Mastering Python الدرس # 14 web development, one drop at a time

By: Hussam Hourani

Agenda

- Flask Overview
- "Hello, world!" Example
- Multi Routes
- HTML Tags & Flask
- Variable Rules
- Blueprints & Files Structure
- Rendering Templates
- More HTML styles
- URL Building

- Using CSS
- Using JavaScript

Flask Overview

Flask is a web application framework written in Python. Flask is also easy to get started with as a beginner. Flask is based on the Werkzeug WSGI (Web Server Gateway Interface) toolkit and Jinja2 template engine

Why Flask?

- easy to use.
- built in development server and debugger
- integrated unit testing support
- RESTful request dispatching
- uses Jinja2 templating
- support for secure cookies (client side sessions)
- 100% WSGI 1.0 compliant
- Unicode based
- extensively documented



pip install flask

"Hello, world!" Example

```
The route() function of the
                     flask0.py
                                                                        Flask class is a decorator,
      1 from flask import Flask
                                                                        which tells the application
      2 app = Flask(__name___)
                                                                        which URL should call the
                                                                        associated function.
                                                                        Here, URL '/' rule is bound
      5@app.route('/')
                                                                        to the hello_world()
      6 def hello_world():
             return 'Hello, World! testing'
                                                                                http://127.0.0.1:5000/
     9 if name__ == '__main__':
                                                                                http://localhost:5000/
             app.run()
                                                                    Output
                                                                                           127.0.0.1:5000
Command Prompt - python flask0.py
                                                                               Hello, World! testing
C:\Python36\Mystuff>python flask0.py
  Running on http://127.0.0.1:5000/ (Press CTRL+C to quit)
  By: Hussam Hourani
                           https://www.fullstackpython.com/flask.html
```

App.run

app.run(host, port, debug, options)

Sr.No.	Parameters & Description
1	host Hostname to listen on. Defaults to 127.0.0.1 (localhost). Set to '0.0.0.0' to have server available externally
2	port Defaults to 5000
3	debug Defaults to false. If set to true, provides a debug information
4	options To be forwarded to underlying server.

"Hello, world!" Example

```
1 from flask import Flask
2 app = Flask(__name__)
3
4@app.route('/')
5@app.route('/index')
6 def index():
7     return "Hello, World!"
8
9 if __name__ == '__main__':
10     app.run(debug = True)
```

```
\leftarrow \rightarrow \quad \mathbb{C} \quad \textcircled{1} \text{ localhost:5000}
\text{Hello, World!}
\leftarrow \rightarrow \quad \mathbb{C} \quad \textcircled{1} \text{ localhost:5000/index}
\text{Hello, World!}
```

```
C:\Python36\Mystuff>python flask0.py

* Running on http://127.0.0.1:5000/ (Press CTRL+C to quit)
```

HTML Tags & Flask

```
1 from flask import Flask
2 app = Flask(__name__)
3
4@app.route('/')
5 def index():
6    return '<html><body><h1>Hussam Hourani</h1></body></html>'
7
8 if __name__ == '__main__':
9    app.run(debug = True)
```

support, The server will then reload itself if the code changes. It will also provide a useful debugger to track the errors if any, in the application

http://127.0.0.1:5000/

http://localhost:5000/

```
C:\Python36\Mystuff>python flask1.py

* Restarting with stat

* Debugger is active!

* Debugger PIN: 269-127-708

* Running on http://127.0.0.1:5000/ (Press CTRL+C to quit)

127.0.0.1 - - [10/Jun/2019 01:25:50] "\( \text{237mGET} / \text{HTTP/1.12} \)[0m" 200 -
```

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← → C ① 127.0.0.1:5000

Multi Routes

flask6.py

```
1 from flask import Flask
 2app = Flask(__name___)
 4@app.route("/")
 5 def index():
      return "Index!"
8@app.route("/hello")
 9 def hello():
      return "Hello World!"
10
12@app.route("/members")
13 def members():
      return "Members"
14
15
16 if __name__ == "__main__":
      app.run()
```

```
Command Prompt - python flask6.py
                                                  C:\Python36\Mystuff>python flask6.py
                                                     Running on http://127.0.0.1:5000/ (Press CTRL+C to quit)
                                                  127.0.0.1 - - [10/Jun/2019 01:52:29] "2[37mGET / HTTP/1.12[0m" 200 -
                                                                                    ① localhost:5000
                                                                                                         http://127.0.0.1:5000/
                                                      Output
                                                                     Index!
                                                                                                         http://localhost:5000/
                                                                                    ① localhost:5000/hello
                                                      Output
                                                                     Hello World!
                                                                                    ① localhost:5000/members
                                                      Output
                                                                     Members
https://pythonspot.com/flask-web-app-with-python/
                                                                                                                         No. 8
```

Variable Rules

flask9.py

```
1 from flask import Flask
                                                                             Int
   2 app = Flask(__name__)
                                                                              accepts integer
                                                                             float
   4@app.route('/hello/<name>')
                                             default string variable
                                                                              For floating point value
   5 def hello_name(name):
                                                                          3
                                                                              path
         return 'Hello %s!' % name
                                                                              accepts slashes used as directory
                                                                              separator character
     if __name__ == '__main__':
         app.run(debug = True)
                                                                               ① localhost:5000/hello/Hussam%20hourani
                                                      Output
                                                                   Hello Hussam hourani!
Command Prompt - python flask9.py
C:\Python36\Mystuff\FlaskApp>
C:\Python36\Mystuff\FlaskApp>python flask9.py
                                                                     S localhost:5000/hello/Mohammad x
  Restarting with stat
* Debugger is active!
                                                     Output
* Debugger PIN: 269-127-708
                                                                           Running on http://127.0.0.1:5000/ (Press CTRL+C to quit)
                                                                   Hello Mohammad!
By: Hussam Hourani nttps://www.tutorialspoint.com/flask/flask_quick_guide.htm
```

Blueprints & Files Structure

Functional Structure

```
yourapp/
  ___init___.py
  static/
  templates/
    home/
    control panel/
    admin/
  views/
    init .py
    home.py
    control panel.py
    admin.py
  models.py
```

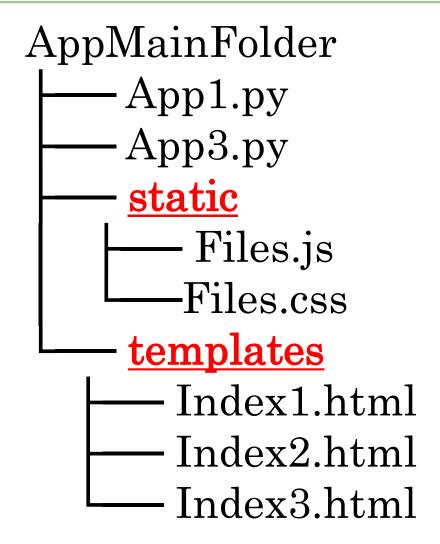
organize
the pieces
of your app
by what
they do

Division Structure

```
yourapp/
  init___.py
  admin/
    __init___.py
    views.py
    static/
    templates/
  home/
    init__.py
    views.py
    static/
    templates/
  control panel/
     init .py
    views.py
    static/
    templates/
  models.py
```

organize the pieces of the application based on which part of the app they contribute to

Files Structure



Rendering Templates

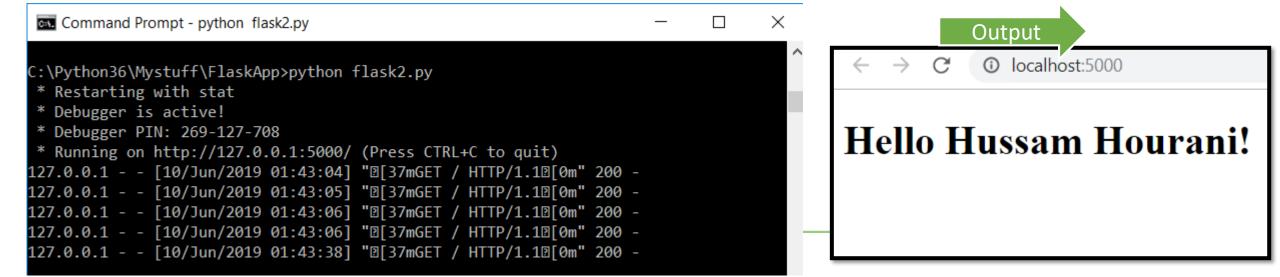
```
flask2.py
```

```
Hello.html
```

```
1 from flask import Flask, render_template
2 app = Flask(__name__)
3
4@app.route('/')
5 def index():
6    return render_template('hello.html')
7
8 if __name__ == '__main__':
9    app.run(debug = True)
```

FlaskApp

- -flask2.py
- -templates
 - hello.html



Rendering Templates – Passing Parameters

```
flask3.py
  1 from flask import Flask, render_template
                                                               Output
  2 app = Flask(__name__)
                                                                             ① localhost:5000/hello/Hussam
 4@app.route('/hello/<user>')
  5 def hello_name(user):
                                                                  Hello Hussam!
      return render_template('test.html', name = user)
                                                               Output
  8 if __name__ == '__main__':
      app.run(debug = True)
                                                                    ① localhost:5000/hello/Mohamad%20Hourani
1 <!doctype html>
                                                         Hello Mohamad Hourani!
2 <html>
                                 test.html
     <body>
                                         The Jinja2 template engine uses the following delimiters
        <h1>Hello {{ name }}!</h1>
                                         for escaping from HTML.
                                        \{\{\ldots\}\} for Expressions to print to the template output
     </body>
 </html>
                                            https://www.tutorialspoint.com/flask/flask_quick_guide.htm
```

Rendering Templates – Passing Parameters

```
1 from flask import Flask,render_template
2 app = Flask(__name__)
3
4@app.route('/')
5@app.route('/index')
6 def index():
7    user = {'username': 'Academy'}
8    return render_template('index1_0.html', title='Home', user=user)
9
10 if __name__ == '__main__':
11    app.run(debug = True)
```

Output

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Rendering Templates – Jinja2

```
1 from flask import Flask, render_template
 2 app = Flask( name )
                                                                                      ① localhost:5000/hello/60
                                                               Output
 4@app.route('/hello/<int:score>')
 5 def hello name(score):
                                                                          Your result is pass!
      return render_template('pass.html', marks = score)
 8 if __name__ == '__main__':
      app.run(debug = True)
                                                                                      (i) localhost:5000/hello/10
                                                                          Your result is fail
                                                              Output
1<!doctype html>
2 <html>
    <body>
      {% if marks>50 %}
         <h1> Your result is pass!</h1>
                                        The Jinja2 template engine
      {% else %}
                                        uses the following delimiters
         <h1>Your result is fail</h1>
                                        for escaping from HTML.
      {% endif %}
    </body>
                                         {% ... %} for Statements
  /html>
```

More HTML styles

```
from flask import Flask, render_template
app = Flask(__name__)

@app.route('/')
def index():
    return render_template('home.html')

if __name__ == '__main__':
    app.run(debug = True)
```

Output

← → C ① 127.0.0.1:5000

This is a heading

This is a paragraph.

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
<style>
h1 {
  color: blue;
  font-family: verdana;
  font-size: 300%;
  color: red;
  font-family: courier;
  font-size: 160%;
</style>
</head>
<body>
<h1>This is a heading</h1>
This is a paragraph.
</body>
</html>
```

https://www.w3schools.com/html/tryit.asp?filename=tryhtml_css_fonts for the state of the state o

More HTML

Password field

The **input type="password"** defines a password field:

```
User name:
User password:
```

The characters in a password field are masked (shown as asterisks or circles).

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>
<h2>Password field</h2>
The <strong>input type="password"</strong> defines a password field:
<form action="">
User name:<br>
<input type="text" name="userid">
<hr>>
User password: <br>
<input type="password" name="psw">
</form>
The characters in a password field are masked (shown as asterisks or circles)
</body>
</html>
```

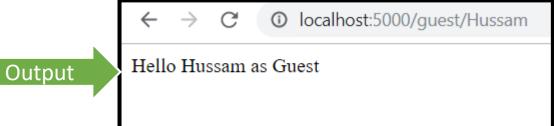
URL Building

```
1 from flask import Flask, redirect, url_for
 2 app = Flask(__name__)
 4@app.route('/admin')
 5 def hello_admin():
     return 'Hello Admin'
 8@app.route('/guest/<guest>')
 9 def hello_guest(guest):
     return 'Hello %s as Guest' % guest
12@app.route('/user/<name>')
13 def hello_user(name):
     if name =='admin':
        return redirect(url_for('hello_admin'))
16
     else:
17
        return redirect(url_for('hello_guest',guest = name))
18
     name == ' main ':
     app.run(debug = True)
```

http://localhost:5000/user/admin



http://localhost:5000/user/mvl



CSS – Project1

flask6.py

```
1 from flask import Flask, render_template
2 app = Flask(__name__)
3
4 @app.route("/")
5 def index():
6    return render_template("index5_0.html")
7
8 if __name__ == '__main__':
9    app.run(debug = True)
```

```
1 <html>
2 <head>
3 <link rel="stylesheet" href='/static/main1.css' />
4 </head>
5 <body>
6 <h1>My website</h1>
7 </body>
8 </html>
```

Main1.css

```
body {
background: red;
color: yellow;
}
```

Save under: static subfolder

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CSS – Project2

Flask30.py

index30.html

```
1 from flask import Flask
2 from flask import render_template
3
4 # creates a Flask application, named app
5 app = Flask(__name__)
6
7 # a route where we will display a welcome message via an HTML template
8 @app.route("/")
9 def hello():
10    message = "Hello, World"
11    return render_template('index30.html', message=message)
12
13 # run the application
14 if __name__ == "__main__":
15    app.run(debug=True)
```

```
<!-- templates/index.html -->
2 <html>
   <head>
     <title>Flask Shop</title>
    <link rel="stylesheet" href="/static/style30.css">
   </head>
   <body>
    <h1>{{message}}</h1>
     <h3>On sale this week alone:</h3>
    <01>
      Flask By Example
      Uncluttered Flask
      Flask From First Principles
     <script src="/static/scripts.js" charset="utf-8"></script>
   </body>
 </html>
```

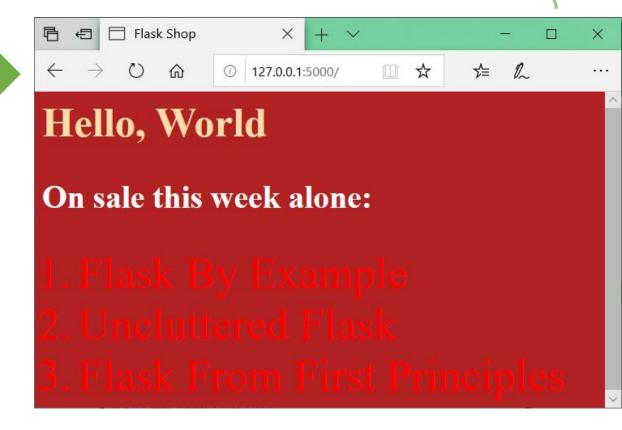
Save under: template subfolder

CSS – Project2

Style30.css

```
1 /* static/style.css */
3 h1 {
      color: navajowhite;
      font-variant-caps: all-small-caps;
      font-size: 46px;
9 h3 {
    color: white;
    font-size: 36px;
12 }
14 li {
    color: red;
    font-size: 50px;
17 }
19 body {
      background: firebrick;
```

Output

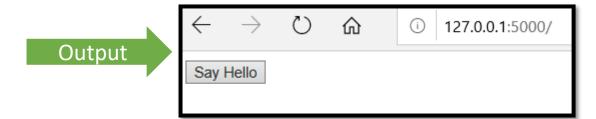


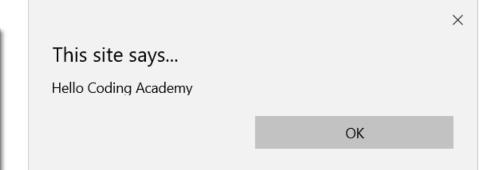
Save under: static subfolder

Javascript

flask7.py

```
1 from flask import Flask, render_template
2 app = Flask(__name__)
3
4 @app.route("/")
5 def index():
6    return render_template("index4_0.html")
7
8 if __name__ == '__main__':
9    app.run(debug = True)
```





Hello.js

```
1 function sayHello() {
2   alert("Hello Coding Academy")
3 }
```

Save under: static subfolder



Master in Software Engineering

Hussam Hourani has over 25 years of Organizations Transformation, VROs, PMO, Large Scale and Enterprise Programs Global Delivery, Leadership, Business Development and Management Consulting. His client experience is wide ranging across many sectors but focuses on Performance Enhancement, Transformation, Enterprise Program Management, Artificial Intelligence and Data Science.