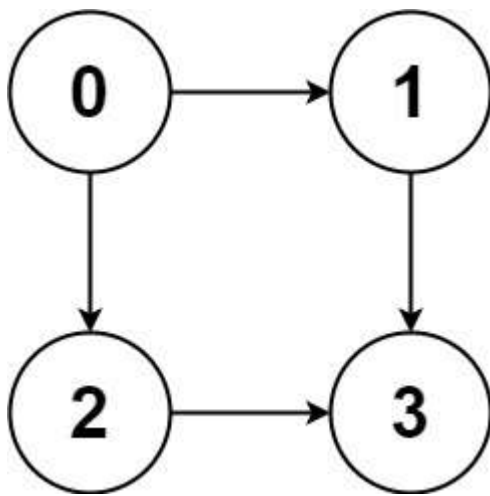


## All Paths from Source to Target [\(View\)](#)

Given a directed acyclic graph (**DAG**) of  $n$  nodes labeled from 0 to  $n - 1$ , find all possible paths from node 0 to node  $n - 1$  and return them in **any order**.

The graph is given as follows: `graph[i]` is a list of all nodes you can visit from node  $i$  (i.e., there is a directed edge from node  $i$  to node `graph[i][j]`).

**Example 1:**

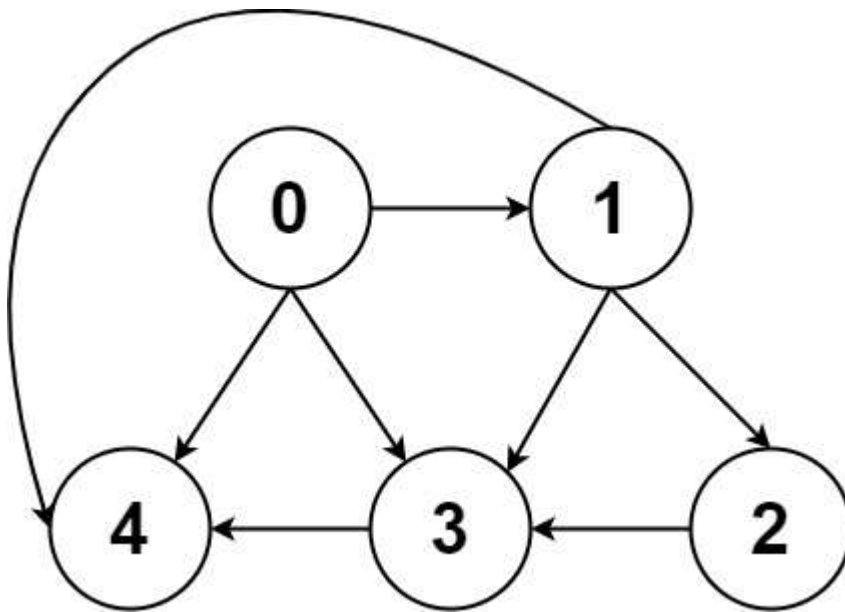


**Input:** `graph = [[1,2],[3],[3],[]]`

**Output:** `[[0,1,3],[0,2,3]]`

**Explanation:** There are two paths: `0 -> 1 -> 3` and `0 -> 2 -> 3`.

**Example 2:**



**Input:** graph = [[4,3,1],[3,2,4],[3],[4],[]]

**Output:** [[0,4],[0,3,4],[0,1,3,4],[0,1,2,3,4],[0,1,4]]

**Constraints:**

- $n == \text{graph.length}$
- $2 \leq n \leq 15$
- $0 \leq \text{graph}[i][j] < n$
- $\text{graph}[i][j] \neq i$  (i.e., there will be no self-loops).
- All the elements of  $\text{graph}[i]$  are **unique**.
- The input graph is **guaranteed** to be a **DAG**.