Reinforcement Learning

November 12, 2019

1 IE 534 HW: Reinforcement Learning

v1, Designed by Yuanyi Zhong, 2019

In this assignment, we will experiment with the (deep) reinforcement learning algorithms covered in the lecture. In particular, you will implement variants of the popular DQN (Deep Q-Network) (1) and A2C (Advantage Actor-Critic) (2) algorithms (by the same first author! orz), and test your implementation on both a small example (CartPole problem) and an Atari game (Breakout game). We focus on model-free algorithms rather than model-based ones, because neural nets are easier applicable and more popular nowadays in the model-free setting. (When the system dynamic is known or can be easily inferred, model-based can sometimes do better.)

The assignment breaks into **three parts**:

- In Part I (50 pts), you basically need to follow the instructions in this notebook to do a little bit of coding. We'll be able to see if your code trains by testing against the CartPole environment provided by the OpenAI gym package. We'll generate some plots that are required for grading.
- In Part II (40 pts), you'll copy your code onto Blue Waters (or actually any good server..), and run a much larger-scale experiment with the Breakout game. Hopefully, you can teach the computer to play Breakout in less than half a day! Share your final game score in this notebook. This part will take at least a day. Please start early!!
- In Part III (10 pts), you'll be asked to think about a few questions. These questions are mostly open-ended. Please write down your thoughts on them.

Finally, after you finished everything in this notebook (code snippets C1-C5, plots P1-P5, question answers Q1-Q5), please save the notebook, and "download as" a PDF (or export to an HTML file), and submit:

- 1. the .ipynb notebook and exported .pdf/.html file, PDF is preferred;
- 2. your code (Algo.py, Model.py files);
- 3. job artifacts (.log files only, pytorch models and images not required) to Compass 2g for grading.

PS: Remember to save your notebook occasionally as you work through it!

References

- (1) Mnih, V., Kavukcuoglu, K., Silver, D., Rusu, A.A., Veness, J., Bellemare, M.G., Graves, A., (2) Mnih, V., Badia, A.P., Mirza, M., Graves, A., Lillicrap, T., Harley, T., Silver, D. and Kavu
- (3) A useful tutorial: https://spinningup.openai.com/en/latest/
- (4) *Useful code references*: https://github.com/deepmind/bsuite; https://github.com/openai/base

First of all, enter your NetID here in the cell below: Your NetID: yuanyiz2

1.1 Part I: DQN and A2C on CartPole

This part is designed to run on your own local laptop/PC.

Before you start, there are some python dependencies: pytorch, gym, numpy, multiprocessing, matplotlib. Please install them correctly. You can install pytorch following instruction here https://pytorch.org/get-started/locally/. The code is compatible with PyTorch $0.4.x \sim 1.x$. PyTorch 1.1 with cuda 10.0 worked for me (conda install pytorch==1.1.0 torchvision==0.3.0 cudatoolkit=10.0 -c pytorch).

Please **always** run the code cell below each time you open this notebook, to make sure gym is installed and to enable autoreload which **allows code changes to be effective immediately**. So if you changed Algo.py or Model.py but the test codes are not reflecting your changes, restart the notebook kernel and run this cell!!

```
Requirement already satisfied: gym in c:\users\bill\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (0.14.0)
Requirement already satisfied: scipy in c:\users\bill\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from gym) (1.
Requirement already satisfied: cloudpickle~=1.2.0 in c:\users\bill\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (
Requirement already satisfied: pyglet<=1.3.2,>=1.2.0 in c:\users\bill\anaconda3\lib\site-packages
Requirement already satisfied: numpy>=1.10.4 in c:\users\bill\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from
Requirement already satisfied: six in c:\users\bill\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from gym) (1.12
Requirement already satisfied: future in c:\users\bill\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from pyglet<
Note: you may need to restart the kernel to use updated packages.
```

1.1.1 1.1 Code Structure

The code is structured in 5 python files:

- Main.py: contains the main entry point and training loop
- Model.py: constructs the torch neural network modules

- Env.py: contains the environment simulations interface, based on openai gym
- Algo.py: implements the DQN and A2C algorithms
- Replay.py: implements the experience replay buffer for DQN
- Draw.py: saves some game snapshots to jpeg files

Some parts of the code Model.py and Algo.py are left blank for you to complete. You are not required to modify the other parts (unless, of course, you want to boost the performance!). This is kind of a minimalist implementation, and might be different from the other code on the internet in details. You're welcomed to improve it, after you've finished all the required things of this assignment.

1.1.2 1.2 OpenAI gym and CartPole environment

OpenAI developed python package gym a while ago to facilitate RL research. gym provides a common interface between the program and the environments. For instance, the code cell below will create the CartPole environment. A window will show up when you run the code. The goal is to keep adjusting the cart so that the pole stays in its upright position.

A demo video from OpenAI:

gym also provides interface to Atari games. However, installing package atari-py is not easy on Windows/Mac, so we won't demonstrate it here. More info: http://gym.openai.com/docs/.

```
In [2]: import time
    import gym
    env = gym.make('CartPole-v1')
    env.reset()
    for _ in range(200):
        env.render()
        state, reward, done, _ = env.step(env.action_space.sample()) # take a random action
        if done: break
        time.sleep(0.15)
        env.close()
```

1.1.3 1.3 Deep Q Learning

A little recap on DQN. We learned from lecture that Q-Learning is a model-free reinforcement learning algorithm. It falls into the off-policy type algorithm since it can utilize past experiences stored in a buffer. It also falls into the (approximate) dynamic programming type algorithm, since it tries to learn an optimal state-action value function using time difference (TD) errors. Q Learning is particularly interesting because it exploits the optimality structure in MDP. It's related to the Hamilton–Jacobi–Bellman equation in classical control.

For MDP

$$M = (S, A, P, r, \gamma)$$

where *S* is the state space, *A* is the action space, *P* is the transition dynamic, r(s, a) is a reward function $S \times A \mapsto R$, and γ is the discount factor.

The tabular case (when S, A are finite), Q-Learning does the following value iteration update repeatedly when collecting experience (s_t , a_t , r_t) (η is the learning rate):

$$Q^{new}(s_t, a_t) \leftarrow Q^{old}(s_t, a_t) + \eta \left(r_t + \gamma \max_{a' \in A} Q^{old}(s_t, a') - Q^{old}(s_t, a_t)\right).$$

With function approximation, meaning model Q(s,a) with a function $Q_{\theta}(s,a)$ parameterized by θ , we arrive at the Fitted Q Iteration (FQI) algorithm, or better known as Deep Q Learning if the function class is neural networks. Q-Learning with neural network as function approximator was known long ago, but it was only recently (year 2013) that DeepMind made this algorithm actually work on Atari games. Deep Q Learning iteratively optimize the following objective:

$$\theta_{new} \leftarrow \arg\min_{\theta} \mathbb{E}_{(s,a,r,s') \sim D} \left(r + \gamma \max_{a' \in A} Q_{\theta_{old}}(s',a') - Q_{\theta}(s,a) \right)^2.$$

Therefore, with a batch of $\{(s^i, a^i, r^i, s'^i)\}_{i=1}^N$ sampled from the replay buffer, we can build a loss function L in pytorch:

$$L(\theta) = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^{N} \left(r^i + \gamma \max_{a' \in A} Q_{\theta_{old}}(s'^i, a') - Q_{\theta}(s^i, a^i) \right)^2,$$

and run the usual gradient descent on θ with a pytorch optimizer.

Exploration Exploration, as the word suggests, refers to explore novel unvisited states in RL. The FQI (or DQN) needs an exploratory datasets to work well. The common way to produce exploratory dataset is through randomization, such as the ϵ -greedy exploration strategy we will implement in this assignment. - ϵ -greedy exploration:

At training iteration it, the agent chooses to play

$$a = egin{cases} rg \max_a Q_{ heta}(s,a) & ext{with probability } 1 - \epsilon_{it} \ , \ lpha & ext{random action } a \in A & ext{with probability } \epsilon_{it} \ . \end{cases}$$

And ϵ_{it} is annealed, for example, linearly from 1 to 0.01 as training progresses until iteration it_{decay} :

$$\epsilon_{it} = \max \Big\{ 0.01, 1 + (0.01 - 1) \frac{it}{it_{ ext{decav}}} \Big\}.$$

Two Caveats

1. There's an improvement on DQN called Double-DQN with the following loss *L*, which has shown to be empirically more stable than the original DQN loss described above. You may want to implement the improved one in your code:

$$L(\theta) = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^{N} \left(r^i + \gamma Q_{\theta_{old}}(s'^i, \arg \max_{a' \in A} Q_{\theta}(s'^i, a')) - Q_{\theta}(s^i, a^i) \right)^2.$$

2. Huber loss (a.k.a smooth L1 loss) is commonly used to reduce the effect of extreme values:

$$L(\theta) = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^{N} Huber\left(r^{i} + \gamma Q_{\theta_{old}}(s^{\prime i}, \arg\max_{a^{\prime} \in A} Q_{\theta}(s^{\prime i}, a^{\prime})) - Q_{\theta}(s^{i}, a^{i})\right)$$

You can look up the pytorch document here: https://pytorch.org/docs/stable/nn.functional.html#smooth-l1-loss

C1 (5 pts): Complete the code for the two layered fully connected network class TwoLayerFCNet in file Model.py And run the cell below to test the output shape of your module.

C2 (5 pts): Complete the code for ϵ -greedy exploration strategy in function DQN.act in file 'Algo.py' And run the cell below to test it.

```
In [4]: ## Test code
        from Algo import DQN
        class Nothing: pass
        dummy = Nothing()
        dummy.eps_decay = 500000
        dummy.num_act_steps = 0
        eps = DQN.compute_epsilon(dummy)
        assert abs( eps - 1.0 ) < 0.01, "ERROR: compute_epsilon at t=0 should be 1 but got f!"
        dummy.num_act_steps = 250000
        eps = DQN.compute_epsilon(dummy)
        assert abs(eps - 0.505) < 0.01, "ERROR: compute_epsilon at t=250000 should around .505
        {\tt dummy.num\_act\_steps} = 500000
        eps = DQN.compute_epsilon(dummy)
        assert abs(eps - 0.01) < 0.01, "ERROR: compute_epsilon at t=500000 should be .01 but g
        dummy.num_act_steps = 600000
        eps = DQN.compute_epsilon(dummy)
        assert abs(eps - 0.01) < 0.01, "ERROR: compute_epsilon after t=500000 should be .01 bu
        print ("Epsilon-greedy test passed!")
```

C3 (10 pts): Complete the code for computing the loss function in DQN.train in file Algo.py And run the cell below to verify your code decreses the loss value in one iteration.

Epsilon-greedy test passed!

```
class Nothing: pass
                             dummy_obs_space, dummy_act_space = Nothing(), Nothing()
                             dummy_obs_space.shape = [10]
                              dummy_act_space.n = 3
                             dqn = DQN(dummy_obs_space, dummy_act_space, batch_size=2)
                             for t in range(3):
                                            dqn.observe([np.random.randn(10).astype('float32')], [np.random.randint(3)],
                                                                                         [(np.random.randn(10).astype('float32'), np.random.rand(), False, None)]
                             b = dqn.replay.cur_batch
                             loss1 = dqn.train()
                             dqn.replay.cur_batch = b
                             loss2 = dqn.train()
                             print (loss1, '>', loss2, '?')
                             assert loss2 < loss1, "DQN.train should reduce loss on the same batch"
                             print ("DQN.train test passed!")
parameters to optimize: [('fc1.weight', torch.Size([128, 10]), True), ('fc1.bias', torch.Size([128, 10]), ('fc
0.28368130326271057 > 0.28000691533088684 ?
DQN.train test passed!
```

P1 (10 pts): Run DQN on CartPole and plot the learning curve (i.e. averaged episodic reward against env steps). Your code should be able to achieve >150 averaged reward in 10000 iterations (20000 simulation steps) in only a few minutes. This is a good indication that the implementation is correct. It's ok that the curve is not always monotonically increasing because of randomness in training.

```
--save_dir cartpole_dqn \
--log log.txt \
--parallel_env 0
```

Namespace(algo='dqn', batch_size=64, checkpoint_freq=20000, discount=0.996, ent_coef=0.01, env='observation space: Box(4,)

action space: Discrete(2) running on device cuda

7400 |loss

iter

0.02 |n_ep

parameters to optimize: [('fc1.weight', torch.Size([128, 4]), True), ('fc1.bias', torch.Size([128, 4]), ('fc1.bias

```
obses on reset: 2 x (4,) float32
iter
        200 |loss
                     0.01 |n_ep
                                    16 | ep_len
                                                  21.6 | ep_rew
                                                                 21.59 | raw_ep_rew
                                                                                      21.59 | env_step
        400 |loss
                     0.03 |n_ep
                                    33 |ep_len
                                                  21.6 | ep_rew
                                                                 21.57 | raw_ep_rew
                                                                                      21.57 | env_step
iter
iter
        600 |loss
                     0.01 |n_ep
                                    47 |ep_len
                                                  25.8 | ep_rew
                                                                 25.80 | raw_ep_rew
                                                                                      25.80 | env_step
                                    66 | ep_len
iter
        800 |loss
                     0.02 |n_ep
                                                  22.1 |ep_rew
                                                                 22.06 | raw_ep_rew
                                                                                      22.06 | env_step
                     0.03 |n_ep
                                    88 |ep_len
                                                  17.0 | ep_rew
                                                                 17.01 | raw_ep_rew
                                                                                      17.01 | env_step
       1000 |loss
iter
       1200 |loss
iter
                     0.02 |n_ep
                                   109 | ep_len
                                                  19.9 | ep_rew
                                                                 19.91 | raw_ep_rew
                                                                                      19.91 | env_step
                                   126 | ep_len
iter
       1400 |loss
                     0.02 |n_ep
                                                  22.0 |ep_rew
                                                                 21.97 | raw_ep_rew
                                                                                      21.97 | env_step
iter
       1600 |loss
                     0.01 |n_ep
                                   146 | ep_len
                                                  21.9 | ep_rew
                                                                 21.93 | raw_ep_rew
                                                                                      21.93 | env_step
                     0.02 |n_ep
       1800 |loss
                                   168 | ep_len
                                                  17.0 | ep_rew
                                                                 16.98 | raw_ep_rew
                                                                                      16.98 | env_step
iter
iter
       2000 |loss
                     0.01 |n_ep
                                   185 | ep_len
                                                  24.6 | ep_rew
                                                                 24.59 | raw_ep_rew
                                                                                      24.59 | env_step
                     0.06 |n_ep
                                   202 | ep_len
                                                  21.0 |ep_rew
iter
       2200 |loss
                                                                 21.05 | raw_ep_rew
                                                                                      21.05 | env_step
                                   215 | ep_len
       2400 |loss
                     0.01 |n_ep
                                                  27.3 |ep_rew
                                                                 27.29 | raw_ep_rew
                                                                                      27.29 | env_step
iter
       2600 |loss
                     0.00 |n_ep
                                   225 | ep_len
                                                  35.8 |ep_rew
                                                                 35.84 | raw_ep_rew
                                                                                      35.84 | env_step
iter
       2800 |loss
                     0.01 |n_ep
                                   235 |ep_len
                                                  33.6 | ep_rew
                                                                 33.55 | raw_ep_rew
                                                                                      33.55 | env_step
iter
iter
       3000 |loss
                     0.02 |n_ep
                                   247 | ep_len
                                                  32.9 | ep_rew
                                                                 32.94 | raw_ep_rew
                                                                                      32.94 | env_step
iter
       3200 |loss
                     0.09 |n_ep
                                   255 | ep_len
                                                  39.5 | ep_rew
                                                                 39.48 | raw_ep_rew
                                                                                      39.48 | env_step
iter
       3400 |loss
                     0.01 |n_ep
                                   261 | ep_len
                                                  58.4 | ep_rew
                                                                 58.35 | raw_ep_rew
                                                                                      58.35 | env_step
       3600 |loss
                     0.00 |n_ep
                                   266 | ep_len
                                                                 64.94 | raw_ep_rew
                                                                                      64.94 | env_step
iter
                                                  64.9 | ep_rew
                     0.08 |n_ep
                                   267 | ep_len
iter
       3800 |loss
                                                  72.6 | ep_rew | 72.65 | raw_ep_rew
                                                                                      72.65 | env_step
                                   270 | ep_len
                                                 103.2 | ep_rew 103.16 | raw_ep_rew 103.16 | env_step
       4000 |loss
                     0.01 |n_ep
iter
       4200 |loss
                     0.04 |n_ep
                                   273 | ep_len
                                                 111.4 | ep_rew 111.41 | raw_ep_rew 111.41 | env_step
iter
                     0.02 |n_ep
                                   277 | ep_len
                                                 112.7 | ep_rew 112.71 | raw_ep_rew 112.71 | env_step
iter
       4400 |loss
iter
       4600 |loss
                     0.00 |n_ep
                                   281 |ep_len
                                                 112.4 | ep_rew 112.41 | raw_ep_rew 112.41 | env_step
iter
       4800 |loss
                     0.00 |n_ep
                                   283 | ep_len
                                                 114.2 | ep_rew 114.22 | raw_ep_rew 114.22 | env_step
       5000 |loss
                     0.08 |n_ep
                                   287 | ep_len
                                                 123.7 | ep_rew 123.75 | raw_ep_rew 123.75 | env_step
iter
       5200 |loss
iter
                     0.06 |n_ep
                                   289 | ep_len
                                                 124.8 | ep_rew 124.79 | raw_ep_rew 124.79 | env_step
       5400 |loss
                     0.06 |n_ep
                                   291 |ep_len
                                                 135.8 | ep_rew 135.84 | raw_ep_rew 135.84 | env_step
iter
                                   294 | ep_len
                                                 140.3 | ep_rew 140.32 | raw_ep_rew 140.32 | env_step
iter
       5600 |loss
                     0.08 |n_ep
iter
       5800 |loss
                     0.02 |n_ep
                                   295 | ep_len
                                                 144.9 | ep_rew 144.89 | raw_ep_rew 144.89 | env_step
iter
       6000 |loss
                     0.03 |n_ep
                                   299 |ep_len
                                                 154.5 | ep_rew 154.54 | raw_ep_rew 154.54 | env_step
iter
       6200 |loss
                     0.00 | n_ep
                                   301 |ep_len
                                                 158.5 | ep_rew 158.51 | raw_ep_rew 158.51 | env_step
                                                 154.6 | ep_rew 154.60 | raw_ep_rew 154.60 | env_step
                     0.00 |n_ep
                                   303 |ep_len
iter
       6400 |loss
       6600 |loss
                     0.01 |n_ep
                                   305 | ep_len
                                                 157.7 | ep_rew 157.68 | raw_ep_rew 157.68 | env_step
iter
iter
       6800 |loss
                     0.01 |n_ep
                                   309 | ep_len
                                                 157.3 | ep_rew 157.26 | raw_ep_rew 157.26 | env_step
       7000 |loss
                     0.02 |n_ep
                                   310 |ep_len
                                                 160.5 | ep_rew 160.54 | raw_ep_rew 160.54 | env_step
iter
       7200 |loss
                     0.00 |n_ep
                                   312 | ep_len
                                                 175.1 | ep_rew 175.12 | raw_ep_rew 175.12 | env_step
iter
```

170.3 | ep_rew 170.32 | raw_ep_rew 170.32 | env_step

314 | ep_len

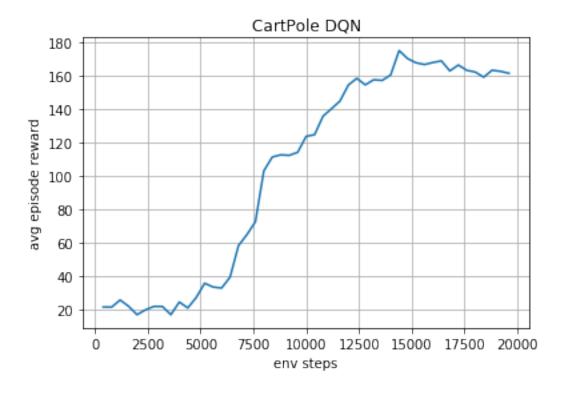
```
7600 |loss
                   0.01 |n_ep
                                 317 |ep_len 167.8 |ep_rew 167.82 |raw_ep_rew 167.82 |env_step
iter
      7800 |loss
                   0.04 |n_ep
                                 320 | ep_len 166.8 | ep_rew 166.80 | raw_ep_rew 166.80 | env_step
iter
                   0.02 |n_ep
                                 322 |ep_len 168.0 |ep_rew 167.99 |raw_ep_rew 167.99 |env_step
      8000 |loss
iter
      8200 |loss
                   0.09 |n_ep
                                 324 |ep_len 169.0 |ep_rew 168.97 |raw_ep_rew 168.97 |env_step
iter
                   0.01 |n_ep
                                 327 |ep_len 163.0 |ep_rew 162.95 |raw_ep_rew 162.95 |env_step
      8400 |loss
iter
                   0.08 |n_ep
      8600 |loss
                                 330 |ep_len 166.5 |ep_rew 166.48 |raw_ep_rew 166.48 |env_step
iter
                   0.23 |n_ep
                                 332 |ep_len 163.3 |ep_rew 163.31 |raw_ep_rew 163.31 |env_step
iter
      8800 |loss
                   0.15 |n_ep
                                 334 |ep_len 162.3 |ep_rew 162.29 |raw_ep_rew 162.29 |env_step
iter
      9000 |loss
      9200 |loss
                   0.12 |n_ep
                                 337 |ep_len 159.2 |ep_rew 159.23 |raw_ep_rew 159.23 |env_step
iter
                   0.16 |n_ep
                                 339 |ep_len 163.4 |ep_rew 163.37 |raw_ep_rew 163.37 |env_step
iter
      9400 |loss
iter
      9600 |loss
                   0.01 |n_ep
                                 342 |ep_len 162.7 |ep_rew 162.68 |raw_ep_rew 162.68 |env_step
      9800 |loss
                   0.18 |n_ep
                                 344 |ep_len 161.5 |ep_rew 161.54 |raw_ep_rew 161.54 |env_step
iter
save checkpoint to cartpole_dqn/9999.pth
```

In [8]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

```
def plot_curve(logfile, title=None):
    lines = open(logfile, 'r').readlines()
    lines = [l.split() for l in lines if l[:4] == 'iter']
    steps = [int(l[13]) for l in lines]
    rewards = [float(l[11]) for l in lines]
    plt.plot(steps, rewards)
    plt.xlabel('env steps'); plt.ylabel('avg episode reward'); plt.grid(True)
    if title: plt.title(title)
    plt.show()
```

The log is saved to 'cartpole_dqn/log.txt'. Let's plot the running averaged episode reward curve during training:

```
In [9]: plot_curve('cartpole_dqn/log.txt', 'CartPole DQN')
```



1.1.4 1.4 Actor-Critic Algorithm

Policy gradient methods are another class of algorithms that originated from viewing the RL problem as a mathematical optimization problem. Recall that the objective of RL is to maximize the expected cumulative reward the agent gets, namely

$$\max_{\pi} J(\pi) := \mathbb{E}_{(s_t, a_t, r_t) \sim D^{\pi}} \left[\sum_{t=0}^{\infty} \gamma^t r_t \right]$$

where D^{π} is the distribution of trajectories induced by policy π , and inside the expectation is the random variable representing the discounted cumulative reward and J is the reward (or cost) functional. Essentially, we want to optimize the policy π .

The most straightforward way is to run gradient update on the parameter θ of a parameterized policy π_{θ} . One such algorithm is the so-called Advantage Actor-Critic (A2C). A2C is an on-policy policy optimization type algorithm. While collecting on-policy data, we iteratively run gradient ascent:

$$\theta_{new} \leftarrow \theta_{old} + \eta \hat{\nabla}_{\theta} J(\pi_{\theta_{old}})$$

with a Monte Carlo estimate $\hat{\nabla}_{\theta}J$ of the true gradient $\nabla_{\theta}J$. The true gradient writes as (by Policy Gradient Theorem and some manipulations):

$$\nabla_{\theta} J(\pi_{\theta_{old}}) = \mathbb{E}_{(s_t, a_t, r_t) \sim D^{\pi_{\theta_{old}}}} \sum_{t=0}^{\infty} \left(\nabla_{\theta} \log \pi_{\theta_{old}}(s_t, a_t) \left(\sum_{t'=t}^{\infty} \gamma^{t'-t} r_{t'} - V^{\pi_{\theta_{old}}}(s_t) \right) \right).$$

The quantity in the inner-most parentheses $A(s_t, a_t) = Q(s_t, a_t) - V(s_t) = (\mathbb{E} \sum_{t'=t}^{\infty} \gamma^{t'-t} r_{t'}) - V(s_t)$ is called the *Advantage* function (not very rigoriously speaking...). That's why it's called **Advantage** Actor-Critic. More on A2C: https://arxiv.org/abs/1506.02438.

And the Monte Carlo estimate of the gradient is

$$\hat{\nabla}_{\theta} J(\pi_{\theta_{old}}) = \frac{1}{NT} \sum_{i=1}^{N} \sum_{t=0}^{T} \left(\nabla_{\theta} \log \pi_{\theta_{old}}(s_t^i, a_t^i) \left(\sum_{t'=t}^{T} \gamma^{t'-t} r_{t'}^i - V_{\phi_{old}}(s_t^i) \right) \right)$$

where $V_{\phi_{old}}$ is introduced as a *parameterized* estimate for $V^{\pi_{\theta_{old}}}$, which can also be a neural network. So V_{ϕ} is the **critic** and π_{θ} is the **actor**. We can construct a specific loss function in pytorch that gives $\hat{\nabla}_{\theta}J$. $V_{\phi_{old}}$ is trained with SGD on a L2 loss function. It's further common practice to add an entropy bonus loss term to encourage maximum entropy solution, to facilitate exploration and avoid getting stuck in local minima. We shall clarify these loss functions in the following summarization.

Summarizing a variant of the A2C algorithm:

For many iterations repeat: 1. Collect N independent trajectories $\{(s_t^i, a_t^i, r_t^i)_{t=0}^T\}_{i=1}^N$ by running policy π_θ for maximum T steps; 2. Compute the loss function for the policy parameter θ :

$$L_{policy}(\theta) = \frac{1}{NT} \sum_{i=1}^{N} \sum_{t=0}^{T} \left(\log \pi_{\theta}(s_t^i, a_t^i) \left(\sum_{t'=t}^{T} \gamma^{t'-t} r_{t'}^i - V_{\phi}(s_t^i) \right) \right)$$

Compute the entropy term for θ :

$$L_{entropy}(heta) = rac{1}{NT} \sum_{i=1}^{N} \sum_{t=0}^{T} \left(-\sum_{a \in A} \pi_{ heta}(s_t^i, a) \log \pi_{ heta}(s_t^i, a)
ight)$$

Compute the loss for value function parameter ϕ :

$$L_{value}(\phi) = \frac{1}{NT} \sum_{i=1}^{N} \sum_{t=0}^{T} \left(\sum_{t'=t}^{T} \gamma^{t'-t} r_{t'}^{i} - V_{\phi}(s_{t}^{i}) \right)^{2}$$

3. Use pytorch auto-differentiation and optimizer to do one gradient step on (θ, ϕ) with the overall loss:

$$L(\theta, \phi) = -L_{policy} - \lambda_{ent}L_{entropy} + \lambda_{val}L_{value}$$

where λ_{ent} and λ_{val} are coefficients to balances the loss terms.

C4 (10 pts): Complete the code for computing the advantange, entropy and loss function in A2C.train in file Algo.py

In []:

P2 (10 pts): Run A2C on CartPole and plot the learning curve (i.e. averaged episodic reward against training iteration). Your code should be able to achieve >150 averaged reward in 10000 iterations (40000 simulation steps) in only a few minutes. This is a good indication that the implementation is correct.

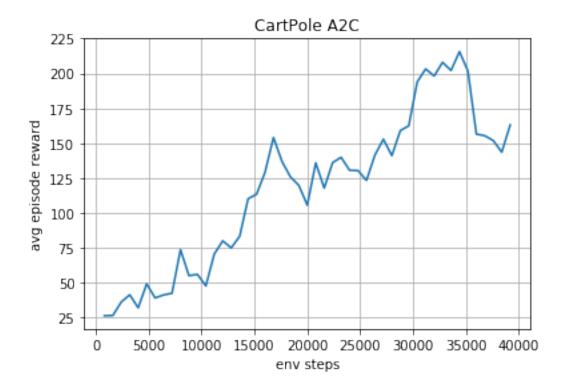
In [10]: %run Main.py \

--niter 10000

```
--env CartPole-v1
             --algo a2c \
             --nproc 4
             --lr 0.001 \
             --train_freq 16 \
             --train_start 0 \
             --batch_size 64
             --discount 0.996
             --value_coef 0.01
             --print_freq 200
             --checkpoint_freq 20000 \
             --save_dir cartpole_a2c \
             --log log.txt \
             --parallel_env 0
Namespace(algo='a2c', batch_size=64, checkpoint_freq=20000, discount=0.996, ent_coef=0.01, env='
observation space: Box(4,)
action space: Discrete(2)
running on device cuda
shared net = False, parameters to optimize: [('fc1.weight', torch.Size([128, 4]), True), ('fc1.b
obses on reset: 4 x (4,) float32
                     0.80 |n_ep
                                    25 |ep_len
iter
        200 |loss
                                                 26.5 | ep_rew
                                                                26.49 | raw_ep_rew
                                                                                    26.49 | env_step
iter
        400 |loss
                     0.87 |n_ep
                                    54 | ep_len
                                                 26.7 | ep_rew
                                                                26.68 | raw_ep_rew
                                                                                    26.68 | env_step
                     1.03 |n_ep
                                   76 | ep_len
                                                 36.4 | ep_rew
                                                                36.36 | raw_ep_rew
iter
        600 |loss
                                                                                    36.36 | env_step
        800 |loss
                     0.72 |n_ep
                                   98 | ep_len
                                                 41.5 | ep_rew
                                                                41.48 | raw_ep_rew
                                                                                    41.48 | env_step
iter
       1000 |loss
                     0.85 |n_ep
                                  122 | ep_len
                                                 32.2 | ep_rew
                                                                32.18 | raw_ep_rew
                                                                                    32.18 | env_step
iter
                                  137 |ep_len
       1200 |loss
                     0.82 |n_ep
                                                 49.3 |ep_rew
                                                                49.29 | raw_ep_rew
                                                                                    49.29 | env_step
iter
       1400 |loss
                     0.75 |n_ep
                                  156 | ep_len
                                                 39.2 | ep_rew
                                                                39.23 | raw_ep_rew
                                                                                    39.23 | env_step
iter
                                  173 | ep_len
                     0.86 |n_ep
                                                 41.4 | ep_rew
                                                                41.40 | raw_ep_rew
                                                                                    41.40 | env_step
iter
       1600 |loss
                     0.95 |n_ep
                                  191 | ep_len
                                                 42.6 | ep_rew
       1800 |loss
                                                                42.61 | raw_ep_rew
                                                                                    42.61 | env_step
iter
iter
       2000 |loss
                     0.51 |n_ep
                                  201 | ep_len
                                                 73.8 | ep_rew
                                                                73.81 | raw_ep_rew
                                                                                    73.81 | env_step
                     0.66 |n_ep
                                  217 |ep_len
iter
       2200 |loss
                                                 55.2 | ep_rew
                                                                55.19 | raw_ep_rew
                                                                                    55.19 | env_step
       2400 |loss
                     0.81 |n_ep
                                  232 |ep_len
                                                 56.1 | ep_rew
                                                                56.10 | raw_ep_rew
                                                                                    56.10 | env_step
iter
                                  243 |ep_len
iter
       2600 |loss
                     0.92 |n_ep
                                                 47.9 |ep_rew
                                                                47.86 | raw_ep_rew
                                                                                    47.86 | env_step
                                  254 | ep_len
       2800 |loss
                     1.03 |n_ep
                                                 70.7 | ep_rew
                                                                70.71 | raw_ep_rew
                                                                                    70.71 | env_step
iter
                                  262 | ep_len
iter
       3000 |loss
                     1.00 |n_ep
                                                 80.1 | ep_rew
                                                                80.12 | raw_ep_rew
                                                                                    80.12 | env_step
                                  275 | ep_len
                     0.57 |n_ep
                                                 75.1 |ep_rew
                                                                75.05 | raw_ep_rew
                                                                                    75.05 | env_step
iter
       3200 |loss
       3400 |loss
                     1.00 |n_ep
                                  282 | ep_len
                                                 83.4 | ep_rew 83.38 | raw_ep_rew
                                                                                    83.38 | env_step
iter
                     0.96 |n_ep
                                  288 | ep_len
                                                110.2 | ep_rew 110.25 | raw_ep_rew 110.25 | env_step
iter
       3600 |loss
                     0.67 |n_ep
                                  294 | ep_len
                                                113.5 | ep_rew 113.49 | raw_ep_rew 113.49 | env_step
iter
       3800 |loss
```

```
4000 |loss
                     0.83 |n_ep
                                                 129.2 | ep_rew 129.21 | raw_ep_rew 129.21 | env_step
iter
                                   297 | ep_len
                                                 154.1 |ep_rew 154.09 |raw_ep_rew 154.09 |env_step
iter
       4200 |loss
                     0.97 |n_ep
                                   304 | ep_len
       4400 |loss
                     0.28 |n_ep
                                   311 |ep_len
                                                 137.0 | ep_rew 137.03 | raw_ep_rew 137.03 | env_step
iter
       4600 |loss
                     0.92 |n_ep
                                   317 |ep_len
                                                 125.9 | ep_rew 125.93 | raw_ep_rew 125.93 | env_step
iter
                     0.86 |n_ep
                                   325 |ep_len
                                                 119.8 | ep_rew 119.81 | raw_ep_rew 119.81 | env_step
iter
       4800 |loss
       5000 |loss
                     0.83 |n_ep
                                   332 |ep_len
                                                 105.7 | ep_rew 105.68 | raw_ep_rew 105.68 | env_step
iter
iter
       5200 |loss
                     0.29 |n_ep
                                   337 | ep_len
                                                 135.9 | ep_rew 135.90 | raw_ep_rew 135.90 | env_step
iter
       5400 |loss
                     0.33 |n_ep
                                   345 | ep_len
                                                 117.9 | ep_rew 117.90 | raw_ep_rew 117.90 | env_step
iter
       5600 |loss
                     1.00 |n_ep
                                   350 |ep_len
                                                 136.1 | ep_rew 136.14 | raw_ep_rew 136.14 | env_step
iter
       5800 |loss
                     1.00 |n_ep
                                   355 | ep_len
                                                 139.9 | ep_rew 139.90 | raw_ep_rew 139.90 | env_step
                                   361 |ep_len
       6000 |loss
                     0.18 |n_ep
                                                 130.7 | ep_rew 130.68 | raw_ep_rew 130.68 | env_step
iter
       6200 |loss
                     0.72 |n_ep
                                   368 | ep_len
                                                 130.4 | ep_rew 130.41 | raw_ep_rew 130.41 | env_step
iter
       6400 |loss
                     0.49 |n_ep
                                   375 | ep_len
                                                 123.4 | ep_rew 123.42 | raw_ep_rew 123.42 | env_step
iter
                     0.86 |n_ep
                                   379 | ep_len
iter
       6600 |loss
                                                 141.5 | ep_rew 141.55 | raw_ep_rew 141.55 | env_step
iter
       6800 |loss
                     0.82 |n_ep
                                   383 |ep_len
                                                 152.9 | ep_rew 152.87 | raw_ep_rew 152.87 | env_step
       7000 |loss
                     0.31 |n_ep
                                   389 | ep_len
                                                 141.1 | ep_rew 141.10 | raw_ep_rew 141.10 | env_step
iter
iter
       7200 |loss
                     0.70 |n_ep
                                   393 |ep_len
                                                 159.0 | ep_rew 159.01 | raw_ep_rew 159.01 | env_step
       7400 |loss
                     1.11 |n_ep
                                   397 | ep_len
                                                 162.5 | ep_rew 162.48 | raw_ep_rew 162.48 | env_step
iter
       7600 |loss
                     0.16 |n_ep
                                   401 |ep_len
                                                 193.9 | ep_rew 193.87 | raw_ep_rew 193.87 | env_step
iter
       7800 |loss
                     0.66 | n_ep
                                   404 | ep_len
                                                 203.2 | ep_rew 203.21 | raw_ep_rew 203.21 | env_step
iter
iter
       8000 |loss
                     0.28 |n_ep
                                   409 | ep_len
                                                 198.1 | ep_rew 198.14 | raw_ep_rew 198.14 | env_step
                                   410 | ep_len
iter
       8200 |loss
                     0.99 |n_ep
                                                 207.9 | ep_rew 207.93 | raw_ep_rew 207.93 | env_step
iter
       8400 |loss
                     0.87 |n_ep
                                   416 | ep_len
                                                 202.1 | ep_rew 202.08 | raw_ep_rew 202.08 | env_step
                    -0.08 |n_ep
       8600 |loss
                                                 215.6 | ep_rew 215.61 | raw_ep_rew 215.61 | env_step
iter
                                   420 | ep_len
       8800 |loss
                     0.79 |n_ep
                                   425 | ep_len
                                                 201.7 | ep_rew 201.66 | raw_ep_rew 201.66 | env_step
iter
                     0.74 |n_ep
       9000 |loss
                                   431 |ep_len
                                                 156.5 | ep_rew 156.51 | raw_ep_rew 156.51 | env_step
iter
                                   434 | ep_len
       9200 |loss
                     0.30 |n_ep
                                                 155.4 | ep_rew 155.39 | raw_ep_rew 155.39 | env_step
iter
                                   442 | ep_len
iter
       9400 |loss
                     0.61 |n_ep
                                                 151.9 | ep_rew 151.88 | raw_ep_rew 151.88 | env_step
                     0.64 |n_ep
                                   445 | ep_len
                                                 143.6 | ep_rew 143.59 | raw_ep_rew 143.59 | env_step
iter
       9600 |loss
       9800 |loss
                     0.91 |n_ep
                                   451 |ep_len
                                                 163.1 | ep_rew 163.09 | raw_ep_rew 163.09 | env_step
iter
save checkpoint to cartpole_a2c/9999.pth
```

In [11]: plot_curve('cartpole_a2c/log.txt', 'CartPole A2C')



Now let's play a little bit with the trained agent. The neural net parameters are saved to the cartpole_dqn and cartpole_a2c folders. The cell below will open a window showing one episode play.

```
In [13]: import time
    import gym
    import Algo
    env = gym.make('CartPole-v1')
    agent = Algo.ActorCritic(env.observation_space, env.action_space)
    agent.load('cartpole_a2c/9999.pth')
    state = env.reset()
    for _ in range(120):
        env.render()
        state, reward, done, _ = env.step(agent.act([state])[0])
        if done: break
        time.sleep(0.1)
        env.close()
```

shared net = False, parameters to optimize: [('fc1.weight', torch.Size([128, 4]), True), ('fc1.b

1.2 Part II: Solve the Atari Breakout game

13

In this part, you'll train your agent to play Breakout with the BlueWaters cluster. I have provided the job scripts for you. Please upload your Algo.py and Model.py completed in **Part I** to your BlueWaters folder. And submit the following two jobs respectively:

```
qsub run_dqn.pbs
qsub run_a2c.pbs
```

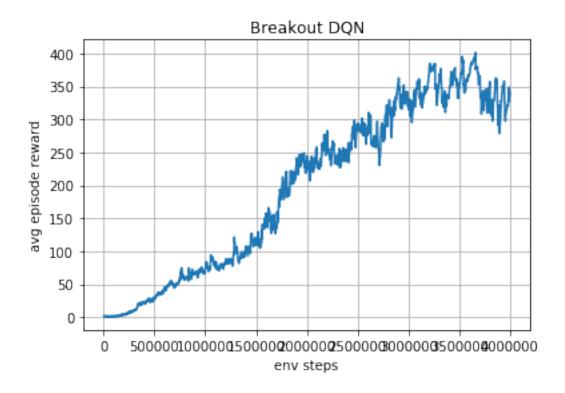
The jobs are set to run for at most 14 hours. Please start early!! You might be able to reach the desired score (>= 200 reward) before 14 hours - You can stop the training early if you wish. Then please collect the resulting breakout_dqn/log.txt and breakout_a2c/log.txt files into the same folder as this Jupyter notebook's. Rename them as log_breakout_dqn.txt and log_breakout_a2c.txt.

BTW, there's an Atari PC simulator: https://stella-emu.github.io/ I spent a lot of time playing them...

C4 (10 pts): Complete the code for the CNN with 3 conv layers and 3 fc layers in class SimpleCNN in file Model.py And verify the output shape with the cell below.

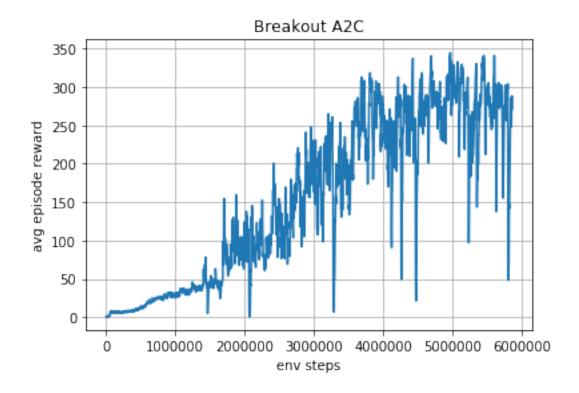
P3 (10 pts): Run the following cell to generate a DQN learning curve. The *maximum* average episodic reward on this curve should be larger than 200 for full credit. (It's ok if the final reward is not as high.) The typical value is around 300. You get 70% credit if $100 \le$ average episodic reward < 200, 50% credit if $50 \le$ average episodic reward < 100.

```
In [14]: plot_curve('log_breakout_dqn.txt', 'Breakout DQN')
```



P4 (10 pts): Run the following cell to generate an A2C learning curve. The *maximum* average episodic reward on this curve should be larger than 150 for full credit. (It's ok if the final reward is not as high.) The typical value is around 250. You get 70% credit if $50 \le$ average episodic reward < 150, and 50% credit if $20 \le$ average episodic reward < 50.

In [15]: plot_curve('log_breakout_a2c.txt', 'Breakout A2C')

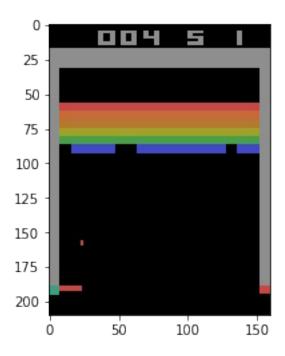


P5 (10 pts): Collect and visualize some game frames by running the script Draw.py on Blue-Waters.

- (1) module load python/2.0.0 and run Draw.py on BlueWaters (it's ok to run this locally, no need to start a job).
- (2) Download the result breakout_imgs folder from BlueWaters to the folder containing this Jupyter notebook, and run the following cell. You should see some animation of the game.

```
In [16]: import os
    imgs = sorted(os.listdir('breakout_imgs'))
    #imgs = [plt.imread('breakout_imgs/' + img) for img in imgs]

    %matplotlib inline
    import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
    from IPython import display
    pimg = None
    for img in imgs:
        img = plt.imread('breakout_imgs/' + img)
        if pimg:
            pimg.set_data(img)
        else:
            pimg = plt.imshow(img)
            display.display(plt.gcf())
            display.clear_output(wait=True)
```



1.3 Part III: Questions (10 pts)

These are open-ended questions. The purpose is to encourage you to think (a bit) more deeply about these algorithms. You get full points as long as you write a few sentences that make sense and show some thinking.

Q1 (2 pts): Why would people want to do function approximation rather than using tabular algorithm (on discretized S,A spaces if necessary)? Bringing function approximation has caused numerous problems theoretically (e.g. not guaranteed to converge), so it seems not worth it... Your answer: I don't know. People enjoy "neuralizing" things I guess..

Q2 (2 pts): Q-Learning seems good... it's theoretically sound (at least seems to be), the performance is also good. Why would many people actually prefer policy gradient type algorithms in some practical problems? Your answer: I don't know. I like Q learning. The name is cute. Anyone watch StarTrek?

Q3 (2 pts): Does the policy gradient algorithm (A2C) we implemented here extend to continuous action space? How would you do that? Hint: What is a reasonable distribution assumption for policy $\pi_{\theta}(a|s)$ if a lives in continuous space? Your answer: I don't know. Maybe normalizing flow?? OK, people really do this..(arXiv:1905.06893) Hot area + hot area

Q4 (2 pts): The policy gradient algorithm (A2C) we implemented uses on-policy data. Can you think of a way to extend it to utilize off-policy data? Hint: Importance sampling, needs some approximation though Your answer: I don't know. Do random math tricks or pray?

Q5 (2 pts): How to compare different RL algorithms? When can I say one algorithm is better than the other? Hint: This question is quite open. Think about speed, complexity, tasks, etc. Your answer: I don't know. Just pick one you like, they're equally bad..