

### STUDENTS Record Management

Student Record Management

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#### PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

THE PURPOSE OF THIS PROJECT IS TO ANALYZE THE PERFORMANCE OF STUDENTS BASED ON VARIOUS FACTORS SUCH AS GENDER, RACE/ETHNICITY, PARENTAL EDUCATION LEVEL, LUNCH TYPE, AND TEST PREPARATION COURSE COMPLETION. BY UNDERSTANDING THESE FACTORS, WE AIM TO DRAW MEANINGFUL INSIGHTS THAT CAN HELP IMPROVE EDUCATIONAL OUTCOMES AND PROVIDE TARGETED RECOMMENDATIONS FOR STUDENTS.

#### PROJECT AIM:

THIS PROJECT AIMS TO DEVELOP A DATA-DRIVENAPPROACHFORSTUDENTSPERFORMANCE AND ITS COMPLICATIONS AT AN EARLY STAGE USING SQL.

#### **TECH STACK USED:**

Used Software While Making The Project:

- 1. MYSQL Work Bench 8.0 (For Working, analyzing, and reporting Insights)
- 2. Microsoft PowerPoint (For Presenting the detailed analysis)
- 3. Power Bi (For Visualize Insights)

### STUDENTS PERFORMANCE: CALCULATE THE AVERAGE SCORE OF STUDENTS INALL SUBJECTS?

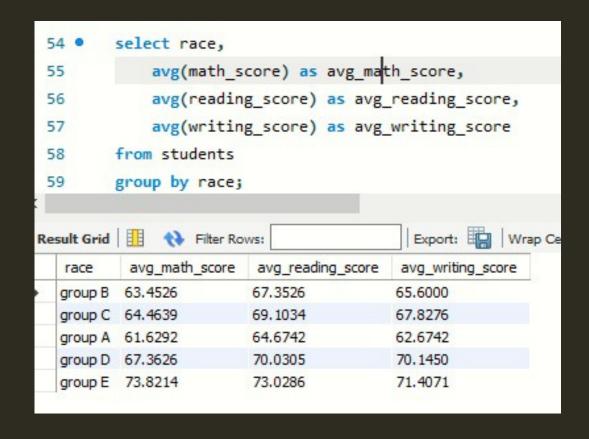
```
    select avg(math_score) as average_math,
        avg(reading_score) as average_reading,
        avg(writing_score) as average_writing
        from students;
```



NOTE: OBSERVING THE RESULTS FOR EACH SUBJECT, IT IS CLEAR THAT MATHEMATICS IS THE SUBJECT IN WHICH STUDENTS FACE THE GREATEST DIFFICULTY.
THE SUBJECT IN WHICH STUDENTS FIND IT EASIEST IS READING.

#### FIND NUMBER OF STUDENTS WHO SCORE ABOVE 90 IN ALL SUBJECTS.

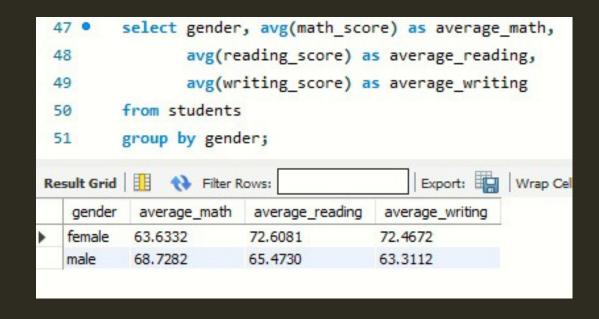
## PERFORMANCE BY RACE/EFINIDAMCERAGE SCORES STUDENTS IN DIFFERENT RACE GROUP

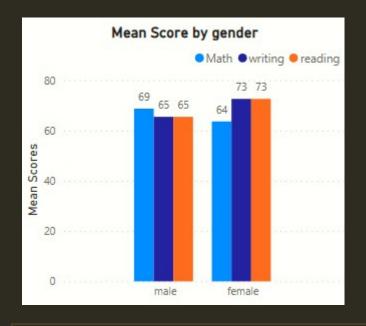




NOTE: AS SEEN GROUP E HAS THE HIGHEST AVERAGE SCORES FOLLOWED BY D,C,B,A

# PERFORMANCE ANALYSIS BY GENDER: CALCULATE THE AVERAGE SCORE STUDENTS IN ALL SUBJECTS BY THEIR GENDER





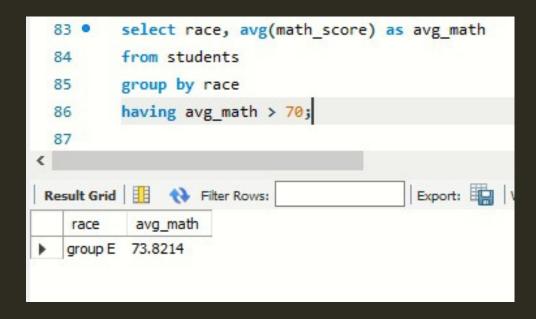
NOTE: IT CAN BE SEEN THAT FEMALES HAVE HIGHER AVERAGE SCORES IN READING AND WRITING WHILEMALESHAVEHIGHERAVERAGE IN MATH.

### FIND THE TOP 10 STUDENTS WITH THE HIGHEST OVERALL SCORE (AVERAGE OF MATH, READING, WRITING)

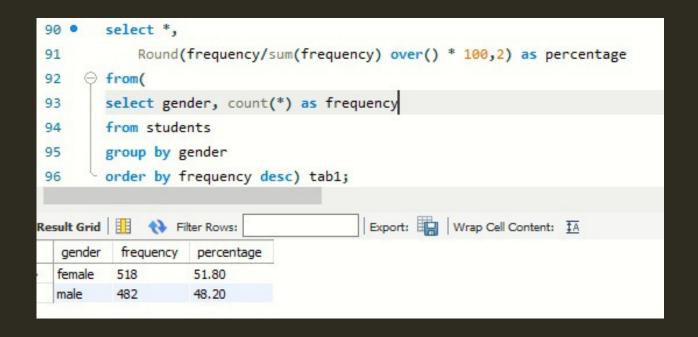
```
    SELECT gender, race,
        Round((math_score + reading_score + writing_score) / 3, 2) AS overall_score
        FROM students
        ORDER BY overall_score DESC
        limit 10;
```

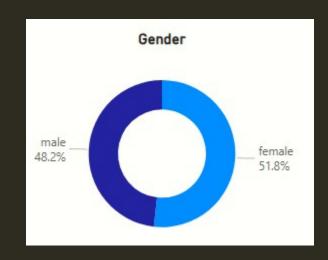
gender		The state of the s
	race	overall_score
female	group E	100.00
female	group E	100.00
male	group E	100.00
female	group E	99.67
female	group D	99.00
female	group D	99.00
male	group D	98.67
female	group C	98.67
female	group D	97.67
male	group E	97.67
	female female female female male female female	female group E male group E female group E female group D female group D male group D female group C female group C

#### FIND RACE GROUPS WHERE THE AVERAGE MATH SCORE IS GREATER THAN 70



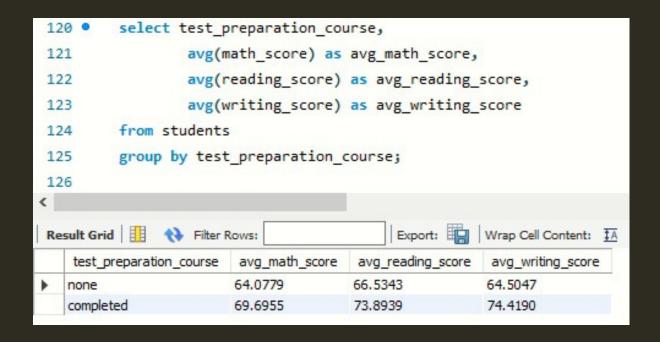
#### HOW MANY MALE AND FEMALE THERE ARE IN NUMBERS AND PERCENTAGE?

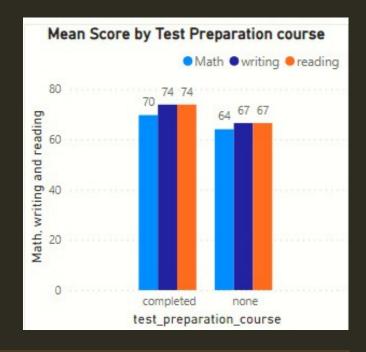




NOTE: THERE ARE 518 FEMALES AND 482 MALES, RESULTING IN A POPULATION THAT IS 52% FEMALE AND 48% MALE.

## WRITE AN SQL QUERY TO CALCULATE THE AVERAGE SCORE FOR STUDENTS BASED ON WHETHER THEY COMPLETED A TEST PREPARATION COURSE?

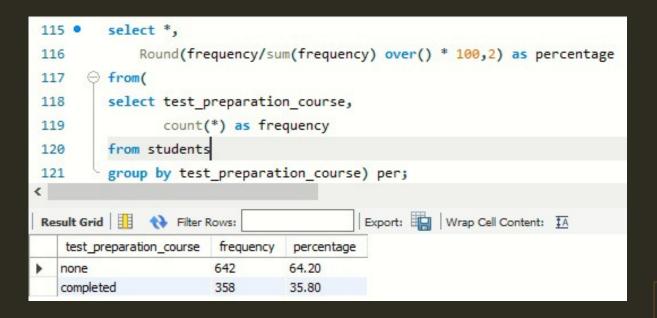


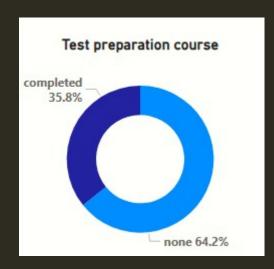


NOTE: STUDENTS WHO COMPLETED TEST PREPARATION COURSE HAVE HIGHER AVERAGE SCORES COMPARED TO THOSE WHO DID NOT COMPLETE THE COURSE.

IT INDICATE THE COURSE LIKELY HELP IMPROVE THEIR PERFORMANCE

### PARTICIPATION IN PREPARATION COURSE: FIND NUMBER OF STUDENTS WHO COMPLETED TEST PREPARATION COURSE AND THOSE WHO DID NOT?

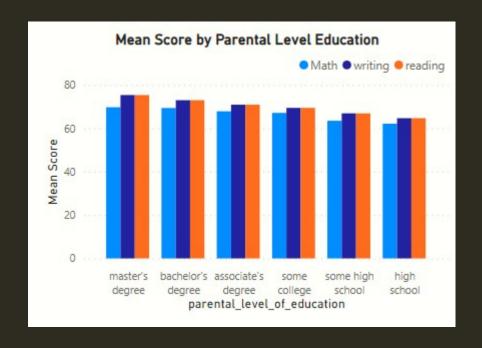




NOTE: THE MAJORITY OF GROUP CONSISTS OF STUDENTSWHODONOTPARTICIPATE IN PREPARATORY COURSE WITH 64% OF GROUP.

# SCORE DISTRIBUTION BY PARENTAL LEVEL OF EDUCATION: CALCULATE AVE MATH SCORE BY PARENTAL LEVEL EDUCATION?

E	55 •	select parental	_level_of_ed	ducation,
	56	avg(math_so	ore) as avg_	score
C	57	from students		
	58	group by parent	al_level_of_	education;
Re	esult Grid	I   III 🙌 Filter Rov	vs:	Export:
	parent	al_level_of_education	avg_score	S2
Þ	bachelo	r's degree	69.3898	
	some co	ollege	67.1283	
	master'	s <mark>degree</mark>	69.7458	
	associa	te's degree	67.8829	
	high sch	nool	62.1378	
	some hi	gh school	63.4972	
	The second control services	10.702.2220	COLUMN TO LEGISLA COLUMN TO THE COLUMN TO TH	



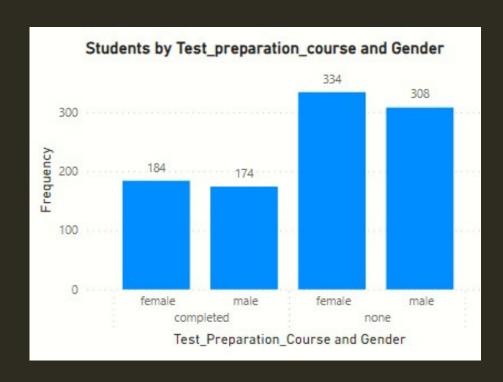
NOTE: PARENT'S WITH MASTER'S HAVE ACHIEVE HIGHER SCORES WHILE PARENTS WITH ONLY HIGH SCHOOL HAVE LOWEST SCORES.

#### SCORE DISTRIBUTION: FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION FOR MATH SCORES

```
SELECT
    CASE
        WHEN math score BETWEEN 0 AND 10 THEN '0-10'
        WHEN math score BETWEEN 11 AND 20 THEN '11-20'
        WHEN math score BETWEEN 21 AND 30 THEN '21-30'
        WHEN math score BETWEEN 31 AND 40 THEN '31-40'
        WHEN math score BETWEEN 41 AND 50 THEN '41-50'
        WHEN math_score BETWEEN 51 AND 60 THEN '51-60'
        WHEN math score BETWEEN 61 AND 70 THEN '61-70'
        WHEN math score BETWEEN 71 AND 80 THEN '71-80'
        WHEN math score BETWEEN 81 AND 90 THEN '81-90'
        WHEN math_score BETWEEN 91 AND 100 THEN '91-100'
    END AS score_range,
    COUNT(*) AS count
FROM students
GROUP BY score range
ORDER BY score_range;
```

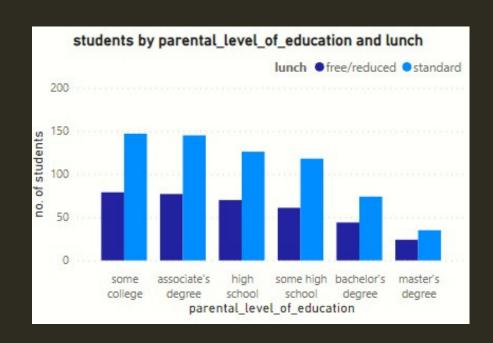
	score_range	count	
<b>&gt;</b>	0-10	2	
	11-20	2	
	21-30	12	
	31-40	34	
	41-50	100	
	51-60	189	
	61-70	270	
	71-80	215	
	81-90	126	
	91-100	50	

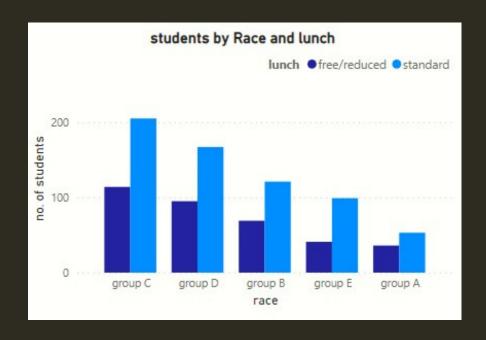
## IN POWER BI, CREATE CHART THAT EXPLORE THE NUMBER OF MALE/FEMALEWHO COMPLETED THE TEST PREPARATION COURSE IN THE DATASET?



NOTE: IT IS OBSERVED THAT MORE THAN HALF DID NOT COMPLETE THE PREPARATION COURSE

### DOES RACE OR PARENTAL LEVEL OF EDUCATION AFFECT THE LUNCH TAKEN BY STUDENTS?





NOTE: BOTH RACE AND PARENT'S LEVEL OF EDUCATION SEEM TO HAVE NO EFFECT ON LUNCH TAKEN BY STUDENTS

#### Analysis and Findings:

- Subject Difficulty and Performance: Mathematics is the most challenging subject for students, Reading is the subject in which students perform the best
- Performance by Race: Group E scores highest, followed by Groups D, C, B, and A.
- Gender Based Performance: Females outperform male in reading and writing. Male have a slight edge over female in mathematics. This indicates a gender-based difference in subject-specific performance
- Impact of test course: Students who complete the course score higher. A majority (64%) of the students did not participate in the test preparation course.
- High Achievers: Few students score above 90 in all subjects.
- Parental Education Level: Students with parents who have a master's degree tend to achieve higher scores and
  parents who completed high school have the lowest score. Higher parental education may have positive influene.

#### Recommendations for Students:

Focus on Challenging Subjects: Students should allocated more study time and seek additional help to improve their math skills.

ParentalInvolvement: Encouraging parents to be involved in their children's education, especially those with lower educational

Female students should work on mathematics. Male students should work on their reading and writing.

Test Preparation Course: Students are encouraged to participate in test preparation courses, it indicates these courses are beneficial inboosting academic performance.

Targeted Support: Schools and educators should provide targeted support and resources for racial group and for students who are struggling, based on analysis.

Balanced Academic Students should aim for a well-rounded academic approach, trying to do well in all subjects rather than focusing on just one. Utilize available support for difficult subjects.

## ——Thank You——