

eurostat: R tools for eurostat open data

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Abstract An abstract of less than 150 words.

Introductory section which may include references in parentheses (R Core Team, 2013).

Governmental institutions have started to release increasing amount of their data resources for the public as open data in the recent years. This is opening novel opportunities for research and citizen science. Eurostat, for instance, provides a rich collection of demographic and economic data through its open data portal. The portal currently includes ... data sets on ... between years ...

Efficient tools to access and analyse such data collections can greatly benefit reproducible research. When the data is available, the analytical methodology spanning from raw data to the final publication can also be made available following reproducible research principles (Gandrud, 2013). Standardization and automatization of common data analysis tasks via dedicated software packages can greatly facilitate reproducibility and code sharing, making the research more transparent and efficient.

Here, we introduce the eurostat R package that implements automated tools for R to access open data from Eurostat¹ in R (R Core Team, 2013). The package has been actively developed by several independent contributors and based on the community feedback in Github, and its first CRAN release was on.. We are now reporting the first mature version of the package that has been improved and tested by multiple users, and includes features like cache, handling dates, and using the tidy data principles (Wickham, 2014), with the help of the tidyr R package (Wickham, 2015c).

Despite many efforts to this direction, a dedicated R package for eurostat open data has been missing. Our work extends our earlier CRAN packages statfi (Lahti et al., 2013) and smarterpoland (Biecek, 2015). Compared to this earlier work, we have now implemented an expanded set of tools specifically focusing on the eurostat data collection. The datamart (Weinert, 2014) and the quandl (Raymond McTaggart et al., 2015) R packages provide also access to certain versions of eurostat data. In contrast to these generic database packages, our work is fully focused on the Eurostat open data portal and provides specific functionality suited for this data collection. There is a development version for R package reurostat² but it does not seem to be actively maintained at the moment. The eurostat R package takes advantage of the following external R packages: devtools (Wickham and Chang, 2015), dplyr (Wickham and Francois, 2015), knitr (Xie, 2015), ggplot2 (Wickham, 2009), mapproj (for R by Ray Brownrigg et al., 2015), plotrix (J, 2006), reshape2 (Wickham, 2007), rmarkdown (Allaire et al., 2015), stringi (Gagolewski and Tartanus, 2015), testthat (Wickham, 2011), tidyr (Wickham, 2015c). The eurostat R package is part of the rOpenGov project (Leo Lahti and Kainu, 2013), which provides reproducible research tools for computational social science and digital humanities.

Overview of the functionality

The package includes tools to search and retrieve specific data sets from the Eurostat open data portal, converting identifiers in human-readable formats, selecting, modifying and visualizing the data. Further examples are provided in the package vignette³, and a blog post⁴.

The unified interface to data sets can make data analysis more straightforward and transparent by providing a standardized and automated way to access the data sets. Here we describe the functionality of the current CRAN release version (1.2.1). To install this, simply use

```
> install.packages("eurostat")
```

You can download the complete table of contents of the database with the function 'get_eurostat_toc()', or use 'search_eurostat()' to make a more focused search over the table of contents. To retrieve data sets for 'disposable income', for instance, use:

```
> library(eurostat)
> x <- search_eurostat("disposable income", type = "dataset")
> xtable(head(x))
```

The data type to search for is also specified. The options include 'table', 'dataset' or 'folder', referring to different levels of hierarchy in data organization: a 'table' resides in 'dataset' that are stored in a 'folder'. You can focus the search on a selected type.

¹<http://ec.europa.eu/eurostat>

²<https://github.com/Tungurahua/reurostat>

³https://github.com/rOpenGov/eurostat/vignette/eurostat_tutorial.Rmd

⁴<http://ropengov.github.io/r/2015/05/01/eurostat-package-examples>

The first lines of the output are shown above. Use values from the ‘code’ column to refer to a specific data set in the subsequent download commands. The dataset identifier codes can also be browsed at the Eurostat database⁵, which gives codes in the Data Navigation Tree after every dataset in parenthesis.

Download the selected data with ‘get_eurostat()’. To retrieve the data set with a particular identifier, use

```
\begin{Schunk}
\begin{Sinput}
> dat <- get_eurostat(id, time_format = "num")
> latex(as.tabular(head(dat)))
\end{Sinput}
\end{Schunk}
```

The original data is annual in this example, hence we have here selected a numeric time variable as it is more convient for annual time series than the default date format. To improve the interpretability of the output, the eurostat variable identifiers could be further replaced with human-readable labels based on definitions from Eurostat dictionaries with the ‘label_eurostat()’ function. The data is provided in the standard data.frame format, and all standard tools for data subsetting and reshaping can be conveniently applied.

The downloaded data sets are stored in cache by default. This can help to avoid repeated downloading of identical data and helps to speed up the analysis. Another advantage is that by storing an exact copy of the data on the hard disk, it is possible to reproduce the analysis results afterwards even if the source database has been updated.

Data sets containing geographic information can be visualized on a map. Most indicators are of country-year -type, although some indicators have data also at lower level of regional breakdown

The disposable income of private households at NUTS⁶ level can be visualized, for instance, as in Figure ?? . For a more detailed treatment of this example, see our related blog post⁷.

Here, we have combined the data retrieved with the eurostat package with additional map visualization tools and utilities including grid (R Core Team, 2015), maptools (Bivand and Lewin-Koh, 2015), rgdal (Bivand et al., 2015), rgeos (Bivand and Rundel, 2015), scales (Wickham, 2015a), and stringr (Wickham, 2015b).

Example on spatio-temporal data visualization: let us look at the indicator tgs00026⁸, (Disposable income of private households by NUTS 2 regions) from Eurostat. We are looking at the disposable household income. In addition to downloading and manipulating data from EUROSTAT, we demonstrate how to access and use shapefiles of Europe published by EUROSTAT at Administrative units / Statistical units⁹.

Another section

For the map example, look at Figure ??.

Further examples

To make a triangle map from the plotrix (J, 2006) package provides an example on visualizing passenger transport data distributions (Figure ??):

⁵<http://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/data/database>

⁶http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Nomenclature_of_Territorial_Units_for_Statistics

⁷<http://ropengov.github.io/r/2015/05/01/eurostat-package-examples>

⁸<http://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/en/web/products-datasets/-/TGS00026>

⁹<http://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/web/gisco/geodata/reference-data/administrative-units-statistical-units>

```
[[1]]  
[1] TRUE
```

```
[[2]]  
[1] TRUE
```

```
[[3]]  
[1] TRUE
```

```
[[4]]  
[1] TRUE
```

```
[[5]]  
[1] TRUE
```

```
[[6]]  
[1] TRUE
```

```
OGR data source with driver: ESRI Shapefile  
Source: "../NUTS_2010_60M_SH/Data", layer: "NUTS_RG_60M_2010"  
with 1920 features  
It has 4 fields
```

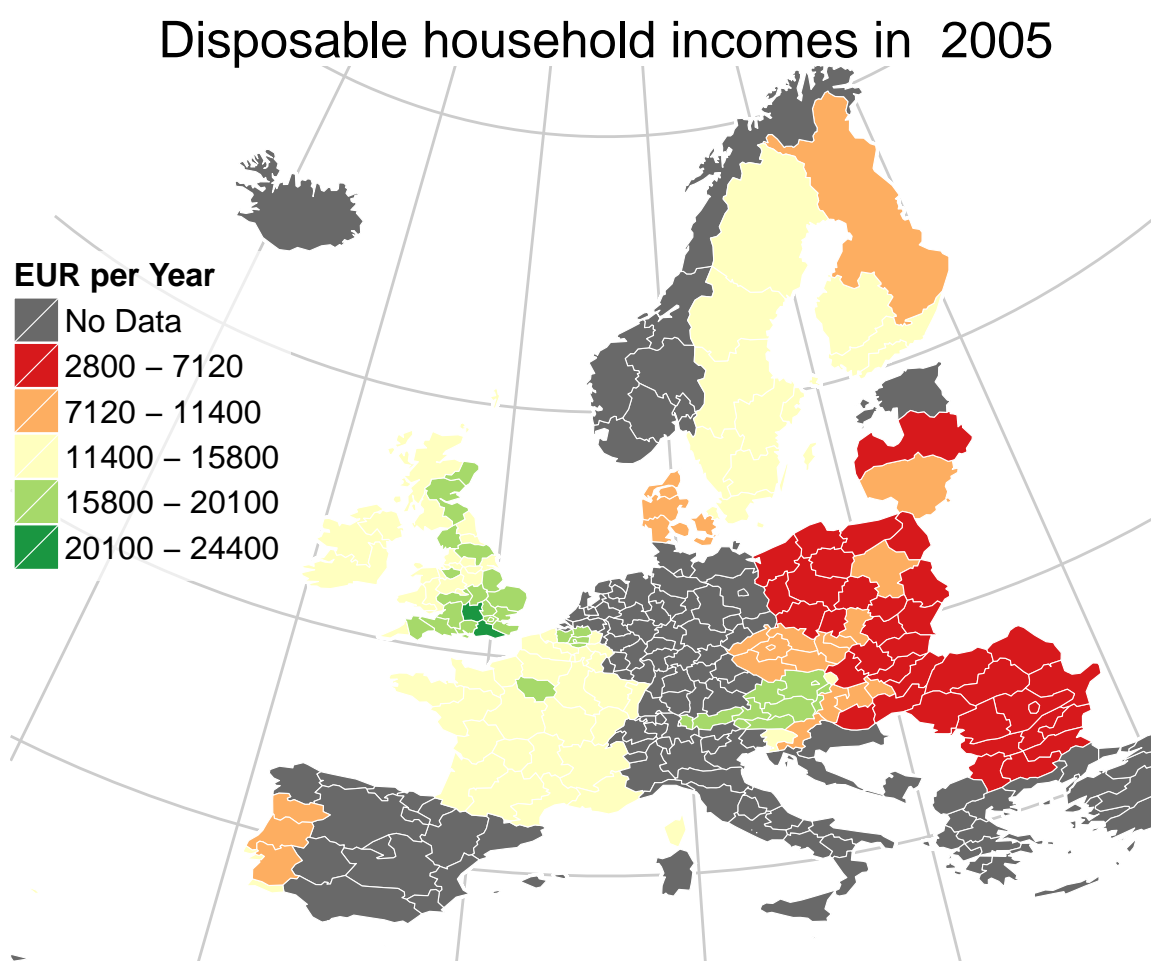
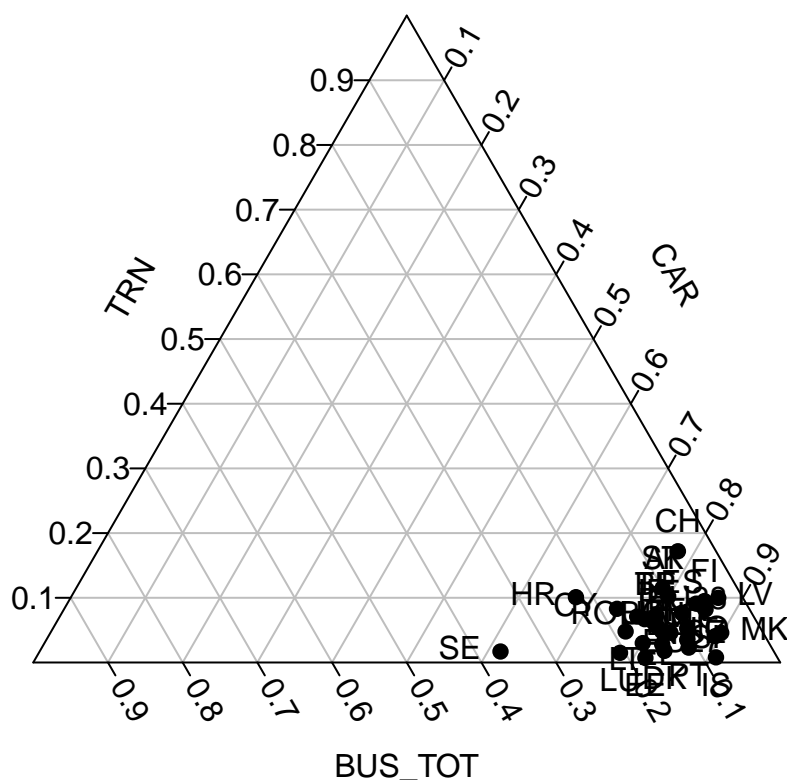


Figure 1: Eurostat map example.



To facilitate fast plotting of standard European geographic areas, the package provides ready-made lists of the country codes used in the eurostat database for EFTA (`efta_countries`), Euro area (`ea_countries`), EU (`eu_countries`) and EU candidate countries (`candidate_countries`). This helps to select specific groups of countries for closer investigation. For conversions with other standard country coding systems, see the `countrycode` R package ([Arel-Bundock, 2014](#)). To retrieve the eurostat country code list for EFTA, for instance, use:

```
> data(efta_countries)
> xtable(efta_countries)
```

```
% latex table generated in R 3.2.2 by xtable 1.8-0 package
```

```
% Mon Nov 23 12:22:09 2015
```

```
\begin{table}[ht]
```

```
\centering
```

```
\begin{tabular}{rll}
```

```
\hline
```

```
& code & name \\\
```

```
\hline
```

```
1 & IS & Iceland \\\
```

```
2 & LI & Liechtenstein \\\
```

```
3 & NO & Norway \\\
```

```
4 & CH & Switzerland \\\
```

```
\hline
```

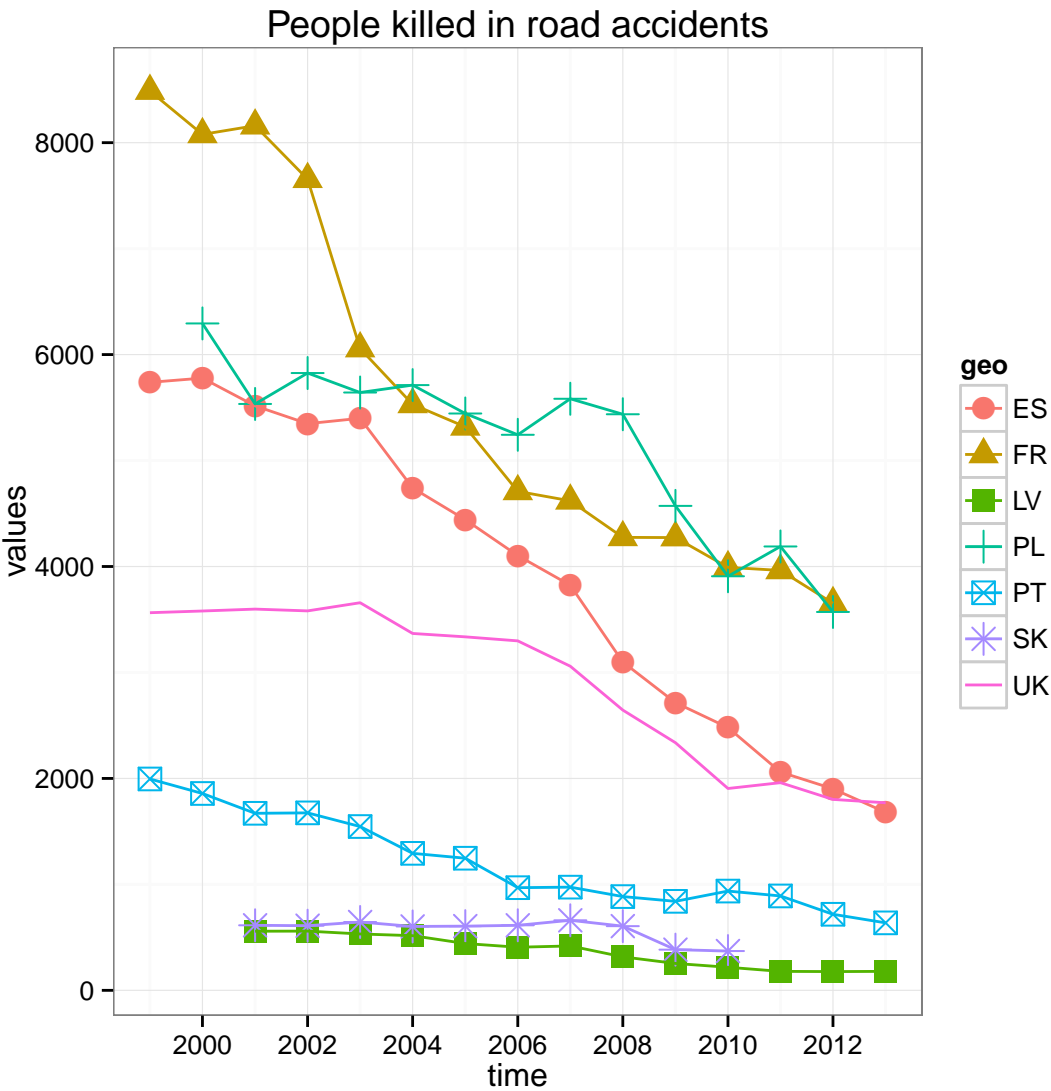
```
\end{tabular}
```

```
\end{table}
```

Applications

The package or its predecessors have already been applied in several case studies by us and independent developers. Financial Times, for instance, have used R to access data from Eurostat¹⁰ using functions from SmarterPoland, the direct predecessor of our revised and expanded eurostat package.

The archivist R package¹¹ for archivisation of objects has exemplified¹² its functionality by using eurostat to plot the number of people killed by road accidents, showing a decreasing trend of road accidents in many countries.



We can also look at the distribution of BMI between different age groups:

time	bmi	sex	age
2008:7468	18P5-25:1900	F:2516	TOTAL : 864
	25-30 :1900	M:2412	Y18-24 : 864
	GE30 :1896	T:2540	Y25-34 : 860
	LT18P5 :1772		Y45-54 : 860
			Y35-44 : 848
			Y65-74 : 844
			(Other):2328

geo	iscsd97	values
AT	: 432	TOTAL:1867 Min. : 0.1

¹⁰<http://blog.revolutionanalytics.com/2015/04/financial-times-tracks-unemployment-with-r.html>
¹¹<http://pbiemek.github.io/archivist>
¹²<http://pbiemek.github.io/archivist/justGetIT.html>

BE

:

432

DE

:

432

ES

:

432

FR

:

432

HU

:

432

(Other)

:

4876

ED0.2:1867

ED3_4:1867

ED5_6:1867

1st Qu.: 7.9

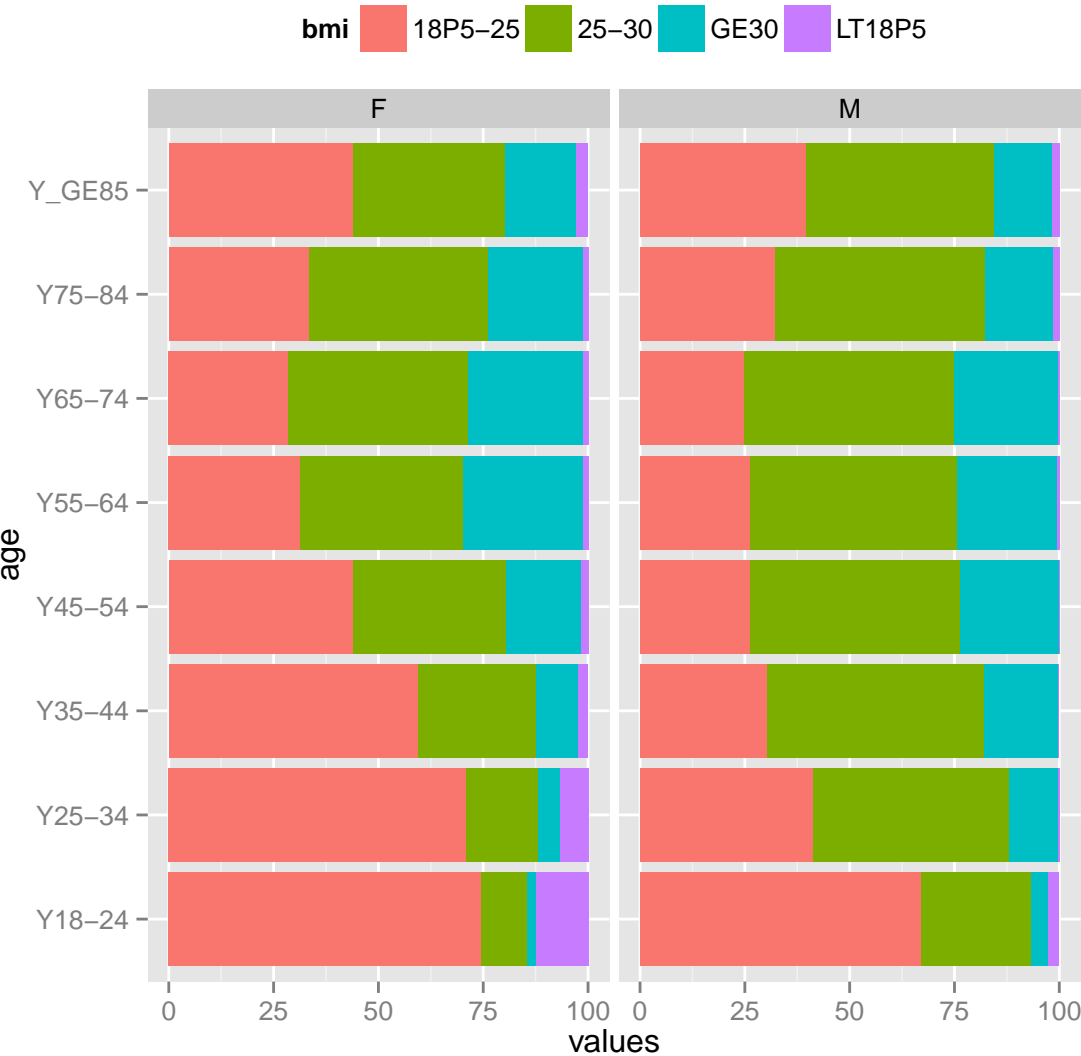
Median :24.9

Mean :26.4

3rd Qu.:41.3

Max. :88.6

NA's :879



Summary

The eurostat R package provides convenient tools to access open data from Eurostat. When automated access to the data sets is integrated with data analytical tools from other packages, this allows a seamless automation of the data analytical process from raw data access to statistical analysis and the final publication.

The package source code can be freely used, modified and distributed under the BSD-2-clause (modified FreeBSD) license. A reproducible version of this article is available at [..](#) and can be used to generate the manuscript text along with up-to-date figures and tables with the latest version of the eurostat data. Manuscript automation provides transparent documentation with full algorithmic details on how to access, preprocess, analyse, and report data and analyses, thus serving a template for good reproducible research practice. The reproducible source code for this manuscript is available at [eurostat github page](#)¹³.

¹³<https://github.com/rOpenGov/eurostat/blob/master/vignettes/manuscript.Rmd>

The package exemplifies also the challenges and possible solutions to reproducible research and automated open data retrieval. Possible future extensions and improvements include design of specific data representation class structures. This could facilitate harmonization of the data representation with similar governmental data sets and subsequent tool development. The latest development version of the package can be installed from Github by following the instructions at the github site¹⁴. We welcome issues, bug reports and other feedback via the development site¹⁵.

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¹⁴<https://github.com/rOpenGov/eurostat>

¹⁵<https://github.com/ropengov/eurostat>

¹⁶<http://ec.europa.eu/eurostat>

¹⁷<https://github.com/ropengov.io>

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