

Knowledge-Based Agent in AI(Artificial Intelligence)

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Knowledge-Based Agent

- An intelligent agent needs knowledge about the real world for taking decisions and reasoning to act efficiently.
- ➤ Knowledge-based agents are those agents who have the capability of maintaining
 - ✓ an internal state of knowledge,
 - ✓ reason over that knowledge,
 - ✓ update their knowledge after observations
 - ✓ and take actions.
- These agents can represent the world with some formal representation and act intelligently.





Knowledge-Based Agent

- ➤ Knowledge-based agents are composed of two main parts:
 - ✓ Knowledge-base and
 - ✓ Inference system.





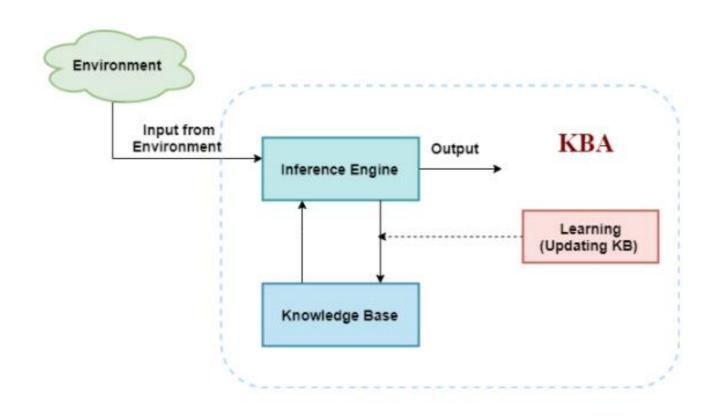
A knowledge-based agent must able to do the following:

- An agent should be able to represent states, actions, etc.
- An agent Should be able to incorporate new percepts
- An agent can update the internal representation of the world
- An agent can deduce the internal representation of the world
- ➤ An agent can deduce appropriate actions.





The architecture of knowledge-based agent







Knowledge Base

- ➤ Knowledge-base is a central component of a knowledge-based agent, it is also known as KB.
- It is a collection of sentences (here 'sentence' is a technical term and it is not identical to sentence in English).
- These sentences are expressed in a language which is called a knowledge representation language.
- The Knowledge-base of KBA stores fact about the world.
- ➤ Knowledge-base is required for updating knowledge for an agent to learn with experiences and take action as per the knowledge.





Inference system

- Inference means deriving new sentences from old.
- ➤Inference system allows us to add a new sentence to the knowledge base.
- A sentence is a proposition about the world. Inference system applies logical rules to the KB to deduce new information.
- Inference system generates new facts so that an agent can update the KB. An inference system works mainly in two rules which are given as:
 - ✓ Forward chaining
 - ✓ Backward chaining





Operations Performed by KBA

- Following are three operations which are performed by KBA in order to show the intelligent behavior:
- ✓TELL: This operation tells the knowledge base what it perceives from the environment.
- ✓ ASK: This operation asks the knowledge base what action it should perform.
- ✓ Perform: It performs the selected action.





Various levels of knowledge-based agent

Knowledge level::

- ➤ Knowledge level is the first level of knowledge-based agent, and in this level, we need to specify what the agent knows, and what the agent goals are.
- ➤ With these specifications, we can fix its behavior.
- For example, suppose an automated taxi agent needs to go from a station A to station B, and he knows the way from A to B, so this comes at the knowledge level.





Various levels of knowledge-based agent

Logical level::

- At this level, we understand that how the knowledge representation of knowledge is stored.
- At this level, sentences are encoded into different logics.
- ➤ At the logical level, an encoding of knowledge into logical sentences occurs.
- At the logical level we can expect to the automated taxi agent to reach to the destination B.





Various levels of knowledge-based agent

Implementation level::

- This is the physical representation of logic and knowledge.
- At the implementation level agent perform actions as per logical and knowledge level.
- At this level, an automated taxi agent actually implement his knowledge and logic so that he can reach to the destination.





Approaches to designing a knowledge-based agent

- ▶1. Declarative approach: We can create a knowledge-based agent by initializing with an empty knowledge base and telling the agent all the sentences with which we want to start with. This approach is called Declarative approach.
- ▶2. Procedural approach: In the procedural approach, we directly encode desired behavior as a program code. Which means we just need to write a program that already encodes the desired behavior or agent.





Thank You

