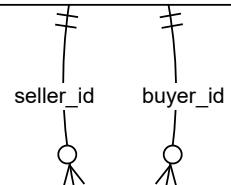


COUNTERPARTIES		
int	id	F
string	name	
string	inn	
string	address	
string	phone	
boolean	is_salesman	
boolean	is_buyer	



ITEMS		
int	id	PK
string	code	
string	name	
string	unit	
string	type	

PRODUCTIONS		
	id	PK
	production_no	
	date	
	product_id	FK
	quantity	

ORDERITEMS		
int	id	PK
int	order_id	FK
int	item_id	FK
decimal	quantity	
decimal	price	
decimal	amount	

ORDERS		
int	id	PK
string	order_no	
date	date	
int	seller_id	FK
int	buyer_id	FK

PK

USERS		
int	id	PK
string	login	
string	password	
string	role	
int	attempt	

The diagram illustrates a database table structure named **PRODUCTIONMATERIALS**. The table has four columns:

- id**: Type int, Primary Key (PK).
- production_id**: Type int, Foreign Key (FK).
- material_id**: Type int, Foreign Key (FK).
- quantity**: Type decimal.

Relationships are indicated by arrows: an arrow from the **production_id** column points to another part of the diagram, and an arrow from the **material_id** column points to another part of the diagram.

PRODUCTIONMATERIALS		
int	id	PK
int	production_id	FK
int	material_id	FK
decimal	quantity	

