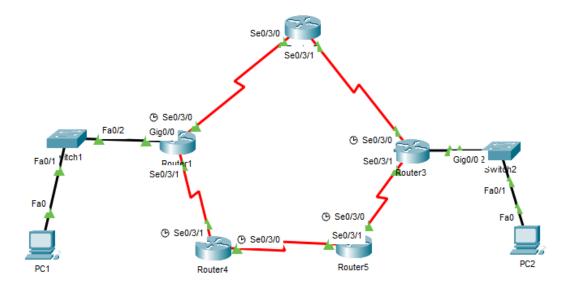
### **Dynamic Routing**

COMPUTER NETWORKING

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### Topology



Q1. . On every router, verify which routing protocol is configured

```
Router#show ip protocols
Routing Protocol is "rip"
Sending updates every 30 seconds, next due in 24 seconds
Invalid after 180 seconds, hold down 180, flushed after 240
Outgoing update filter list for all interfaces is not set
Incoming update filter list for all interfaces is not set
Redistributing: rip
Default version control: send version 2, receive 2
                       Send Recv Triggered RIP Key-chain
  Interface
  GigabitEthernet0/0
  Serial0/3/0
  Serial0/3/1
Automatic network summarization is not in effect
Maximum path: 4
Routing for Networks:
            10.0.0.0
Passive Interface(s):
Routing Information Sources:
            Gateway Distance
                                         Last Update
            10.0.1.2
                                120
                                          00:00:24
                                120
                                          00:00:14
            10.0.2.2
Distance: (default is 120)
Router#
Ctrl+F6 to exit CLI focus
                                                                  Paste
                                                      Copy
```

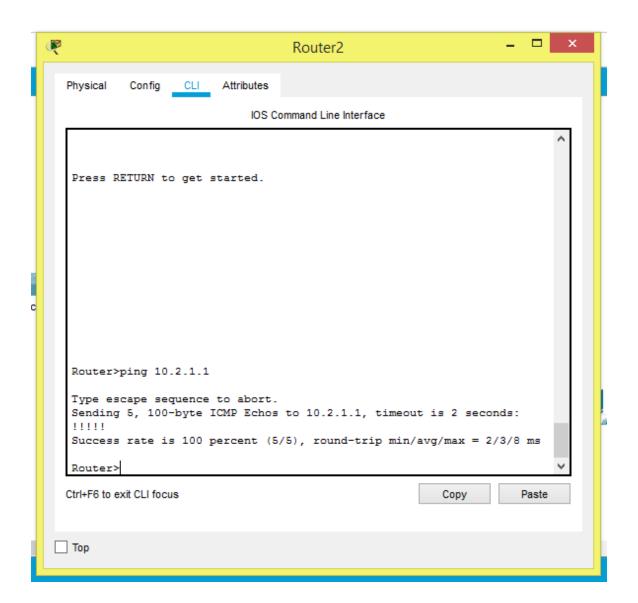
## Q2. On every router, Verify all networks are in the router's routing table.

It is the same command on every router so I picked one of them here ...

```
Codes: L - local, C - connected, S - static, R - RIP, M - mobile, B -
       D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area
       N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2
       E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, E - EGP
       i - IS-IS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2, ia - IS-IS
inter area
       * - candidate default, U - per-user static route, o - ODR
       P - periodic downloaded static route
Gateway of last resort is not set
     10.0.0.0/8 is variably subnetted, 10 subnets, 2 masks
С
        10.0.1.0/24 is directly connected, Serial0/3/0
L
        10.0.1.1/32 is directly connected, Serial0/3/0
С
        10.0.2.0/24 is directly connected, Serial0/3/1
L
        10.0.2.1/32 is directly connected, Serial0/3/1
С
        10.0.3.0/24 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0
L
        10.0.3.1/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0
R
        10.1.1.0/24 [120/1] via 10.0.1.2, 00:00:09, Serial0/3/0
        10.1.2.0/24 [120/2] via 10.0.1.2, 00:00:09, Serial0/3/0
                    [120/2] via 10.0.2.2, 00:00:24, Serial0/3/1
        10.1.3.0/24 [120/2] via 10.0.1.2, 00:00:09, Serial0/3/0
        10.2.1.0/24 [120/1] via 10.0.2.2, 00:00:24, Serial0/3/1
 --More--
```

#### Q3. Can R2 ping any other interface of R4?

Yes, it can.



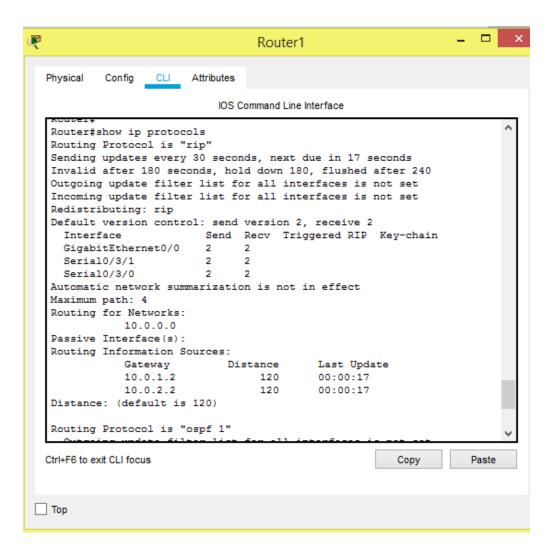
### Q4. Can PC2 now ping PC1?

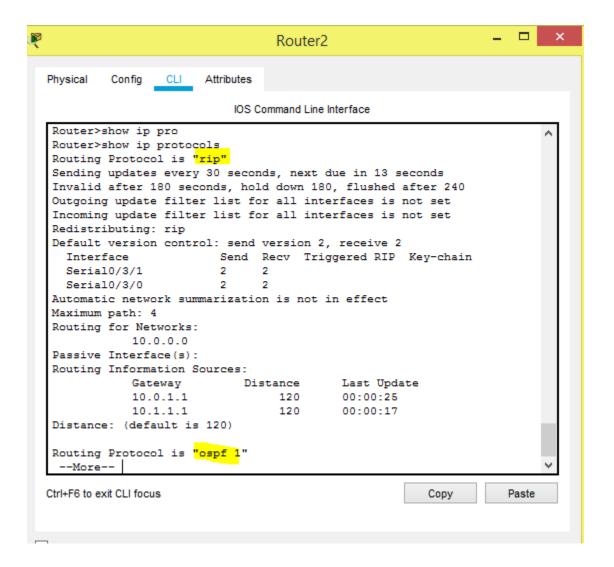
Although I expected that pinging will be successful but it is not. .This could be due to error number entry.

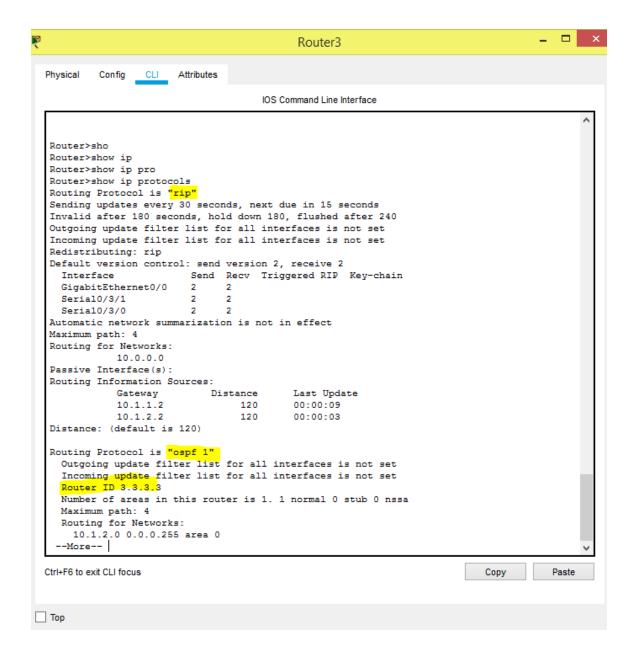
```
P
                                                                        □ ×
                                      PC2
  Physical
           Config
                    Desktop
                             Programming
                                          Attributes
  Command Prompt
                                                                           Χ
   Packet Tracer PC Command Line 1.0
   C:\>ping 10.0.3.2
   Pinging 10.0.3.2 with 32 bytes of data:
   Request timed out.
   Request timed out.
   Request timed out.
   Request timed out.
   Ping statistics for 10.0.3.2:
       Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 0, Lost = 4 (100% loss),
   C:\>
```

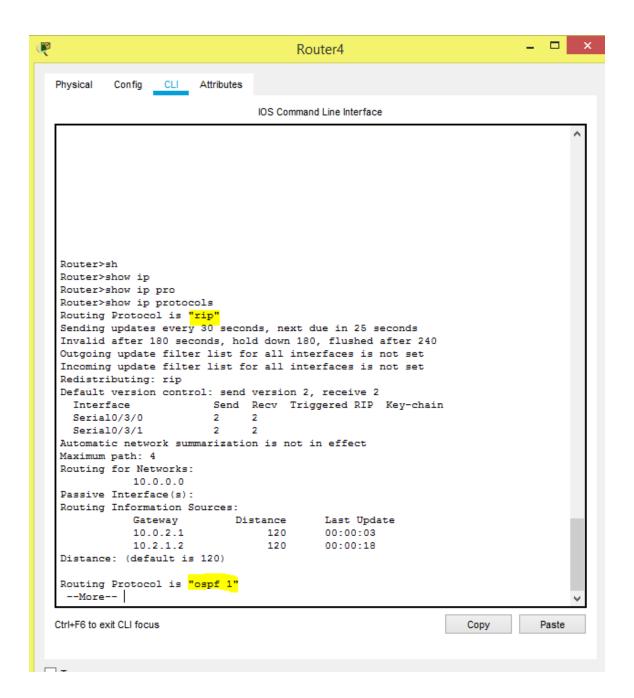
It tells you that Request timed out.

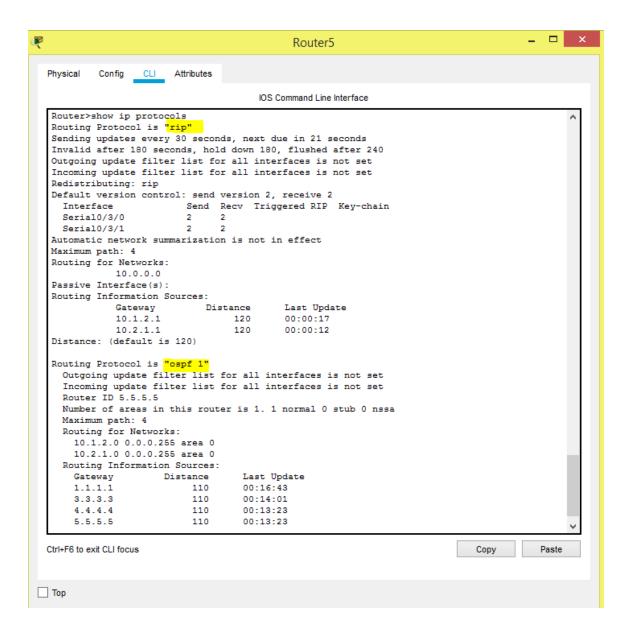
vQ5. On every router , verify which routing protocol is configured, Verify your answer , Take screenshots





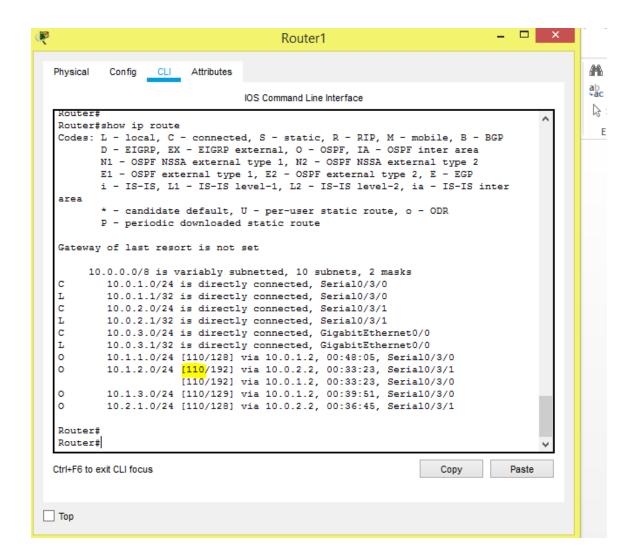


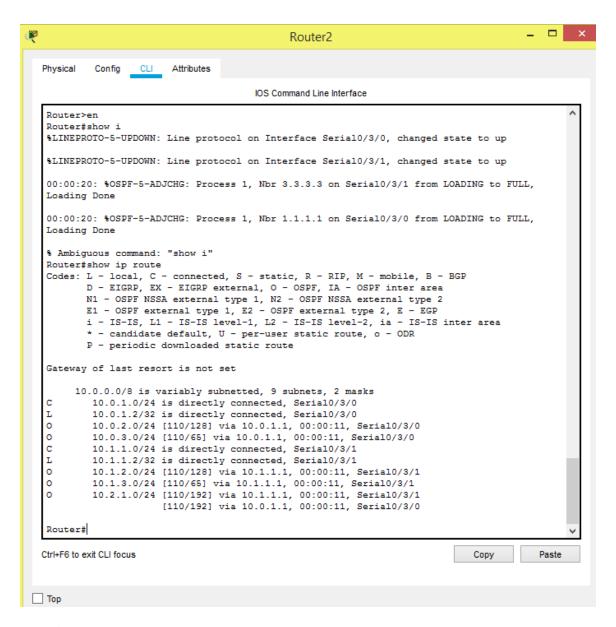




# Q6. On every router, Verify all networks are in the router's routing table. Verify your answer, Take screenshots

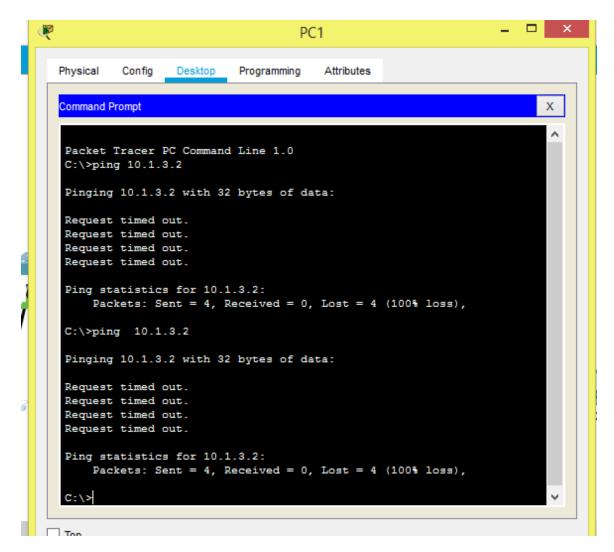
Since it is the same idea "Show ip route command", I will show the case of 2 routers...





And so on ...

### Q7. Can PC2 now ping PC1? Verify your answer, Take screenshot



The pinging is not successful. However I think it should be successful. This could be due to error number entry.

Q8. Use the following commands to gather information about your OSPFv2 implementation. In all routers

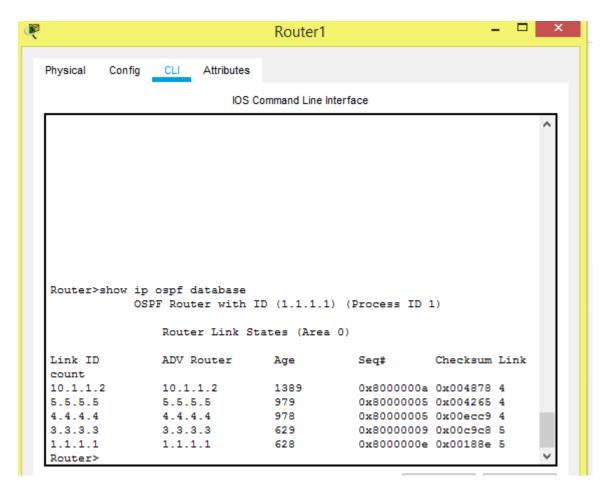
show ip ospf database

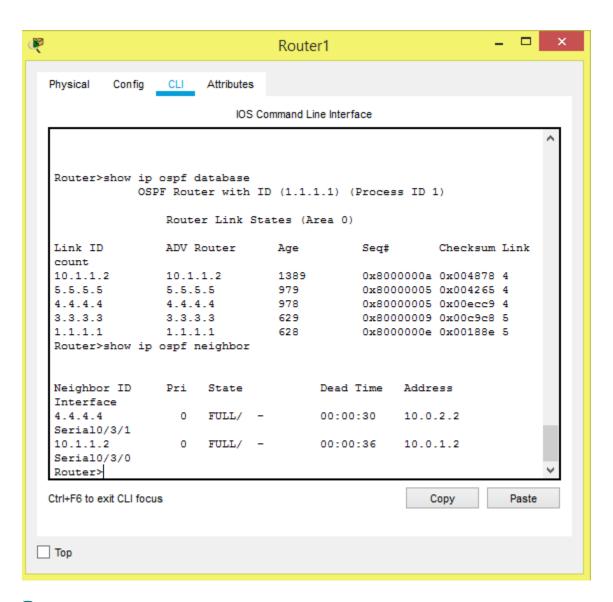
show ip ospf neighbor

Verify your answer, Take screenshots

To avoid redundancy, I have taken screenshots for router 1 & 2 only.

#### Router 1

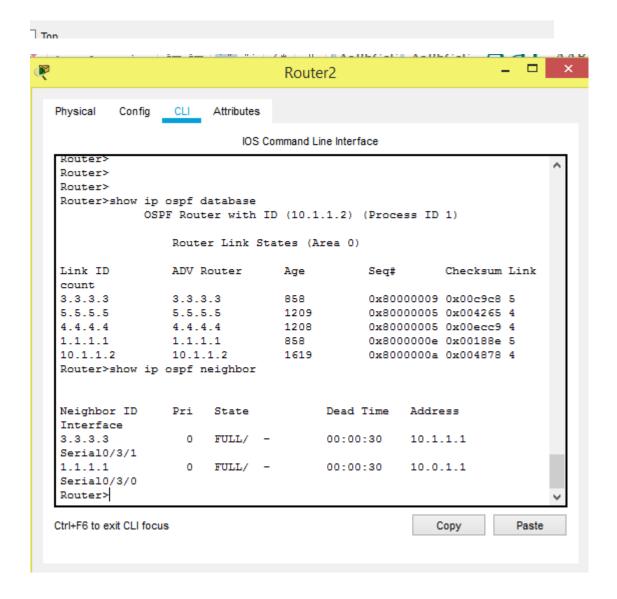




Router 2

```
Router>show ip ospf database
           OSPF Router with ID (10.1.1.2) (Process ID 1)
               Router Link States (Area 0)
Link ID
               ADV Router
                             Age
                                          Seq#
                                                   Checksum Link
count
3.3.3.3
              3.3.3.3
                             858
                                         0x80000009 0x00c9c8 5
5.5.5.5
              5.5.5.5
                             1209
                                         0x80000005 0x004265 4
4.4.4.4
              4.4.4.4
                             1208
                                         0x80000005 0x00ecc9 4
1.1.1.1
               1.1.1.1
                             858
                                         0x8000000e 0x00188e 5
10.1.1.2
               10.1.1.2
                             1619
                                         0x8000000a 0x004878 4
Router>
```

Ctrl+F6 to exit CLI focus Copy Paste



### Answer the following questions:

### **Q9.** Which router(s) are backbone routers?

Since we are using area o, then all routers are backbone routers

### Q10. Which routers are generating Type 1 LSAs?

Router 3 ,4,5

### Q11. Which routers are generating Type 2 LSAs?

Router 1 is the DR, Router 2 is the BDR.