

## Number of Submatrices That Sum to Target [\(View\)](#)

Given a `matrix` and a `target`, return the number of non-empty submatrices that sum to `target`.

A submatrix  $(x1, y1, x2, y2)$  is the set of all cells `matrix[x][y]` with  $x1 \leq x \leq x2$  and  $y1 \leq y \leq y2$ .

Two submatrices  $(x1, y1, x2, y2)$  and  $(x1', y1', x2', y2')$  are different if they have some coordinate that is different: for example, if  $x1 \neq x1'$ .

### Example 1:

0	1	0
1	1	1
0	1	0

**Input:** `matrix = [[0,1,0],[1,1,1],[0,1,0]]`, `target = 0`

**Output:** 4

**Explanation:** The four 1x1 submatrices that only contain 0.

### Example 2:

**Input:** `matrix = [[1,-1],[-1,1]]`, `target = 0`

**Output:** 5

**Explanation:** The two 1x2 submatrices, plus the two 2x1 submatrices, plus the 2x2 submatrix.

### Example 3:

**Input:** `matrix = [[904]]`, `target = 0`

**Output:** 0

**Constraints:**

- `1 <= matrix.length <= 100`
- `1 <= matrix[0].length <= 100`
- `-1000 <= matrix[i] <= 1000`
- `-10^8 <= target <= 10^8`