## Stat 204

Exam	2	4/10	/18
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Name:

	e are some definitions from chapter $k(s)$ with the word(s) being defined.	s 3 through 7. For each definition, fill in the
(a)	The	is an estimate of the standard deviation of a
( )	statistic that is based on data.	
(b)	The	is the ratio of conditional proportions for two
	groups.	
(c)	The goal of	is to produce groups that are as similar
	as possible in all respects except for	the treatment being studied.
(d)	For a quantitative variable, 25% of the	ne data lie below the
	and 25% lie above the	
(e)		de a graphical display of conditional proportions
	for two categorical variables.	
(f)	Half the width of a confidence inter	val is its
(g)	A is	a tabular summary of two categorical variables.
(h)	Well-designed studies are designed to	o determine how the
	variable depends on the	variable.
(i)	A is a visu	al display of the 5-number summary of a
	quantitative variable.	
(j)	An	is a study in which researchers actively assign
	subjects to treatment groups.	

2. Here are the lengths (numbers of words) of 29 randomly selected sentences from John Grisham's book *Theodore Boone: Kid Lawyer*.

Determine the five-number summary for these sentence lengths and compute the interquartile range.

3. What must happen in a study to be able to determine cause and effect?

4. To investigate whether the average human body temperature is 98.6° F, consider data collected from 65 healthy female volunteers aged 18 to 40 who were participating in vaccine trials. This sample has an average body temperature of 98.39° F and a standard deviation of 0.743° F. Assume that this sample is representative of the population of healthy adult females.	
(a) State the relevant null and alternative hypotheses.	
(b) What are the observed statistics? Provide their values using correct notation.	
(c) Using this data and an appropriate applet, compute the relevant $p$ -value.	
(d) Using this data and an appropriate applet, compute the relevant 95% confidence interval.	
(e) Your confidence interval and $p$ -value should be consistent. What do you conclude from them?	

5.	peop	silhouette illusion is a moving image of a dancer who appears to be spinning; some ble see her spinning clockwise and some see her spinning counterclockwise. In a ble random sample of 50 college students, 30 see the dancer spinning clockwise.
	(a)	What is the observed statistic? Provide its value using correct notation.
	(b)	Based on this sample, is there evidence that $50\%$ of college students will see the dancer spinning clockwise? State the relevant null and alternative hypotheses, there use this data and an appropriate applet to compute the relevant $p$ -value.
	(c)	Using this data and an appropriate applet, compute a 95% confidence interval for the proportion of college students who see the dancer spinning clockwise.
	(d)	Your confidence interval and $p$ -value should be consistent. Check that, then provide your conclusion regarding the question in part (b).

6.	To investigate whether a short delay between seeing a list of words and being asked to recall them hinders memorization, researchers showed subjects a list of words for 1 minute and then gave them 1 minute to recall as many words as they could. Each subject did this once with no delay and once with a 30-second wait between memorizing and recall; the order of the two conditions was randomized. The resulting data are available online in the book's <b>MemorizationDelay</b> dataset.
	(a) Identify the explanatory and response variables.
	(b) State the relevant null and alternative hypotheses.
	(c) What is the observed statistic? Provide its value using correct notation.
	(d) Using this data and an appropriate applet, compute the relevant $p$ -value.
	(e) Using this data and an appropriate applet, compute the relevant 95% confidence interval.
	(f) Your confidence interval and $p$ -value should be consistent. What do you conclude from them?

7.	To compare the effectiveness of surgery versus observation in the treatment of prostate cancer, researchers identified 731 men with localized prostate cancer who volunteered to participate in their study. 364 men were randomly assigned to receive surgery, and the remaining 367 were merely observed. After 10 years, 21 of the surgery recipients died from prostate cancer, and 31 of the observation recipients died from prostate cancer.
	(a) What is the primary purpose of random assignment in this type of study?
	(b) State the relevant null and alternative hypotheses.
	(c) What is the observed statistic? Provide its value using correct notation.
	(d) Using this data and an appropriate applet, compute the relevant $p$ -value.
	(e) Using this data and an appropriate applet, compute the relevant $95\%$ confidence interval.
	(f) Your confidence interval and $p$ -value should be consistent. What do you conclude from them?

8. Many are worried about rising mercury levels in fish. To analyze this issue, data collected on random samples of Albacore and Yellowfin tuna; the data are avail online in the book's <b>Tuna</b> dataset. Use this data to answer the following questions		
	(a)	Identify the explanatory and response variables, and identify each as categorical or quantitative.
	(b)	State the relevant null and alternative hypotheses.
	(c)	What is the observed statistic? Provide its value using correct notation.
	(d)	Using this data and an appropriate applet, compute the relevant $p$ -value.
	(e)	Using this data and an appropriate applet, compute the relevant $95\%$ confidence interval.
	(f)	Your confidence interval and $p$ -value should be consistent. What do you conclude from them?