Crying Wolf in the Lab

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Abstract

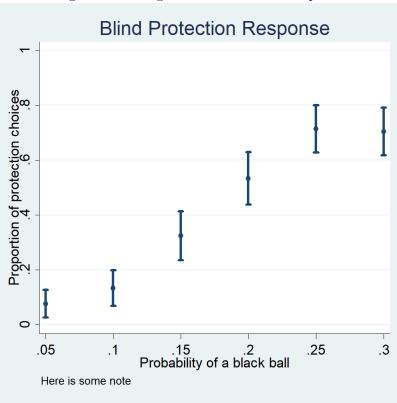
Keywords:

1 Introduction

A Results

A.1 IP and Beliefs

Figure 1: Average Blind Protection Response



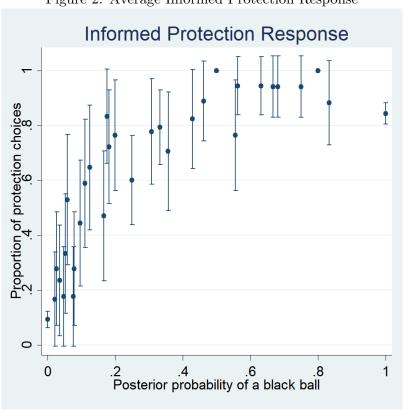


Figure 2: Average Informed Protection Response

ALEX: Double check: Are these everyone or p \leq 0.2? YES

ALEX:

• IP Table:

- We have Table 23 (new version) that controls for beliefs - $\dot{\iota}$ finds that beliefs explain biases except for s=white, FP.
- We want to tell the story of what happens (or the biases that remain) once we account for belief errors.

Table 1: Belief Elicitation: When Mistakes Happen

(1)	(2)	(3)
All	S=White	S=Black
.6***	.292***	.908***
(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.1)
.0108	.273***	251***
(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.1)
0784***	.314***	47***
(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Yes	Yes	Yes
1248	624	624
0.15	0.41	0.52
	All .6*** (0.1) .0108 (0.1)0784*** (0.0) Yes 1248	All S=White .6*** .292*** (0.1) (0.1) .0108 .273*** (0.1) (0.1)0784*** .314*** (0.0) (0.0) Yes Yes 1248 624

Dep. variable: reported belief - posterior probability

ALEX:

- BE Table:
 - Keep Cols 1-3 (Panel A)
 - *Drop for now

^{*} p < 0.10, ** p < 0.05, *** p < 0.01

B WTP

Table 2: WTP for Information (tobit)

					,	
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
	All	p = 0.1	p = 0.2	All	All	All
model						
FN costs	261***	-1.24**	682***	407***	332***	316***
	(0.1)	(0.5)	(0.3)	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.1)
FP costs	-1.04***	647***	519**	917***	754***	713***
	(0.2)	(0.2)	(0.3)	(0.2)	(0.2)	(0.2)
BP costs				.362***	.353***	.373***
				(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.1)
Belief change					.512**	
					(0.2)	
Certainty					. ,	1.2**
						(0.5)
Constant	2.39***	1.79***	2.33***	.983***	.636**	14
	(0.1)	(0.2)	(0.2)	(0.3)	(0.3)	(0.6)
sigma						
Constant	1.94***	1.83***	1.7^{***}	1.89***	1.88***	1.88***
	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.1)
Observations	624	159	153	624	624	624
Adjusted \mathbb{R}^2						

Standard errors in parentheses

ALEX:

- Blind Protection costs: what you lose if you don't use signal.
- Belief change: Respondents' belief change due to the signal from white to black (how info structure changes the relative value of hint).
- Certainty: How close is your belief to 1 or 0. (Willingness to pay for certainty):
- Certainty= $P(S = W)(1 \mu(B|S = W)) + P(S = B)\mu(B|S = B)$, $\mu(B|S = Y)$ is the reported belief that the ball is black when the signal is Y, P(S = Y) is the actual prob of the ball being Y. This is an ad-hoc measure, I probably need to check literature to see if there is something more standard.
- Describe why better than OLS: because we truncate.

^{*} p < 0.10, ** p < 0.05, *** p < 0.01

Table 3: Average WTP discrepancy (WTP-Value) by Signal Type

False-positive	False-negative	Mean WTP discrepancy	P(=0)
No	No	-0.106	0.433
No	Yes	0.143	0.250
Yes	No	0.081	0.502
Yes	Yes	0.492	0.000

Table 4: WTP minus Value of Information (OLS)

	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
FP costs	.237*	.231*	.204	.448***	.412***
FN costs	(0.1) $.353****$	(0.1) $.319***$	(0.3) $.232$	(0.2) $.337****$	(0.1) $635***$
FIN COSES	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.3)	(0.1)	(0.2)
Risk-loving			0		
Risk-averse			(.) 0		
			(.)		
No risk av. measure			$0 \\ (.)$		
Risk-loving \times FP costs			.165		
Risk-averse \times FP costs			(0.4) 0197		
TUSK-averse × 1.1 Costs			(0.4)		
No risk av. measure \times FP costs			.0244		
Risk-loving \times FN costs			(0.5) $.177$		
_			(0.3)		
Risk-averse \times FN costs			0.0608 (0.3)		
No risk av. measure \times FN costs			.114		
Inaccurate beliefs			(0.3)	.293**	
inaccurate benefit				(0.1)	
Inaccurate beliefs \times FP costs				197 (0.5)	
Inaccurate beliefs \times FN costs				.309	
-11 200				(0.2)	1 20**
plevel=200					-1.39^{**} (0.2)
plevel=300					-1.37**
plevel=500					(0.1)
					(.)
plevel= $200 \times FP \text{ costs}$.162 (0.2)
plevel= $300 \times FP costs$					417**
plevel= $500 \times FP \text{ costs}$					(0.2) 755^*
pievei—500 × FT costs					(0.4)
plevel= $200 \times FN costs$.828***
plevel= $300 \times FN \text{ costs}$	9				(0.2) .886***
					(0.2)
plevel= $500 \times FN costs$					1.02^{***} (0.2)
Constant	207	182**	184**	409***	.575***
Observations	$\frac{(0.2)}{624}$	$\frac{(0.1)}{624}$	$\frac{(0.1)}{624}$	$\frac{(0.1)}{624}$	$\frac{(0.1)}{624}$
Adjusted R^2	0.24 0.05	0.38	0.37	0.38	0.58

Table 5: WTP minus Value of Information, connection to self-reported protection strategy

	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
p>0.2	0953	875**	107	113	FE 884***	123
P> 0.2	(0.2)	(0.3)	(0.2)	(0.2)	(0.3)	(0.2)
FN costs	514	755	128	488	805*	196
	(0.4)	(0.5)	(0.2)	(0.5)	(0.5)	(0.2)
$p>0.2 \times FN costs$.836**	1.24***	.743***	.826**	1.27***	.794***
	(0.3)	(0.3)	(0.2)	(0.4)	(0.3)	(0.2)
Risk-loving \times p>0.2 \times FN costs	.245	733**	(-)	.164	633*	(-)
0 P	(0.2)	(0.3)		(0.3)	(0.3)	
Risk-averse \times p>0.2 \times FN costs	.174	526		.125	498	
T. I	(0.2)	(0.3)		(0.3)	(0.3)	
No risk av. measure \times p>0.2 \times FN costs	.135	531		.158	655	
r	(0.2)	(0.5)		(0.3)	(0.4)	
FP costs	.506*	.334	.395***	.492*	.27	.687***
	(0.3)	(0.3)	(0.1)	(0.3)	(0.2)	(0.2)
$p>0.2 \times FP costs$	758*	189	605**	734	191	466
p> 0.2 // 11 00000	(0.4)	(0.6)	(0.3)	(0.5)	(0.6)	(0.3)
Risk-loving \times p>0.2 \times FP costs	239	613	(0.0)	.204	459	(0.0)
Tribit loving × p>0.2 × 11 costs	(0.4)	(0.6)		(0.8)	(0.7)	
Risk-averse \times p>0.2 \times FP costs	152	986		262	978	
1(15K-averse × p>0.2 × 11 costs	(0.4)	(0.6)		(0.7)	(0.6)	
No risk av. measure \times p>0.2 \times FP costs	.158	92		453	-1.09	
The first av. incastic \times p>0.2 \times 11 costs	(0.7)	(0.6)		(0.7)	(0.7)	
Risk-loving \times p>0.2	(0.1)	.846		(0.1)	.837	
1tisk-10ving × p>0.2		(0.5)			(0.5)	
Risk-averse \times p>0.2		.982**			.967**	
Tubic averse × p>0.2		(0.4)			(0.4)	
No risk av. measure \times p>0.2		.771			.797	
The first av. incastate \times p>0.2		(0.6)			(0.6)	
Risk-loving \times FN costs		.807			.659	
Tusk-loving × 11v costs		(0.5)			(0.5)	
Risk-averse \times FN costs		.507			.47	
Tube-averse × 11v costs		(0.5)			(0.5)	
No risk av. measure \times FN costs		.489			.681	
100 fish av. measure × 110 costs		(0.7)			(0.6)	
Risk-loving \times FP costs		0496			.314	
Tusk-toving × 1.1 costs		(0.4)			(0.3)	
Risk-averse \times FP costs		.34			.317	
Itiba-averse × FT costs		(0.4)			(0.3)	
No risk av. measure \times FP costs		.638			.306	
110 HSK av. Hieastire × 11 Costs		(0.5)			(0.4)	
$p>0.2 \times (sum) bp \times FN costs$		(0.0)	0523		(0.4)	056
$p>0.2 \times (sum) bp \times 1.17 costs$)		(0.0)			(0.0)
$p>0.2 \times (sum) bp \times FP costs$			0494			217*
p>0.2 A (sum) op A PT Costs			(0.1)			(0.1)
Constant	0858	.207	0902	0449	0454	0458
Comstant	(0.2)	(0.5)	(0.2)	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.1)
Risk pref dummies	(0.2) No	Yes	(0.2) No	(0.1) No	Yes	(0.1) No
Observations	624	$\frac{1es}{624}$	624	624	$\frac{1es}{624}$	624
Adjusted R^2	0.07	0.06	0.08	0.44	0.41	0.42
Standard errors in parentheses	0.07	0.00	0.00	0.41	0.41	0.42

C Summary

Table 6: Comparing Findings across the Tasks

Design	Beliefs	IP	WTP
White, FN only	>	<>	<> *
Black, FN only	<	<>	<>
White, FP only	>	>	>
Black, FP only	>	<>	>
White, FN and FP	>>	>	>
Black, FN and FP	>	<>	>

^{*-}WTP estimates do not depend on signals.

D Classification: Honest vs. Bayesian

Table 7: Latent Class Multinomial Choice Model Estimates (FP and FN rates by hint)

	lc_results								
	Model	Class	Alt	Hint	FN0	FN1	FP0	FP1	Class share
r1	1	1	-2.86694	4.392251	4.834518	1919326	4.35168	8676941	1
r2	2	1	-2.91958	1.881626	7.980388	3599557	1.725487	6.632253	.2198715
r3	2	2	-2.91958	6.699559	3.838407	.4707898	5.285504	-8.229022	.7801285

Table 8: IP response by class

	(1)	(2)			
	Honesty Seekers	Cautious Bayesians			
S=Black	.142*	0232			
	(1.7)	(-0.5)			
Prop. of lying gremlins	.593***	.215***			
	(4.2)	(4.3)			
Posterior prob.	.229**	.945***			
	(2.1)	(7.4)			
N	408	840			
Pseudo R-squared	.136	.654			
Log-likelihood	-241	-194			

t statistics in parentheses

ALEX:

- Do this distinction between number of false gremlin vs. black/white gremlin for belief calculation (other columns)
- Alex: Let me know if you need it to join into one table, but it need manual work so we can reserve it for later.

ALEX:

- BE Table:
 - Keep Cols 4-6
 - We won't need this if we have the above version for belief.

END TABLE

Errors are clustered by subject, average marginal treatment effects

^{*} p < 0.10, ** p < 0.05, *** p < 0.01

Table 9: Belief Elicitation by Class

	(1)	(2)
	Simpletons	Cautious Bayesians
Posterior prob.	.492***	.583***
	(0.1)	(0.1)
S=Black	00445	.167***
	(0.0)	(0.0)
Prop. of lying gremlins	.181***	.158***
	(0.1)	(0.0)
Constant	.143***	.0842***
	(0.0)	(0.0)
Observations	408	840
Adjusted R^2	0.36	0.69

Dep. variable: beliefs, errors clustered by subject

Table 10: Expected IP losses by strategy

			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
		p=0.1,0.2			p>0.2	
	Mean loss	% of optimal	Loss prob.	Mean loss	% of optimal	Loss prob.
Baseline (all)	1.166304	156.7689	.0190281	2.11717	140.6088	.0508233
Honesty seekers	1.526998	205.2517	.0435806	3.095308	205.5705	.1163925
Bayesians	1.050706	141.2308	.0112388	1.806053	119.9464	.0300237
Optimal	.7439637	1	.0136432	1.505716	1	.0190598

Table 11: Belief Elicitation: When Mistakes Happen

			11
	(1)	(2)	(3)
	All	S=White	S=Black
FP rate	.6***	.292***	.908***
	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.1)
FN rate	.0108	.273***	251***
	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.1)
Constant	0784***	.314***	47***
	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Subject FE	Yes	Yes	Yes
Observations	1248	624	624
Adjusted \mathbb{R}^2	0.15	0.41	0.52

Standard errors in parentheses $\,$

Dep. variable: reported belief - posterior probability

^{*} p < 0.10, ** p < 0.05, *** p < 0.01

^{*} p < 0.10, ** p < 0.05, *** p < 0.01

E Tables

Table 12: List of Treatments

Gremlins composition							
Prop. of black balls (p)	Honest	Black-eyed	White-eyed	FP rate	FN rate		
0.1, 0.2, 0.3, 0.5	2	0	0	0	0		
0.1, 0.2, 0.3, 0.5	3	1	0	0.33	0		
0.1, 0.2, 0.3, 0.5	3	0	1	0	0.33		
0.1, 0.2, 0.3, 0.5	3	1	1	0.33	0.33		
0.1, 0.2, 0.3, 0.5	5	1	0	0.2	0		
0.1, 0.2, 0.3, 0.5	5	0	1	0	0.2		
0.1, 0.2, 0.3, 0.5	5	1	1	0.2	0.2		

Table 13: Demographic Characteristics of Subjects

	All		$p \in \mathcal{P}$	$p \in \{0.1, 0.3\}$		$\overline{\{0.2, 0.5\}}$
	N	%	N	%	N	%
Male	43	41	22	41	21	41
Age>23yrs old	14	13	6	11	8	16
Students	88	84	46	85	42	82
Had statistics classes	63	60	37	69	26	51
Total	105	100	54	100	51	100

Table 14: Risk Aversion Measurement

Switching Probability (π^*)	θ	N
Always protect	>2	1
0.1	2	10
0.15	1.216	13
0.2	0.573	29
0.25	0	16
0.3	-0.539	15
Never protect	<-0.539	14

Table 15: Informed protection response: logistic regression

		1	1	0 0		
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
	All	S=White	S=Black	All	S=White	W=Black
FP rate	.279***	.47***	.027	.245**	.854***	114
	(3.0)	(4.1)	(0.2)	(2.3)	(4.4)	(-0.3)
FN rate	.614***	1.02^{***}	.00398	.306***	.801***	127
	(7.7)	(11.4)	(0.0)	(3.1)	(4.5)	(-0.4)
p > 0.2	.118***	.137***	.101***	.04*	.0922	.128*
	(7.1)	(6.2)	(4.0)	(1.7)	(1.4)	(1.7)
FP rate x $(p>0.2)$.0983	331*	.694
				(0.8)	(-1.7)	(1.6)
FN rate x $(p>0.2)$.62***	.786***	.223
				(4.4)	(2.9)	(0.7)
Subject FE	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
$P(FP \text{ rate} \neq FN \text{ rate})$.00338	.00143	.895	.642	.806	.979
N	1248	624	624	1224	450	252
Pseudo R-squared	.0403	.211	.0236	.122	.54	.191
Log-likelihood	-824	-278	-257	-741	-130	-134

t statistics in parentheses

Errors are clustered by subject, average marginal treatment effects $\,$

^{*} p < 0.10, ** p < 0.05, *** p < 0.01

Table 16: Correlates of Strategies Used

	(1)	(2)	(3)
Seek honest	.462***		
	(0.1)		
Other	.356***		
	(0.1)		
Female		.0782	
		(0.1)	
Age		00845	
		(0.0)	
Stat. classes		0674	
		(0.1)	
Accur. beliefs		, ,	.135*
			(0.1)
RA measure0			00705
			(0.0)
IP quiz			0635
-			(0.0)
Constant	.433***	.975***	1.03***
	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.2)
Observations	104	104	104
Adjusted \mathbb{R}^2	0.15	0.02	0.01

^{*} p < 0.10, ** p < 0.05, *** p < 0.01

Table 17: Latent Class Multinomial Choice Model Estimates

-	lc_results							
	Model	Class	Alt	Hint	$False_prob$	Posterior	Class share	BIC
$\overline{r1}$	1	1	-2.558866	5.518452	-2.179902	-5.647592	1	599.1649
r1	2	1	-2.535444	1.90032	3.500951	1.732533	.2750615	581.0222
r1	2	2	-2.535444	.1317798	2.727107	8.918563	.7249385	581.0222
r1	3	1	-2.738694	1.552418	4.89195	1.063685	.2025011	587.5337
r1	3	2	-2.738694	3.413443	8342289	6.007274	.4550624	587.5337
r1	3	3	-2.738694	-3.203437	5.474852	16.56628	.3424365	587.5337

Table 18: WTP for Information: heterogeneity by IP class

	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
	p < 0.3	p<0.3	All	All
model				
FN costs	261***	496***	261***	496***
	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.1)
FP costs	-1.04***	-1.31***	-1.04***	-1.31***
	(0.2)	(0.2)	(0.2)	(0.2)
Simpletons		876***		876***
		(0.2)		(0.2)
Simpletons \times FN costs		.622***		.622***
		(0.2)		(0.2)
Simpletons \times FP costs		.799**		.799**
		(0.3)		(0.3)
Constant	2.39***	2.69***	2.39***	2.69***
	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.1)
sigma				
Constant	1.94^{***}	1.91***	1.94***	1.91***
	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.1)
Observations	624	624	624	624
Adjusted \mathbb{R}^2				

^{*} p < 0.10, ** p < 0.05, *** p < 0.01

Table 19: WTP minus Value of Information, connection to self-reported protection strategy $\,$

D√						
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
	All	p = 0.1	p = 0.2	All	All	All
Seek honest	.534***	.94***		1.18**		1.4**
	(0.2)	(0.3)		(0.5)		(0.6)
Other	.154	.36		.324		.594
	(0.2)	(0.3)		(0.5)		(0.5)
FN costs	.352***	.739***	-1.11***	563	558***	.602
	(0.1)	(0.2)	(0.4)	(1.0)	(0.2)	(0.6)
FP costs	.231*	.261	424**	.578	415**	.631
	(0.1)	(0.3)	(0.2)	(0.4)	(0.2)	(0.6)
Seek honest \times FN costs	, ,	583***	, ,	389	, ,	616
		(0.2)		(1.1)		(0.7)
Other \times FN costs		334		.216		355
		(0.2)		(1.1)		(0.7)
Seek honest \times FP costs		0827		222		155
		(0.4)		(0.5)		(0.7)
Other \times FP costs		.00283		144		.0513
		(0.4)		(0.5)		(0.7)
Constant	479***	733***	1.88***	123	2.28***	-1.56***
	(0.2)	(0.2)	(0.2)	(0.4)	(0.2)	(0.5)
Observations	624	624	159	159	153	153
Adjusted \mathbb{R}^2	0.06	0.07	0.08	0.08	0.07	0.08

^{*} p < 0.10, ** p < 0.05, *** p < 0.01

F Figures

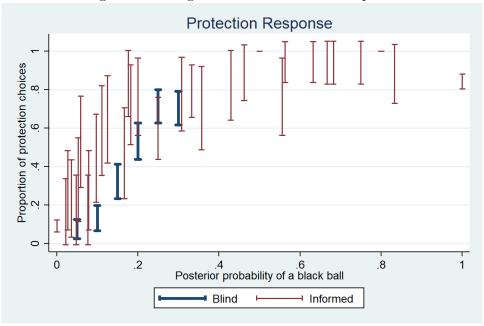


Figure 3: Average Informed Protection Response

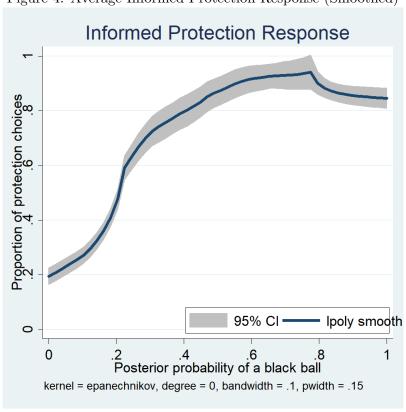


Figure 4: Average Informed Protection Response (Smoothed)

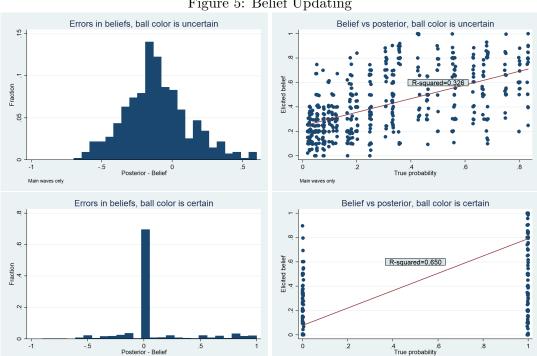


Figure 5: Belief Updating

Theoretical vs actual WTP

Theoretical vs actual WTP

percent
38.077

Figure 6: Theoretical vs actual WTP



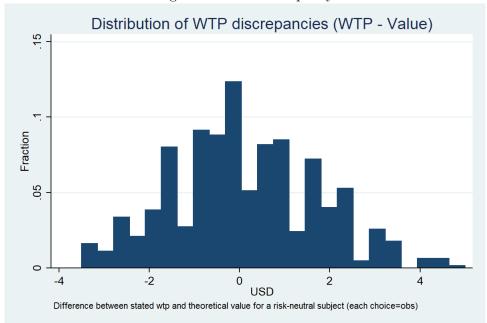
Theoretical WTP

2

1

Ó

3



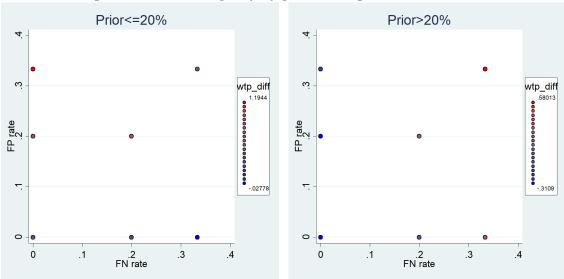


Figure 8: WTP discrepancy by prior and signal characteristics $\,$

G Appendix Tables

Table 20: Informed protection response: linear probability regression

	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
	All	S=White	S=Black	All	S=White	W=Black
FP rate	.284***	.496***	.0725	.259**	.613***	0949
	(2.9)	(3.8)	(0.5)	(2.2)	(4.3)	(-0.5)
FN rate	.596***	1.21***	0213	.322***	.7***	0564
	(7.2)	(8.9)	(-0.2)	(3.0)	(4.0)	(-0.3)
p > 0.2	.119***	.138***	.0994***	$.0475^{**}$.0438	.0512
	(6.7)	(5.6)	(3.7)	(2.0)	(1.3)	(1.4)
FP rate x $(p>0.2)$.0508	233	$.335^{*}$
				(0.4)	(-1.3)	(1.7)
FN rate x $(p>0.2)$.548***	1.03***	.0703
				(4.0)	(4.4)	(0.4)
Constant	.759***	.57***	.948***	.794***	.617***	.972***
	(47.1)	(24.3)	(43.4)	(43.0)	(23.9)	(37.1)
Subject FE	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
$P(FP \text{ rate} \neq FN \text{ rate})$.00659	.000758	.631	.0025	.0000292	.495
Observations	1248	624	624	1248	624	624
Adjusted R^2		•	•			

t statistics in parentheses

Errors are clustered by subject

^{*} p < 0.10, ** p < 0.05, *** p < 0.01

Table 21: Informed Protection Response: flexible control for posteriors and beliefs

	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
		FE			S=White	S=Black
FP rate	.226**	$.252^{*}$.367**	.256*	.273**	.129
	(2.0)	(1.8)	(2.5)	(1.8)	(2.3)	(0.3)
FN rate	.0783	.014	.000825	.0677	.0615	.0738
	(0.8)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.4)	(0.4)	(0.6)
p > 0.2			.0325			
			(1.2)			
FP rate x $(p>0.2)$			18			
			(-1.4)			
FN rate x $(p>0.2)$.0778			
			(0.6)			
S=Black				.164		
				(1.1)		
FP rate x (S=Black)				481		
				(-1.0)		
FN rate x (S=Black)				0587		
,				(-0.3)		
Observations	1248	1224	1224	1224	624	624
Adjusted \mathbb{R}^2						

t statistics in parentheses

Errors are clustered by subject, average marginal treatment effects

With flexible controls of posterior probability and beliefs

^{*} p < 0.10, ** p < 0.05, *** p < 0.01

Table 22: Informed protection response: semiparametric control for posteriors

	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
FP rate	.414***	.541***	.449***	.322**
	(4.2)	(4.3)	(4.2)	(2.4)
FN rate	.0152	0371	0771	.0573
	(0.1)	(-0.3)	(-0.3)	(0.4)
p > 0.2		.0376		
		(1.2)		
FP rate x (p ≥ 0.2)		233		
		(-1.4)		
FN rate x (p ≥ 0.2)		.132		
ν- ,		(0.8)		
S=Black		,	.0801	
			(0.5)	
FP rate x (S=Black)			41	
()			(-1.0)	
FN rate x (S=Black)			.12	
(12 111)			(0.5)	
Stat. class			(0.0)	0101
5 0000				(-0.3)
FP rate x Stat. class				.163
11 1000 H State. Class				(1.1)
FN rate x Stat. class				0696
110 Table A Duan. Class				(-0.5)
Observations	1248	1248	1248	1248
Adjusted R^2	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
Aujustea n	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01

t statistics in parentheses

^{*} p < 0.10, ** p < 0.05, *** p < 0.01

Table 23: WTP - Value of Information, by prior with order effects

		(2)	(2)	(4)	(5)	(6)
	(1)	` '	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
	p=0.1,0.2	p=0.3,0.5	p=0.1,0.2			
FP rate	2.23***	249	2.12^{***}	1.21^{*}	249	325
	(0.5)	(0.7)	(0.7)	(0.7)	(0.7)	(0.8)
FN rate	254	2.64^{***}	-1.22**	.169	2.64***	1.33***
	(0.4)	(0.5)	(0.5)	(0.5)	(0.5)	(0.5)
Starts with p=0.2	, ,		-1.13***	.256	, ,	, ,
-			(0.3)	(0.3)		
Starts with p= $0.2 \times FP$ rate			.215	444		.157
•			(1.0)	(1.0)		(0.7)
Starts with p=0.2 \times FN rate			1.99***	2.11***		2.71***
•			(0.7)	(0.8)		(0.6)
First prior			,	()	.0367	.0367
•					(0.2)	(0.2)
First prior \times FP rate					2.48***	2.48***
					(0.7)	(0.7)
First prior \times FN rate					-2.9***	-2.9***
The prof × TV rate					(0.3)	(0.3)
Constant	135	172	.412*	278	172	172
Constant						
01	(0.2)	(0.2)	(0.2)	(0.2)	(0.2)	(0.2)
Observations	315	315	315	630	630	630
Adjusted R^2	0.04	0.04	0.12	0.04	0.04	0.06

Table 24: WTP - Value of Information, by prior

				, J	
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
	All	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.5
FP rate	.822*	1.96***	2.3***	121	865
	(0.5)	(0.7)	(0.7)	(0.9)	(0.9)
FN rate	1.2^{***}	-1.24***	.783	1.57^{***}	3.79***
	(0.4)	(0.4)	(0.5)	(0.6)	(0.7)
Constant	134	.435***	713***	921***	.677***
	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.2)
Observations	630	162	153	162	153
Adjusted \mathbb{R}^2	0.36	0.64	0.49	0.42	0.48

^{*} p < 0.10, ** p < 0.05, *** p < 0.01

^{*} p < 0.10, ** p < 0.05, *** p < 0.01

Table 25: Belief Elicitation: Discrepancy

	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	
FN rate	.0136	.0136	05	05	0886	0876	
110100	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.1)	
FP rate	.605***	.605***	.75***	.749***	.664***	.66***	
	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.1)	
Good quiz			.0292	.056			
			(0.0)	(0.0)			
Good quiz \times FN rate			.111	.111			
			(0.1)	(0.1)			
Good quiz \times FP rate			272**	27**			
			(0.1)	(0.1)			
Stat. class					0213	0386	
					(0.0)	(0.0)	
Stat. class \times FN rate					.18*	.179*	
					(0.1)	(0.1)	
Stat. class \times FP rate					106	102	
					(0.1)	(0.1)	
Constant	0621***	0272	0779***	0566	0499**	00222	
	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	
Prior prob dummies	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	
Observations	1248	1248	1248	1248	1248	1248	
Adjusted R^2	0.09	0.10	0.09	0.10	0.09	0.09	

^{*} p < 0.10, ** p < 0.05, *** p < 0.01

Table 26: WTP minus Value of Information: demographic determinants

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
								.515
		` /					` /	(0.2)
								$.453^{*}$
(0.1)	` /	` ,	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.1
	\ /	, ,						
	153	193						
	(0.2)	(0.2)						
	.0791	.114						
	(0.1)	(0.1)						
			24	142				
			(0.3)	(0.4)				
			.198	.124				
			(0.3)	(0.3)				
			0834	0226				
			(-)	(-)	366	647*		
					, ,	` ,		
					` /	` ′		
					(0.2)	(0.2)	5/1/*	.527
								(0.4)
							,	437
								(0.3)
							, ,	299
207	100	201	0570	410	157	207*		(0.1)
								.045
` ,	` /	` /	` /	` ,	` ,	, ,	` ,	(0.3)
								Yes
								624
0.05	0.05	0.21	0.05	0.21	0.05	0.21	0.06	0.22
	(1) .237* (0.1) .353*** (0.1)	(1) (2) .237* .283 (0.1) (0.2) .353*** .322*** (0.1) (0.1)193 (0.3)153 (0.2) .0791 (0.1) (0.1) 207	(1) (2) (3) .237* .283 .352* (0.1) (0.2) (0.2) .353*** .322*** .247*** (0.1) (0.1) (0.1)193157 (0.3) (0.4)153193 (0.2) (0.2) .0791 .114 (0.1) (0.1) (0.1) (0.1) 207126 .391 (0.2) (0.2) .No No Yes 624 624 624 624	(1) (2) (3) (4)	(1) (2) (3) (4) (5) .237*	.237*	(1) (2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) .237*	(1) (2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8) .237*

^{*} p < 0.10, ** p < 0.05, *** p < 0.01