K Inverse Pairs Array (View)

For an integer array nums, an **inverse pair** is a pair of integers [i, j] where $0 \le i \le j \le nums.length$ and nums[i] > nums[j].

Given two integers n and k, return the number of different arrays consist of numbers from 1 to n such that there are exactly k **inverse pairs**. Since the answer can be huge, return it **modulo** $10^{\circ} + 7$.

Example 1:

```
Input: n = 3, k = 0
Output: 1
Explanation: Only the array [1,2,3] which consists of numbers from 1 to 3 has exactly 0 inverse pairs.
```

Example 2:

```
Input: n = 3, k = 1
Output: 2
Explanation: The array [1,3,2] and [2,1,3] have exactly 1 inverse pair.
```

Constraints:

- 1 <= n <= 1000
- $0 \le k \le 1000$