| Seat | |
|------|---|
| No. | 2 |

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S.E. (Electrical) (II Semester) EXAMINATION, 2018 NUMERICAL METHODS AND COMPUTER PROGRAMMING (2015 PATTERN)

Time: 2 Hours

Maximum Marks: 50

- N.B. :- (i) Answer Q. No. 1 or Q. No. 2, Q. No. 3 or Q. No. 4, Q. No. 5 or Q. No. 6 and Q. No. 7 or Q. No. 8.
 - (ii) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.
 - (iii) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
 - (iv) Use of logarithmic tables, slide rule, Mollier charts, electronic pocket calculator and steam tables is allowed.
 - (v) Assume suitable data, if necessary.
- 1. (a) Give the syntax of 'for loop', 'while loop' and 'do-while-loop' used in C language. [6]
 - (b) The measured length of bridge and river are 9999 cm and 9 cm respectively but the true values are 10,000 cm and 10 cm respectively. Compute and comment on :
 - (i) Absolute error
 - (ii) Percentage Relative error.

Or

- 2. (a) Explain the following instructions used in C language. [6]
 - (1) printf
 - (2) scanf
 - (3) getch
 - (b) (i) Add the following floating point numbers: 243.31947E17 and 32.1698E14.

(ii) Subtract the following floating point numbers: 37.9314E19 from 416.21943E18.

3. (a) Solve the following equation $f(x) = e^{-x} - x = 0$ using Secant method. Show 4 iterations. Take $x_0 = 0$, $x_1 = 1$. [6]

(b) Find f(3) using Newton's Divided difference technique: [7]

| | \mathbf{X} | | Y |
|------|--------------|----|-----|
| 2 | 0 | | 1 |
| × ., | 1 | | 4 |
| | 2 | | 15 |
| | 4 | _ | 85 |
| | | Or | . 2 |

4. (a) The following is data from steam table, using Newton's forward interpolation, find pressure of steam for a temp of 142°: [6]

| Temp | Pressure |
|------|----------|
| 140 | 3.685 |
| 150 | 4.854 |
| 160 | 6.302 |
| 170 | 8.076 |
| 180 | 10.225 |

(b) Fit a straight line to the following data by method of least squares considering y as a dependent variable x [7]

| X | Y |
|----|----|
| 5 | 16 |
| 10 | 19 |
| 15 | 23 |
| 20 | 26 |
| 25 | 30 |

5. (a) Solve
$$\frac{dy}{dx} = xy + y^2$$
, $y(0) = 1$ to get y at $x = 0.1$ using RK 4th order method. Take $h = 0.1$.

$$\int_{1}^{2} \frac{dx}{x}$$

using Simpson's 1/3 rule and trapezoidal rule, taking h = 0.25.

6. (a) Using Simpson's rule integrate: [7]

$$\int_0^1 \int_0^1 \frac{1}{1+x+y} \, dx \, dy$$

Take h = k = 0.5.

- (b) Apply modified Euler's method to find y(0.1). Given $\frac{dy}{dx} = xy$, y(0) = 1. Show 3 iterations. [6]
- 7. (a) Find $[A]^{-1}$ using Gauss-Jordan method : [6]

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 3 & 5 \\ -3 & 1 & 7 \\ 7 & -5 & -11 \end{bmatrix}$$

(b) Use Jacobi method to solve the following system of equations at the end of 5th iterations. Use initial values as x = 0, y = 0 and z = 0. [6]

$$8x - 3y + 2z = 20$$
 $4x + 11y - z = 33$
 $6x + 3y + 12z = 35$
 Or

8. (a) Explain Gauss Elimination method for solution of linear simultaneous equations. [6]

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Find numerically the largest eigen value by power method. [6]

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(b) Find numerically the largest eigen value Show 5 iterations:
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 6 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \quad X_0 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$