Total No. of Questions—8]

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Seat No.

[5352]-531

S.E. (Elect.&TC) (First Semester) EXAMINATION, 2018

SIGNALS AND SYSTEMS

(2015 PATTERN)

Time: Two Hours

Maximum Marks: 50

- N.B.: (i) Solve question No. Q. 1 or Q. 2, Q. 3 Q. 5 or Q. 6, Q. 7 or Q. 8.
 - Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary. (ii)
 - Figures to the right indicate full marks. (iii)
 - Assume suitable data if necessary. (iv)
- Perform the following operations and sketch the signals: 1. (a)

$$(i)$$
 $y(t) = r(t+1) - r(t) + u(t-2)$

(ii)
$$y[n] = u[n+3] - 2u[n-1] + u[n-4]$$

- eter Using impulse response properties, determine whether the (*b*) [6] following systems are:
 - (i)Static/Dynamic
 - (ii)Causal/Non-causal.

(iii) Stable/Unstable:

(1)
$$h(t) = e^{-2|t|}$$

(2)
$$h(n) = 2\delta[n] - 3\delta[n-1].$$

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2. (a) Find Even and Odd components of the following signals:[6]

(i)
$$x(t) = 3t + t \cos t + t^2 \sin^2 4t$$

$$(ii)$$
 $x[n] = \{1, 1, -1, -1\}.$

(b) Find convolution of the following, using graphical method: [6]

$$(\vec{n}) \quad x[n] = u[n]$$

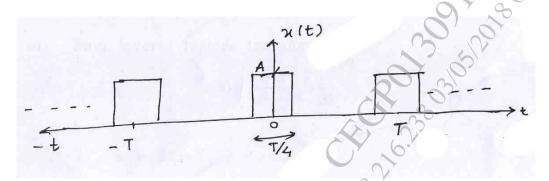
$$(ii)$$
 $h[n] = a^n u[n]$ $0 < a < 1$.

3. (a) Find Fourier transform of the following signals using appropriate properties: [6]

$$(i) x(t) = \frac{d}{dt} \{e^{-at}, u(t)\}$$

$$(ii)$$
 $x(t) = e^{-2t} u(t+2).$

(b) Find and sketch exponential Fourier series of the given signal: [6]



Find and sketch the trigonometric Fourier series of train of 4. (a) impulse defined as: [6]

$$x(t) = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} \delta(t - kTs)$$

- Find Fourier transform of the following signals: (*b*) [6]
 - u(t)
 - (ii) sgn(t).
- Find Laplace transform of the following: **5**. (a)

$$(i) x(t) = \frac{d}{dt} t e^{-t} u(t) [3]$$

- $x(t) = e^{-3t}u(t) * \cos(t-2) u(t-2)$ [4]
- (*b*) Find Initial and Final values of the signal x(t) having unilateral Laplace transform: [6]
 - $X(s) = \frac{7s+10}{s(s+2)}$
 - (ii) $X(s) = \frac{5s+4}{s^3+3s^2+2s}$ Or

Find inverse Laplace transform of: 6. (a)

Strange of the second of the s $X(s) = \frac{3s+7}{(s^2-2s-3)}$.

for:

- s > 3(i)
- (iii) 1 < s < 3.

[7]

(b) Find transfer function and impulse response of the causal system described by the differential equation: [6]

$$\frac{d^2}{dt^2}y(t) + 5\frac{d}{dt}y(t) + \sigma y(t) = 2\frac{d}{dt}x(t) - 3x(t).$$

7. (a) Find auto-correlation function of the signal given, using graphical method: [6]

$$\mathbf{x}(n) = \begin{cases} 2, 1, -2, 1, 3 \\ \uparrow \end{cases}$$

(b) The probability density function of a random variable X is given by:

$$f_{\mathbf{X}}(x) = e^{-x} u(x)$$

determine:

- (i) CDF
- (ii) $P(X \le 1)$
- (iii) $P(1 < X \le 2)$
- (iv) P(X > 2)

8. (a) The probability density function of a random variable 'X' is given by:

$$f_{X}(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{a} & |x| \le a \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

determine:

- Mean E[X] (i)
- Mean square value $E[X^2]$ (ii)
- Standard deviation. (iii)
- (*b*) State and prove the relationship between auto-correlation and energy spectral density of Energy signal. [6]

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