

#### **AMERICAN INTERNATIONAL UNIVERSITY-BANGLADESH (AIUB)**

Faculty of Engineering Department of EEE and CoE Undergraduate Program

Course: Data Communication

Fall 2021-22, MID

Experiment 1: Introduction to MATLAB

# Submitted by:

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**Section**: F

Group: 7

#### **Submitted To**

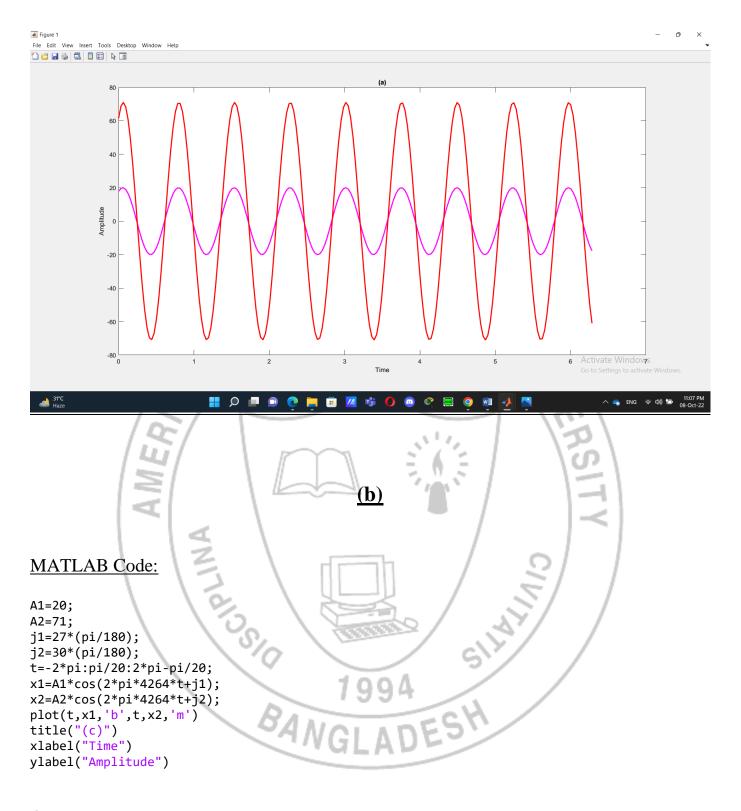
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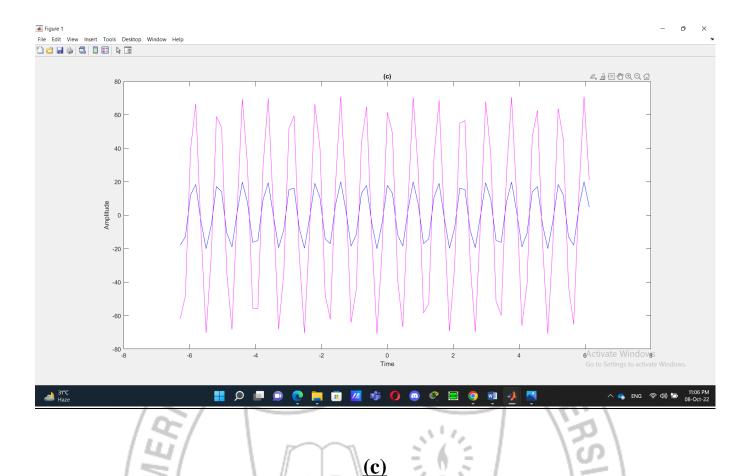
# **Performance Task for Lab Report: (ID = AB-CDEFG-H)**

```
ID = 20-42647-1
So,
A = 2
B = 0
C = 4
D=2
E = 6
F = 4
                                                          NALUALE
G = 7
H = 1
x1(t) = A1 \cos(2\pi(CDEF)t + i1)
x2(t) = A2 \cos(2\pi(CDEF)t + j2)
A1 = AB = 20
A2 = GH = 71
i1 = DG = 27^{\circ}
j2 = 30^{\circ}
x1(t) = 20\cos(2\pi(4264)t + 27^{\circ})
x2(t) = 71\cos(2\pi(4264)t + 30^{\circ})
                                                  (\mathbf{a})
MATLAB Code:
A1=20;
A2=71;
j1=27*(pi/180);
j2=30*(pi/180);
t=0:pi/100:2*pi;
x1=A1*cos((2*pi*4264*t)+j1);
plot(t,x1,'m','linewidth',2);
hold on;
x2=A2*cos((2*pi*4264*t)+j2);
plot(t,x2,'r','linewidth',2);
hold on;
title("(a)");
xlabel("Time");
ylabel("Amplitude");
```

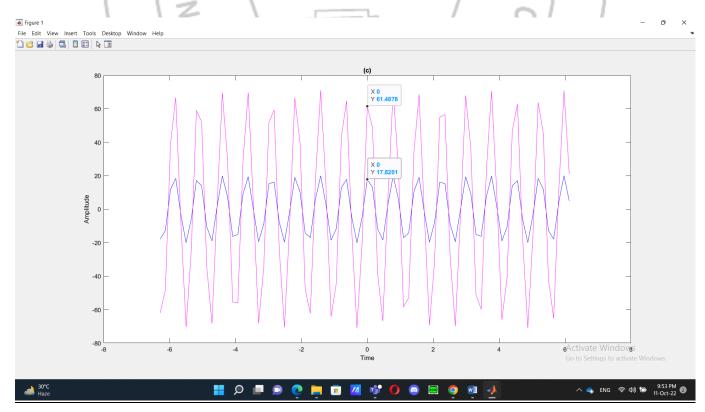
## Output:



# Output:



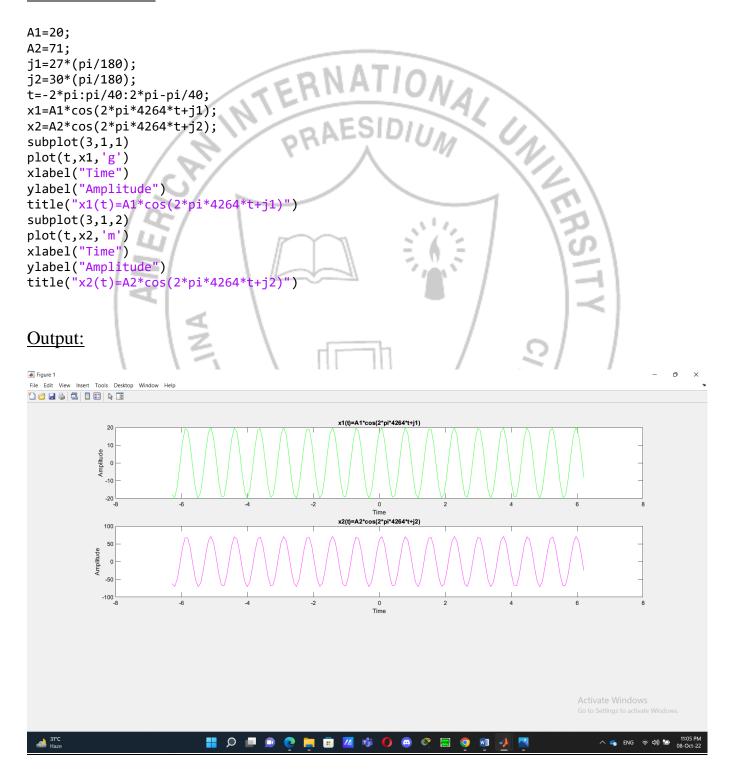
Here we can see from the graph that x1(t) reaches its maximum peak after t=0 and x2(t) reaches its maximum peak at t=0.



x1(t) reaches its peak A1=61.49 when t=0 x2(t) reaches its peak A2=17.82 when t=0

# <u>(d)</u>

#### MATLAB Code:



#### MATLAB Code:

```
A1=20;
A2=71;
j1=27*(pi/180);
j2=30*(pi/180);
t=-2*pi:pi/40:2*pi-pi/40;
x1=A1*cos(2*pi*4264*t+j1);
x2=A2*cos(2*pi*4264*t+j2);
                                                      10NAL UNITE
x3=x1+x2;
subplot(3,1,1)
plot(t,x1,'c')
xlabel("Time")
ylabel("Amplitude")
title("x1(t)=A1*cos(2*pi*4264*t+j1)
subplot(3,1,2)
plot(t,x2,'k')
xlabel("Time")
ylabel("Amplitude")
title("x2(t)=A2*cos(2*pi*4264*t+j2)")
subplot(3,1,3)
plot(t,x3,'m')
xlabel("Time")
ylabel("Amplitude")
title("x3(t)=x1(t)+x2(t)")
Output:
Figure 1
x2(t)=A2*cos(2*pi*4264*t+j2)
            100
           -100
                                                   x3(t)=x1(t)+x2(t)
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08-Oct-22
```