

CH-5: Affirmed Dispraise

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Definition & Examples

The communicator criticises, then indicates that there is an exception to the criticism, and then affirms the original criticism by criticising again. This is the opposite of [Affirmed Praise](#).^{[1][2][3]}

Example

كريم طالب سيئ. الشيء الوحيد الجيد فيه أنه يعرف مدى سوء حالته، ولا ينوي دراسة هذا الموضوع بعد هذا العام الدراسي.

"Karim is a bad student. The only thing good about him is that he knows how bad he is, and he does not intend to study this subject after this academic year."

See also

- [CH-4: Affirmed Praise](#)

References

- ↑ Hussein Abdul-Raof, *Arabic Rhetoric: A Pragmatic Analysis*  (Oxford: Routledge, 2006), 245, ISBN 9780415386098. DOI: 10.4324/9780203965399
- ↑ Ayman Amin Abd Al-Ghani, *Al-Kāfi fī al-Balāgha: Al-Bayān, wa al-Badi' wa al-Ma'anī* (Cairo: Dār al-Tawfīqiyya lil-Turāth, 2011), 265-270.
- ↑ Ahmad al-Hāshimī, *Jawāhir al-Balāgha fī al-Ma'anī wa-al-Bayān wa-al-Badi'*  (Windsor: Hindāwī Foundation, 2019), 378, ISBN 9781527316386.

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