#### **TUPLE**

tuple is denoted by square bracket()

```
tuple can allow all the data types
        tuple is unmutable
        duplicates are allowed in tuple
        we can assign more than one value to the tuple
        we can perform two functions
        count
        index
In [1]:
         ⋈ t=()
            t
   Out[1]: ()
In [2]:

▶ type(t)
   Out[2]: tuple
         | t=(10,20,30)
In [3]:
            t
   Out[3]: (10, 20, 30)
         ▶ len(t)
In [4]:
   Out[4]: 3
In [5]: ht1=(10,2.3,'nit',1+2j,True,10,20)
   Out[5]: (10, 2.3, 'nit', (1+2j), True, 10, 20)
```

```
In [6]:
        print(t)
          print(t1)
          (10, 20, 30)
          (10, 2.3, 'nit', (1+2j), True, 10, 20)
In [7]:  ▶ t.count(10)
   Out[7]: 1
Out[8]: 2
In [9]: ► t1.count(2.3)
   Out[9]: 1
Out[10]: (10, 2.3, 'nit', (1+2j), True, 10, 20)
Out[11]: 1
Out[12]: (10, 20, 30)
Out[13]: (10, 20, 30)
Out[14]: 10
In [15]: ► | t[0]=100
          TypeError
                                           Traceback (most recent call las
          t)
          <ipython-input-15-3382f43ca263> in <module>
          ----> 1 t[0]=100
          TypeError: 'tuple' object does not support item assignment
```

# tuple object does not support item assignment means it is unmutable tuple cannoyt be changed

```
Out[16]: (10, 20, 30)
In [17]:
        ▶ t2=t*3
In [18]:
         | t2
   Out[18]: (10, 20, 30, 10, 20, 30, 10, 20, 30)
Out[19]: (10, 2.3, 'nit', (1+2j), True, 10, 20)
In [20]: ► t1[0:6]
   Out[20]: (10, 2.3, 'nit', (1+2j), True, 10)
In [21]: | t1[1:4]
   Out[21]: (2.3, 'nit', (1+2j))
Out[22]: (10, 20, 30, 10, 20, 30, 10, 20, 30)
In [23]: H t2[1:6:2]
   Out[23]: (20, 10, 30)
Out[24]: (10, 20, 30, 10, 20, 30, 10, 20, 30)
In [25]:
        t2[0:8:1]
   Out[25]: (10, 20, 30, 10, 20, 30, 10, 20)
        N t2[0:9:1]
In [26]:
   Out[26]: (10, 20, 30, 10, 20, 30, 10, 20, 30)
Out[27]: (10, 2.3, 'nit', (1+2j), True, 10, 20)
```

```
In [28]: ► t1[:]
   Out[28]: (10, 2.3, 'nit', (1+2j), True, 10, 20)
Out[29]: (10, 2.3, 'nit', (1+2j), True, 10, 20)
Out[30]: (20,)
In [31]: ► t1[-2:]
   Out[31]: (10, 20)
In [32]: ► t1[:-1]
   Out[32]: (10, 2.3, 'nit', (1+2j), True, 10)
In [33]: ► t1[:-2]
   Out[33]: (10, 2.3, 'nit', (1+2j), True)
Out[34]: (20, 10, True, (1+2j), 'nit', 2.3, 10)
In [35]: ► t1[::-2]
   Out[35]: (20, True, 'nit', 10)
In [36]: ► t1[::-3]
   Out[36]: (20, (1+2j), 10)
In [37]: \forall t=(1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8)
   Out[37]: (1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8)
Out[38]: (4, 5, 6, 7)
Out[39]: (1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8)
```

```
Out[40]: (2, 3, 4)
Out[41]: (1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8)
In [42]: ► t[1:]
  Out[42]: (2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8)
Out[43]: (1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8)
Out[44]: (1, 2, 3, 4, 5)
Out[45]: (1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8)
In [46]: ► t[1:7:3]
 Out[46]: (2, 5)
Out[47]: (1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8)
Out[48]: (8, 7, 6, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1)
Out[49]: (1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8)
In [50]: ▶ t
  Out[50]: (1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8)
Out[51]: (8, 5, 2)
```

```
for i in t:
In [52]:
                print(i)
            1
            2
            3
            4
            5
            6
            7
            8
         In [53]:
                print(i)
            (0, 10)
            (1, 2.3)
            (2, 'nit')
            (3, (1+2j))
            (4, True)
            (5, 10)
            (6, 20)
In [54]:
         ▶ range()
                                                    Traceback (most recent call las
            TypeError
            t)
            <ipython-input-54-5bcbe005bf48> in <module>
            ----> 1 range()
            TypeError: range expected 1 argument, got 0
```

#### range should not be empty we have to pass up to three arguments value

```
In [55]: M range(5)
Out[55]: range(0, 5)

In [56]: M list(range(5))
Out[56]: [0, 1, 2, 3, 4]

In [57]: M range(10,20)
Out[57]: range(10, 20)
```

we cannot pass more than three arguments

### **Tuple creation**

```
In [62]:
          H tup1=()
In [63]:
          tup2=(10,30,60)
                                     # tuple of integers
In [64]:
          tup3=(10.77,30.66,60.89)
                                            # tuple of float
In [65]:
          tup4=('one','two','three')
                                             #tuple of strings
In [66]:
          ▶ | tup5=('akshitha',25,(50,100),(150,90)) #nested tuples
In [67]:
          ▶ tup6=(100, 'akshitha', 17.65) # tuple with mixed data types
          tup7=('akshitha',21,50.6,1+2j,(19,2),{'kts','sri'})
In [68]:
```

```
In [69]: ► len(tup7)
Out[69]: 6
```

### tuple indexing

```
In [70]: N tup2[0]
   Out[70]: 10

In [71]: N tup4[0]
   Out[71]: 'one'

In [72]: N tup4[-1]
   Out[72]: 'three'

In [73]: N tup4[0][0] # nested indexing access the first character of the first tupation of tupation of the first tupation of tup
```

### tuple slicing

```
In [80]: | mytuple[-3:]
  Out[80]: ('six', 'seven', 'eight')

In [81]: | mytuple[:-3]
  Out[81]: ('one', 'two', 'three', 'four', 'five')

In [82]: | mytuple[-2:]
  Out[82]: ('seven', 'eight')

In [83]: | mytuple
  Out[83]: ('one', 'two', 'three', 'four', 'five', 'six', 'seven', 'eight')

In [84]: | mytuple[:-1]
  Out[84]: ('one', 'two', 'three', 'four', 'five', 'six', 'seven')
```

#### Remove & change items

tuple is immutable so we cannot delete the tuple items

#### tuple is immutable so we cannot change tuple items

### loop through a tuple

# True membership

# index position