

A Denotational Semantics for Polymorphic Effect Systems

Part III Project

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Introduction Slide

What is denotational Semantics?

Denotational Semantics using Category Theory

(Objects, Morphisms, etc)

Language features (1)

cartesian closed categories - pairs, unit, and functions

Language features (2)

Monads, graded monads

Language Features (3)

Subtyping, Subeffecting, If-Expressions

An Effectful Language

EC Syntax + example program

Semantics of EC

- example of some denotational rules - S-Category

An Ugly Example

- Example of a program that would benefit from polymorphism.

Let's add polymorphism

- PEC Syntax, Type System (Particularly Gen and Spec rules)

An Ugly Example - With a Makeover

- Example of a program that would benefit from polymorphism.

How do we Model the Semantics of a Polymorphic Language?

- For a given effect variable environment Φ , excluding the polymorphic terms, we have EC, which there exist models for.
- Effect-variable environments of length n are isomorphic by α -equivalence

How do we Model the Semantics of a Polymorphic Language?

(So we can build up stack of S-categories) (diagram of the category stack)
("Need to have a way of moving between S-categories")

Base Category

- We need a way of reasoning about effect-variable environment categorically
- We can model effects and environments in new category.
- Objects: $1, U, U^n$ (write I for U^n) - Morphisms: $\llbracket e \rrbracket : 1 \rightarrow U$ - Monoidal operator $\text{Mul} : \mathbb{C}(I, U) \times \mathbb{C}(I, U) \rightarrow \mathbb{C}(I, U)$ - Can represent each effect environment as an object I , and common transformations between environments, such as weakening and substitutions, are morphisms between effect environments.

Indexed Category

Quantification

Instantiating a Model (1)

- Can we actually instantiate a category with the required structure?
- Models of particular instantiations of EC based on `Set` exist.
- Next step is use a `Set`-based model to build a model of EC

Instantiating a Model (2) - Base Category

- Category of monotone functions of ground effects (with no variables) to ground effects. - $\llbracket \diamond, \alpha \vdash \alpha \cdot \text{IO} : \text{Effect} \rrbracket = e \mapsto e \cdot \text{IO}$

Instantiating a Model (3) - Fibres

- The fibre $\mathbb{C}(n)$ is the category of functors $[E^n, \text{Set}]$ - I.E. objects are functions that take a vector of ground effects and return sets - Morphisms are functions that return functions in Set - S-Category features (products, exponentials, graded monad) can be constructed pointwise

Instantiating a Model (4) - Functors and Adjunctions

- Re-indexing functors are formed by pre-composition - \forall_{E^n} functor is formed by a product over all effects.
- Adjunction operations become pairing and projection.