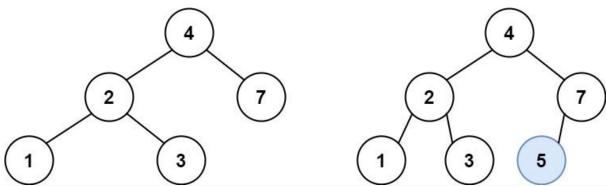
# **Insert into a Binary Search Tree** (View)

You are given the <u>root</u> node of a binary search tree (BST) and a <u>value</u> to insert into the tree. Return *the root node of the BST after the insertion*. It is **guaranteed** that the new value does not exist in the original BST.

**Notice** that there may exist multiple valid ways for the insertion, as long as the tree remains a BST after insertion. You can return **any of them**.

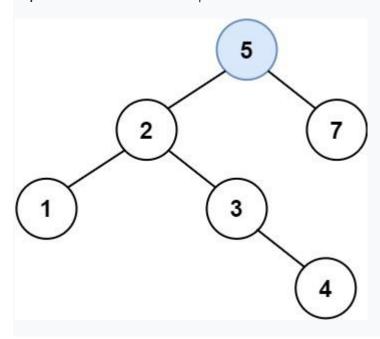
### **Example 1:**



Input: root = [4,2,7,1,3], val = 5

Output: [4,2,7,1,3,5]

Explanation: Another accepted tree is:



## **Example 2:**

Input: root = [40,20,60,10,30,50,70], val = 25

Output: [40,20,60,10,30,50,70,null,null,25]

# Example 3:

```
Input: root = [4,2,7,1,3,null,null,null,null,null,null], val = 5
Output: [4,2,7,1,3,5]
```

### **Constraints:**

- The number of nodes in the tree will be in the range [0, 104].
- -10° <= Node.val <= 10°
- All the values Node.val are unique.
- -10° <= val <= 10°
- It's **guaranteed** that val does not exist in the original BST.