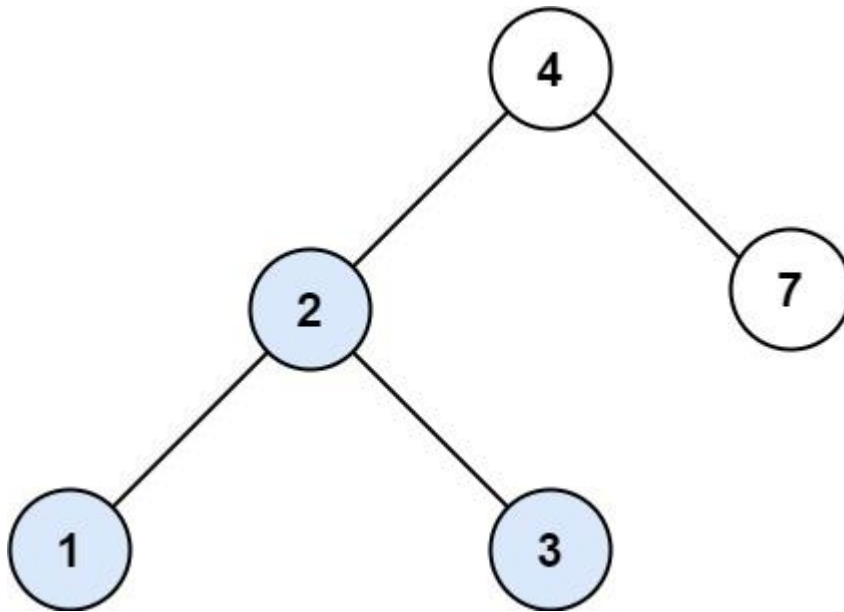


Search in a Binary Search Tree [\(View\)](#)

You are given the `root` of a binary search tree (BST) and an integer `val`.

Find the node in the BST that the node's value equals `val` and return the subtree rooted with that node. If such a node does not exist, return `null`.

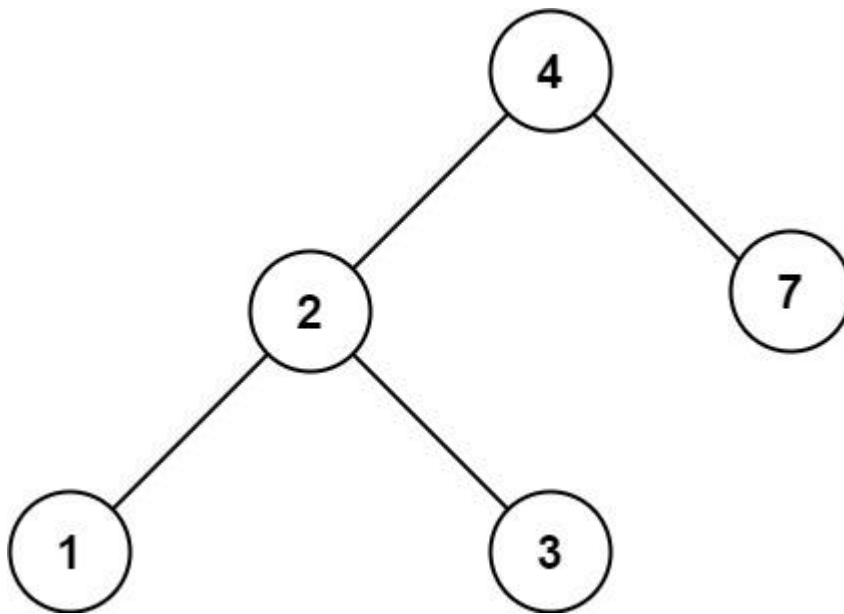
Example 1:



Input: `root = [4,2,7,1,3]`, `val = 2`

Output: `[2,1,3]`

Example 2:



Input: root = [4,2,7,1,3], val = 5

Output: []

Constraints:

- The number of nodes in the tree is in the range [1, 5000].
- $1 \leq \text{Node.val} \leq 10^7$
- root is a binary search tree.
- $1 \leq \text{val} \leq 10^7$