Total No. of Questions: 10]	26	SEAT No. :
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T.E. (Information Technology) **DESIGNAND ANALYSIS OF ALGORITHMS** (2015 Course) (Semester - II)

Time: 2½ Hours] [Max. Marks: 70

Instructions to the candidates:

- Answer Q.1 or Q.2, Q.3 or Q.4, Q.5 or Q.6, Q.7 or Q.8, Q.9 or Q.10.
- Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary. 2)
- Figures to the right side indicate full marks. 3)
- Assume suitable data if necessary.
- Compare the following complexities and Reorder from the smallest to **Q1)** a) the largest. Justify your answer. [5]

 - n^2 , 2^n , $n \log_2 n$, $\log_2 n$, n^3 . $n \log_2 n$, n^8 , $n^2/\log_2 n$, $(n^2 n + 1)$.
 - Solve Homogeneous Recurrence relation for Fibonacci sequence. b)

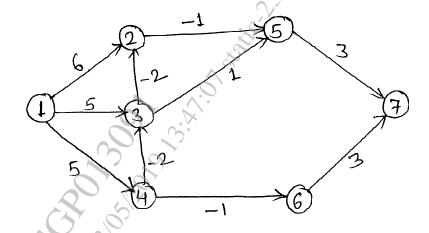
- Discuss a general plan for Analysing Time Efficiency of Recursive **Q2)** a) Algorithm. [5]
 - Solve the following instance of job sequencing problem using greedy b) approach. Let n = 4, profit (1 : 4) = (100, 10, 15, 27) and deadlines d(1:4) = (2, 1, 2, 1)[5]
- Write an algorithm for Quick sort and analyse it with respect to worst, **Q3**) a) best and average case. [5]
 - Compare the following b)

[5]

- Divide and Conquer and Dynamic Programming. i)
- Greedy method and Dynamic Programming. ii)

OR

Q4) Use Bellman ford algorithm to find shortest path for the following graph. [10]



- Q5) a) Write an algorithm to find Hamiltonian path using backtracking method.
 [8]
 - b) State the principal of backtracking and Write backtracking algorithm for N-Queen problem. [8]

OR

- **Q6)** a) Let $W = \{5, 7, 10, 12, 15, 18, 20\}$ and M = 35. Find all possible subsets of W that sum to M. Construct the portion of state space tree. [8]
 - b) Write an algorithm for 0/1 knapsack problem using backtracking method. [8]
- Q7) Construct the solution of following Travelling Salesperson problem using Branch and Bound.[18]

$$\begin{bmatrix} \infty & 20 & 30 & 10 & 11 \\ 15 & \infty & 16 & 4 & 2 \\ 3 & 5 & \infty & 2 & 4 \\ 19 & 6 & 18 & \infty & 3 \\ 16 & 4 & 7 & 16 & \infty \end{bmatrix}$$

OR

- Q8) a) Solve the following instance of 0/1 knapsack problem by FIFO branch and bound approach. [10]
 N = 4, (p1, p2, p3, p4) = (10, 10, 12, 18)
 (w1, w2, w3, w4) = (2, 4, 6, 9) and M = 15.
 - b) Write an algorithm for Least Cost (LC) branch and bound. [8]

Explain in detail models for Parallel Computing. **Q9**) a) [8] Differentiate between: [8] b) P class and NP Class. i) NP complete and NP Hard. ii) Prove that Satisfiability problem in NP complete. *Q10)*a) [8] Explain Nondeterministic algorithm? Write the Nondeterministic algorithm b) for searching the element of an array.