Total No. of	Questions	:6
--------------	-----------	----

P	5	N	5	3
_	$\boldsymbol{\mathcal{L}}$	v	$\mathbf{\omega}$	\mathbf{J}

SEAT No.:	
[Total	No. of Pages : 2

T.E./Insem.-601

T.E. (Civil) (Semester - I)

HYDROLOGY AND WATER RESOURCES ENGINEERING (2015 Pattern)

Time: 1 Hour] [Max. Marks:30

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Answer Q1 or Q2, Q3 or Q4, Q5 or Q6.
- 2) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.
- 3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 4) Assume suitable data, if necessary.
- **Q1)** a) Explain in brief various forms of precipitation.

- [5]
- b) Explain the different factors affecting evaporation of water from reservoir. [5]

OR

- **Q2)** a) Discuss the construction and applications of DAD curves with neat sketch.
 - b) In a basin a 10 hrs storm rainfall gives the following depths.

		1	0.	_						
Rainfall (hr)	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Depth of	2.0	2.75	6.5	4.0	9.5	5.0	8.2	10.0	5	1.5
Water (cm)		V - V						07	6	°

The surface runoff resulting from the above storm is equivalent to 22.5 cm of depth over the basin. Calculate average infiltration index for the basin.

- Q3) a) What is duty? State factors affecting & explain methods of improving duty. [6]
 - b) Write merits & demerits of drip irrigation system.

P.T.O.

[4]

- List various methods of assessing canal revenue. Explain volumetric *Q4*) a) basis method with merits & demerits.
 - A water course has a culturable commanded area of 1500 hectares. The b) intensity of irrigation for crop A is 45% and for B is 40%, both the crops being rabi crops. Crop A has a kor period of 20 days and crop B has kor period of 15 days. Calculate the discharge of water course if the kor depth for crop A is 10 cm and for B it is 16 cm. [5]
- Define the following terms: **Q5)** a)

[5]

- Specific Yield of an acquifer.
- Transmissivity. ii)
- Aquifuge.
- Aquatard
- Porosity.
- Differentiate between shallow wells and deep wells. b)

[5]

- What are the assumption made in the analysis of radial flow towards a *Q6*) a) well. Derive a relation for the discharge of a well in a recuperation test. [6]
 - During a recuperation test, the water level in an open well was depressed b) by pumping by 3m and it recuperated to 2.0m in 90 minutes.
 - i) Determine the yield from a well of 5m diameter under a depression head of 3.5m.
 - Also find out the diameter of the well to yield 12 l/sec under a ii) depression head of 2.5m. 2

[4]

