

Problem 2

$$\begin{aligned}
 (a) \quad f(y|\lambda) &= \lambda \cdot e^{-\lambda y} = \exp(\log(\lambda \cdot e^{-\lambda y})) \\
 &= \exp(\log(\lambda) + \log(e^{-\lambda y})) \\
 &= \exp(\log(\lambda) - \lambda y \cdot \log(e)) \\
 &= \exp(\log(\lambda) - \lambda y) = \exp(\log(\lambda)) \cdot \exp(-\lambda y) \\
 &= \lambda e^{-\lambda y}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\Rightarrow \theta = -\lambda, b(\theta) = -\log(\lambda), \phi = 1, c(y, \phi) = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 (b) \quad f(y|\pi) &= \binom{n}{y} \pi^y (1-\pi)^{n-y} = \frac{n!}{y!(n-y)!} \pi^y (1-\pi)^{n-y} \\
 &= \exp\left(\log\left(\frac{n!}{y!(n-y)!}\right) \pi^y (1-\pi)^{n-y}\right) \\
 &= \exp\left(\log\left(\frac{n!}{y!(n-y)!}\right) + \log((1-\pi)^{n-y})\right) \\
 &= \exp\left(\log\left(\frac{n!}{y!(n-y)!}\right)\right) + \exp\left(\log(\pi^y) + \log((1-\pi)^{n-y})\right) \\
 &= \binom{n}{y} + \exp(y \log(\pi) + (n-y) \log(1-\pi)) \\
 &= \binom{n}{y} + \exp(y \log(\pi) - y \log(1-\pi) + n \log(1-\pi)) \\
 &= \binom{n}{y} + \exp(y \log\left(\frac{\pi}{1-\pi}\right) + n \log(1-\pi))
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\Rightarrow \theta = \log\left(\frac{\pi}{1-\pi}\right)$$

$$\Rightarrow b(\theta) = -n \log(1-\pi) = n \log(1+e^{-\theta})$$

$$\Rightarrow \phi = 1, c(y, \phi) = \binom{n}{y}$$

$$(c) f(y|\theta) = \frac{1}{\phi} = \exp(\log(\frac{1}{\phi}))$$

\Rightarrow Not part of the exponential family, since we cannot form the function in the form of $\exp(\frac{\theta y - b(\theta) + c(y, \theta)}{\phi})$.

~~$$(d) f(y, u) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\sigma^2}} e^{-\frac{(y-u)^2}{2\sigma^2}}$$~~

$$f(y, u) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\sigma^2}} \cdot \exp\left(-\frac{(y-u)^2}{2\sigma^2}\right)$$

~~$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\sigma^2}} + \exp\left(\log\left(\exp\left(-\frac{(y-u)^2}{2\sigma^2}\right)\right)\right)$$~~

~~$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\sigma^2}} + \exp\left(\log\left(\exp\left(-(y-u)^2\right) - \exp(2\sigma^2)\right)\right)$$~~

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\sigma^2}} \cdot \exp\left(-\frac{y^2 - 2yu + u^2}{2\sigma^2}\right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\sigma^2}} \cdot \exp\left(-\frac{y^2}{2\sigma^2} + \frac{yu}{\sigma^2} - \frac{u^2}{2\sigma^2}\right)$$

$$= \exp\left(-\frac{y^2}{2\sigma^2} + \frac{yu}{\sigma^2} - \frac{u^2}{2\sigma^2} + \log\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\sigma^2}}\right)\right)$$

$$\Rightarrow \theta = \frac{u}{\sigma^2} \Leftrightarrow u = \theta\sigma^2$$

$$\Rightarrow b(\theta) = \frac{u^2}{2\sigma^2} = \frac{(\theta\sigma^2)^2}{2\sigma^2} = \frac{\theta^2\sigma^2}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow \phi = 1, c(y, \phi) = -\frac{y^2}{2\sigma^2} + \log\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\sigma^2}}\right)$$