Seat	
No.	

[5057]-2050

S.E. E&TC (Electronics) (First Semester) EXAMINATION, 2016 DIGITAL ELECTRONICS

(2015 **PATTERN**)

Time: Two Hours Maximum Marks: 50

- N.B. :— (i) Answer Q. No. 1 or Q. No. 2, Q. No. 3 or Q. No. 4, Q. No. 5 or Q. No. 6, Q. No. 7 or Q. No. 8.
 - (ii) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.
 - (iii) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
 - (iv) Use of calculator is allowed.
 - (v) Assume suitable data, if necessary.
- **1.** (a) Design of one bit magnitude comparator. [4]
 - (b) Convert SR flip-flop to Toggle flip-flop (SR to TFF). [4]
 - (c) Compare the multiplexer and de-multiplexer. [4]

Or

- 2. (a) Implement the following expression using single 8 : 1 multiplexer :[6] $Y = \sum_{m} (0, 1, 2, 5, 7, 8, 9, 14, 15)$
 - (b) What are advantages of master-slave JK flip-flop? Explain the working with a suitable diagram. [6]

<i>(b)</i>	Compare TTL and CMOS logic family with reference to the			
	following characteristics: [6]			
	(i) fanout			
	(ii) propagation delay			
	(iii) Power dissipation			
	(iv) noise margin			
	(v) speed power product			
	(vi) voltage and current parameters.			
Or				
4. (a)	Explain the terms related to ASM chart: [6]			
	(i) state box			
	(ii) decision box			
	(iii) conditional box			
(<i>b</i>)	Draw and explain working of two input TTL NAND gate and			
	list advantages of totem pole output stage. [6]			
5. (a)	A combinational circuit is defined by functions: [6]			
	$F1 = \sum m (3, 5, 7)$			
	$F2 = \sum m (4, 5, 7)$			
	Design the circuit using PLA having 3 inputs, 3 product terms			
	and 2 outputs.			
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Design a sequence generator for the sequence ..10110... [6]

3.

(a)

	<i>(b)</i>	Draw circuits of one cell of dynamic RAM and explain	its
		working.	[4]
	(c)	Compare SRAM and DRAM.	[3]
		Or	
6.	(a)	Draw and explain the internal organization of asynchronou	
		SRAM.	[6]
	<i>(b)</i>	Explain PLA with the help of neat diagram.	[4]
	(c)	Compare CPLD and FPGA.	[3]
7.	(a)	Draw and explain architecture of 8051 in detail.	[6]
	(<i>b</i>)	Compare the microprocessor and microcontroller.	[4]
	(c)	Write a program for addition of 8-bit binary numbers.	[3]
		Or	
8.	(a)	Explain any three addressing modes of 8051 with example	. [6]
	(<i>b</i>)	Draw and explain PSW register of 8051.	[4]
	(c)	List out features of 8051 (minimum six).	[3]