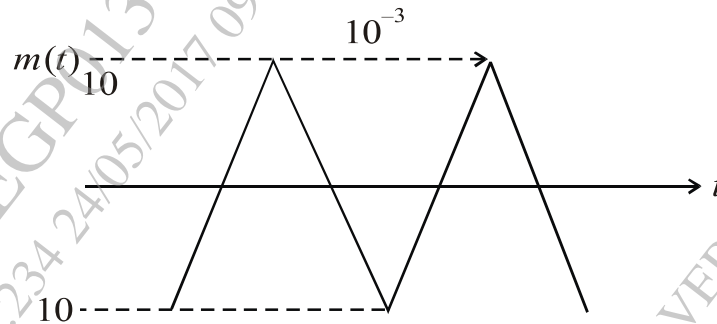
(i) $m = 0.5$

P.T.O.

(ii) $m = 1$

(iii) $m = 2$

(iv) $m = \infty$?



Or

2. (a) Explain the following performance characteristics of receiver with response curve ? [6]

(i) Sensitivity

(ii) Selectivity

(iii) Fidelity

(iv) Image frequency rejection.

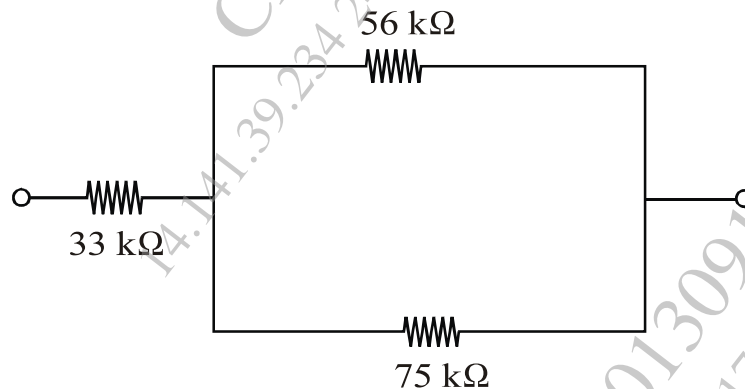
- (b) A receiver tunes signal from 3 MHz to 30 MHz with an IF of 455 kHz. Find the frequency tuning ranges and capacitor tuning ranges for the oscillator section and RF section. [6]

3. (a) Give comparison between FM and PM ? [6]

- (b) Describe Armstrong method for Indirect FM generation of wideband angle modulation signals. [6]

Or

4. (a) Discuss principle working of FM detection. Briefly explain any one FM detector method. [6]
- (b) Justify “Ratio detector acts as Detector as well as limiter” ? [6]
5. (a) Draw equivalent sources for thermal noise (voltage and current) and derive the expression for rms noise voltage and rms noise current. [6]
- (b) Three resistors of $33\text{ k}\Omega$, $56\text{ k}\Omega$ and $75\text{ k}\Omega$ are at $310.5\text{ }^\circ\text{K}$ temperature. For a B.W. of 100 kHz , calculate thermal noise voltage generated by : [7]
- (i) Each resistor
 - (ii) The three resistors in series
 - (iii) Resistor combination as shown ?



Or

6. (a) Derive expression for Friss formula for noise factor of amplifier in cascade. [7]

- (b) A mixer stage has noise figure of 28 dB, and these is preceded by an amplifier that has noise figure of 7 dB and an available power gain of 20 dB. Calculate the overall noise figure referred to the input. [6]
7. (a) State and prove sampling theorem for band limited signal. [7]
(b) Compare PAM, PWM and PPM. [6]
- Or*
8. (a) Describe with suitable block diagram pulse code modulation. [7]
(b) What is meant by “Aperture Effect” ? How can it be reduced ? [6]