Summary Ranges (View)

You are given a **sorted unique** integer array `nums`.

Return *the **smallest sorted** list of ranges that **cover all the numbers in the array exactly***. That is, each element of `nums` is covered by exactly one of the ranges, and there is no integer `x` such that `x` is in one of the ranges but not in `nums`.

Each range `[a,b]` in the list should be output as:

- `"a->b"` if `a != b`
- `"a"` if `a == b`

Example 1:

```
Input: nums = [0,1,2,4,5,7]

Output: ["0->2","4->5","7"]

Explanation: The ranges are:

[0,2] --> "0->2"

[4,5] --> "4->5"

[7,7] --> "7"
```

Example 2:

```
Input: nums = [0,2,3,4,6,8,9]

Output: ["0","2->4","6","8->9"]

Explanation: The ranges are:

[0,0] --> "0"

[2,4] --> "2->4"

[6,6] --> "6"

[8,9] --> "8->9"
```

Constraints:

- `0 <= nums.length <= 20`
- -2^{31} `<= nums[i] <=` $2^{31} - 1$
- All the values of `nums` are **unique**.
- `nums` is sorted in ascending order.