

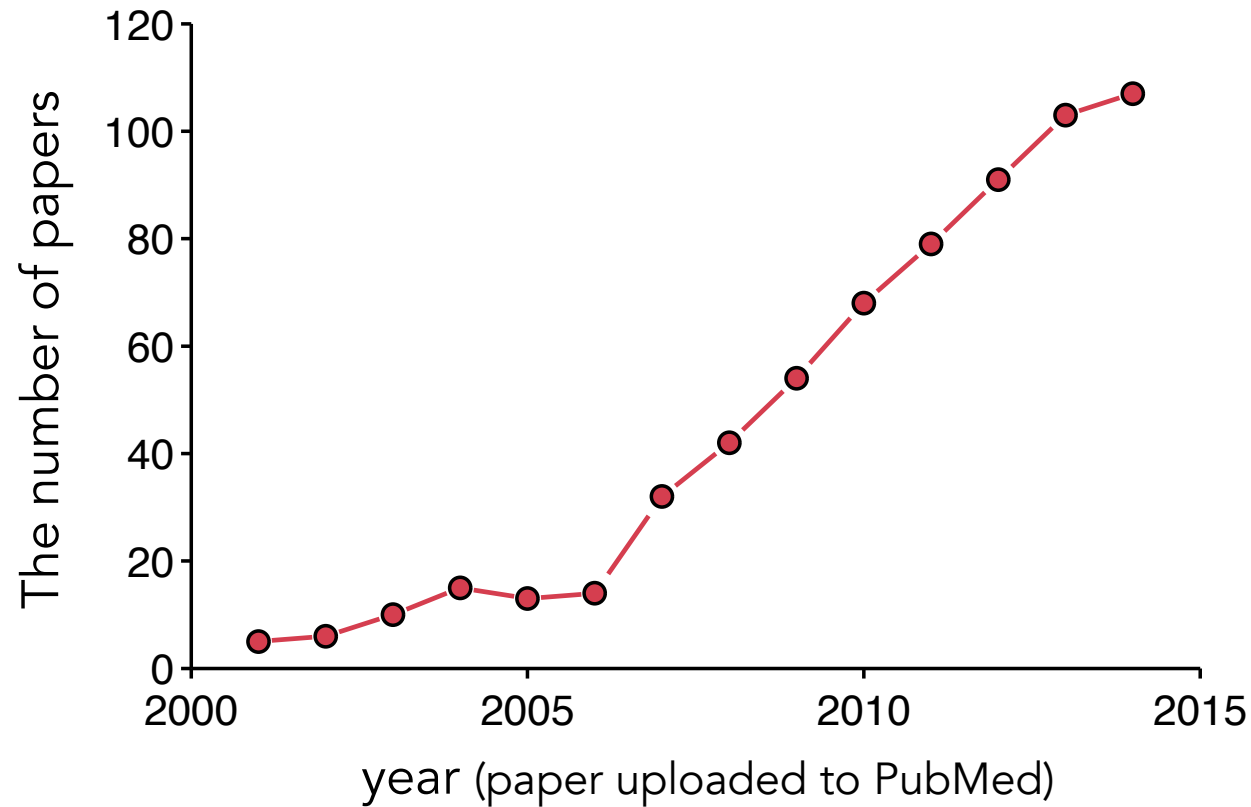
Facilitating neuroimaging marker discovery and validation: The predictive mapping approach

Choong-Wan Woo with help of Tor D. Wager, Luke J. Chang, Anjali Krishnan

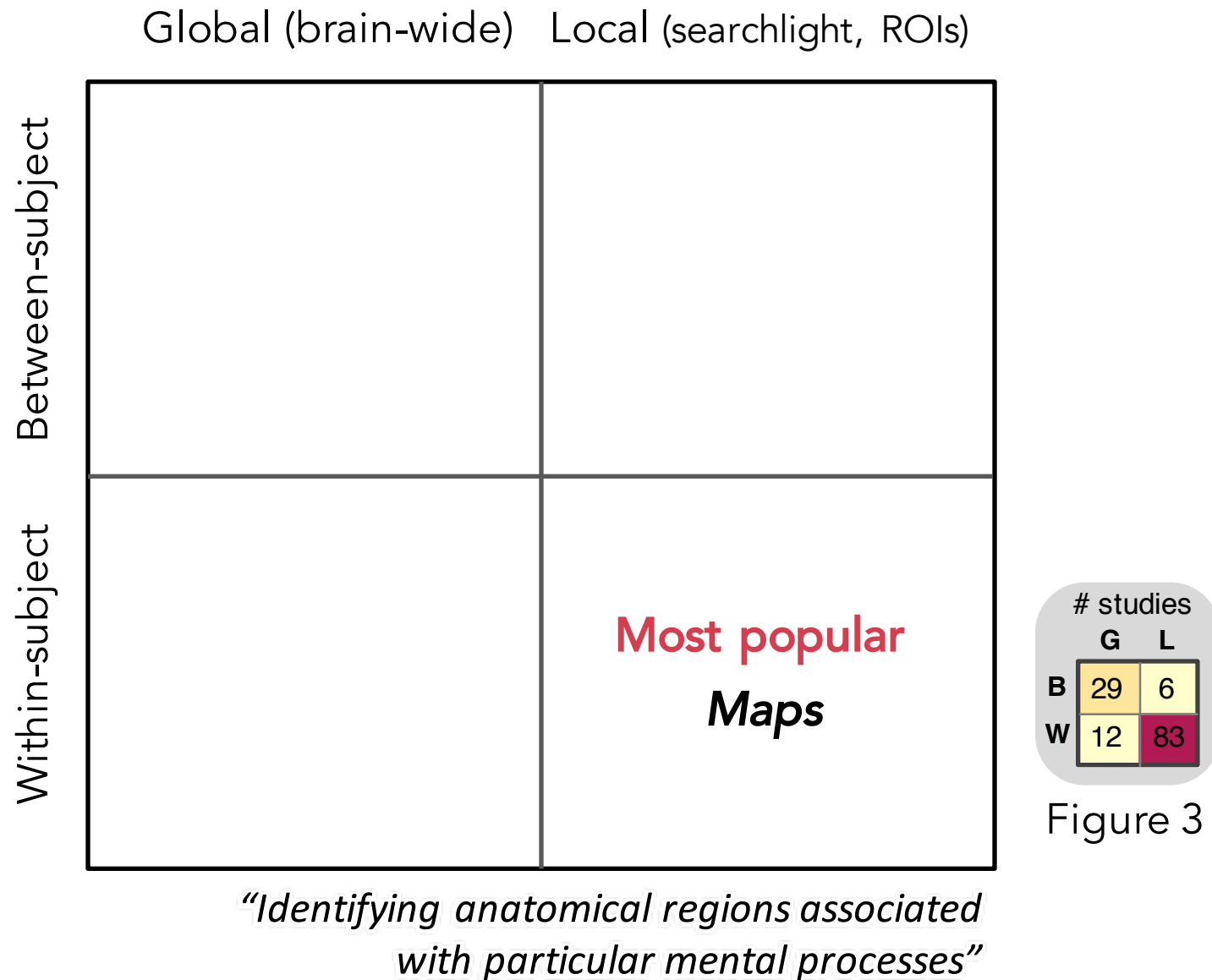
Cognitive and Affective Neuroscience Laboratory
Department of Psychology and Neuroscience
University of Colorado Boulder

Multivariate pattern analysis (MVPA) has become very popular!

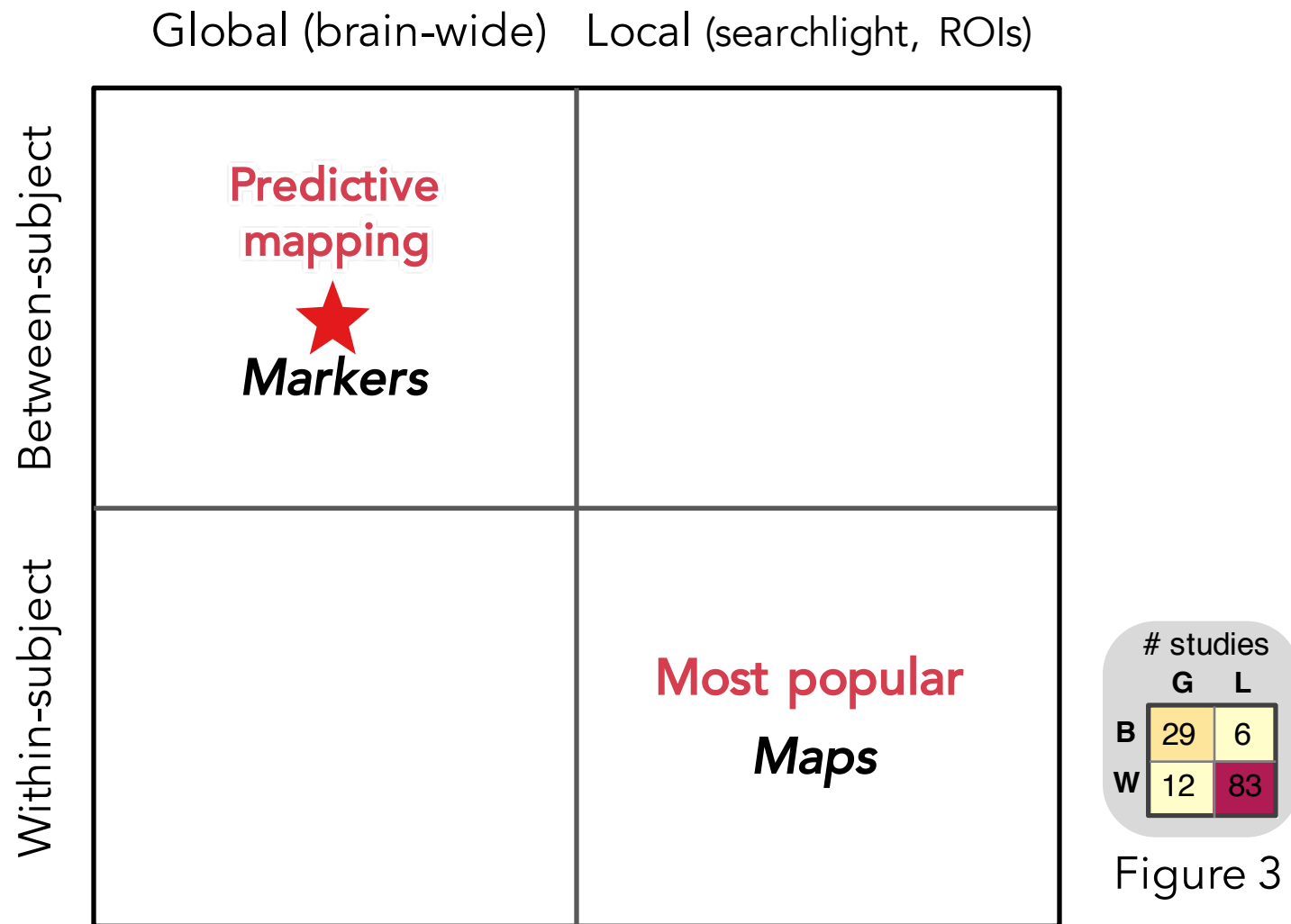
- PubMed search: (multivariate pattern analysis) AND (fMRI)



There are different **MVPA** approaches

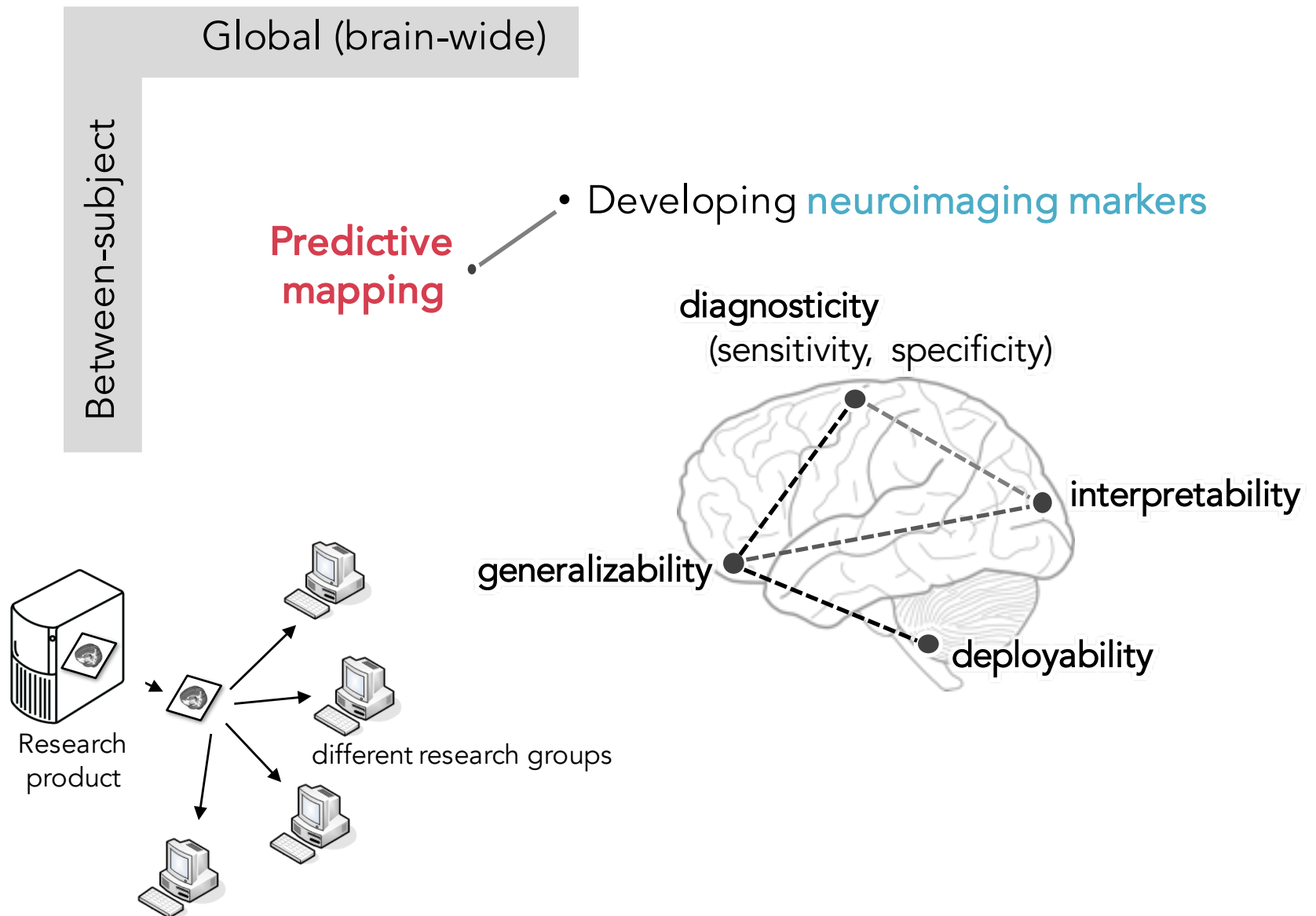


There are different **MVPA** approaches

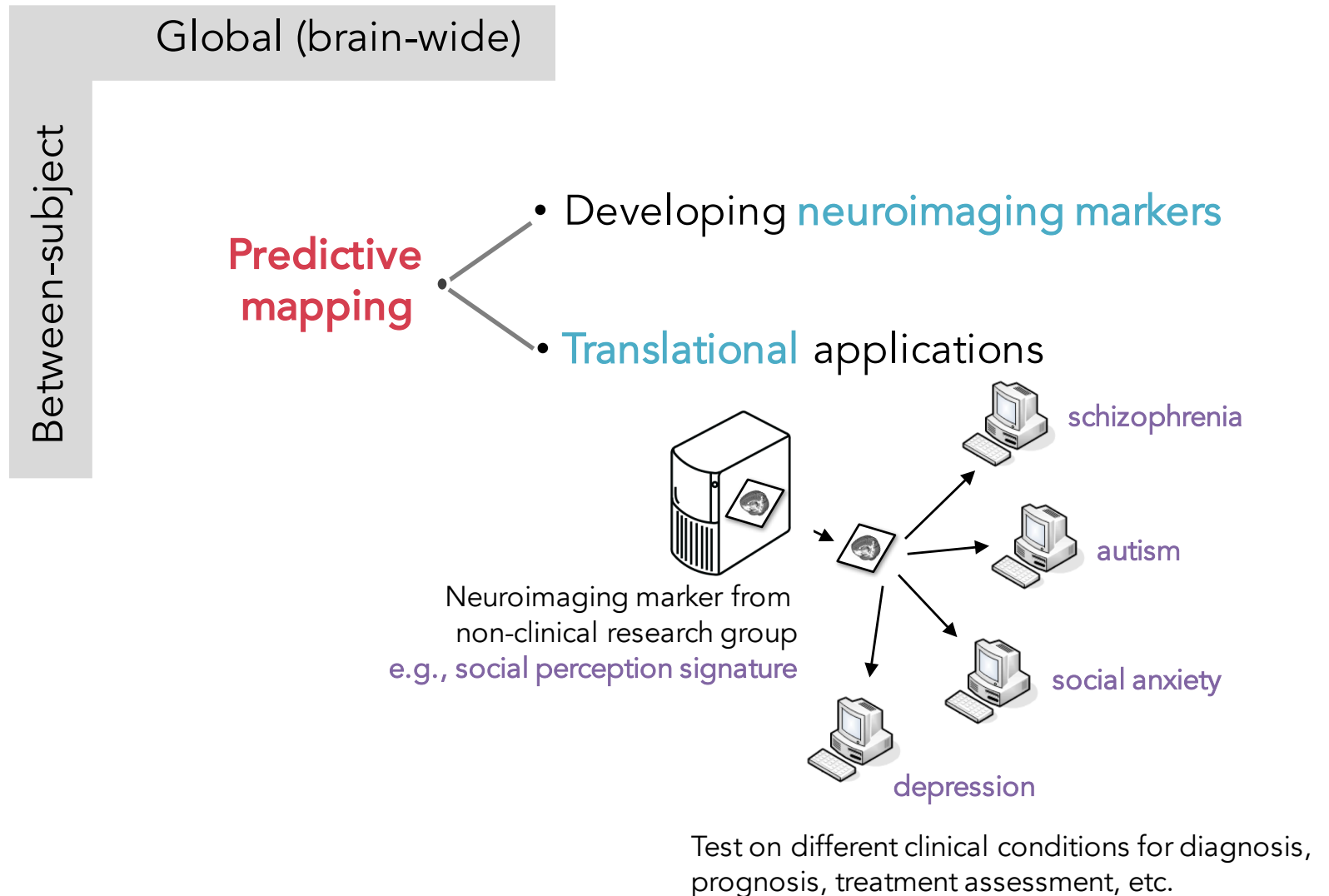


“Identifying multivariate patterns of brain activity optimized to be predictive of, and sensitive and specific to, a particular type of mental process”

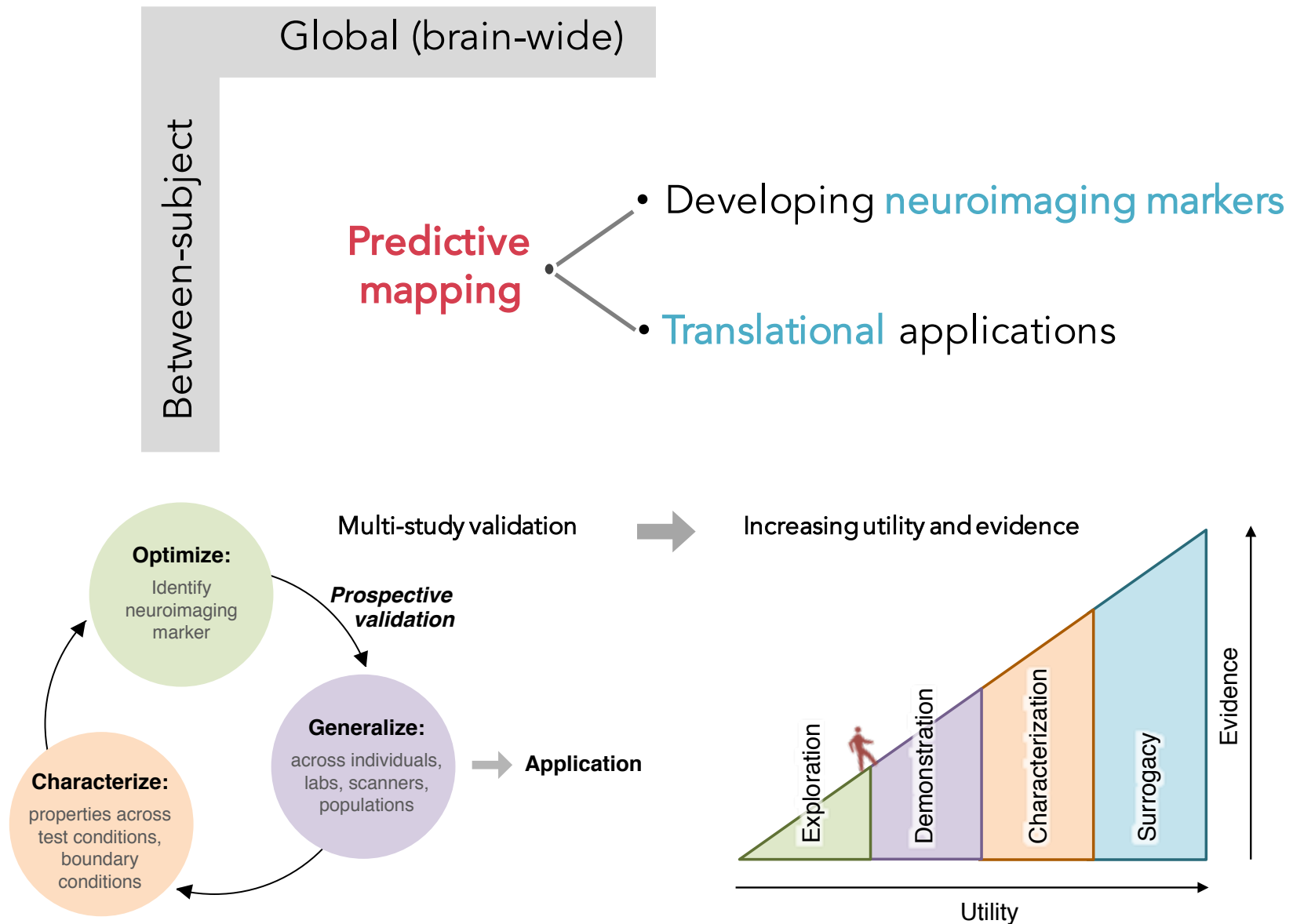
There are different **MVPA** approaches



There are different **MVPA** approaches



Multi-study validation of neuroimaging markers



Review paper summary

- Introduced the predictive mapping approach (basic concepts)

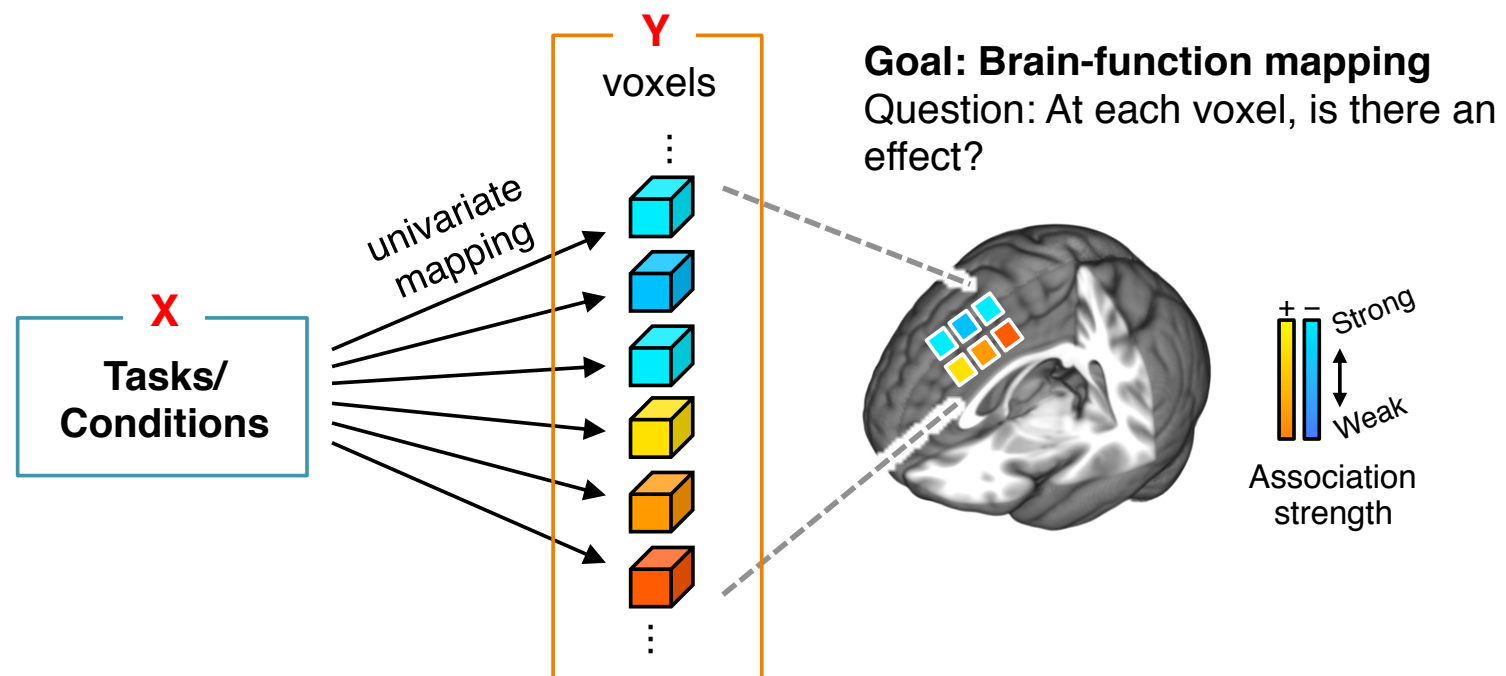
Predictive mapping: a type of multivariate pattern analysis (MVPA) combined with experimental designs optimized for marker development

It aims to develop multivariate, system-level predictive models that are sensitive and specific to particular outcomes of interest and can be prospective tested on new individuals and new study samples.

Review paper summary

- Introduced the predictive mapping approach (basic concepts)
- by contrasting it to traditional mapping (univariate analysis) and information-based mapping

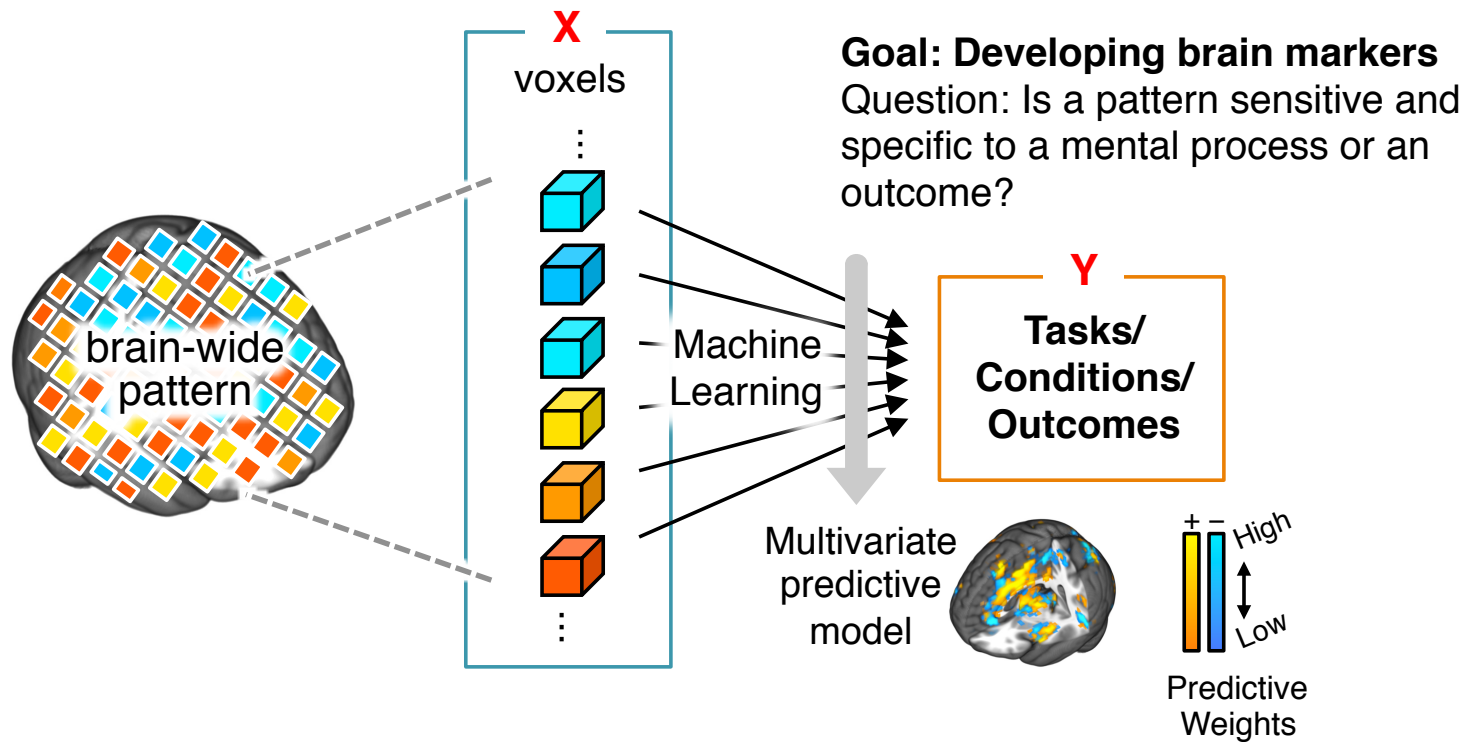
Traditional brain mapping approach (univariate analysis)



Review paper summary

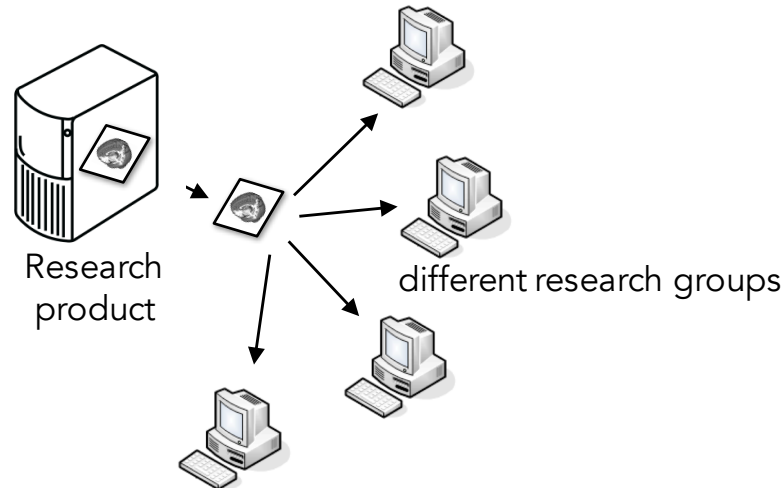
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Predictive mapping approach (multivariate analysis)



Review paper summary

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- Discussed implications of having well-defined predictive markers that can be prospectively tested on new individuals and new datasets



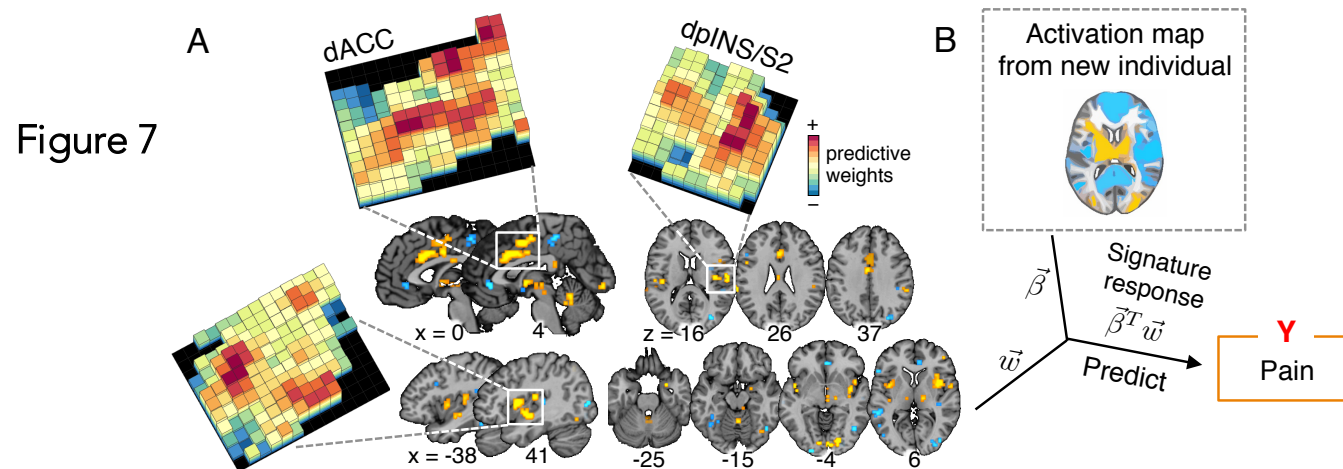
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- Suggested a set of evaluation criteria for neuroimaging markers for its validation

Development Stages	Criteria	Definition	Test setting
Discovery	1 Diagnosticity	Sensitivity: positive results when a target psychological or behavioral process is engaged	Positive control
		Specificity: positive results exclusively when the target process is engaged	Negative control
Validation	2 Interpretability	Neuroscientifically interpretable model	Neuroscience literature, meta-analysis, animal models, lesion studies
	3 Deployability	Easy to apply the marker across different research groups and clinics	Well-specified predictive model, simple and standardized testing procedure
	4 Generalizability	Generalizable across different laboratories, scanners, populations, and variants of testing conditions	New test studies (with multi-study, multi-site efforts)

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- Suggested a set of evaluation criteria for neuroimaging markers for its validation
- Provided an exemplar of a neuroimaging marker using the Neurologic Pain Signature
- Presented literature survey results and discussed broader implications and recommendations