
ciphart

key derivation with easier measurable security

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i propose *ciphart* — a memory-hard key derivation function with a security gain that’s measurable more objectively and more conveniently than anything in class known to date, while maintaining a memory-hardness identical to argon2d¹.

to nail this goal, *ciphart*’s security gain is measured in the unit of *relative entropy bits*. relative to what? relative to the encryption algorithm that’s used later on.

therefore, this measure is guaranteed to hold irrespective of adversary’s hardware, for as long as the encryption algorithm that’s used with *ciphart* is also the same one that’s used to encrypt the data afterwards.

my reference implementation is available here².

1 ciphart

1.1 users’ parameters

- M total memory in multiples of 2×64 bytes.
- S maximum number of tasks per lane segment.
- R number of rounds per task.
- B added security in *relative entropy bits*.
- L number of lanes for concurrency.
- enc encryption function.
- p passphrase.

1.2 algorithm’s parameters

- $T \leftarrow M/W$
- $m_{l,s,t}$ 64 bytes memory for t^{th} task, in s^{th} segment, in l^{th} lane to work on.
- $n \leftarrow 0$, a variable with at least 64 bits to store nonces in.

1.3 algorithm’s output

- k key with B , or more, *relative entropy bits*.

1.4 algorithm’s steps

shown in algorithm 1.

algorithm 1: ciphart version 6

```
1 for  $s = 1, 2, \dots, S$  do
2   for  $l = 1, 2, \dots, L$  do
3     for  $t = 1, 2, \dots, T$  do
4       for  $r = 1, 2, \dots, R$  do
5         if  $t = 1$  then
6            $m_{l,s,t} \leftarrow \text{enc}(m_{l,s,T}, n, k)$ ;
7         else
8            $m_{l,s,t} \leftarrow \text{enc}(m_{l,s,t-1}, n, k)$ ;
9          $n \leftarrow n + 1$ ;
10         $k \leftarrow f(m_{l,s,t}[-64:], p, l, s, t)$ ;
11  if  $\log_2 n \geq B$  then
12    go to line 13;
13 while true do
14   for  $l = 1, 2, \dots, L$  do
15     if  $\text{len}(k) \geq K$  then
16       return  $k[0:K]$ 
17      $n \leftarrow n + 1$ ;
18      $k \leftarrow k \parallel \text{enc}(m_{l,S,T}[1], n, k)$ ;
```

2 parallelism

3 memory-hardness

4 security interpretation

5 comparison

6 summary

¹<https://github.com/P-H-C/phc-winner-argon2>

²<https://github.com/Al-Caveman/ciphart>