# nicolashillegeer

engineer, computer scientist

#### about

kattestraat 51 9150 kruibeke belgium

Born on February 11, 1988 Place of birth Beveren-Waas, Belgium

nicolas@hillegeer.com http://www.aktau.be

## languages

native: dutch fluent: english, spanish proficient: portuguese notions: french, german

## programming

Java, Scala C, C++(11) PHP, Python & Lua CSS3, HTML5 & JavaScript

## interests

Creating elegant systems using the latest technologies and methodologies. Making those systems as fast and fault-tolerant as possible. I have a special interest in web technology, both on the server and client-side. The web is a rapidly changing environment and it is imperative to find the right technology that allows one to get an edge over the competition, both in speed of development, reliability, performance and security.

## education

2010-2011 **Master of Science** Kathelieke Universiteit Leuven

Majoring in Computer Science Specialization in Artificial Intelligence

2009–2010 Master of Science Universidad Autónoma de Barcelona

Majoring in Computer Science Specialization in Artificial Intelligence

2006–2009 Bachelor of Science Kahtolieke Universiteit Leuven

Engineering Sciences, specialization in Computer Science

## experience (part 1)

#### 10/12-07/13 Freelance, Antwerp-Heidelberg

Freelance consultant

Development of large and small software systems, usually featuring a clientserver architecture. Focus on web technologies.

My latest assignment was a solo project for an Antwerp-based media company aiming to develop a digital signage system (advertisement and media) that allowed them to have their high-definition media (and that of their clients) streamed to remote players everywhere – in stores, at events, in parking places, et cetera. In the project description section below you can find a more detailed explanation of the technical details.

As this was a rather large solo project, I performed all the tasks normally associated with a large-scale software project, from customer relations to architect, developer and even sysadmin. This gave me a lot of experience with topics that I wouldn't have come into contact with if I had been working as part of a larger team like with my earlier projects. It gave me a fresh perspective on many tasks and come up with good ways to integrate the different roles and responsibilities and streamline the process in future projects, whether they be small and nimble or vast and long-lasting.

# experience (part 2)

09/11-09/12	Capgemini, Diegem	Consultant
	Development and maintenance of a large data warehouse for a chemic	cal indus-
	try company with Oracle technology.	

- 09/10–07/11 **Department of Computer Science, Katholieke Universiteit Leuven, Leuven**In this year I worked on my thesis project. The objective was to construct various tools with the goal of aiding and optimizing the workflow of archaeologists trying to restore frescos all over the world. Primarily this means digitally reconstructing the fresco with the aid of specific algorithms, and helping the operator judge the results whilst allowing him/her to suggest new possibilities.
- 08/10-09/10 **Department of Physics, Katholieke Universiteit Leuven, Leuven**Development of a hybrid neural network for recognition of material hardness through soundwave analysis.
- 10/09-06/10 **Department of Computer Science, Katholieke Universiteit Leuven, Leuven** Student *Creating a pathfinding robot in team.*
- 08/09-09/09 **Department of Biology, Katholieke Universiteit Leuven, Leuven**Pilot project: construction of an educational game for children teaching them about evolution.

#### activities

Leisure Antwerp, Heidelberg, Barcelona Travel, reading, skiing, soccer, fitness, festivals, language learning

## project descriptions

This section provides a more technical view of the tasks performed on certain projects, for those interested.

A solo project aiming to develop a digital signage system (i.e.: advertisement and media on customer's premises) that lets many media player units connect to a central server. The server is responsible for the worldwide distribution of content in a secure and efficient fashion, and the client is responsible for playing this content and reporting on its activities. Advertisers can pay to advertise on this network, for example by putting content and presentations on player units in their vicinity to attract customers. As the advertiser pays for time on the player units, it is necessary that the unit be as stable as possible and recover from any error it may encounter. Supported media types are RSS feeds, weather data, custom websites, HD video and flash presentations. This is easily extendable.

On the technical side, I researched and used a lot of (sometimes unfamiliar) technologies that were a good match for the project. A sampling:

- **puppet** for deploying both the server and clients, making everything reproducible and maintainable. New player boxes are deployed by popping in a USB stick containg a customized debian, further installation is handsoff. This makes it fast and easy to setup new units and deliver them to costumers on time.
- **linux (debian)** both the server and client run debian linux (wheezy), and extensively use both standard and custom packages for provisioning, making upgrades and bug-fixes on both all and specific units a trivial matter. A custom debian repository runs on the server.
- C To display the various media types a web browser (chromium) is used as the main viewport. Yet, no web browser for linux supported hardware playback of high-definition content. So a browser plugin was written in C that interfaces the browser with a video player that can take advantage of the low-cost hardware and play HD content without breaking a sweat.
- **nginx** both the server and the clients are running instances of nginx to coordinate the various running services (media download, video playing, et cetera.
- node.js, websockets, server-sent events for managing such a large network some remote control is necessary, however many customer locations have very locked-down networks. One of the few ways to evade this in a general way is to use HTTP over SSL (HTTPS) as a transport protocol. The reason for this is, is that it is common for employees to visit HTTPS websites (such as gmail) from inside the network. This technique has the added advantage of securing all communications from unwanted eyes. When possible, this remote control system uses WebSockets, with a fallback to server-sent events, which is indistinguishable from plain HTTP to any router/proxy.
- redis, mongodb players are sending information and reconnecting all the time for various reasons, which is why the datastore for managing this information needs to be very efficient for both writing and reading. Redis a popular in-memory database was chosen for this task and has proven to perform admirably. The players themselves keep all information about the playlists (duration, type, file location, ...) locally in a mongodb instance.
- **PHP** large parts of the digital signage application were written in PHP, which has proven itself a stable and performant web technology.
- **Javascript, CSS** except for the videos, most media is pure HTML. To provide for smooth transitions and a pleasing appearance the player uses a combination of javascript and CSS.