

ASSIGNMENT -2.5

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BATCH:29

TASK 1:

PROMPT:

WRITE A PROGRAM TO CALCULATE THE SUM OF ODD AND EVEN NUMBERS IN A LIST

CODE:

```
1 #Write a program to calculate the sum of odd and even numbers in a list
2 def sum_odd_even(numbers):
3     sum_odd = 0
4     sum_even = 0
5     for num in numbers:
6         if num % 2 == 0:
7             sum_even += num
8         else:
9             sum_odd += num
10    return sum_odd, sum_even
11 # Example usage
12 numbers = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6]
13 odd_sum, even_sum = sum_odd_even(numbers)
14 print("Sum of odd numbers:", odd_sum)
15 print("Sum of even numbers:", even_sum)
16
17
```

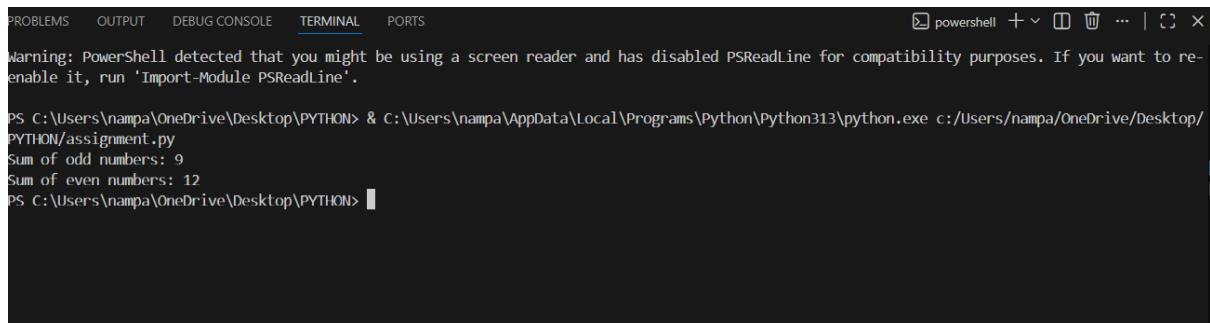
SyntaxError: unterminated triple-quoted string literal (detected at line 16)

PS C:\Users\nampa\OneDrive\Desktop\PYTHON> & C:\Users\nampa\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python313\python.exe c:\Users\nampa\OneDrive\Desktop\PYTHON\assignment.py

Sum of odd numbers: 9
Sum of even numbers: 12

PS C:\Users\nampa\OneDrive\Desktop\PYTHON>

OUTPUT:

A screenshot of a PowerShell terminal window. The title bar shows 'powershell' and standard window controls. The terminal content includes a warning about PSReadLine, the command to run a Python script, and the script's output.

```
PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS
Warning: PowerShell detected that you might be using a screen reader and has disabled PSReadLine for compatibility purposes. If you want to re-enable it, run 'Import-Module PSReadLine'.

PS C:\Users\nampa\OneDrive\Desktop\PYTHON> & C:\Users\nampa\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python313\python.exe c:/Users/nampa/OneDrive/Desktop/PYTHON/assignment.py
Sum of odd numbers: 9
Sum of even numbers: 12
PS C:\Users\nampa\OneDrive\Desktop\PYTHON> |
```

OBSERVATION:

The original code works correctly but is written as a single block, making it harder to reuse and test. The refactored (AI-improved) code separates logic into a function, improving:

- Readability
- Reusability
- Maintainability

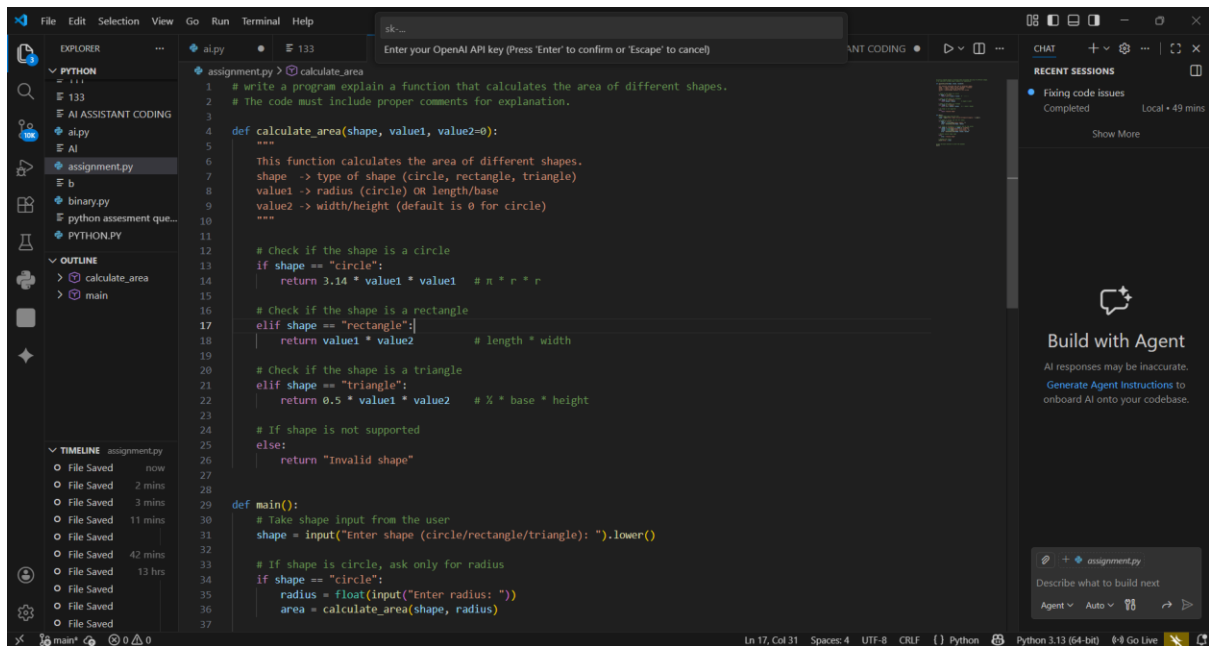
Using a function allows the same logic to be reused with different lists without rewriting code.

TASK:2

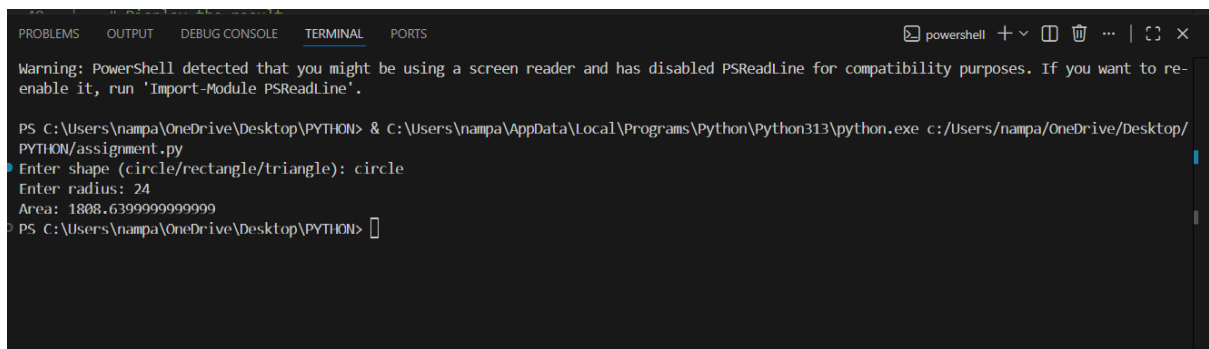
PROMPT:

WRITE A PROGRAM EXPLAIN A FUNCTION THAT CALCULATES THE AREA OF DIFFERENT SHAPES. THE CODE MUST INCLUDE PROPER COMMENTS FOR EXPLANATION.

CODE:



OUTPUT:



OBSERVATION:

This program uses one function to calculate the area of multiple shapes, which avoids code duplication.

The shape parameter decides which formula to apply.

The function uses conditional statements (`if` / `elif`) to select the correct formula.

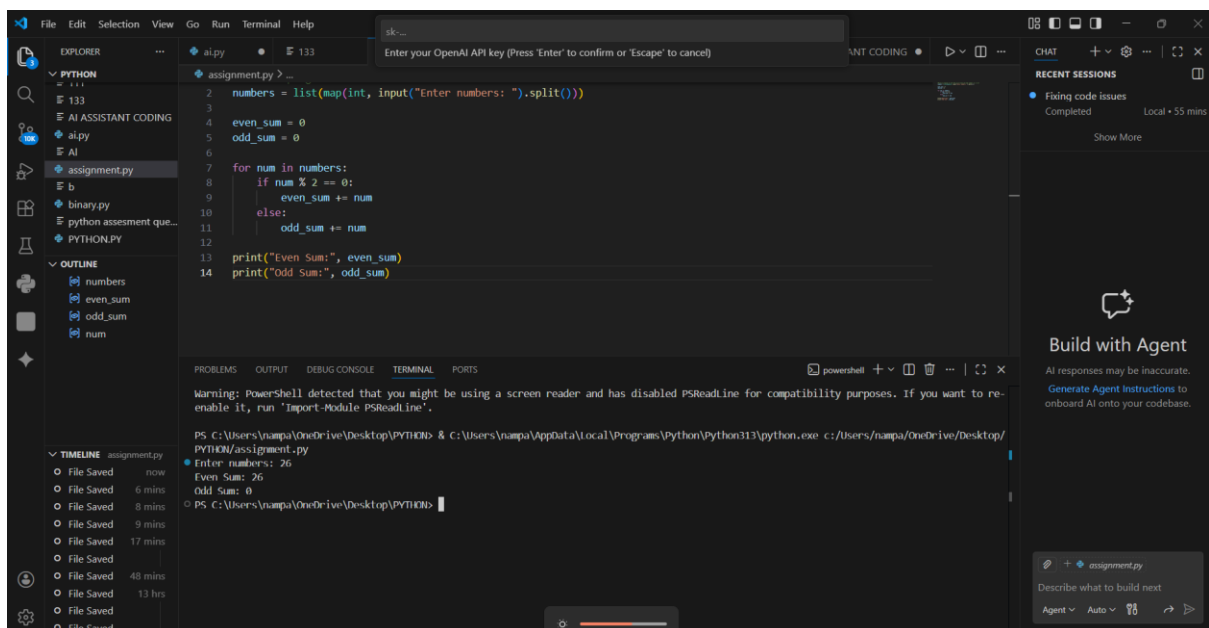
It improves code clarity, making onboarding easier and faster.

TASK:3

PROMPT:

EXPLAIN A FUNCTION THAT CALCULATES THE AREA OF DIFFERENT SHAPES (CURSER USED)
SHAPES. WRITE A PROGRAM TO FIND THE SUM OF EVEN AND ODD NUMBERS IN A LIST

CODE:



```
1 numbers = list(map(int, input("Enter numbers: ").split()))
2
3
4 even_sum = 0
5 odd_sum = 0
6
7 for num in numbers:
8     if num % 2 == 0:
9         even_sum += num
10    else:
11        odd_sum += num
12
13 print("Even Sum:", even_sum)
14 print("Odd Sum:", odd_sum)
```

Warning: PowerShell detected that you might be using a screen reader and has disabled PSReadline for compatibility purposes. If you want to re-enable it, run 'Import-Module PSReadline'.

PS C:\Users\nampa\OneDrive\Desktop\PYTHON> & C:\Users\nampa\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python313\python.exe c:\Users\nampa\OneDrive\Desktop\PYTHON\assignment.py

Enter numbers: 26
Even Sum: 26
Odd Sum: 0

PS C:\Users\nampa\OneDrive\Desktop\PYTHON>

OBSERVATION:

The program demonstrates how one function can handle multiple use cases. Comments clearly explain:

What the function does

Why each condition exists

What each parameter represents

Using comments makes the code junior-developer friendly, which is ideal for onboarding.

The main () function separates user interaction from business logic, improving structure.

This style is considered clean, readable, and professional in real-world projects

TASK:4

PROMPT:

BASED ON PRACTICAL USAGE AND EXPERIMENTATION, COMPARE GEMINI, GITHUB COPILOT, AND CURSOR AI IN TERMS OF USABILITY AND CODE QUALITY. OBSERVATION:

GEMINI Is best suited for explanations and learning support. It produces readable, beginner-friendly code and clear step-by-step reasoning, making it ideal for onboarding juniors and understanding concepts.

GitHubT Copilo excels in real-time coding assistance inside IDEs. It is fast, context aware, and highly productive for experienced developers, but its code may lack explanations.

Cursor AI stands out for **prompt sensitivity and refactoring quality**. It responds strongly to detailed prompts, generating cleaner, more structured, and optimized code, making it suitable for improving legacy codebases.

usability, Copilot integrates seamlessly into workflows, Gemini is conversational and educational, and Cursor AI offers powerful prompt-driven refactoring.

code quality, Cursor AI and Copilot generally produce more professional, production ready code, while Gemini focuses on clarity over optimization