

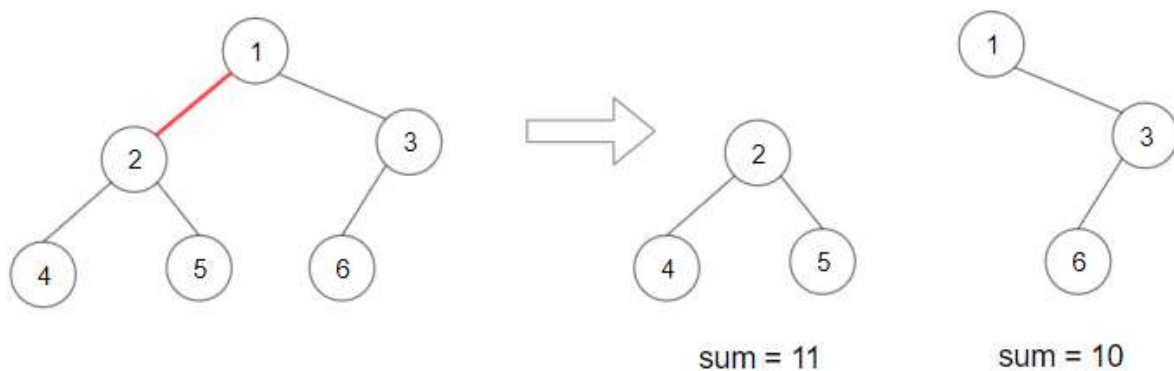
## Maximum Product of Splitted Binary Tree [\(View\)](#)

Given the root of a binary tree, split the binary tree into two subtrees by removing one edge such that the product of the sums of the subtrees is maximized.

Return *the maximum product of the sums of the two subtrees*. Since the answer may be too large, return it **modulo**  $10^9 + 7$ .

**Note** that you need to maximize the answer before taking the mod and not after taking it.

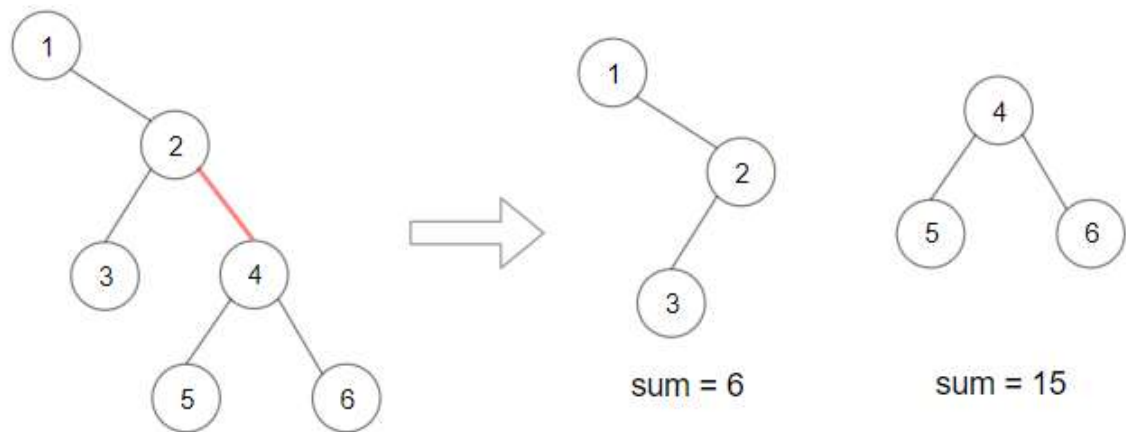
### Example 1:



**Input:** root = [1,2,3,4,5,6]

**Output:** 110

**Explanation:** Remove the red edge and get 2 binary trees with sum 11 and 10. Their product is 110 (11\*10)

**Example 2:**

**Input:** root = [1,null,2,3,4,null,null,5,6]

**Output:** 90

**Explanation:** Remove the red edge and get 2 binary trees with sum 15 and 6. Their product is 90 (15\*6)

**Constraints:**

- The number of nodes in the tree is in the range  $[2, 5 * 10^4]$ .
- $1 \leq \text{Node.val} \leq 10^4$