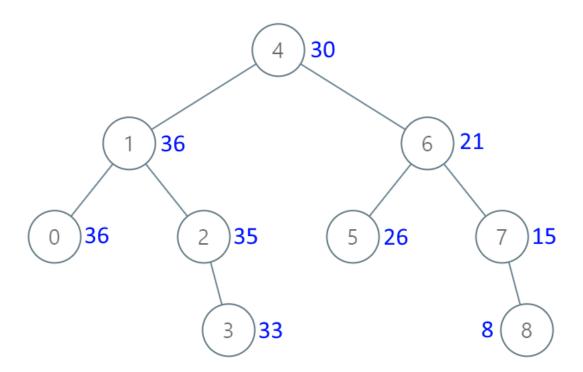
## **Convert BST to Greater Tree** (View)

Given the root of a Binary Search Tree (BST), convert it to a Greater Tree such that every key of the original BST is changed to the original key plus the sum of all keys greater than the original key in BST.

As a reminder, a binary search tree is a tree that satisfies these constraints:

- The left subtree of a node contains only nodes with keys **less than** the node's key.
- The right subtree of a node contains only nodes with keys **greater than** the node's key.
- Both the left and right subtrees must also be binary search trees.

## **Example 1:**



Input: root = [4,1,6,0,2,5,7,null,null,null,3,null,null,null,8]

Output: [30,36,21,36,35,26,15,null,null,null,33,null,null,null,8]

## **Example 2:**

Input: root = [0,null,1]

Output: [1,null,1]

## **Constraints:**

- The number of nodes in the tree is in the range [0, 104].
- -104 <= Node.val <= 104
- All the values in the tree are **unique**.
- root is guaranteed to be a valid binary search tree.