

## Longest Increasing Path in a Matrix [\(View\)](#)

Given an  $m \times n$  integers `matrix`, return *the length of the longest increasing path in* `matrix`.

From each cell, you can either move in four directions: left, right, up, or down. You **may not** move **diagonally** or move **outside the boundary** (i.e., wrap-around is not allowed).

**Example 1:**

|   |   |   |
|---|---|---|
| 9 | 9 | 4 |
| 6 | 6 | 8 |
| 2 | 1 | 1 |

**Input:** `matrix = [[9,9,4],[6,6,8],[2,1,1]]`

**Output:** 4

**Explanation:** The longest increasing path is [1, 2, 6, 9].

### Example 2:

|     |     |        |
|-----|-----|--------|
| 3 → | 4 → | 5<br>↓ |
| 3   | 2   | 6      |
| 2   | 2   | 1      |

Input: matrix = [[3,4,5],[3,2,6],[2,2,1]]

Output: 4

Explanation: The longest increasing path is [3, 4, 5, 6]. Moving diagonally is not allowed.

### Example 3:

Input: matrix = [[1]]

Output: 1

### Constraints:

- `m == matrix.length`
- `n == matrix[i].length`
- `1 <= m, n <= 200`
- `0 <= matrix[i][j] <= 231 - 1`