TEST OF INQUALITY

Direction (1-5): In the following questions, the symbols ©, @, #, \$ and * are used in following meaning —

'A @ B' means A is either greater than or equal to B.

'A $\$ B' means A is either smaller than or equal to B.

 $^{\prime}A$ # B^{\prime} A is neither greater than nor smaller than B.

'A ★ B' A is greater than B.

'A © B' A is smaller than B.

Ans. 1. If Only conclusion I true.

Ans. 2. If Only conclusion II true.

Ans. 3. If either conclusion I & II true.

Ans. 4. If neither conclusion I nor II true.

Ans. 5. If both I & II conclusion is true.

1. Statements % M \$ R, R © P, P # Q

Conclusions % I. Q ★ M

II.R © Q

2. Statements % R © D, D @ N, N # J

Conclusions% I. J # D

II.J © D

3. Statements % H # N, N @ P, P © V

Conclusions% I. V ★ N

II.PSH

4. Statements% N ★T, T @ Q, Q \$ J

Conclusions% I. J \$ T

II.N@Q

5. Statements % K © B, B \$ D, D ★ F

Conclusions% I. D ★ K

II.F ★ K

Direction (6-10): In the following questions the symbols, \star % \$, # and © are used in following meaning:

'P $\$ Q' means P is smaller than Q.

'P \bigstar Q' means P is neither smaller than nor greater than Q.

 $^{\prime}P$ # Q^{\prime} means P is either greater than or equal to Q.

'P % Q' means P is greater than Q.

 $^{\prime}P$ $^{\odot}$ B $^{\prime}$ means P is either smaller than or equal to Q.

Give the Answer:

- 1. If Only conclusion I true.
- 2. If Only conclusion II true.
- 3. If either conclusion I & II true.
- 4. If neither conclusion I nor II true.
- 5. If both I & II conclusion is true.

6. Statements % B # D, D ★ F, F % H

Conclusions% I. F ★ B

II.FSB

7. Statements % H \$ J, J ★ N, N # T

Conclusions% I. T % H

II.J # T

8. Statements % M % K , K # T, T ★ J

Conclusions% I. J © K

II.T \$ M

9. Statements % W © F, F % R, R # K

Conclusions% I. W \$ K

II.K ★ W

10. Statements % V © R, R, \$ M, M ★W

Conclusions% I. W % V

II.V © W

Direction (11-15): In the following questions the symbols @, *, #, © and \$ are used with following means:

'P $\$ Q' means, 'P is neither greater than nor smaller than Q.

'P $^{\circ}$ Q' means P is neither smaller than Q.

 $^{\prime}P$ # $^{\prime}Q$ means P is neither smaller than nor equal to Q.

'P \star Q' means P is neither greater than nor equal to Q

'P © Q' means P is neither greater than Q.

Give the Answer:

- 1. If Only conclusion I true.
- 2. If Only conclusion II true.
- 3. If either conclusion I & II true.

- 4. If neither conclusion I nor II true.
- 5. If both I & II conclusion is true.
- 11. Statements% M # R, R © N, N \$ T

Conclusions% I. T @ R

II.M # N

12. Statements% B @ R. R S W. W # V

Conclusions% I. V # R

II.B@V

13. Statements% J ★ D, K © D, M # K

Conclusions% I. M # D

II.J # D

14. Statements% R # T, K @ T, K © M

Conclusions% I. T \$ M

II.M ★ T

15. *Statements*% F ★ M, M # J, J © H

Conclusions% I. H ★ F

II.H ★ M

Direction (16-20): In the following questions the symbols \$, D, #, Σ and % are used in following meaning:

 $^{\prime}M$ \$ N^{\prime} means M is neither greater than nor equal to N.

 $^{\prime}M$ D N^{\prime} means M is not smaller than N.

 $^{\prime}M$ # N $^{\prime}$ means M is neither greater than nor smaller than N.

'M $\sum N$ ' means M is not greater than N.

 $^{\prime}M$ % N^{\prime} means M is neither smaller than nor equal to N.

Give the Answer:

- 1. If Only conclusion I true.
- 2. If Only conclusion II true.
- 3. If either conclusion I & II true.
- 4. If neither conclusion I nor II true.
- 5. If both I & II conclusion is true.
- **16.** Statements% $M \% T, P \Sigma T, J \# P$

Conclusions% I. M # J

II.J \$ M

17. Statements% R D V, V % K, K \$ B

Conclusions% I. K \$ R

II.B # V

18. Statements% A # L, Y Σ L, N # Y

Conclusions% I. L D N

II.N Σ A

19. Statements% $W \Sigma Q, R \% Q, X \# Q$

Conclusions% I. W # X

II.W \$ X

20. Statements% C # Z, $C \Sigma F$, $J \S F$

Conclusions% I. J # Z

II.J % C

Direction (21-25): In the following questions the symbols @, \odot , \star , \$ and # are used in following meaning:

'P $^{\circ}$ Q' means Q is either greater than equal to P

'P $\$ Q' means Q is either smaller than equal to $\$ P

'P @ Q' means Q is smaller than P

'P \star Q' means P is neither greater than nor smaller than Q.

'P # Q' means Q is greater than P.

Give the Answer:

- 1. If Only conclusion I true.
- 2. If Only conclusion II true.
- 3. If either conclusion I & II true.
- 4. If neither conclusion I nor II true.
- 5. If both I & II conclusion is true.

21. Statements% M ★ R, R © T, T @ N,

Conclusions% I. T \$ M

II.N \$ M

22. Statements% B # N, M \$ J, J ★ V

Conclusions% I. B # V

II.V © N

23. Statements% M \$ T, R © T, H # R

Conclusions% I. R # M

II.M ★ R

24. Statements% J \$ K, K @ H, W © H

Conclusions% I. W # J

II.J @ H

25. Statements% F @ A, A © D, D # K

Conclusions% I. K # F

II.F@D

Direction (26-30): In the following

questions the symbols @, %, \$, # and * are used in following meaning:

'P \$ Q' means Q is not smaller than P

 $\label{eq:problem} ^{\prime}P^{\bigstar}Q^{\prime}\ means\ Q\ is\ neither\ smaller\ than\ nor\ equal\ to\ P$

'P @ Q' means Q is not greater than P

'P # Q' means Q is neither greater than nor smaller than P

 $^{\prime}P$ % Q^{\prime} means Q is neither greater than nor equal to P

Give the Answer:

- 1. If Only conclusion I true.
- 2. If Only conclusion II true.
- 3. If either conclusion I & II true.
- 4. If neither conclusion I nor II true.
- 5. If both I & II conclusion is true.
- **26. Statements**% M **★** T, T \$ K, K # D

Conclusions% I. D % M

II.M ★ K

27. Statements% R @ J, M # J, D ★ M

Conclusions% I. D ★ J

II.R # M

28. Statements% Z % T, T ★ N, H \$ N

Conclusions% I. H ★ Z

II.T ★ H

29. Statements% F \$ M, N @ M, N % W

Conclusions% I. F # N

II.N % F

30. Statements% B # J, J @ D, F \$ D

Conclusions% I. B # F

II.F ★ B

Direction (31-35): In the following questions the symbols @, #, $^{\circ}$, $^{\circ}$ and * are used in following meaning:

'P $\$ Q' means P is not smaller than Q

'P @ Q' means P is neither greater than nor equal to P.

'P \star Q' means P is neither smaller than nor equal to Q.

'P © Q' means P is not greater than Q.

'P # Q' means P is neither greater than nor smaller than Q.

Give the Answer:

- 1. If Only conclusion I true.
- 2. If Only conclusion II true.
- 3. If either conclusion I & II true.
- 4. If neither conclusion I nor II true.
- 5. If both I & II conclusion is true.

31. Statements% M @ R, R © D, D # N

Conclusions% I. N # R

II.N ★ R

32. *Statements*% K # T, T ★ F, F @ B

Conclusions% I. F@K

II.B@K

33. Statements% J © N, K @ N, T \$ K

Conclusions% I. T ★ J

II.J@K

34. *Statements*% H # D. A ★ D. A © M

Conclusions% I. M # H

II.M @ D

35. Statements% R ★ N, M \$ W, W # V

Conclusions% I. V @ R

II.R ★ W

Direction (36-40): In the following questions the symbols *, x, \$, @ and + are used in following meaning:

'P x Q' means P is neither smaller than nor greater than Q.

'P @ Q' means P is neaither greater than nor equal to Q.

'P \star Q' means P is either equal smaller than

 $^{\prime}P+Q^{\prime}$ means P is neither equal nor smaller than Q.

'P \$ Q' means P is not equal to Q.

Give the Answer:

- 1. If Only conclusion I true.
- 2. If Only conclusion II true.
- 3. If either conclusion I & II true.
- 4. If neither conclusion I nor II true.
- 5. If both I & II conclusion is true.

36. Statements% K + M, M @ R, R × T

Conclusions% I. K + T

II.K + M

37. Statements% D ★ F, F \$ M, M @ K **39.** Statements% T @ M, M ★ R, R × N

Conclusions% I. F @ K

II.D@K

38. Statements% N x P, K + P, Q @ K

Conclusions% I. K + N

II.Q + N

Conclusions% I. M × N

II.M @ N

40. Statements% B \$ N, N × R, R + T

Conclusions% I. B \$ R

II.T @ N

ANSWERS

| 1. (5) | 2. (3) | 3. (2) | 4. (4) | 5. (1) | 6. (3) | 7. (2) | 8. (5) | 9. (4) |
|---------|---------|---------|---------|--------|---------|--------|---------|---------|
| 10. (1) | 11. (5) | 12. (4) | 13.(1) | 14.(3) | 15. (2) | 16.(2) | 17. (1) | 18. (5) |
| 19. (3) | 20. (4) | 21. (1) | 22.(2) | 23.(3) | 24. (5) | 25.(4) | 26. (5) | 27. (1) |
| 28. (4) | 29. (3) | 30. (3) | 31.(3) | 32.(1) | 33. (4) | 34.(4) | 35. (5) | 36. (2) |
| 37. (4) | 38. (1) | 39. (3) | 40. (5) | | | | | |