GSERM - St. Gallen 2019 Panel Data Models for Binary and Count Responses

June 18, 2019 (afternoon session)

Logit/Probit Redux

Start with:

$$Y_i^* = \mathbf{X}_i \boldsymbol{\beta} + u_i$$

$$Y_i = 0 \text{ if } Y_i^* < 0$$

 $Y_i = 1 \text{ if } Y_i^* \ge 0$

So:

$$Pr(Y_i = 1) = Pr(Y_i^* \ge 0)$$

$$= Pr(\mathbf{X}_i \beta + u_i \ge 0)$$

$$= Pr(u_i \ge -\mathbf{X}_i \beta)$$

$$= Pr(u_i \le \mathbf{X}_i \beta)$$

$$= \int_{-\infty}^{\mathbf{X}_i \beta} f(u) du$$

Logit

"Standard logistic" PDF:

$$\Pr(u) \equiv \lambda(u) = \frac{\exp(u)}{[1 + \exp(u)]^2}$$

CDF:

$$\Lambda(u) = \int \lambda(u) du$$

$$= \frac{\exp(u)}{1 + \exp(u)}$$

$$= \frac{1}{1 + \exp(-u)}$$

Logistic → "Logit"

$$\begin{array}{rcl} \mathsf{Pr}(Y_i = 1) & = & \mathsf{Pr}(Y_i^* > 0) \\ & = & \mathsf{Pr}(u_i \leq \mathbf{X}_i \boldsymbol{\beta}) \\ & = & \Lambda(\mathbf{X}_i \boldsymbol{\beta}) \\ & = & \frac{\mathsf{exp}(\mathbf{X}_i \boldsymbol{\beta})}{1 + \mathsf{exp}(\mathbf{X}_i \boldsymbol{\beta})} \end{array}$$
 (equivalently)
$$= & \frac{1}{1 + \mathsf{exp}(-\mathbf{X}_i \boldsymbol{\beta})}$$

Likelihoods

$$L_i = \left(\frac{\exp(\mathbf{X}_i \boldsymbol{\beta})}{1 + \exp(\mathbf{X}_i \boldsymbol{\beta})}\right)^{Y_i} \left[1 - \left(\frac{\exp(\mathbf{X}_i \boldsymbol{\beta})}{1 + \exp(\mathbf{X}_i \boldsymbol{\beta})}\right)\right]^{1 - Y_i}$$

$$L = \prod_{i=1}^{N} \left(\frac{\exp(\mathbf{X}_{i}\boldsymbol{\beta})}{1 + \exp(\mathbf{X}_{i}\boldsymbol{\beta})} \right)^{Y_{i}} \left[1 - \left(\frac{\exp(\mathbf{X}_{i}\boldsymbol{\beta})}{1 + \exp(\mathbf{X}_{i}\boldsymbol{\beta})} \right) \right]^{1 - Y_{i}}$$

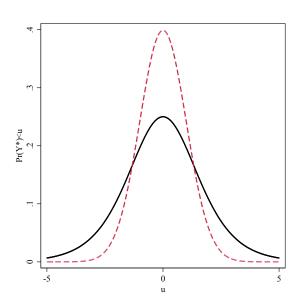
$$\ln L = \sum_{i=1}^{N} Y_i \ln \left(\frac{\exp(\mathbf{X}_i \boldsymbol{\beta})}{1 + \exp(\mathbf{X}_i \boldsymbol{\beta})} \right) + \\
(1 - Y_i) \ln \left[1 - \left(\frac{\exp(\mathbf{X}_i \boldsymbol{\beta})}{1 + \exp(\mathbf{X}_i \boldsymbol{\beta})} \right) \right]$$

Probit...

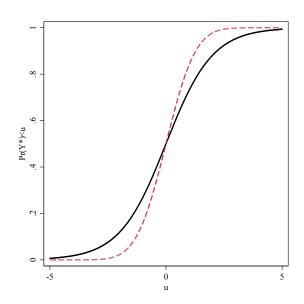
$$\Pr(u) \equiv \phi(u) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \exp\left(-\frac{u^2}{2}\right)$$

$$\Phi(u) = \int_{-\infty}^{u} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \exp\left(-\frac{u^2}{2}\right) du$$

Standard Normal and Logistic PDFs



Standard Normal and Logistic CDFs



Probit (continued...)

$$\begin{array}{lcl} \Pr(Y_i = 1) & = & \Phi(\mathbf{X}_i \boldsymbol{\beta}) \\ & = & \int_{-\infty}^{\mathbf{X}_i \boldsymbol{\beta}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \exp\left(-\frac{(\mathbf{X}_i \boldsymbol{\beta})^2}{2}\right) d\mathbf{X}_i \boldsymbol{\beta} \end{array}$$

$$L = \prod_{i=1}^{N} \left[\Phi(\mathbf{X}_i \boldsymbol{\beta}) \right]^{Y_i} \left[1 - \Phi(\mathbf{X}_i \boldsymbol{\beta}) \right]^{(1-Y_i)}$$

$$\ln L = \sum_{i=1}^{N} Y_i \ln \Phi(\mathbf{X}_i \boldsymbol{\beta}) + (1 - Y_i) \ln [1 - \Phi(\mathbf{X}_i \boldsymbol{\beta})]$$

Panel / TSCS: What Can Go Wrong?

Suppose:

$$X_{it} = \rho_X \mathbf{X}_{it-1} + \nu_{it}$$

$$u_{it} = \rho_u u_{it-1} + \epsilon_{it}$$

For high values of ρ , logit/probit:

- $\hat{\beta}$ s are consistent, but s.e.s are biased, inefficient (Poirier and Ruud 1988);
- \rightarrow underestimate $Var(\beta)$ by up to 50 percent (Beck and Katz 1997).

Unit Effects, Fixed

One-way unit effects:

$$Y_{it} = f(\mathbf{X}_{it}\beta + \alpha_i + u_{it})$$

for logit only, so:

$$\Pr(Y_{it} = 1) = \frac{\exp(\mathbf{X}_{it}\beta + \alpha_i)}{1 + \exp(\mathbf{X}_{it}\beta + \alpha_i)} \equiv \Lambda(\mathbf{X}_{it}\beta + \alpha_i)$$

Incidental Parameters

- Nonlinearity \rightarrow inconsistency in both $\hat{\alpha}$ s and $\hat{\beta}$.
- Anderson:

$$L^{U} = \prod_{i=1}^{N} \prod_{t=1}^{T} \Lambda(\mathbf{X}_{it} + \alpha_i)^{Y_{it}} [1 - \Lambda(\mathbf{X}_{it} + \alpha_i)]^{1 - Y_{it}}$$

• Chamberlain:

$$L^{C} = \prod_{i=1}^{N} \Pr\left(Y_{i1} = y_{i1}, Y_{i2} = y_{i2}, ... Y_{iT} = y_{iT} \mid \sum_{t=1}^{T} Y_{it}\right)$$

Intuition:

•
$$Pr(Y_{i1} = 0 \text{ and } Y_{i2} = 0 \mid \sum_{T} Y_{it} = 0) = 1.0$$

•
$$Pr(Y_{i1} = 1 \text{ and } Y_{i2} = 1 \mid \sum_{T} Y_{it} = 2) = 1.0$$

Fixed-Effects (continued)

More intuition:

$$\Pr\left(Y_{i1} = 0 \text{ and } Y_{i2} = 1 \mid \sum_{T} Y_{it} = 1\right) = \frac{\Pr(0,1)}{\Pr(0,1) + \Pr(1,0)}$$

with a similar statement for $\Pr(Y_{i1} = 0 \text{ and } Y_{i2} = 1 \mid \sum_{T} Y_{it} = 1)$.

Points:

- Fixed effects = no estimates for β_b
- Interpretation: per logit, but $|\hat{\alpha}_i|$.
- BTSCS in IR: Green et al. (2001) v. B&K (2001).

Random Effects

Model is:

$$Y_{it}^* = X_{it}\beta + u_{it}$$

 $Y_{it} = 0 \text{ if } Y_{it}^* \le 0 ;$
 $= 1 \text{ if } Y_{it}^* > 0$

with:

$$u_{it} = \alpha_i + \eta_{it}$$

with $\eta_{it} \sim \text{i.i.d. N(0,1)}$, and $\alpha_i \sim N(0, \sigma_{\alpha}^2)$.

Random Effects (continued)

Implies:

$$Var(u_{it}) = 1 + \sigma_{\alpha}^2$$

and so:

$$\mathsf{Corr}(u_{it}, u_{is}, \ t \neq s) \equiv \rho = \frac{\sigma_{\alpha}^2}{1 + \sigma_{\alpha}^2}$$

which means that we can write $\sigma_{\alpha}^2 = \left(\frac{\rho}{1-\rho}\right)$.

Random Effects Variants

Probit:

$$L_{i} = \text{Prob}(Y_{i1} = y_{i1}, Y_{i2} = y_{i2}, ... Y_{iT} = y_{iT})$$

$$= \int_{-\infty}^{X_{i1}\beta} \int_{-\infty}^{X_{i2}\beta} ... \int_{-\infty}^{X_{iT}\beta} \phi(u_{i1}, u_{i2}...u_{iT}) du_{iT}... du_{i2} du_{i1}$$

Logit:

$$L_{i} = \text{Prob}(Y_{i1} = y_{i1}, Y_{i2} = y_{i2}, ...Y_{iT} = y_{iT})$$

$$= \int_{-\infty}^{X_{i1}\beta} \int_{-\infty}^{X_{i2}\beta} ... \int_{-\infty}^{X_{iT}\beta} \lambda(u_{i1}, u_{i2}...u_{iT}) du_{iT}...du_{i2} du_{i1}$$

Solution?

$$\phi(u_{i1}, u_{i2}, ... u_{iT}) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \phi(u_{i1}, u_{i2}, ... u_{iT} \mid \alpha_i) \phi(\alpha_i) d\alpha_i$$

Practical Things

- $\hat{\rho} =$ proportion of the variance due to the α_i s.
- Implementation: Gauss-Hermite quadrature or MCMC.
- Best with N large and T small.
- Critically requires $Cov(\mathbf{X}, \alpha) = 0$ (see notes re: Chamberlain's CRE Estimator).

Software

R

- glmmML (Gauss-Hermite quadrature)
- pglm (panel GLMs) (maximum likelihood + quadrature)
- MCMCpack (MCMChlogit)
- Various user-generated functions (e.g., here).

Stata

- xtprobit, xtlogit, xtcloglog
- Plus xttrans (transition probabilities), quadchk (quadrature checking), xtrho / xtrhoi (estimation of within-unit covariances)

Example: Segal (1986) Search & Seizure Cases

Y = 1 (search allowed)

- warrant: Whether (=1) or not (=0) a warrant was issued,
- house: Whether (=1) or not (=0) the search was of a private home,
- person: Whether (=1) or not (=0) the search was of a person,
- business: Whether (=1) or not (=0) the search was of a business,
- car: Whether (=1) or not (=0) the search was of an automobile,
- us: Whether (=1) or not (=0) the U.S. government was the petitioner,
- except: The number of "exceptions" outlined by the Court under which the search fell, and
- justideo: The justice's Segal-Cover (1989) ideology score, ranging from zero (most conservative) to 1 (most liberal).

$$N = 14, \ \bar{T} = 74.1.$$

Data

> summary(Segal)

, pammary (pogas	-,			
justid	caseid	year	vote	warrant
Min. : 1.0	Min. : 1	Min. :63	Min. :0.00	Min. :0.00
1st Qu.: 6.0	1st Qu.: 34	1st Qu.:69	1st Qu.:0.00	1st Qu.:0.00
Median: 8.0	Median : 64	Median :73	Median :1.00	Median:0.00
Mean : 8.1	Mean : 64	Mean :73	Mean :0.53	Mean :0.15
3rd Qu.:11.0	3rd Qu.: 94	3rd Qu.:78	3rd Qu.:1.00	3rd Qu.:0.00
Max. :14.0	Max. :123	Max. :81	Max. :1.00	Max. :1.00
house	person	business	car	us
Min. :0.00	Min. :0.00	Min. :0.00) Min. :0.0	Min. :0.00
1st Qu.:0.00	1st Qu.:0.00	1st Qu.:0.00	1st Qu.:0.0	1st Qu.:0.00
Median:0.00	Median:0.00	Median :0.00	Median:0.0	Median:0.00
Mean :0.23	Mean :0.31	Mean :0.15	Mean :0.2	Mean :0.45
3rd Qu.:0.00	3rd Qu.:1.00	3rd Qu.:0.00	3rd Qu.:0.0	3rd Qu.:1.00
Max. :1.00	Max. :1.00	Max. :1.00) Max. :1.0	Max. :1.00
except	justideo			
Min. :0.00	Min. :0.05			
1st Qu.:0.00	1st Qu.:0.17			
Median:0.00	Median:0.73			
Mean :0.35	Mean :0.59			
3rd Qu.:1.00	3rd Qu.:0.88			
Max. :3.00	Max. :1.00			

Plain-Vanilla Logit

```
> SegalLogit<-glm(vote~warrant+house+person+business+car+us+
                 except+justideo,data=Segal,family="binomial")
> summary(SegalLogit)
Deviance Residuals:
   Min
           10 Median
                           30
                                 Max
-2.3147 -0.9405 0.3898 0.9348
                               1.9032
Coefficients:
          Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
           1.9419
                    0.2799 6.938 3.97e-12 ***
(Intercept)
           warrant
house
       -1.0840 0.2756 -3.934 8.36e-05 ***
person
       -0.9438 0.2569 -3.674 0.000239 ***
business -1.4722 0.2975 -4.949 7.46e-07 ***
         -1.0066 0.2816 -3.574 0.000351 ***
car
          115
except 0.8640 0.1384 6.243 4.29e-10 ***
justideo -2.4026 0.2158 -11.134 < 2e-16 ***
Signif. codes: 0 *** 0.001 ** 0.01 * 0.05 . 0.1
(Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
   Null deviance: 1434.9 on 1036 degrees of freedom
Residual deviance: 1196.7 on 1028 degrees of freedom
ATC: 1214.7
```

Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 4

Fixed Effects

```
> library(glmmML)
> SegalFE<-glmmboot(vote~warrant+house+person+business+car+us+
          except, data=Segal, family="binomial",
          cluster=justid)
> summary(SegalFE)
Call: glmmboot(formula = vote ~ warrant + house + person + business +
       car + us + except, family = "binomial", data = Segal, cluster = justid)
          coef se(coef) z Pr(>|z|)
warrant 0.599 0.228 2.63 8.7e-03
house -1.473 0.305 -4.82 1.4e-06
person -1.124 0.282 -3.99 6.7e-05
business -1.837 0.326 -5.63 1.8e-08
car -1.202 0.308 -3.90 9.6e-05
us 0.537 0.162 3.32 9.1e-04
except 1.093
                 0.155 7.03 2.1e-12
```

Residual deviance: 1050 on 1016 degrees of freedom AIC: 1090

Random Effects

```
> SegalRE<-glmmML(vote~warrant+house+person+business+car+us+
                except+justideo,data=Segal,family="binomial",
                cluster=justid)
> summary(SegalRE)
Call: glmmML(formula = vote ~ warrant + house + person + business +
car + us + except + justideo, family = "binomial", data = Segal, cluster = justid)
            coef se(coef) z Pr(>|z|)
(Intercept) 2.016 0.565 3.57 3.6e-04
warrant
         0.594 0.226 2.63 8.5e-03
house -1.434 0.303 -4.73 2.2e-06
person -1.104 0.280 -3.95 7.9e-05
business -1.799 0.324 -5.56 2.7e-08
      -1.181 0.306 -3.86 1.1e-04
car
          0.531 0.160 3.31 9.3e-04
นร
         1.070 0.154 6.95 3.6e-12
except
justideo -2.344 0.737 -3.18 1.5e-03
Scale parameter in mixing distribution: 0.926 gaussian
Std. Error:
                                     0.195
       LR p-value for H 0: sigma = 0: 4.63e-24
Residual deviance: 1100 on 1027 degrees of freedom AIC: 1120
```

Models for Event Counts

Things That Are Not Counts

- Ordinal scales/variables
- Grouped Binary Data
 - N of "successes"
 N of "trials"
 - Binomial data
 - = counts only if Pr("success") is small

Count Properties

- Discrete / integer-values
- Non-negative
- "Cumulative"

Count Data: Motivation

$$\begin{array}{l} \mathsf{Arrival}\;\mathsf{Rate} = \lambda \\ \\ \mathsf{Pr}(\mathsf{Event})_{t,t+h} = \lambda h \\ \\ \mathsf{Pr}(\mathsf{No}\;\mathsf{Event})_{t,t+h} = 1 - \lambda h \\ \\ \mathsf{Pr}(Y_t = y) \quad = \quad \frac{\exp(-\lambda h)\lambda h^y}{y!} \end{array}$$

 $= \frac{\exp(-\lambda)\lambda^y}{y!}$

Poisson Assumptions

- No Simultaneous Events
- Constant Arrival Rate
- Independent Event Arrivals

Poisson: Other Motivations

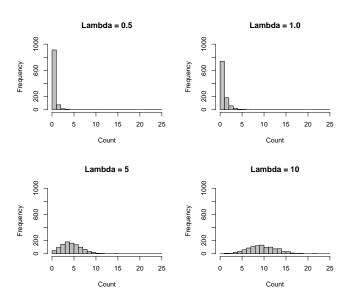
For M independent Bernoulli trials with (sufficiently small) probability of success π and where $M\pi \equiv \lambda > 0$,

$$\Pr(Y_i = y) = \lim_{M \to \infty} \left[\binom{M}{y} \left(\frac{\lambda}{M} \right)^y \left(1 - \frac{\lambda}{M} \right)^{M-y} \right]$$
$$= \frac{\lambda^y \exp(-\lambda)}{y!}$$

Poisson: Characteristics

- Discrete
- $E(Y) = Var(Y) = \lambda$
- Is not preserved under affine transformations...
- For $X \sim \mathsf{Poisson}(\lambda_X)$ and $Y \sim \mathsf{Poisson}(\lambda_Y)$, $Z = X + Y \sim \mathsf{Poisson}(\lambda_{X+Y})$ iff X and Y are independent but
- ...same is not true for differences.
- $\lambda \to \infty \iff Y \sim N$

Poissons: Examples



Poisson Regression

Suppose

$$\mathsf{E}(Y_i) \equiv \lambda_i = \exp(\mathbf{X}_i \boldsymbol{\beta})$$

then

$$\Pr(Y_i = y | \mathbf{X}_i, \boldsymbol{\beta}) = \frac{\exp[-\exp(\mathbf{X}_i \boldsymbol{\beta})][\exp(\mathbf{X}_i \boldsymbol{\beta})]^y}{y!}$$

Poisson Likelihood

$$L = \prod_{i=1}^{N} \frac{\exp[-\exp(\mathbf{X}_{i}\boldsymbol{\beta})][\exp(\mathbf{X}_{i}\boldsymbol{\beta})]^{Y_{i}}}{Y_{i}!}$$

$$\ln L = \sum_{i=1}^{N} \left[-\exp(\mathbf{X}_{i}\boldsymbol{\beta}) + Y_{i}\mathbf{X}_{i}\boldsymbol{\beta} - \ln(Y_{i}!) \right]$$

Event Counts: Unit Effects

$$Y_{it} \sim \mathsf{Poisson}(\mu_{it} = \alpha_i \lambda_{it})$$

with $\lambda_{it} = \exp(\mathbf{X}_{it}\boldsymbol{\beta})$ implies:

$$E(Y_{it} \mid \mathbf{X}_{it}, \alpha_i) = \mu_{it}$$

$$= \alpha_i \exp(\mathbf{X}_{it}\beta)$$

$$= \exp(\delta_i + \mathbf{X}_{it}\beta)$$

where $\delta_i = \ln(\alpha_i)$.

Fixed-Effects Poisson

- No "incidental parameters" problem (see e.g. Cameron and Trivedi, pp. 281-2)
- Means "brute force" approach works
- Via xtpoisson (and xtnbreg) in Stata, glmmML in R

Random-Effects Models

$$Pr(Y_{i1} = y_{i1}, ... Y_{iT} = y_{iT}) = \int_0^\infty Pr(Y_{i1} = y_{i1}, ... Y_{iT} = y_{iT}) f(\alpha_i) d\alpha_i$$
$$= \int_0^\infty \left[\prod_{t=1}^T Pr(Y_{it} \mid \alpha_i) \right] f(\alpha_i) d\alpha_i$$

- Simplest to assume $\alpha_i \sim \Gamma(\theta)$
- Yields a model with $\mathsf{E}(Y_{it}) = \lambda_{it}$ and $\mathsf{Var}(Y_{it}) = \lambda_{it} + \frac{\lambda_{it}^2}{\theta}$
- \bullet Via xtpois, re in Stata and glmmML or glmer in R
- ∃ random effects negative binomial too...

Panel Models: Software

R:

- Tobit = censReg (in censReg)
- Poisson (random effects) = glmmML in glmmML or glmer in lme4
- Poisson (fixed effects) = glmmML or "brute force"

Stata:

- Tobit = xttobit (re only)
- Poisson / negative binomial = xtpoisson, xtnbreg (both with fe, re options)
- See notes for more details / examples

Example: State Failure Task Force

```
> summary(SFTF)
  countryid
                    vear
                                sftprev
                                              sftpeth
                                                            sftpreg
AFG
               Min.
                      :1957
                             Min. :0.0
                                           Min. :0.00
                                                         Min. :0.00
ALB.
               1st Qu.:1967
                             1st Qu.:0.0
                                           1st Qu.:0.00
                                                         1st Qu.:0.00
ARG
               Median:1977
                             Median:0.0
                                           Median:0.00
                                                         Median:0.00
AUL.
               Mean
                      :1979
                             Mean
                                    :0.1
                                           Mean
                                                  :0.13
                                                         Mean
                                                                :0.12
AUS
               3rd Qu.:1992
                             3rd Qu.:0.0
                                           3rd Qu.:0.00
                                                         3rd Qu.:0.00
BEI.
                      :1997
                             Max.
                                    :1.0
                                           Max. :1.00
                                                                :1.00
               Max.
                                                         Max.
 (Other):1149
                              unuurbpc
   sftpgen
                  poldurab
                                              ciob
                                                          cioc
Min.
       :0.00
               Min.
                      : 0
                           Min.
                                         Min.
                                                : 0
                                                     Min.
                                                           : 0.0
 1st Qu.:0.00
               1st Qu.: 4
                           1st Qu.: 23
                                         1st Qu.:14
                                                     1st Qu.: 2.0
Median:0.00
               Median:12
                           Median: 41
                                         Median:19
                                                    Median: 5.0
Mean
       :0.08
               Mean :21
                           Mean: 43
                                        Mean
                                                :19
                                                    Mean : 5.6
3rd Qu.:0.00
               3rd Qu.:30
                           3rd Qu.: 62
                                         3rd Qu.:24
                                                     3rd Qu.: 8.0
Max.
       :1.00
               Max.
                      .97
                           Max.
                                  :100
                                         Max.
                                                :38
                                                     Max.
                                                            :24.0
                      :5
               NA's
                           NA's
                                  :57
    POT.TTY
                  SumEvents
Min.
       :-10.0
               Min.
                     : 0
              1st Qu.: 0
1st Qu.: -7.0
Median: -4.0
               Median: 0
Mean
       : -0.7
               Mean
3rd Qu.: 8.0
               3rd Qu.: 5
       : 10.0
               Max.
                       :61
Max.
NA's
       :14
                NA's
                       : 9
> pdim(SFTF)
Unbalanced Panel: n=170, T=1-9, N=1203
```

Panel Tobit: R (see here)

```
> library(plm)
> SFTF.panel<-pdata.frame(SFTF.i="countryid")
> library(censReg)
> Tobit.panel<-censReg(SumEvents~POLITY+unuurbpc+poldurab+year,
                    data=SFTF.panel,method="BHHH")
> summary(Tobit.panel)
Call:
censReg(formula = SumEvents ~ POLITY + unuurbpc + poldurab +
   vear, data = SFTF.panel, method = "BHHH")
Observations:
       Total Left-censored
                             Uncensored Right-censored
        1132
                      707
                                    425
Coefficients:
             Estimate Std. error t value Pr(> t)
(Intercept) -1385.21151 60.10481 -23.047 < 2e-16 ***
POT.TTY
         -0.58977 0.09008 -6.547 5.87e-11 ***
unuurbpc -0.31374 0.03263 -9.616 < 2e-16 ***
          poldurab
            year
logSigmaMu 2.83694 0.05035 56.341 < 2e-16 ***
logSigmaNu
             2.58187
                        0.02160 119.522 < 2e-16 ***
Signif. codes: 0 *** 0.001 ** 0.01 * 0.05 . 0.1
BHHH maximisation, 40 iterations
Return code 2: successive function values within tolerance limit
Log-likelihood: -2020 on 7 Df
```

Panel Poisson (Random Effects)

```
> library(lme4)
> Poisson.RE<-glmer(ciob~POLITY+unuurbpc+poldurab+I(year-1900)+(1|countryid),
                     data=SFTF, family="poisson")
> summary(Poisson.RE)
Generalized linear mixed model fit by maximum likelihood (Laplace
  Approximation) [glmerMod]
Family: poisson (log)
Formula:
ciob ~ POLITY + unuurbpc + poldurab + I(year - 1900) + (1 | countryid)
   Data: SFTF
    ATC
             BTC
                 logLik deviance df.resid
    6811
            6841
                  -3399
                              6799
                                      1126
Random effects:
Groups
          Name
                      Variance Std.Dev.
 countryid (Intercept) 0.159
                             0.399
Number of obs: 1132, groups: countryid, 160
Fixed effects:
               Estimate Std. Error z value
                                             Pr(>|z|)
(Intercept)
               1.200274 0.063085
                                   19.03
                                              < 2e-16 ***
POLITY
              -0.003484 0.001812 -1.92
                                                0.055 .
unuurbpc
              0.005996 0.001064 5.64 0.000000017 ***
poldurab
              0.001167 0.000672
                                   1.74
                                                0.082
I(vear - 1900) 0.016385
                        0.000855
                                   19.16
                                              < 2e-16 ***
Signif. codes: 0 *** 0.001 ** 0.01 * 0.05 . 0.1 1
Correlation of Fixed Effects:
           (Intr) POLITY unrbpc poldrb
POT.TTY
            0.354
unuurbpc
          -0.075 -0.139
poldurab
           0.224 0.348 -0.087
I(ver-1900) -0.628 -0.273 -0.589 -0.313
convergence code: 0
Model failed to converge with max|grad| = 0.00158426 (tol = 0.001, component 1)
Model is nearly unidentifiable: very large eigenvalue
 - Rescale variables?
```

Panel Poisson (Random Effects – Alternative)

```
> library(glmmML)
> Poisson.RE.alt<-glmmML(ciob~POLITY+unuurbpc+poldurab+I(year-1900),
                        data=SFTF, cluster=countryid,
                        family="poisson")
> summary(Poisson.RE.alt)
Call: glmmML(formula = ciob ~ POLITY + unuurbpc + poldurab + I(year - 1900),
      family = "poisson", data = SFTF, cluster = countryid)
                  coef se(coef) z Pr(>|z|)
(Intercept) 1.20027 0.063120 19.02 0.000000000
POLITY
              -0.00348 0.001814 -1.92 0.055000000
unuurbpc 0.00600 0.001064 5.63 0.000000018
poldurab 0.00117 0.000672 1.74 0.082000000
I(year - 1900) 0.01639 0.000856 19.15 0.000000000
Scale parameter in mixing distribution: 0.399 gaussian
Std. Error:
                                       0.0263
       LR p-value for H_0: sigma = 0: 2.28e-289
Residual deviance: 1590 on 1126 degrees of freedom AIC: 1600
```

Panel Poisson (Fixed Effects – "brute force")

```
> Poisson.FE<-glm(ciob~POLITY+unuurbpc+poldurab+I(year-1900)+
             as.factor(countryid),data=SFTF,family="poisson")
> summary(Poisson.FE)
Call:
glm(formula = ciob ~ POLITY + unuurbpc + poldurab + I(year -
   1900) + as.factor(countryid), family = "poisson", data = SFTF)
Deviance Residuals:
           1Q Median
   Min
-4.806 -0.312 0.069 0.364
                               2.863
Coefficients:
                        Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
(Intercept)
                       1.040769 0.117296 8.87 < 2e-16 ***
                      -0.007437 0.001939 -3.84 0.00013 ***
POT.TTY
                      0.005011 0.001580 3.17 0.00151 **
unuurbpc
                       -0.000477 0.000749 -0.64 0.52386
poldurab
I(vear - 1900)
                        0.018411 0.001115 16.51 < 2e-16 ***
as.factor(countryid)ALB -0.376632   0.142587   -2.64   0.00826 **
as.factor(countryid)ALG 0.200591 0.131453 1.53 0.12702
as.factor(countryid)ZAM 0.094994 0.132209
                                              0.72 0.47244
as.factor(countryid)ZIM -0.053680 0.137511 -0.39 0.69627
Signif. codes: 0 *** 0.001 ** 0.01 * 0.05 . 0.1 1
(Dispersion parameter for poisson family taken to be 1)
    Null deviance: 4453.85 on 1131 degrees of freedom
Residual deviance: 942.45 on 968 degrees of freedom
  (71 observations deleted due to missingness)
AIC: 6483
Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 5
```