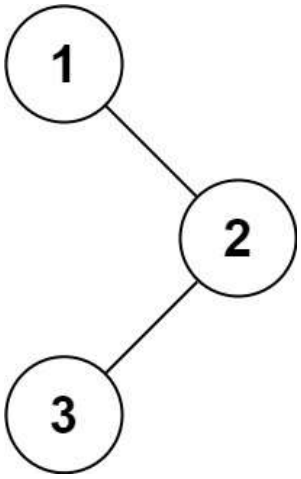
Binary Tree Inorder Traversal (View)

Given the `root` of a binary tree, return *the inorder traversal of its nodes' values*.

Example 1:




```
Input: root = [1,null,2,3]

Output: [1,3,2]
```

Example 2:

```
Input: root = []

Output: []
```

Example 3:

```
Input: root = [1]

Output: [1]
```

Constraints:

- The number of nodes in the tree is in the range `[0, 100]`.
- `-100 <= Node.val <= 100`

Follow up: Recursive solution is trivial, could you do it iteratively?