Homework Turnin

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Replacing prior submission from Tue 2016/11/08 02:11am.

Turnin Successful!

The following file(s) were received:

```
Grammar.java (7044 bytes)
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```
import java.util.*;//maps, lists, arrays & Random.
 * @author Akshit Patel
   @Date 11/5/2016 CSE 143D DC
   TA: Melissa Medsker
 * HW #5 Grammar
 * The Grammar class creates random strings of text with equal probability given
   a set of grammar rules with syntax in Backus-Naur Form (BNF) to describe what
  constitutes a valid sentence.
public class Grammar {
    * map of the BNF grammar of the file provided.
    private Map<String, List<String>> bnfRuleMap;
       Random number for getRandom.
    private Random num;
     * Constructs a new grammar over a given list of BNF rules. The new grammar
       has Nonterminals with given terminals and similar NonTerminals are
       concatenated to the one already initialized.
       @param rules List of strings representing the BNF rule each corresponding
       one line of text.
       @throws IllegalArgumentException if list is null or empty.
    public Grammar(List<String> rules) {
        if (rules == null || rules.isEmpty()) {
    throw new IllegalArgumentException();
        // initialize map for BNF rules.
        this.bnfRuleMap = new TreeMap<String, List<String>>();
        this.num = new Random();
// process each BNF rule into the map
        for (int i = 0; i < rules.size(); i++) {</pre>
            String rule = rules.get(i);
                Separate the non-terminal from terminal.
            String[] pieces = rule.split("::=");
String nonTerminal = pieces[0].trim();
               Separate different terminals
             String[] terminals = pieces[1].split("\\|");
             List<String> valueTerminals = new ArrayList<String>();
             valueTerminals = Arrays.asList(terminals);
            if (!this.bnfRuleMap.containsKey(nonTerminal))
                 this.bnfRuleMap.put(nonTerminal, new ArrayList<String>());
             this.bnfRuleMap.get(nonTerminal).addAll(valueTerminals);
        }
```

```
Returns boolean true when a given String is a Nonterminal in the grammar made from the BNF rules provided. The given string check is case
   sensitive and assumed to have no leading or trailing spaces.
   Terminal symbols are the elementary symbols of the language defined by a formal grammar. Nonterminal is a symbol from which all the strings in the
   language may be derived by successive applications of the production
   rules (terminals).
   @param symbol String representation of the possible Nonterminal.
   @return true if given symbol is a Nonterminal false otherwise.
   @throws IllegalArgumentException if the given string is null or empty.
public boolean isNonTerminal(String symbol) {
    if (symbol == null || symbol.isEmpty()) {
        throw new IllegalArgumentException();
}
    return this.bnfRuleMap.containsKey(symbol);
}
 * Returns String representation of Nonterminals in alphabetical order from
   the grammar made using the BNF rules given.
@Override
public String toString() {
    return this.bnfRuleMap.keySet().toString();
 * Returns a random String of text of a given Nonterminal that follows the
   BNF rules of the grammar created. Random in a sense that the string is
   made up of terminals chosen in random order when the terminals are
   separated with a vertical slash(|).
   @param nonterminal String representation of the Nonterminal in the
   grammar made.(case-sensitive)
   @return a random String of text of the given Nonterminal following the
   rules of grammar.
   @throws IllegalArgumentException if given string is null or not a
   Nonterminal.
public String getRandom(String nonterminal) {
       check for exception.
    this.errorCheck(nonterminal, 1);
    return this.randomSentence(nonterminal);
}
   Returns a list of strings when given the total number of random strings
   of text to be created for a given Nonterminal that follows the BNF rules
   of the grammar made. Length of the list is the total number given.
   @param number int representation of the total number of random strings of
   text of the given non-terminal to be created.
   @param nonterminal String representation of the Nonterminal in the
   grammar made.
   @return random string of text of the given nonterminal as a list of
   strings with each string of text in new index position.
   @throws IllegalArgumentException if given string is null or not a
non-terminal or the given number is negative.
public List<String> getRandom(int number, String nonterminal) {
    this.errorCheck(nonterminal, number)
    List<String> sentences = new ArrayList<String>();
    for (int i = number; i > 0; i--)
         sentences.add(this.randomSentence(nonterminal));
    return sentences;
}
 * Throws exception when the given string is null or not a Nonterminal or
   the given number is less than 0.
   @param nonterminal String representation of the Nonterminal in the
   @param number int representation of the total number of random
   occurrences of the given Nonterminal.
private void errorCheck(String nonterminal, int number)
    if (nonterminal == null | !isNonTerminal(nonterminal) | number < 0) {</pre>
         throw new IllegalArgumentException();
```

```
* This method creates a random string of text of a given non-terminal that
   follows the BNF rules of the grammar created.
   @param nonterminal String representation of the non-terminal in the
   @return a random occurrence of the given nonterminal as a string.
private String randomSentence(String nonTerminal) {
      / base case: given string is terminal only.
    if (!isNonTerminal(nonTerminal)) {
        return nonTerminal:
    String sentence = ""
    List<String> terminals = this.bnfRuleMap.get(nonTerminal);
    // get a random index position from the possible values.
int randomNum = this.num.nextInt(terminals.size());
    // get the string from the random index position
    String terminalValue = terminals.get(randomNum).trim();
    // split the string in to array if spaces in between string.
    String[] terminalSplit = terminalValue.split("\\s+");
    // process the individual strings from the array created.
for (int i = 0; i< terminalSplit.length; i++){
        sentence += randomSentence(terminalSplit[i]) + " ";
    return sentence.trim();
```

grammar.txt (1562 bytes)